hw4

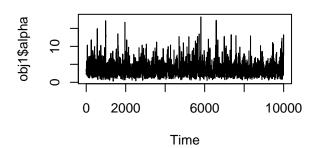
Michael Pena

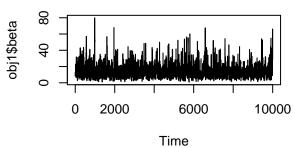
2024-12-07

problem 13

```
# setting up data
bike <- read.csv("bike-data.csv", header = T)</pre>
# in class code with MH and gibbs sampling
# predef the beyes functions
Prior <- function(a,b){</pre>
   (a + b)^{(-5/2)}
LLH <- function(theta,a,b){</pre>
    sum(log(dbeta(theta,a,b)))
}
Proposal <- function(a,b){ #Jacobian</pre>
    1/(a*b)
rProposal <- function(n,mean,cov){</pre>
    rmvnorm(n,mean,cov)
}
# build a function just for this algorithm
MHGIBBs <- function(y,N,B,alpha0,beta0,S.tune = diag(2)){</pre>
    # initializations
    J = length(y)
    accept = 0
    alpha.post = beta.post = numeric()
    theta.post = matrix(0,J,B)
    theta0 <- numeric(length = J)</pre>
    #loop
    for(b in 1:B){
        # Gibbs Step for theta
        for(j in 1:J){
        shp1 = alpha0 + y[j]
        shp2 = beta0 + N[j] - y[j]
        theta0[j] = rbeta(1, shp1, shp2)
        # Metro-Haste step for alpha and beta
        phi1 = rProposal(1, c(log(alpha0),log(beta0)), 1*S.tune)
        alpha1 = exp(phi1[1])
        beta1 = exp(phi1[2])
        r = exp(
        LLH(theta0,alpha1,beta1)
        + log(Prior(alpha1,beta1))
        + log(Proposal(alpha0,beta0))
        - LLH(theta0,alpha0,beta0)
        - log(Prior(alpha0,beta0))
        - log(Proposal(alpha1,beta1)))
```

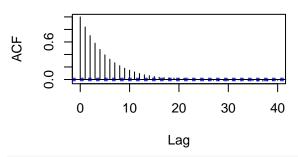
```
## accept check
                          if(runif(1) < min(1,r)){</pre>
                         alpha0 = alpha1
                         beta0 = beta1
                         accept = accept + 1
                          # drop off the samplings
                         alpha.post[b] <- alpha0</pre>
                         beta.post[b] <- beta0</pre>
                         theta.post[,b] <- theta0</pre>
             # tuning the covariance matrix
            S.tune \leftarrow matrix(0,2,2)
                          S.tune[2,1] <- S.tune[1,2] <- cov(log(alpha.post),log(beta.post))</pre>
            S.tune[1,1] <- var(log(alpha.post))</pre>
            S.tune[2,2] <- var(log(beta.post))</pre>
              print(accept/B)
             # attributes in the function
            return(list("alpha" = alpha.post, "beta" = beta.post, "theta" = theta.post, "AR" = accept/B, "S" = accept/B, "
# let's run our functions
y <- bike$Bicycles
N <- bike$Bicycles + bike$OtherVehicles</pre>
mean(y/N) # this is about .2, make alpha0 = 2, beta0 = 8
## [1] 0.1961412
MHGIBBs(y,N,5000,2,8)$S -> S1 # run 1 time to get tuning matrix
## [1] 0.124
MHGIBBs(y,N,10000,2,8,S1) -> obj1
## [1] 0.5019
# visualizations
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot.ts(obj1$alpha)
plot.ts(obj1$beta)
acf(obj1$alpha)
acf(obj1$beta)
```

