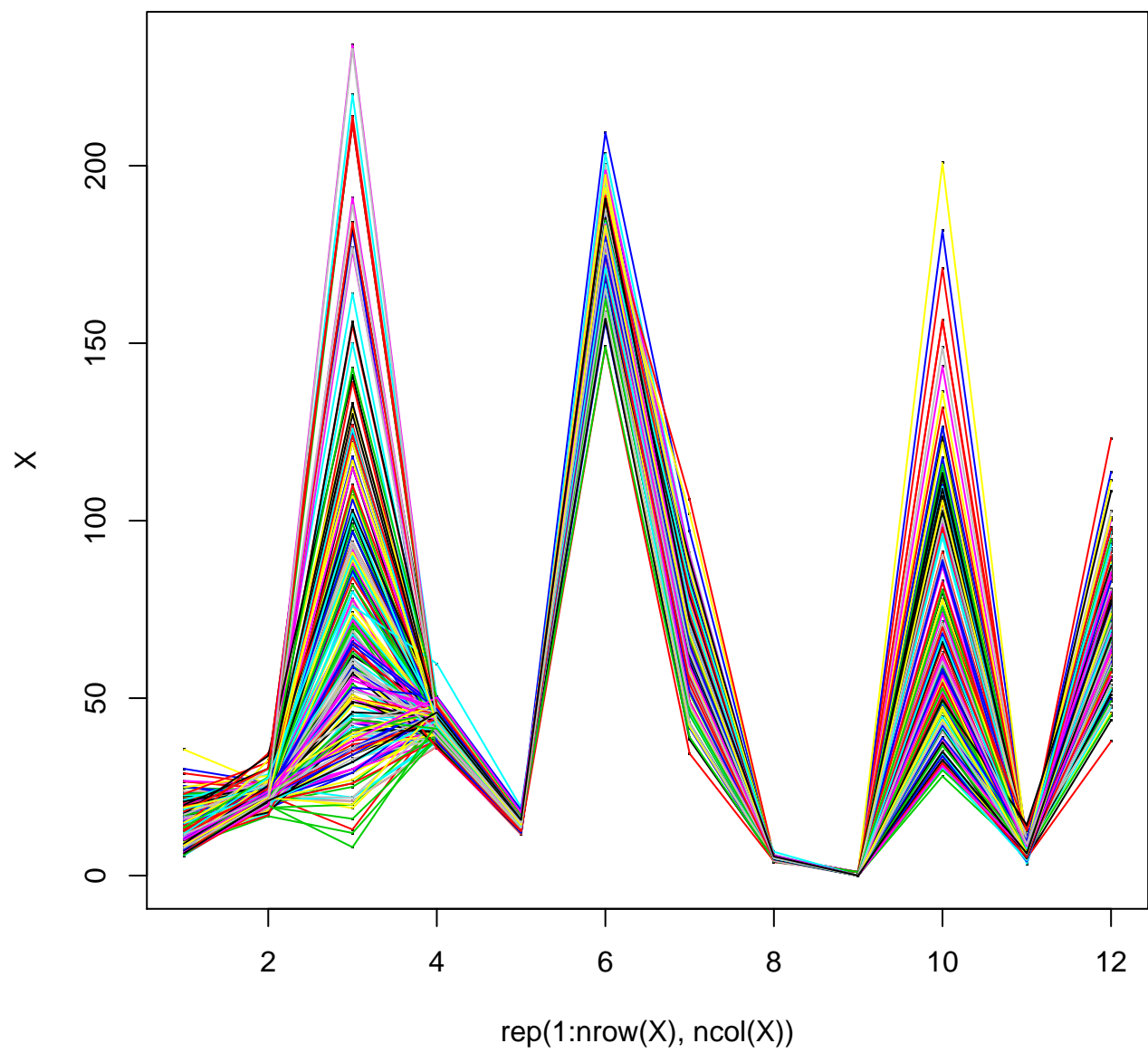


FIGURE 1. Parallel plot of all variables - main



1. QUESTION 1

1.1. a.

FIGURE 2. Proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - main

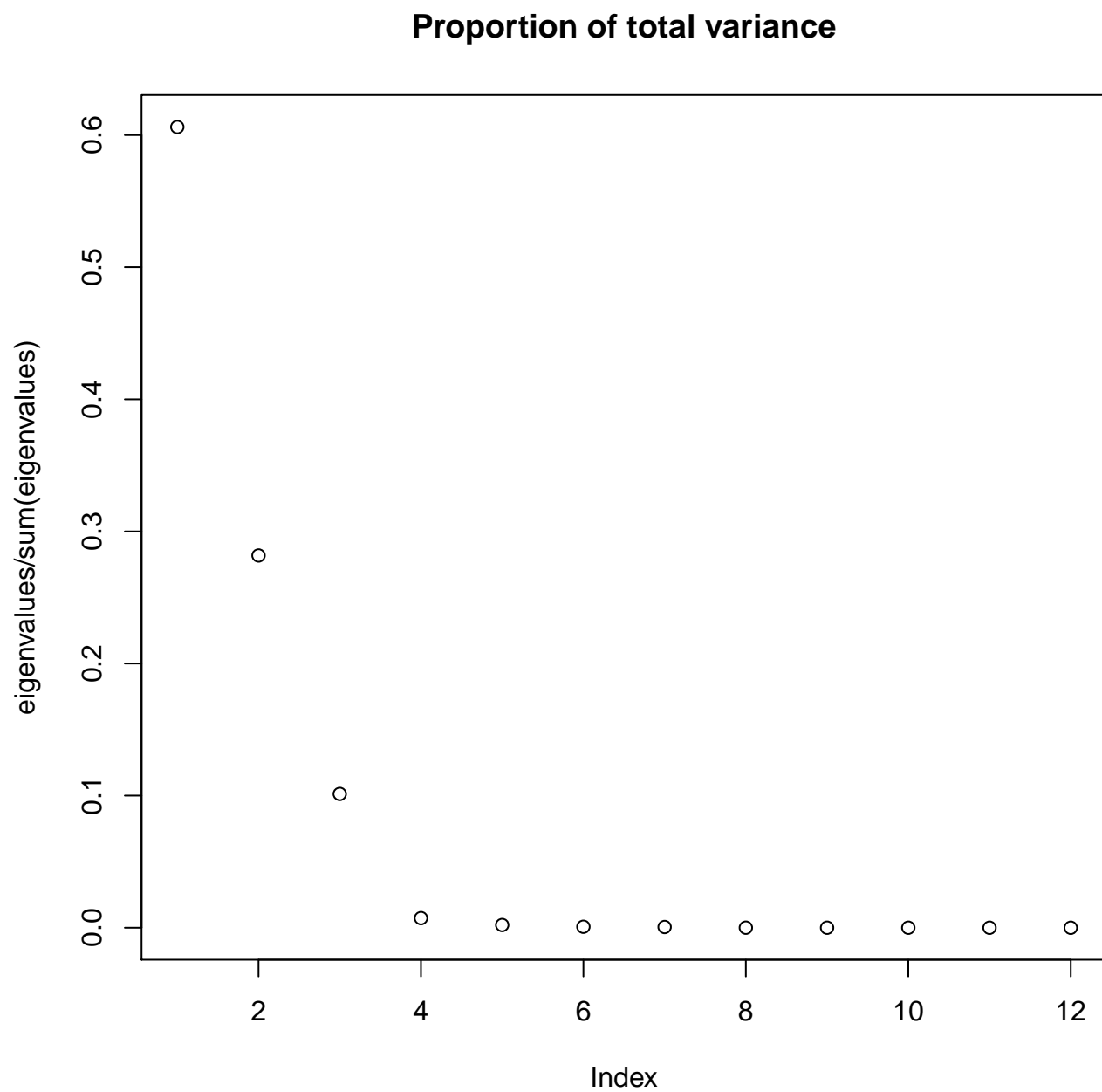


FIGURE 3. Cumulative proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - main

