3.3: Polar Representation of Complex Numbers

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Previously, we were using the cartesian system of complex coordinates, but now its time for another form, which has different use cases.

0.1 Definition

Def: The **polar form** of a complex number is the form

$$z=re^{i\theta}$$

where r = |z| and $\theta = \arg z$. This form makes the modulus and argument of a complex number clear.

0.2 Multiplication and Division

$$\begin{split} z_1 z_2 &= r_1 e^{i\theta_i} r_2 e^{i\theta_2} = r_1 r_2 e^{i(\theta_1 + \theta_2)} \\ \frac{z_1}{z_2} &= \frac{r_1}{r_2} e^{i(\theta_1 - \theta_2)} \end{split}$$