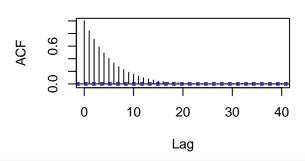




Series obj1\$alpha

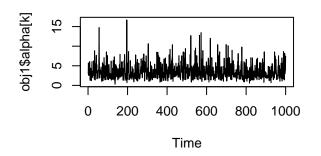
Series obj1\$beta

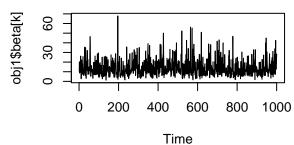




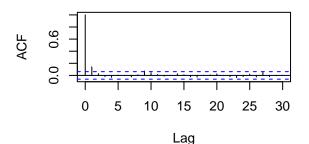
```
# take out all but the 10th lag
k = 10*(1:10000)
k = k[k <= 10000]</pre>
```

```
# visualizations
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot.ts(obj1$alpha[k])
plot.ts(obj1$beta[k])
acf(obj1$alpha[k])
acf(obj1$beta[k])
```

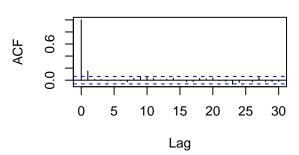




Series obj1\$alpha[k]

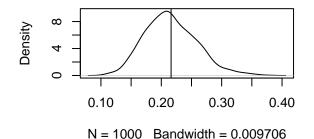


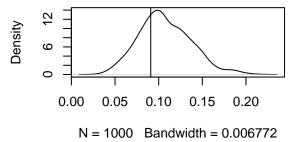
Series obj1\$beta[k]



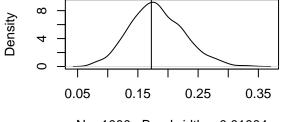
```
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
for(d in 1:10){
  plot(density(obj1$theta[d,k]),main = paste("Density of theta_",d, "with raw proportion",d))
  abline(v = (y/N)[d])
}
```

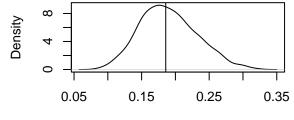
Density of theta_ 1 with raw proportion Density of theta_ 2 with raw proportion





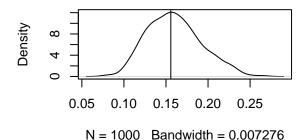
Density of theta_ 3 with raw proportion Density of theta_ 4 with raw proportion

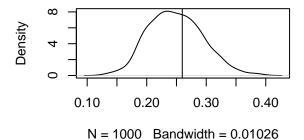




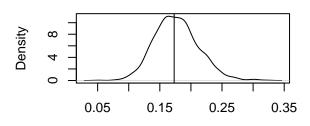
N = 1000 Bandwidth = 0.01004

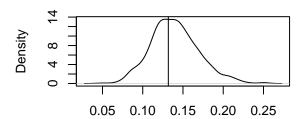
Density of theta_ 5 with raw proportion Density of theta_ 6 with raw proportion



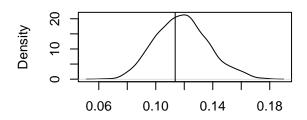


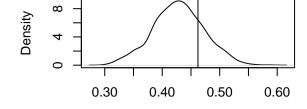
Density of theta_ 7 with raw proportion Density of theta_ 8 with raw proportion





N=1000 Bandwidth = 0.007683 N=1000 Bandwidth = 0.006378 **Density of theta_ 9 with raw proportion Density of theta_ 10 with raw proportion**