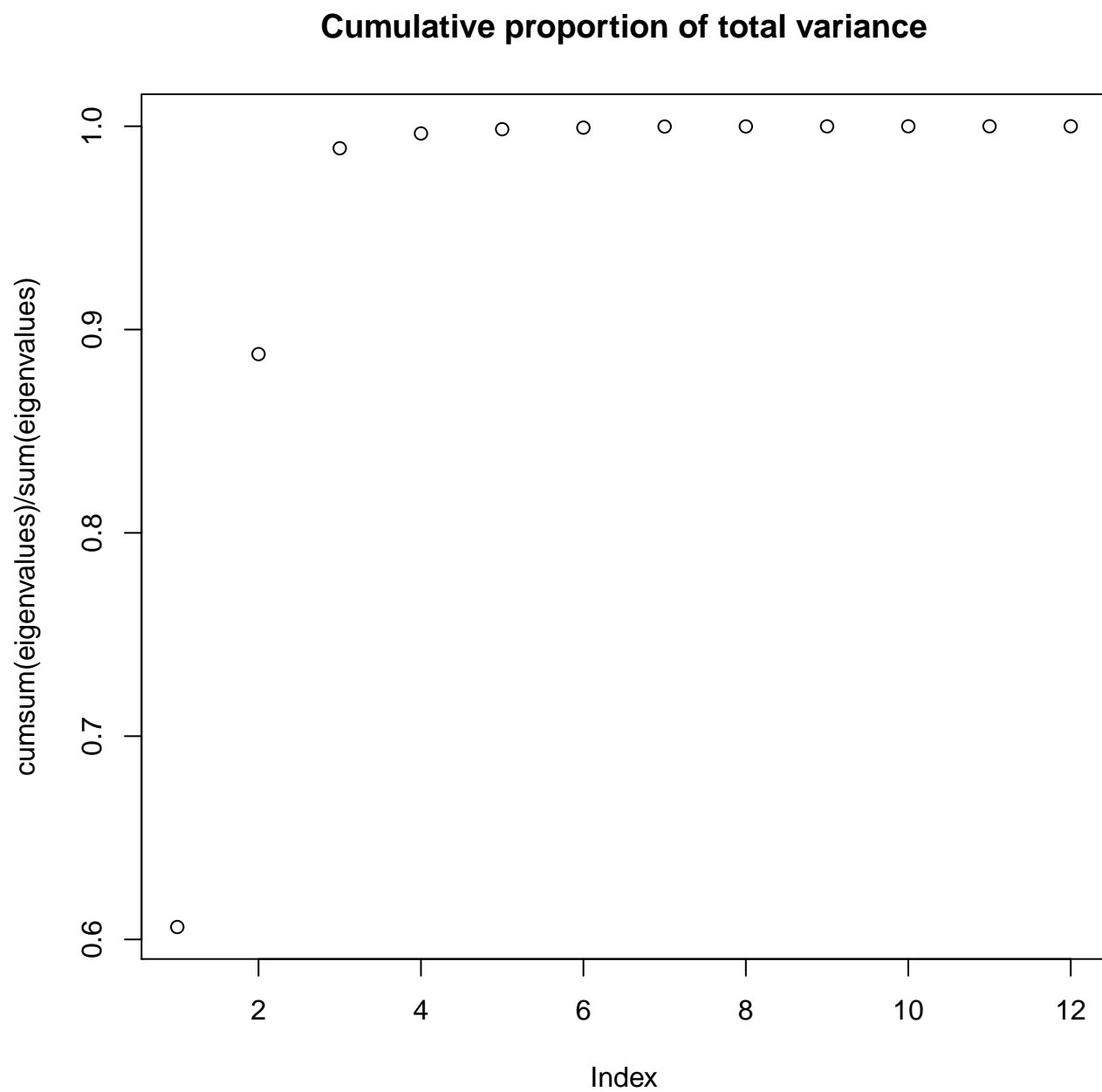


FIGURE 4. Parallel plot of first four PC scores - main

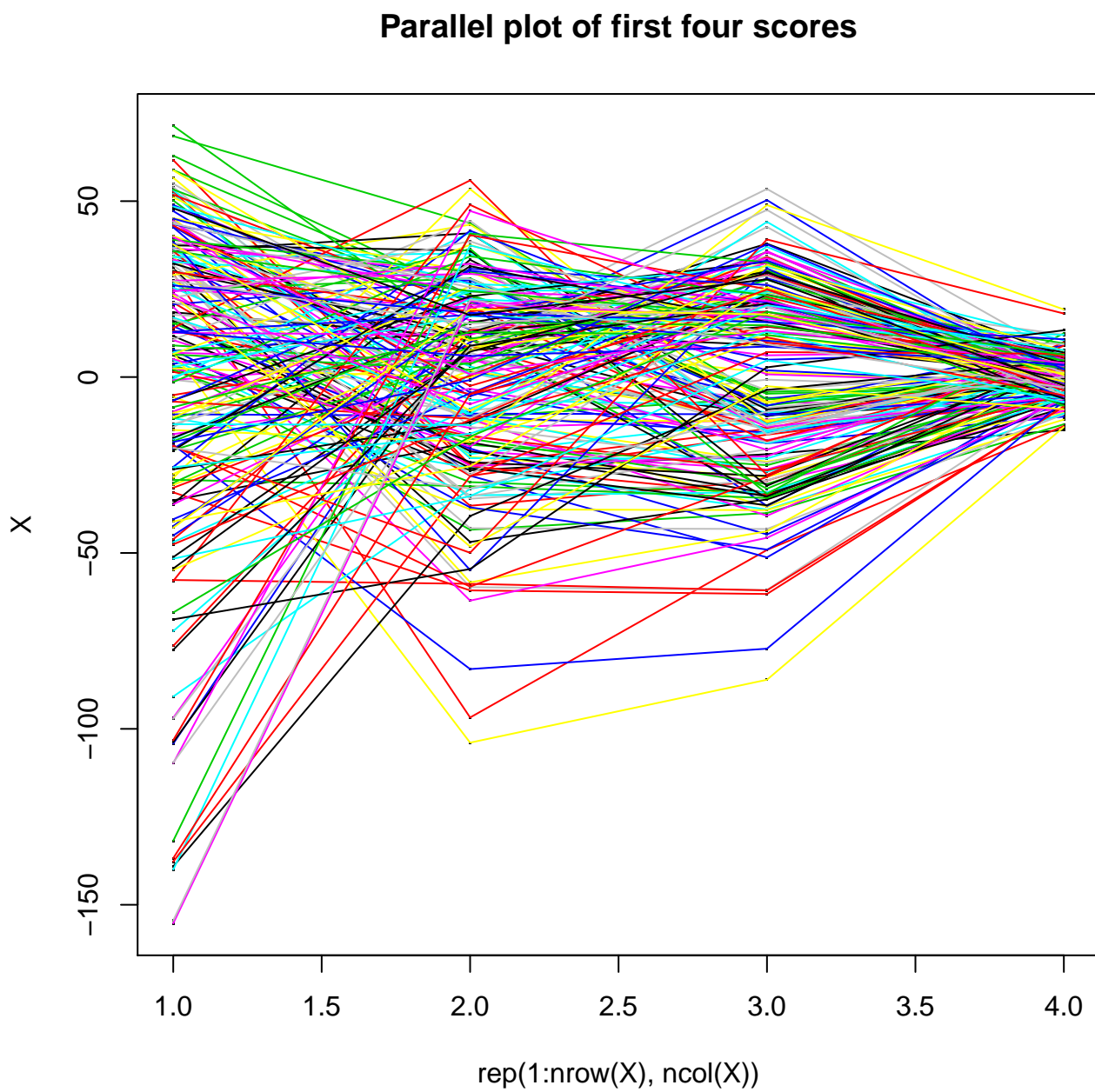


FIGURE 5. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component 2 - main

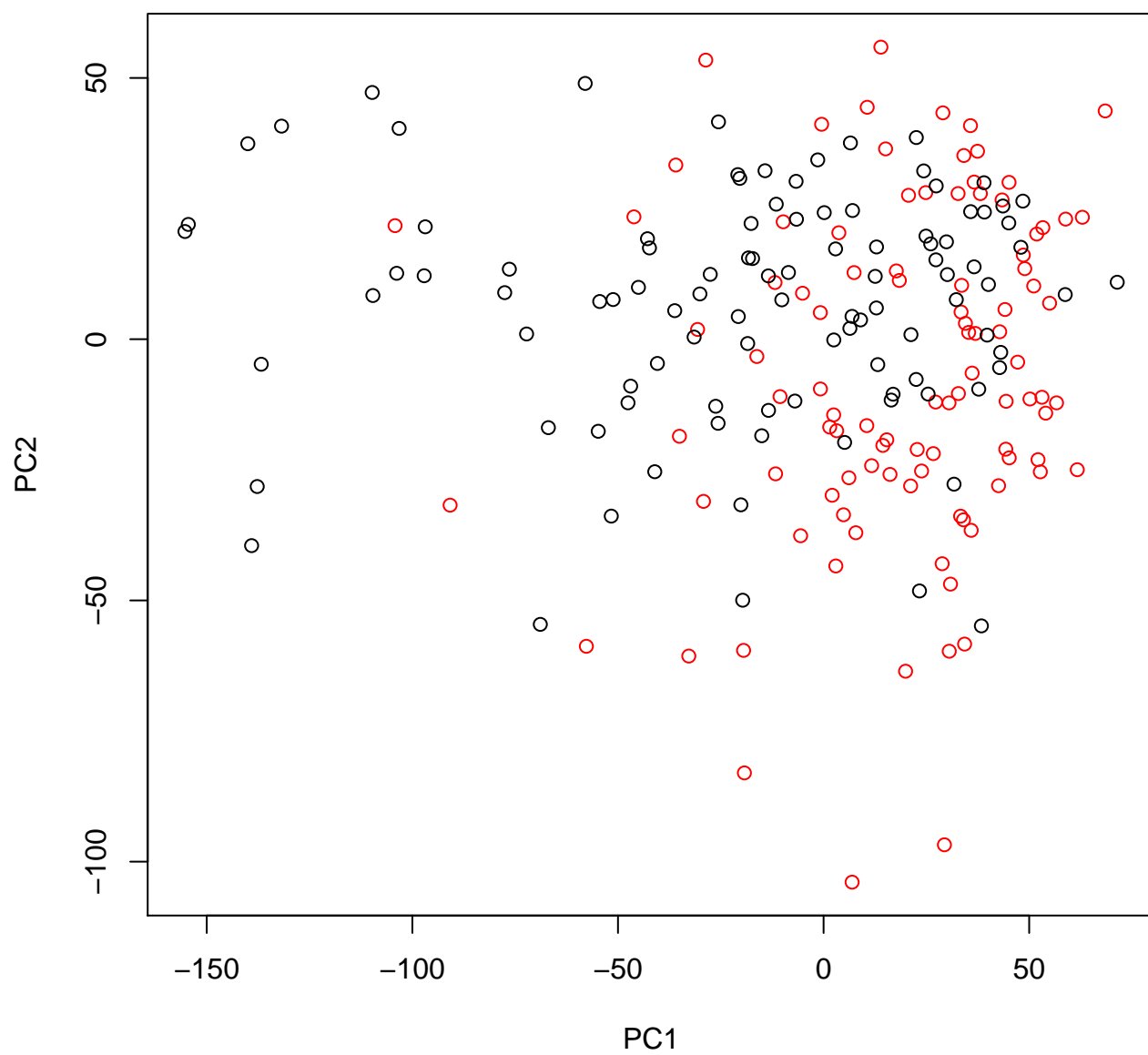


