_3)

$$> g := (x**2+x+2)/(2*x-2)$$

$$g := \frac{x^2 + x + 2}{2x - 2} \tag{1}$$

La) Kdyz g'(x)=0 a g''(x)>0 -> minimum g''(x)<0 -> maximum

> solve(diff(g,x)=0, x); # body pozerele z (lokalnich) extremu
$$3, -1$$

> subs(x=3,diff(g, x,x)); # Minimum v bod 3

$$(3)$$

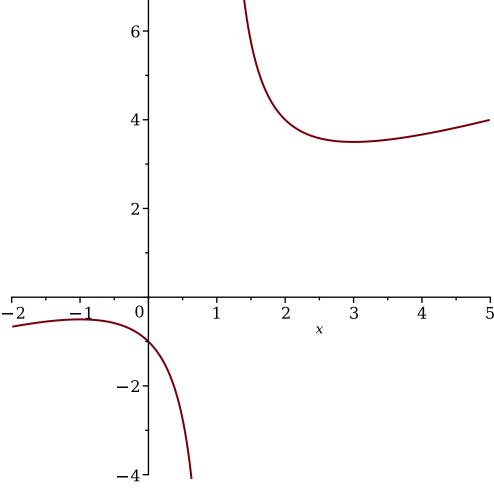
(2)

> subs(x=-1, diff(g, x,x)); # Maximum v bod -1

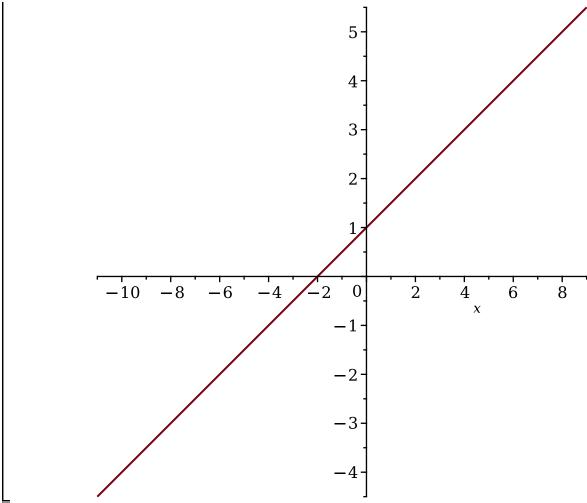
$$-\frac{1}{2} \tag{4}$$

_b) Ve stacionarnich bodech (sp) se meni znamenko derivace

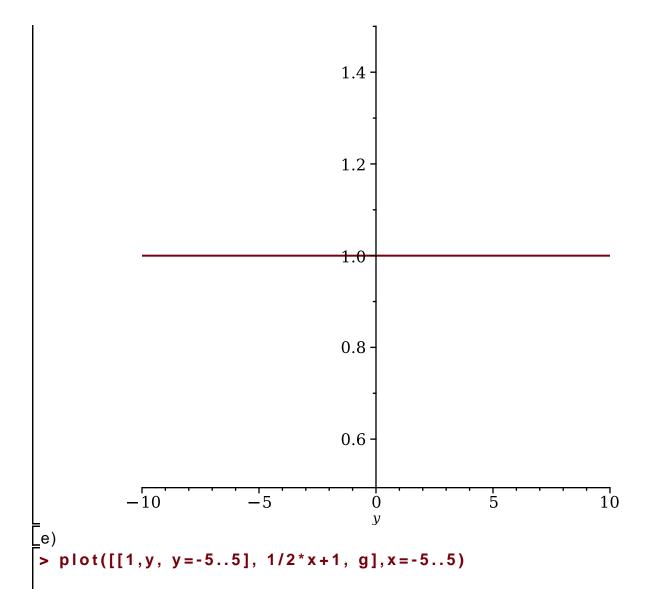
> graf :=plot(g)

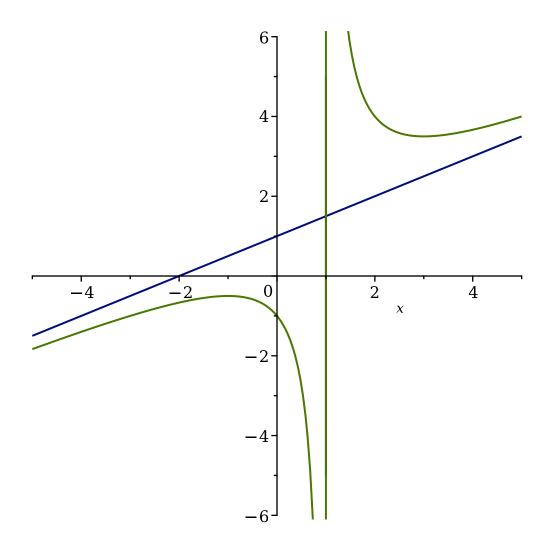


1. Interval je -infty do -1, kde je fce rostouci (lze ukazat dosazenim jednoho x z tohoto intervalu do 1. derivace



> svisla := plot(1,y)





L1)

> limit(
$$(2*x+3)/(2*x+1)**(x+1)$$
, x=infinity)
0 (16)

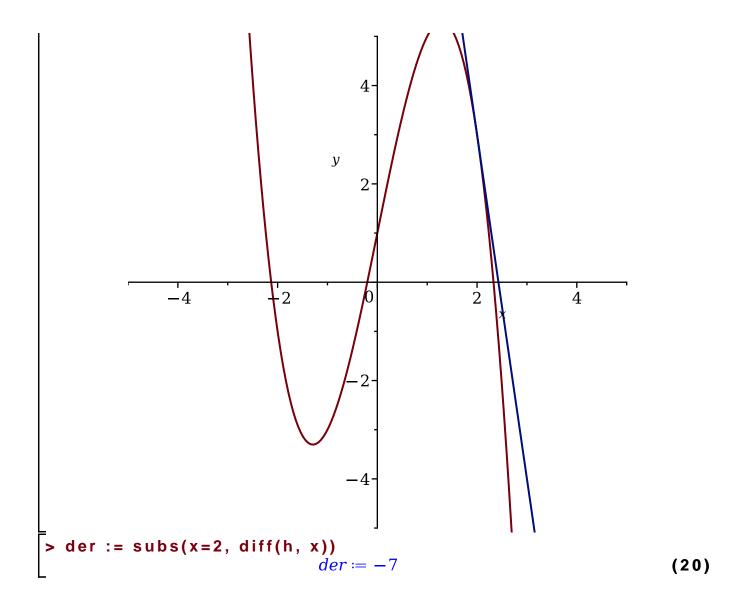
$$>$$
 der := diff(sqrt((1-x)/(1+x)), x,x)

> der := diff(sqrt((1-x)/(1+x)), x,x)

$$der := -\frac{\left(-\frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{1-x}{(x+1)^2}\right)^2}{4\left(\frac{1-x}{x+1}\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{\frac{2}{(x+1)^2} + \frac{2(1-x)}{(x+1)^3}}{2\sqrt{\frac{1-x}{x+1}}}$$
(17)

$$h := -x^3 + 5x + 1 \tag{19}$$

$$| > plot([h, -7*x+17], x=-5..5, y=-5..5) |$$



$$k \coloneqq \frac{1}{2} \tag{21}$$

 $q := -\infty \tag{22}$

Error, `;` unexpected