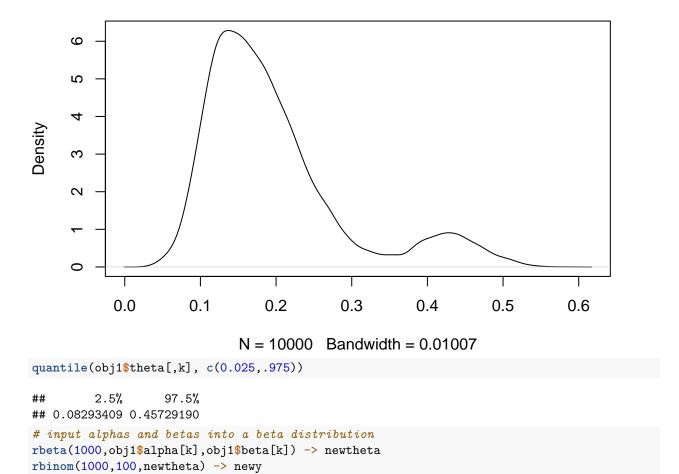


N = 1000 Bandwidth = 0.009863

N = 1000 Bandwidth = 0.004155

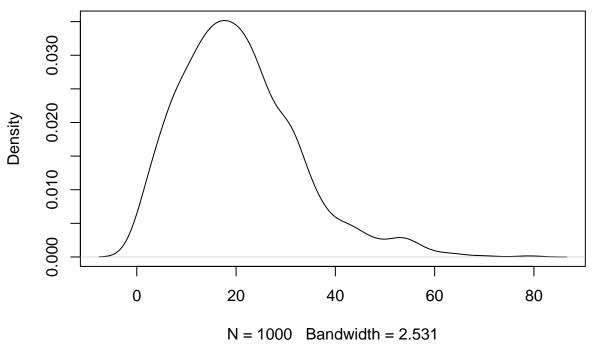
plot(density(as.vector(obj1\$theta[,k])))

density(x = as.vector(obj1\$theta[, k]))



plot(density(newy), main = "y_new")

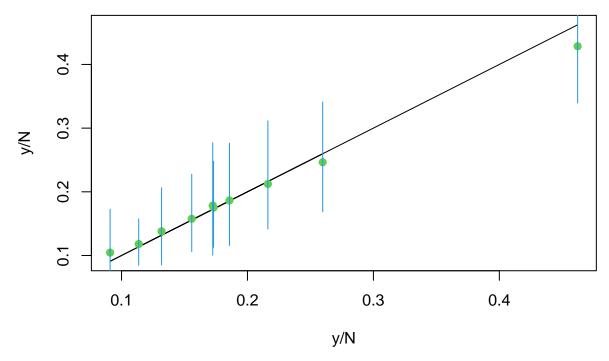
y_new



```
quantile(newy,c(.025,.975))
```

```
## 2.5% 97.5%
## 2 52

# checking analytically if this makes sense
CI = matrix(0, ncol = 3, nrow = 10)
for(j in 1:10){
    CI[j,] = quantile(obj1$theta[j,k], probs = c(0.025,0.5, 0.975))
}
plot(y/N, y/N, type = "l")
points(y/N, CI[,2], pch = 19, col = 3)
for(j in 1:10){
    points(c(y[j]/N[j],y[j]/N[j]), c(CI[j,1],CI[j,3]), type = "l", col = 4)
}
```



This distribution is pretty reasonable according to this graph

Additional Problem

##

```
# setup the data
schools <- read.csv(file = "schools.csv", header = T)</pre>
schools <- list("J" = 8,</pre>
                "y" = schools$estimate,
                "sigma" = schools$sd)
# run the STAN and fit the data
# schools_fit <- stan(file="schools.stan",</pre>
                      data = schools,
#
                      iter = 1000,
                      chains = 4)
fit1 <- stan(
 file = "schools.stan", # Stan program
                    # named list of data
  data = schools,
  chains = 4,
                          # number of Markov chains
  warmup = 1000,
                          # number of warmup iterations per chain
  iter = 20000,
                          # total number of iterations per chain
  cores = 2,
                          # number of cores
 refresh = 1000,
                          # show progress every 'refresh' iterations
  thin = 10
                           # number of thinning
## Trying to compile a simple C file
## Running /usr/lib/R/bin/R CMD SHLIB foo.c
## using C compiler: 'gcc (Ubuntu 11.4.0-1ubuntu1~22.04) 11.4.0'
## gcc -I"/usr/share/R/include" -DNDEBUG
                                           -I"/home/cern/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.4/Rcpp/include
## In file included from /home/cern/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.4/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/Core:19,
```