FIGURE 6. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component 3 - main

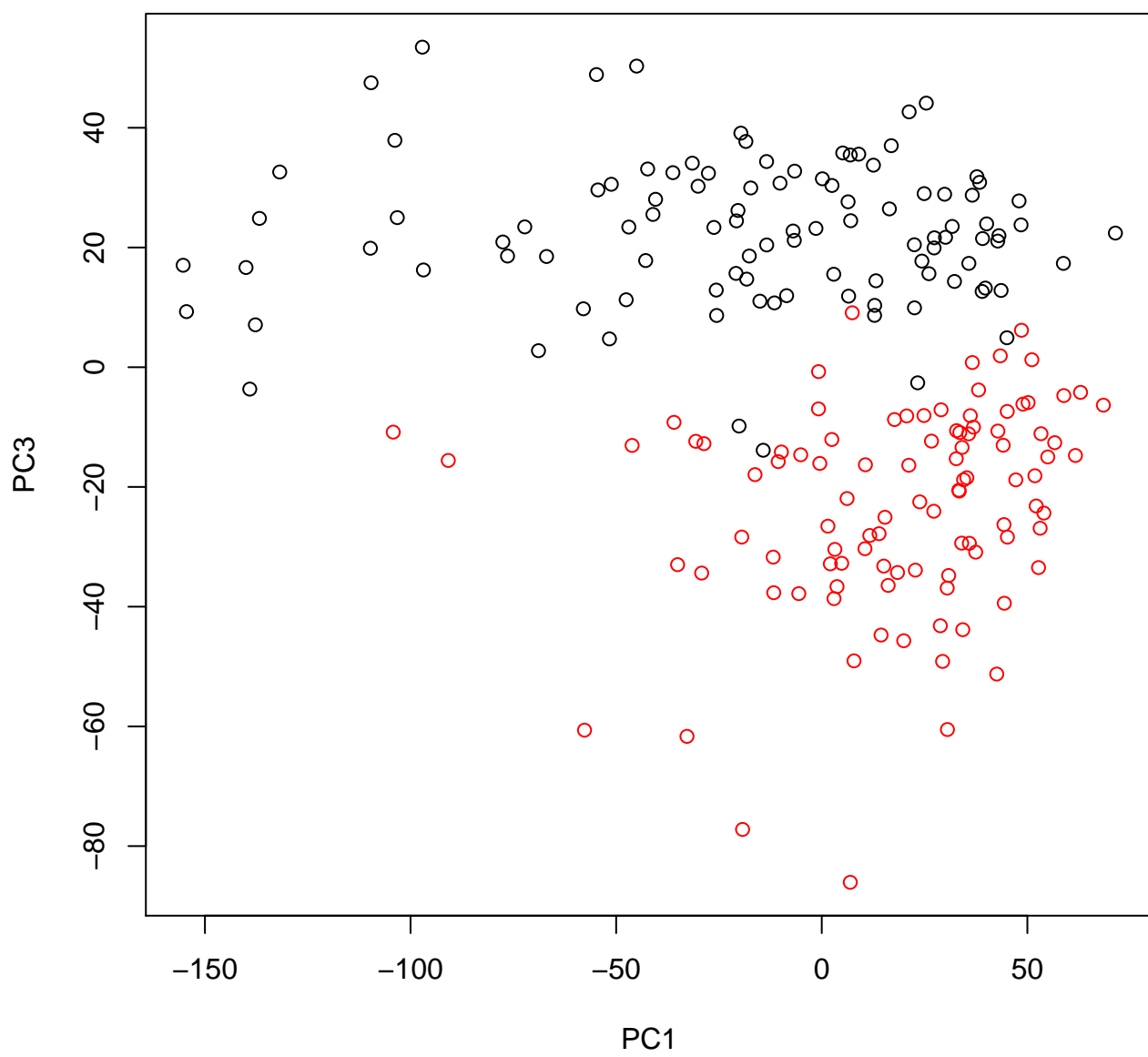


FIGURE 7. Principal Component 2 versus Principal Component 3 - main

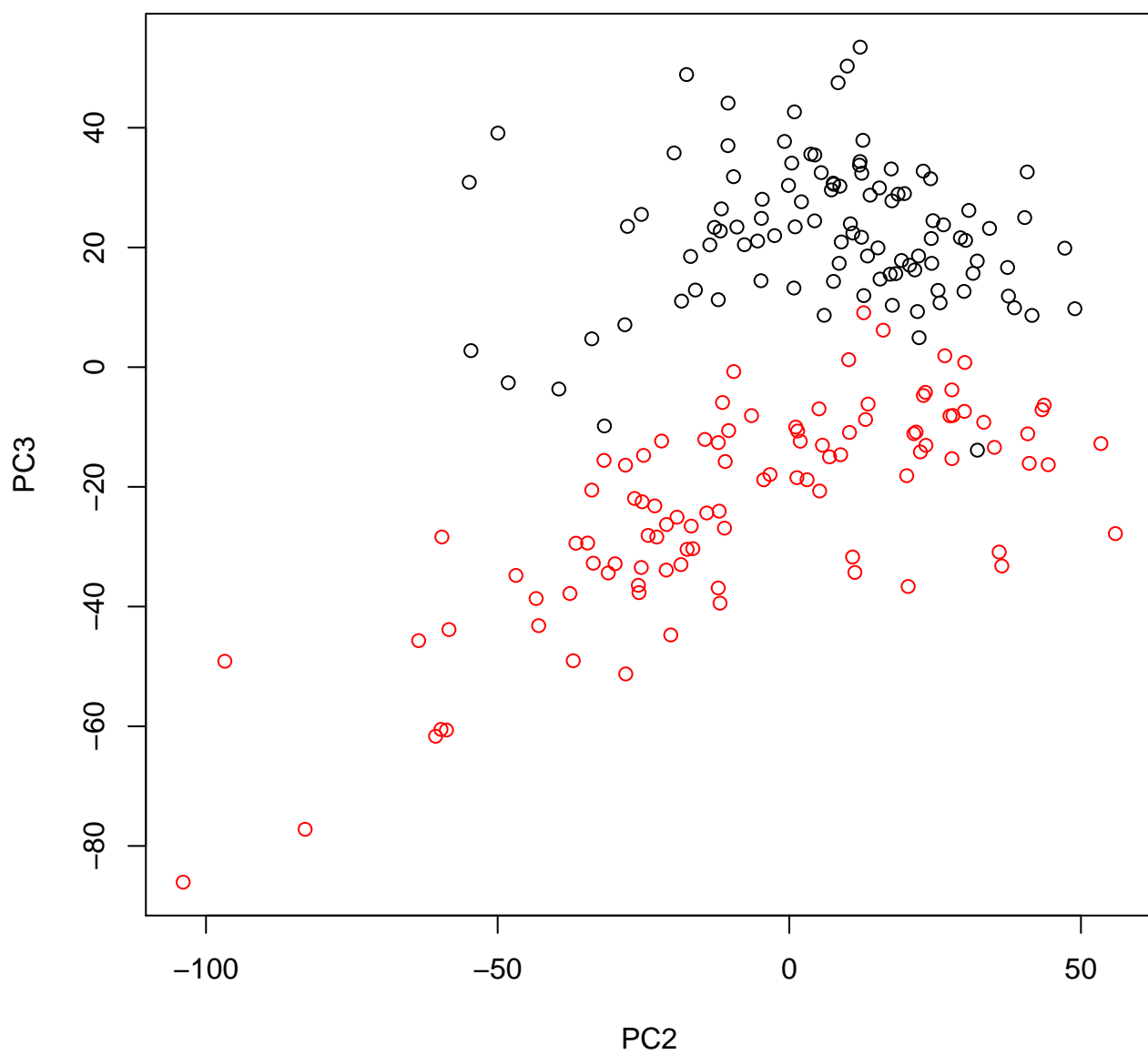
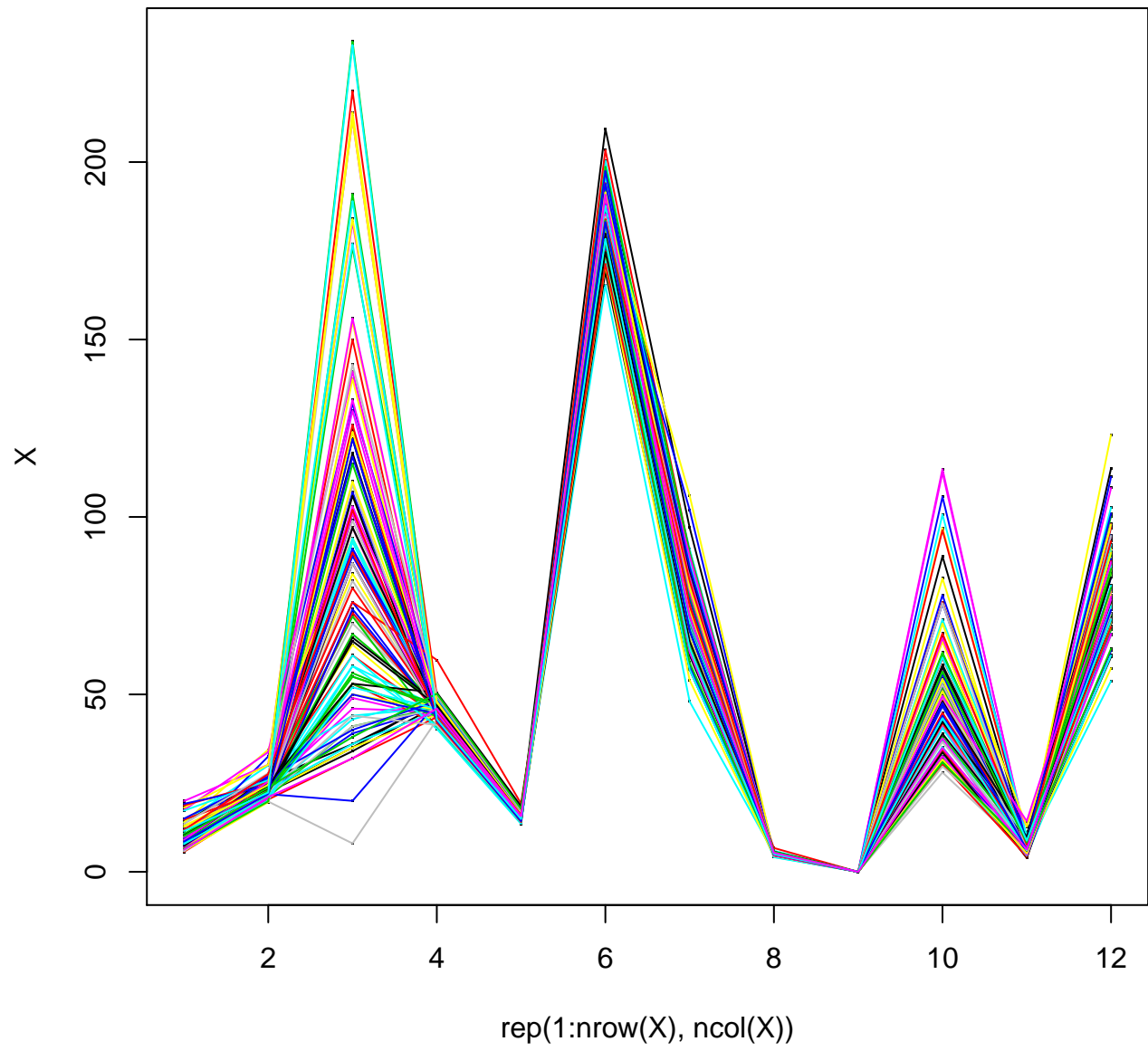


FIGURE 8. Parallel plot of all variables - male



1.2. b.

FIGURE 9. Proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - male

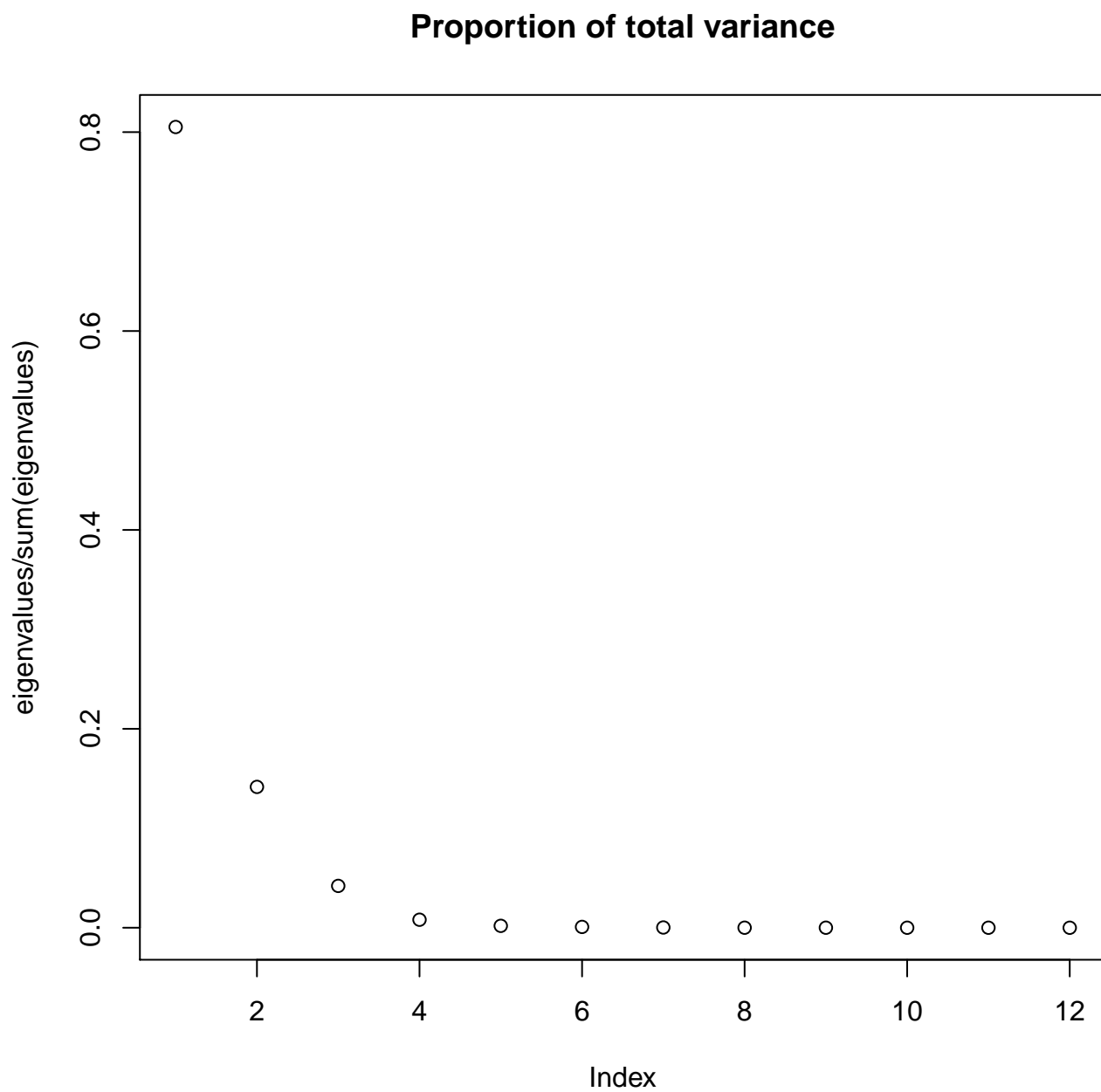


FIGURE 10. Cumulative proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - male