from /home/cern/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.4/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/Dense:1,

```
##
                   from /home/cern/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.4/StanHeaders/include/stan/math/pri
##
                   from <command-line>:
## /home/cern/R/x86_64-pc-linux-gnu-library/4.4/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/src/Core/util/Macros.h:679:10:
    679 | #include <cmath>
##
##
## compilation terminated.
## make: *** [/usr/lib/R/etc/Makeconf:195: foo.o] Error 1
## Warning: There were 7 divergent transitions after warmup. See
## https://mc-stan.org/misc/warnings.html#divergent-transitions-after-warmup
## to find out why this is a problem and how to eliminate them.
## Warning: Examine the pairs() plot to diagnose sampling problems
print (fit1)
## Inference for Stan model: anon_model.
## 4 chains, each with iter=20000; warmup=1000; thin=10;
## post-warmup draws per chain=1900, total post-warmup draws=7600.
##
                                2.5%
                                       25%
                                             50%
                                                   75% 97.5% n_eff Rhat
            mean se_mean
                           sd
## mu
            7.87
                    0.06 5.19 -2.12 4.57
                                           7.86 11.05 18.36 6446
                               0.25 2.55 5.27 9.09 20.59
## tau
            6.55
                    0.06 5.52
                                                             7352
                                                                     1
## eta[1]
            0.39
                    0.01 0.94 -1.54 -0.22 0.41 1.03 2.18
                                                             7483
                                                                     1
## eta[2]
           0.00
                    0.01 0.87 -1.71 -0.57 -0.01
                                                 0.58 1.72 7613
## eta[3]
           -0.19
                    0.01 0.93 -1.98 -0.81 -0.20 0.45 1.64
                                                             7487
                                                                     1
## eta[4]
           -0.03
                    0.01 0.89 -1.83 -0.62 -0.04 0.56
                                                       1.73
                                                             7508
          -0.35
## eta[5]
                    0.01 0.88 -2.02 -0.94 -0.38 0.22 1.46
                                                             7013
                                                                     1
## eta[6]
          -0.20
                    0.01 0.90 -2.00 -0.79 -0.20 0.38 1.59 7399
## eta[7]
            0.35
                    0.01 0.88 -1.43 -0.20 0.37 0.92
                                                       2.10
                                                             7696
                                                                     1
## eta[8]
            0.06
                    0.01 0.94 -1.79 -0.55 0.07 0.70 1.94
                                                             7502
## theta[1] 11.22
                    0.10 8.24 -2.57
                                     5.93 10.15 15.55 30.71
                                                             7420
                                                                     1
## theta[2] 7.84
                    0.07 6.23 -4.62 3.94 7.79 11.72 20.41
                                                             6948
                    0.09 7.76 -11.29 2.13 6.69 10.91 20.54
## theta[3] 6.18
                                                             7745
                                                                     1
## theta[4] 7.57
                    0.08 6.52 -5.92 3.62
                                           7.61 11.55 20.63
                                                             7530
                                                                     1
## theta[5] 5.13
                    0.07 6.33 -8.62 1.28 5.50 9.36 16.73 7417
                                                                     1
                    0.08 6.66 -8.26 2.29 6.55 10.45 18.44
## theta[6] 6.16
                                                             7515
                                                                     1
                    0.08 6.81 -1.07 5.99
## theta[7] 10.66
                                           9.98 14.64 26.40
                                                             7227
                                                                     1
                    0.10 8.03 -7.87 3.88 8.25 12.72 25.90
## theta[8] 8.41
                                                             7079
                                                                     1
## lp__
           -4.89
                    0.03 2.65 -10.69 -6.46 -4.64 -2.99 -0.43 7622
## Samples were drawn using NUTS(diag_e) at Sat Dec 7 15:57:41 2024.
## For each parameter, n_eff is a crude measure of effective sample size,
## and Rhat is the potential scale reduction factor on split chains (at
## convergence, Rhat=1).
plot (fit1)
## 'pars' not specified. Showing first 10 parameters by default.
## ci_level: 0.8 (80% intervals)
## outer_level: 0.95 (95% intervals)
```