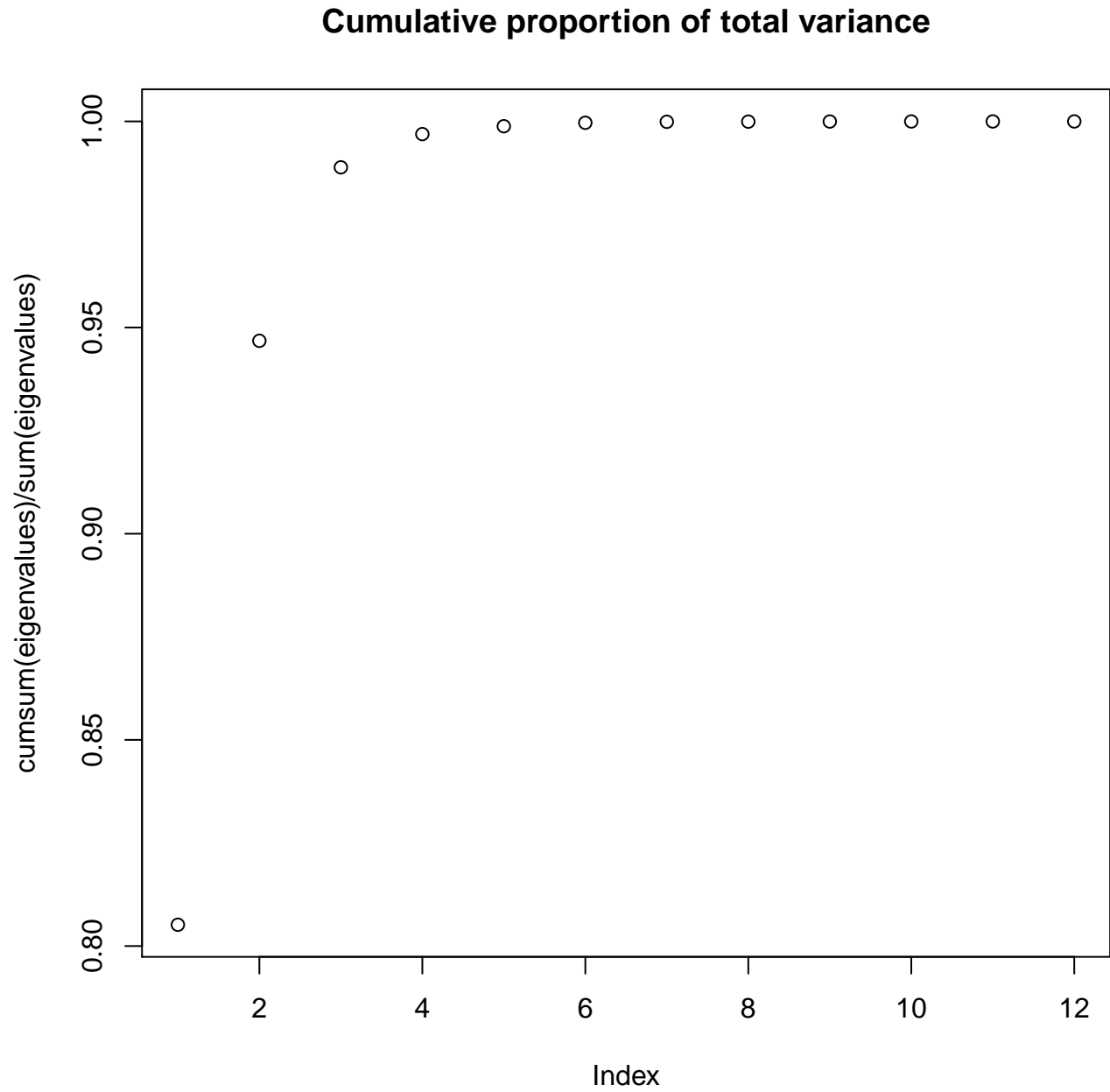


FIGURE 11. Parallel plot of first four PC scores - male

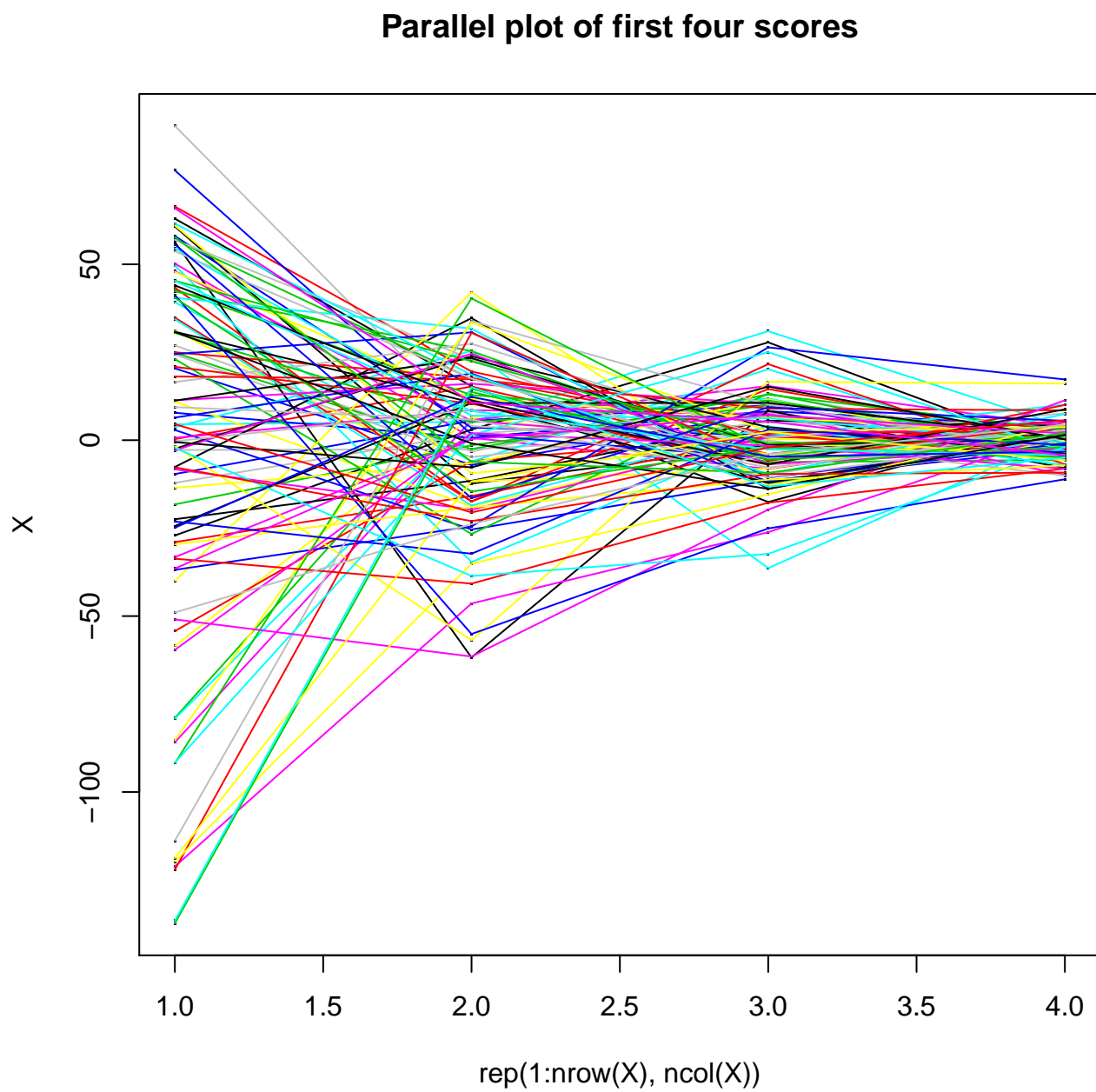


FIGURE 12. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component
2 - male

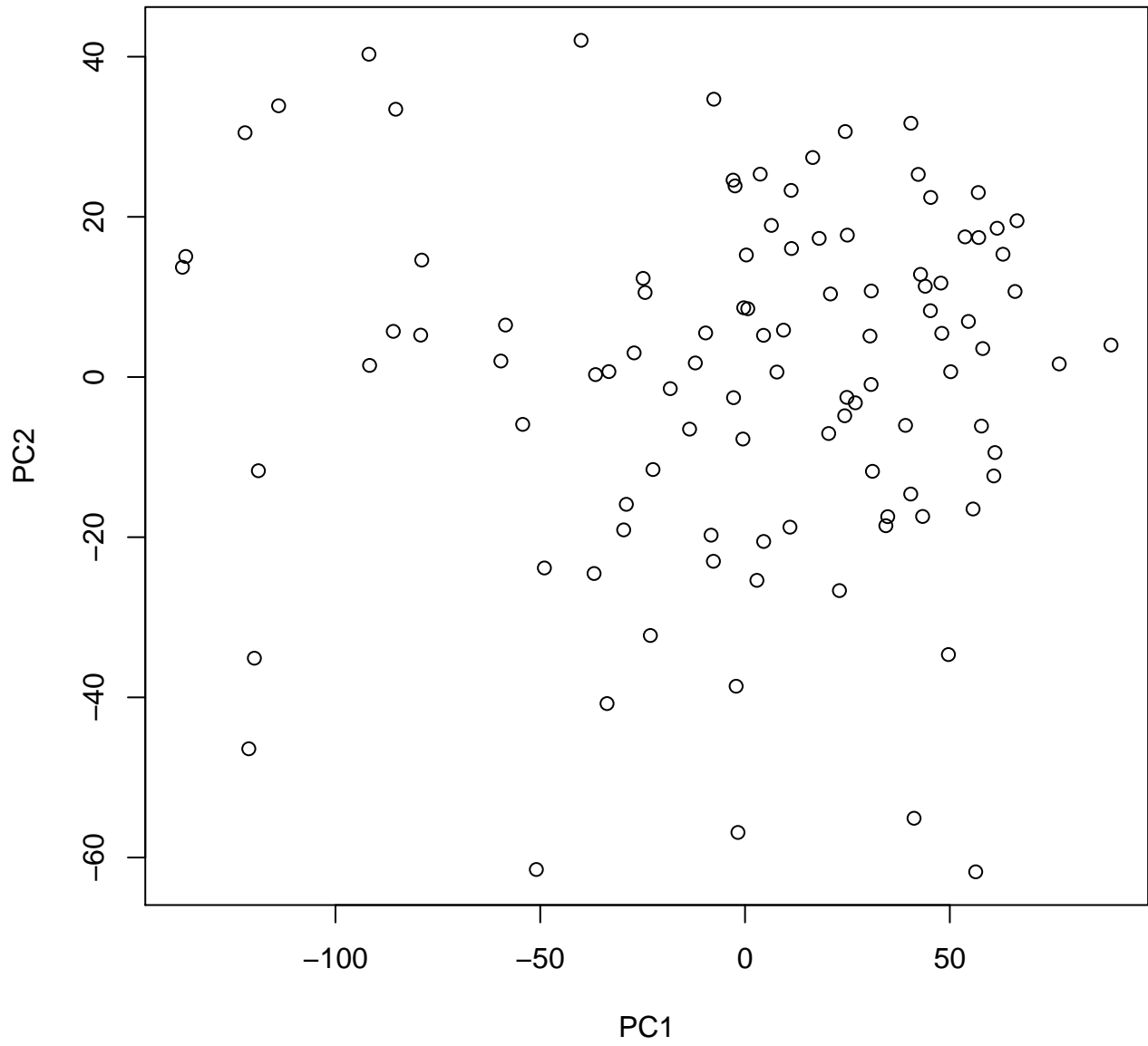


FIGURE 13. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component 3 - male

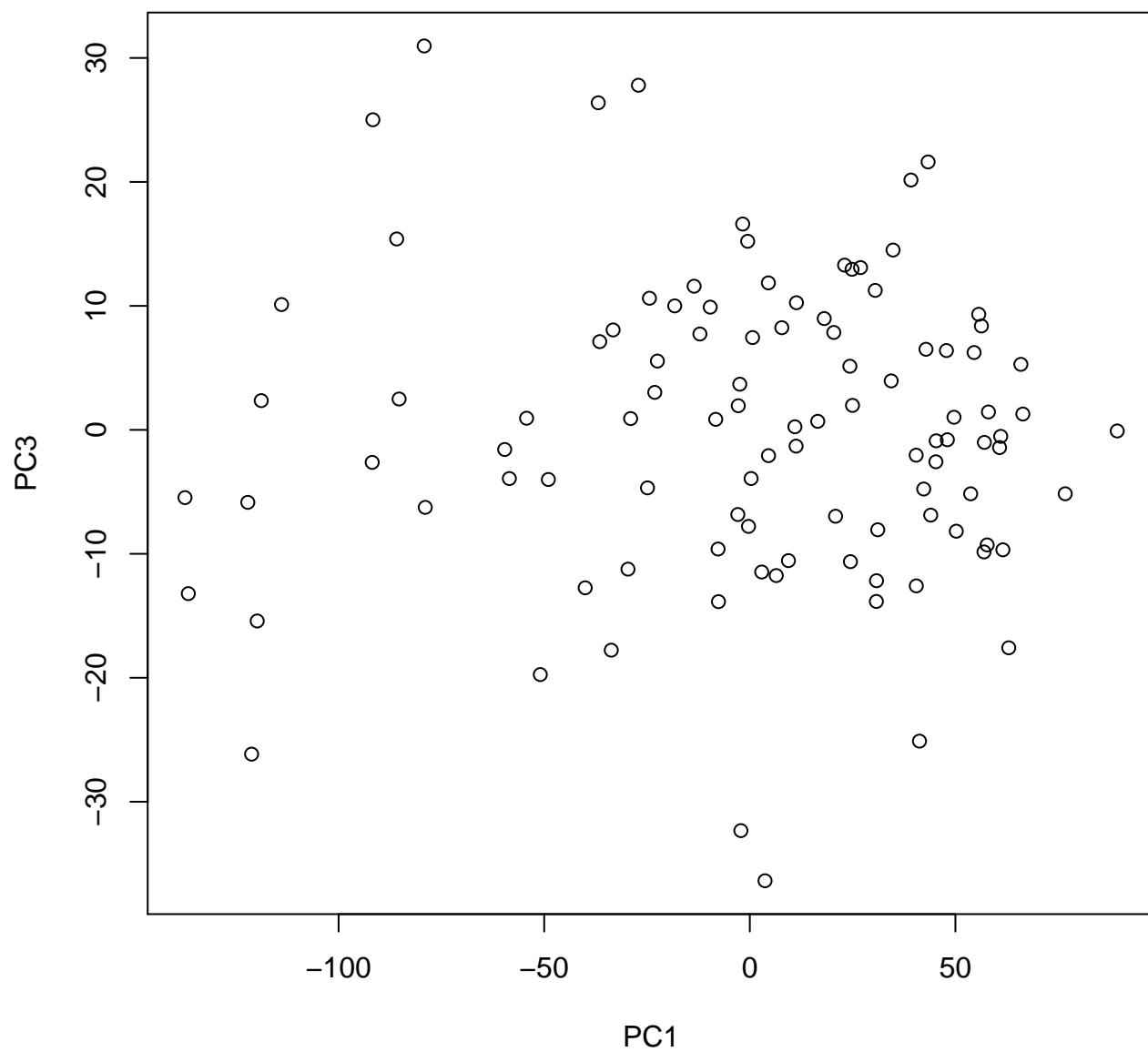


FIGURE 14. Principal Component 2 versus Principal Component 3 - male

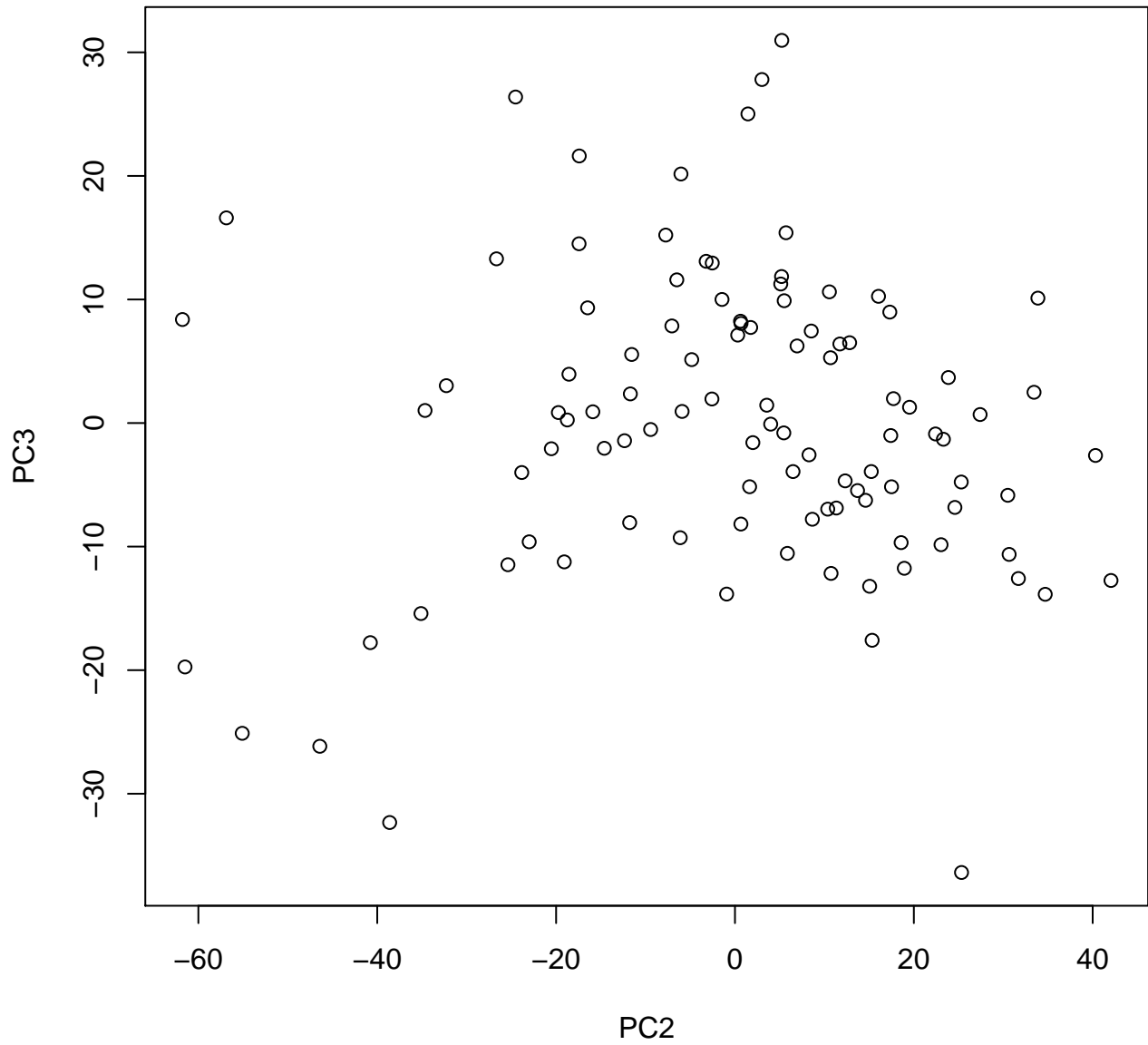


FIGURE 15. Parallel plot of all variables - female

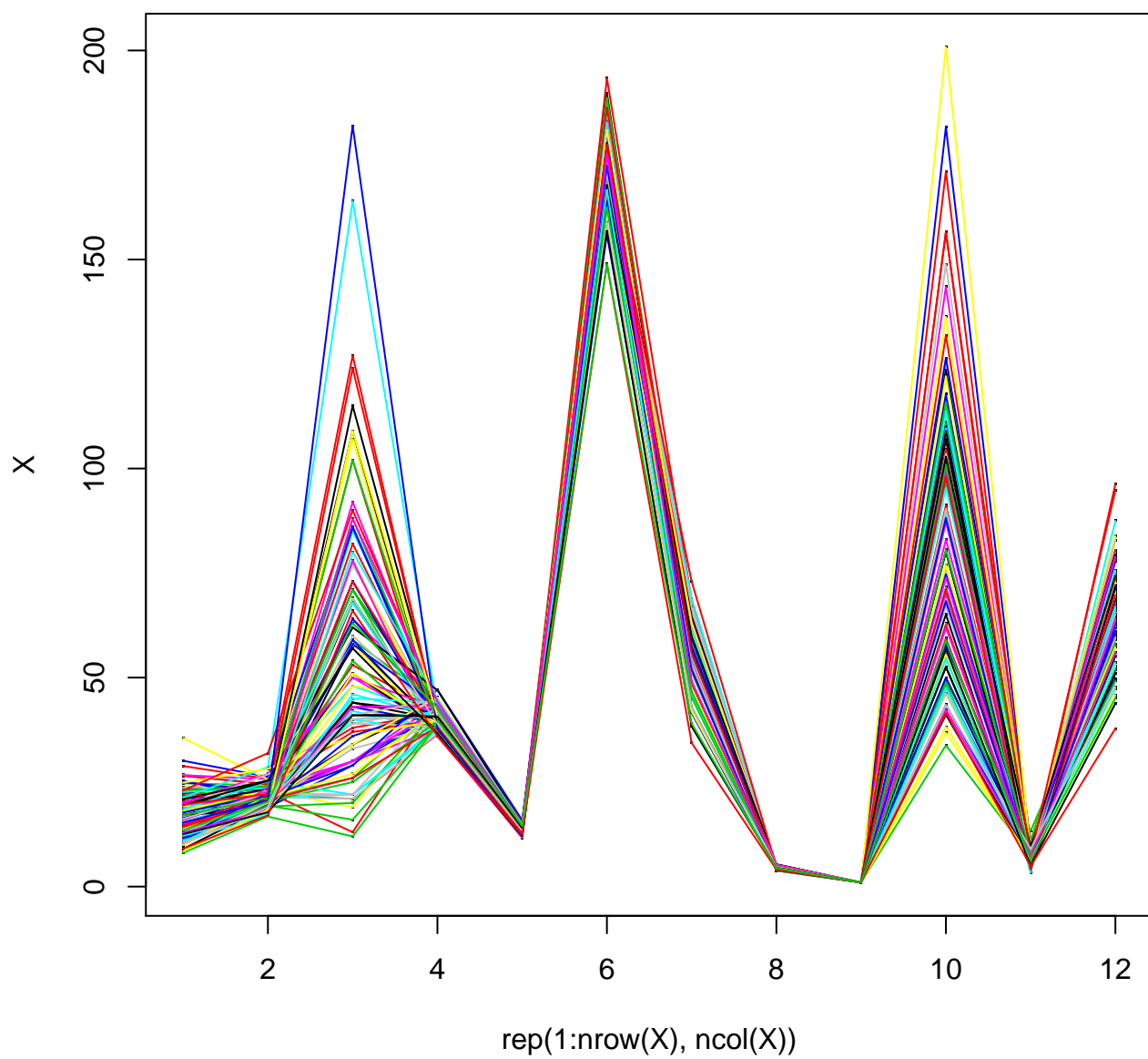


FIGURE 16. Proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - female

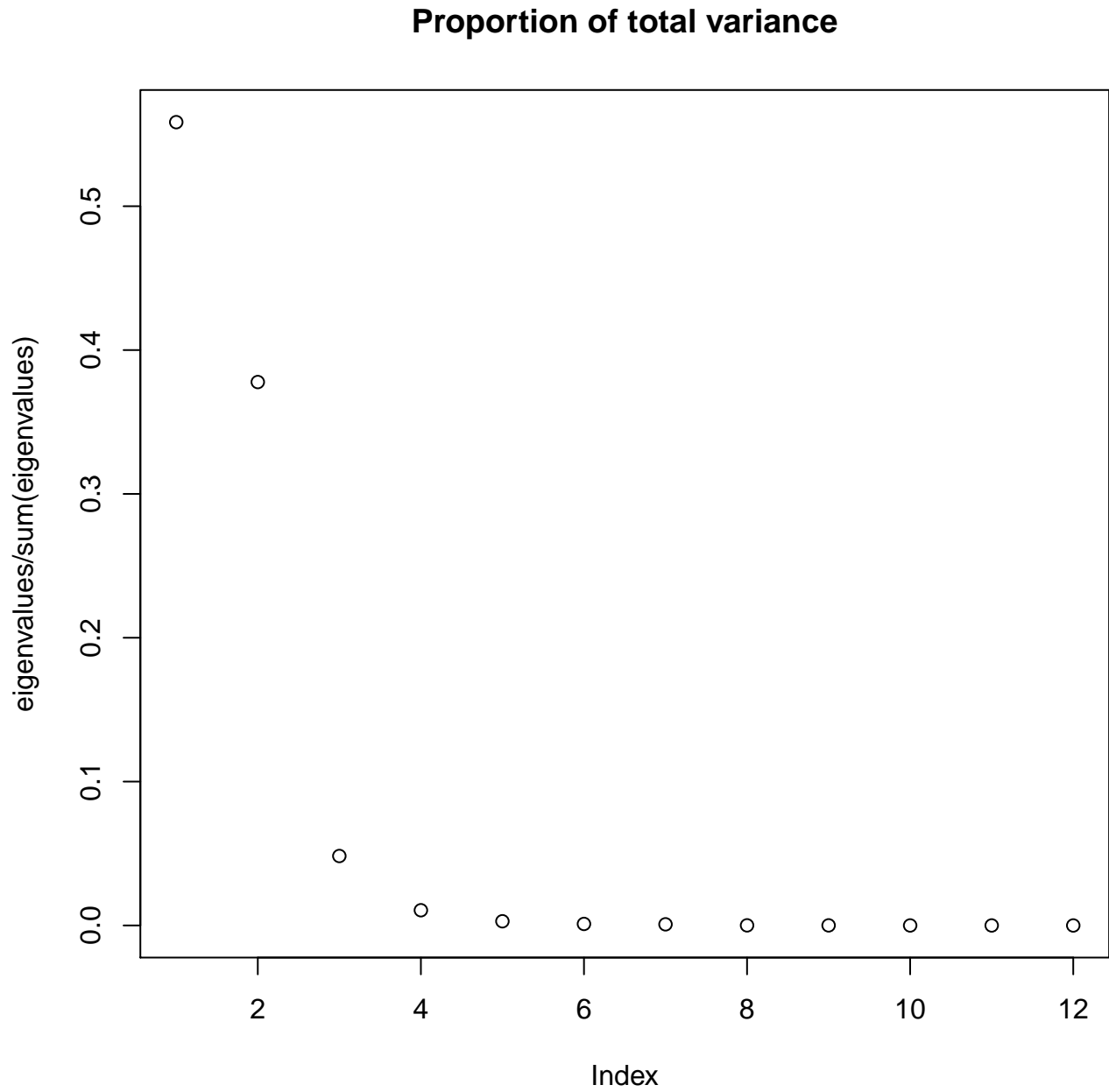


FIGURE 17. Cumulative proportion of total variance explained by each eigenvalue - female

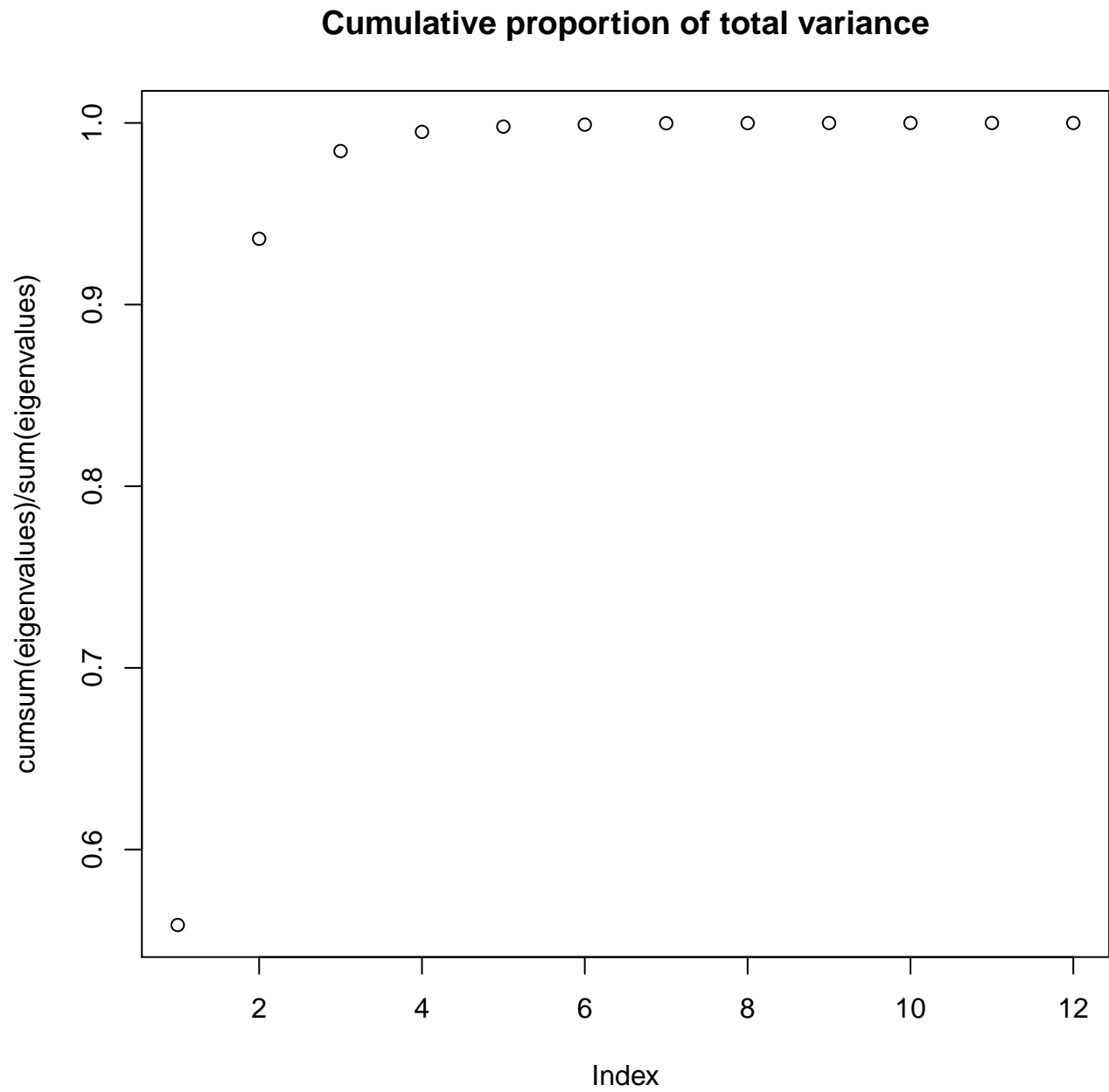


FIGURE 18. Parallel plot of first four PC scores - female

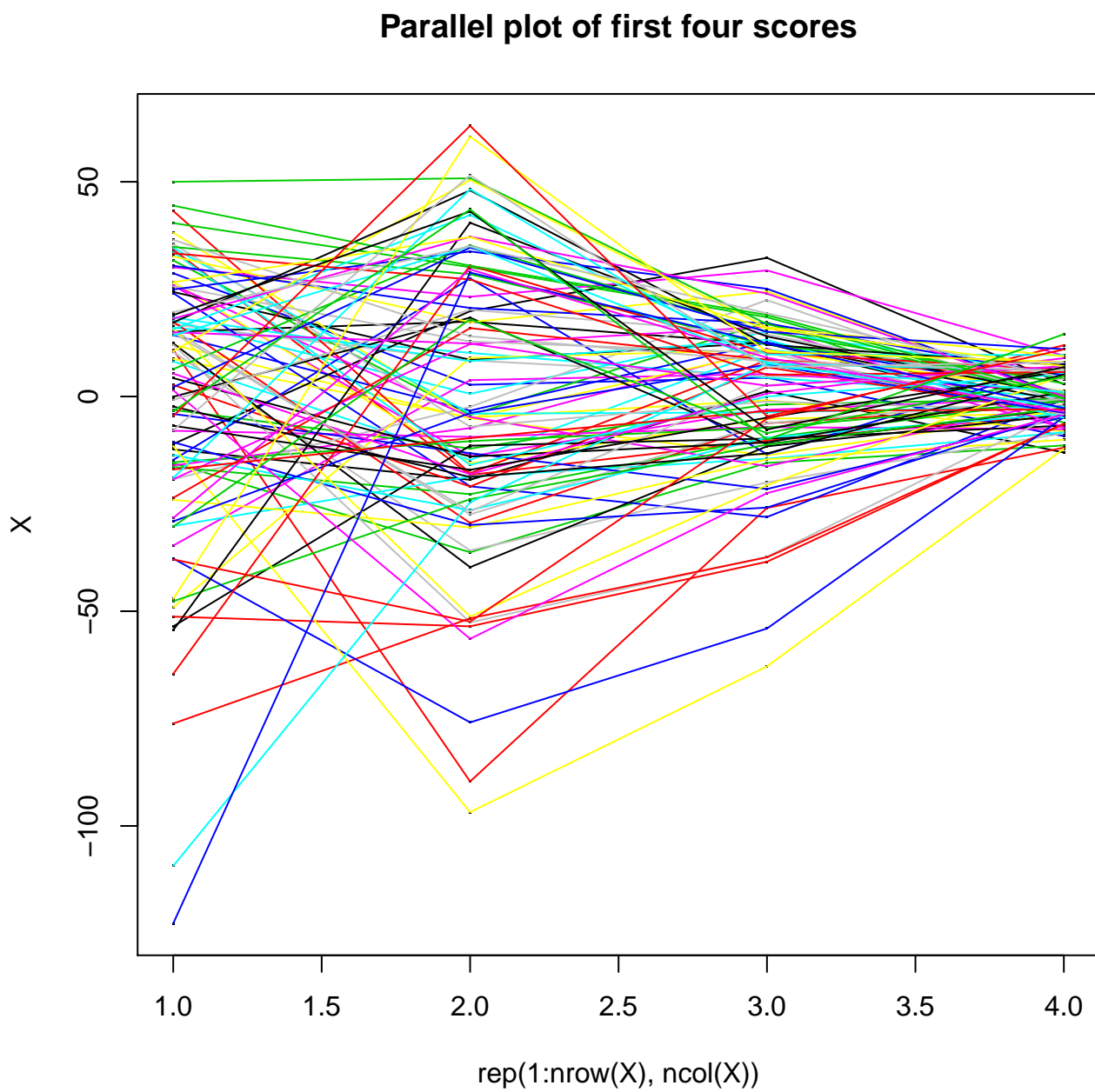


FIGURE 19. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component 2 - female

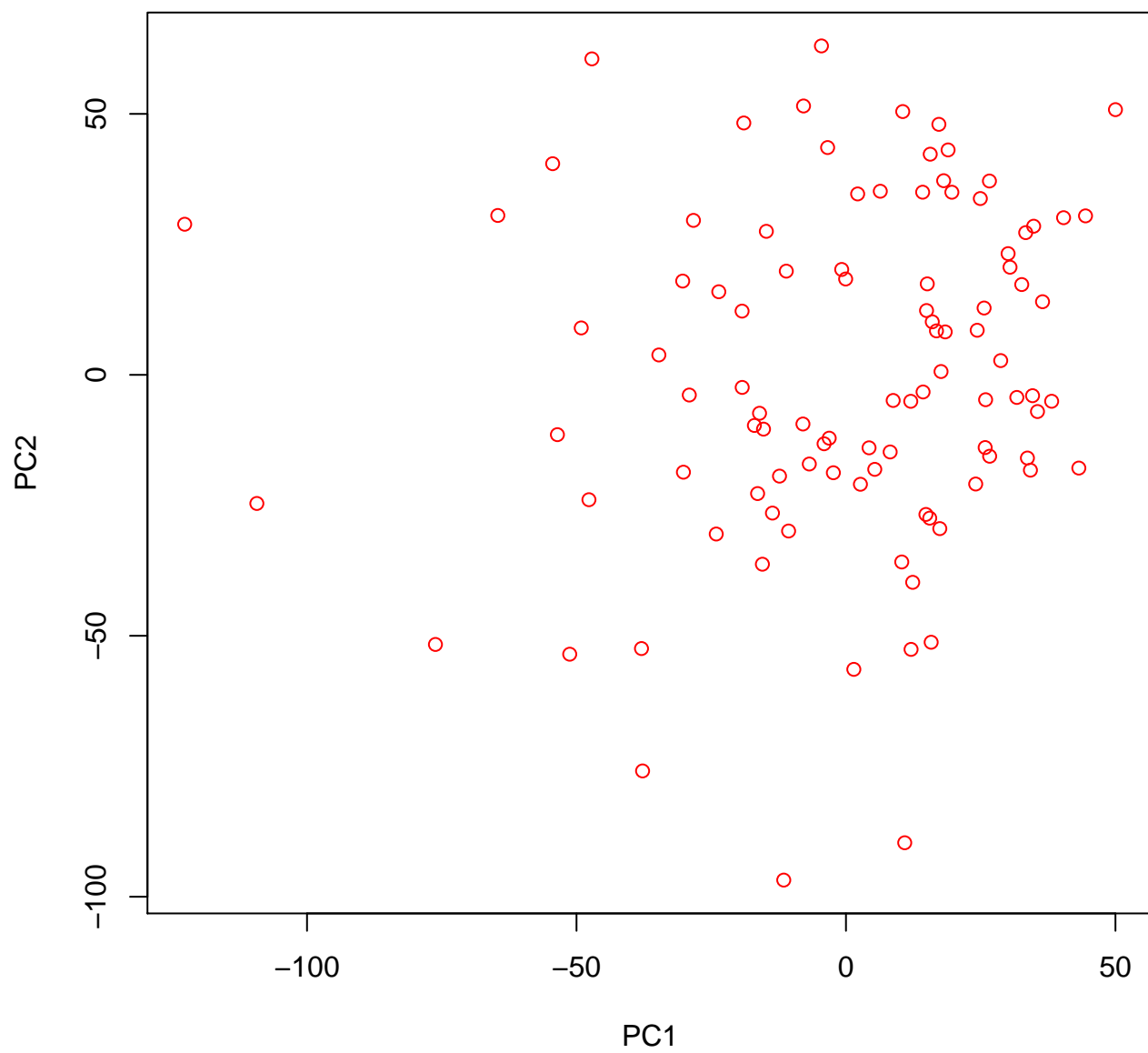


FIGURE 20. Principal Component 1 versus Principal Component 3 - female

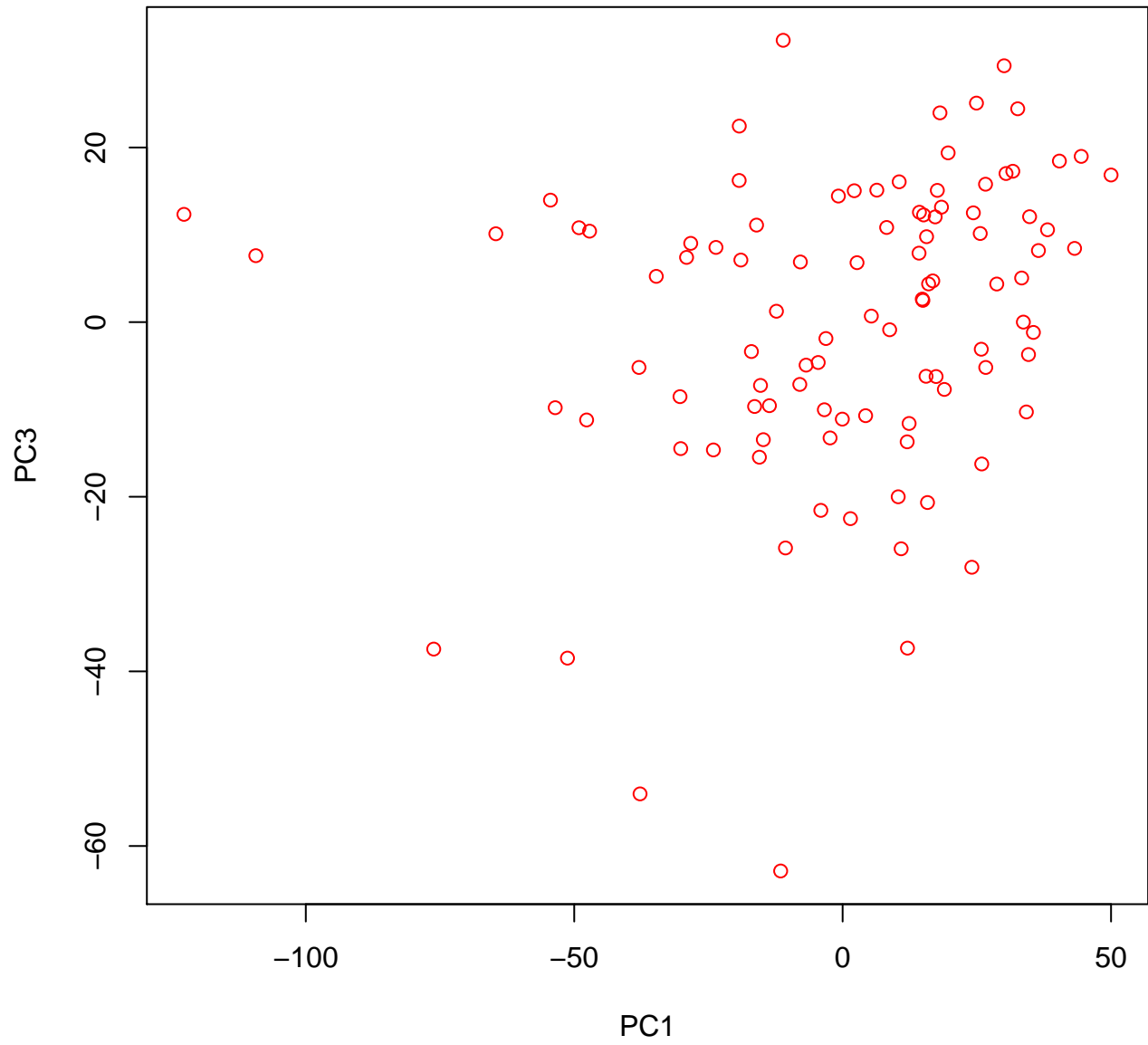
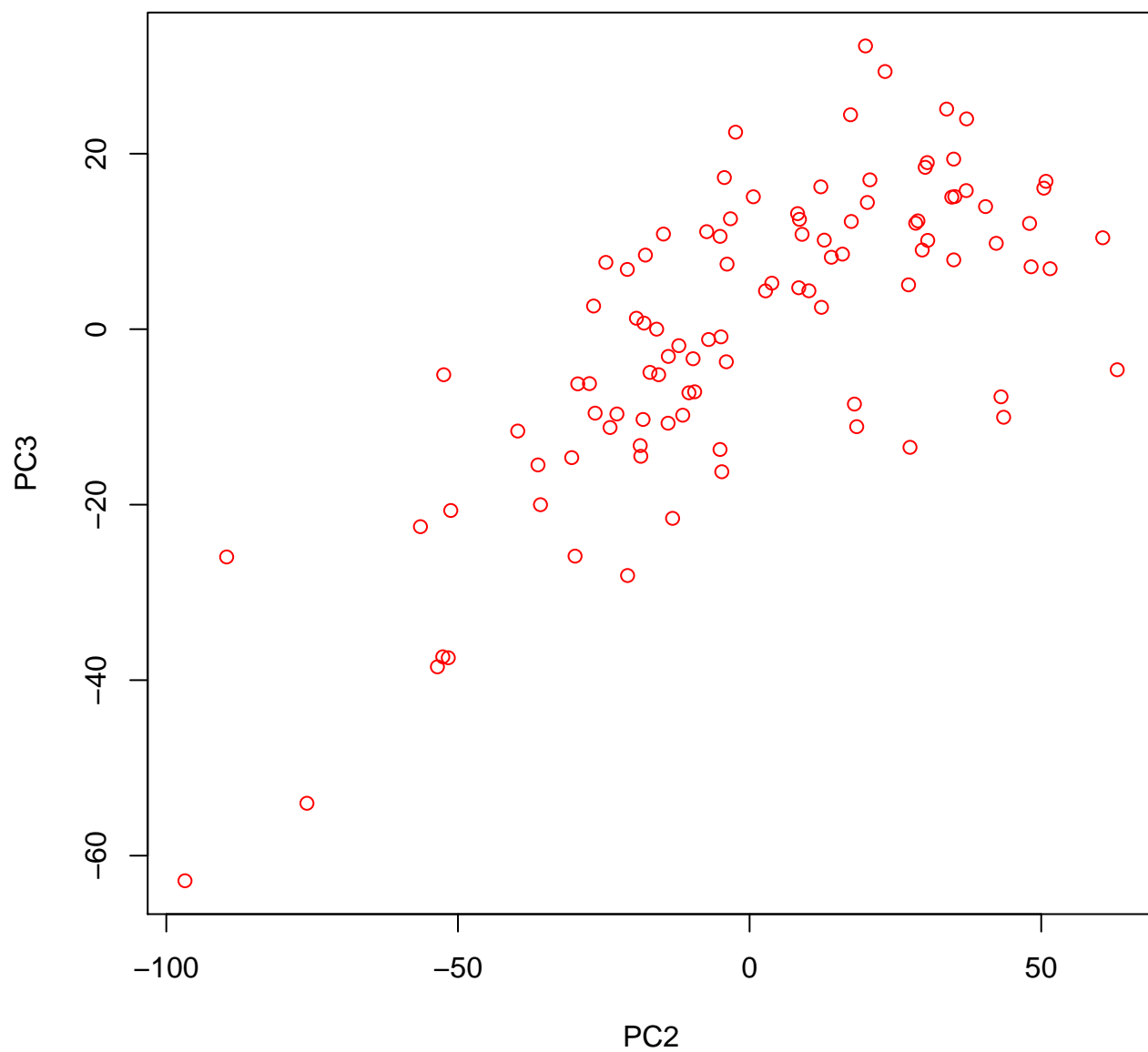


FIGURE 21. Principal Component 2 versus Principal Component 3 - female



1.3. c - Interpretation of results. From the parallel plot for all variables of the entire data set, we see that some of the data sets are only very different scales. Most of the variance is explained by the first principle component. The parallel plot of the first four PC scores shows that the first few PC components distinguish the individuals well.

I have shown the males in the PC plots in black, and females in red. We can see that plotting the components against each other distinguishes the males from the females well - and one could almost place a linear decision boundary on the plots.

In the proportion of total variance plot for males, 80% of the variance is explained by the first PC component, and 95% is explained by the first two components. By comparison, only just over fifty percent of the variance in the females is explained by the first PC component, whereas just under 40% is explained by the second PC component. Comparing the male parallel PC score plot with the female parallel PC score plot, we see that for females the lines are more bunched at the first PC component, and more spread for the second component, consistent with what we observed above.

2. CODE