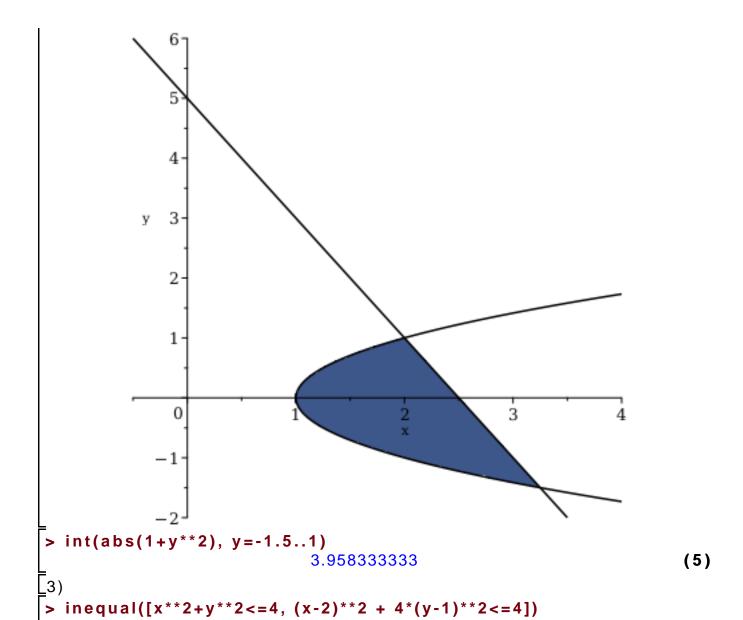
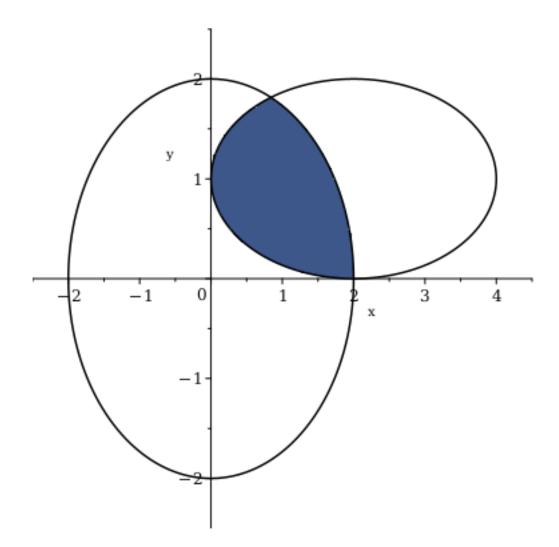
```
restart
   with(plots):
La)
> int((2*x+5)/(x**2+4*x+5),x)

\ln(x^2 + 4x + 5) + \arctan(x + 2)
                                                                                       (1)
[b)
> int(1/(1+sin(2*x)), x=0..Pi/4)
                                                                                       (2)
2
<u>    a</u>)
> f:= x-> 0:
\underline{\hspace{0.1cm}} > g := x-> x**4-1:
> inequal([x**4-1<=y, y<=0], x=-3..3, y=-3..3)
                                            2
                                        y
                                            1
            -3
                       -2
                                                                   2
                                                                              ż
> int(abs(x**4-1), x=-1..1)
                                           <u>8</u>
5
                                                                                       (3)
```

```
Lb)
> par:=implicitplot(x=y**2-y-2, coloring=[blue, red], x=-3..0,y=-1.
  .2, filled=true, coloring=[white, blue], transparency=0.5):

ightharpoonup pr:= implicitplot(x=0, x=-3..3, y=-3..3):
> display(pr,par, scaling=constrained)
                       -3
                                                0
                                        -1
> int(abs(y**2-y-2), y=-1..2)
                                                                      (4)
> inequal([x>=1+y**2, 5-2*x>=y])
```





> Delta(H) = int(a + b*T + c/(T**2), T)

$$\Delta(H) = T a + \frac{b T^2}{2} - \frac{c}{T}$$
(6)

> int(a + b*T + c/(T**2), T=10..25)

$$15 a + \frac{525 b}{2} + \frac{3 c}{50}$$
(7)

$$=5$$
) > int(sqrt(1+(diff(x*tan(x),x)**2)), x=0..Pi/4)

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \sqrt{1 + (\tan(x) + x (1 + \tan(x)^2))^2} \, dx$$
 (8)

$$\tan(x) + x (1 + \tan(x)^2)$$
 (9)

> evalf(int(sqrt(1+(diff(x*tan(x),x)**2)), x=0..Pi/4))

$$1.177640752$$
 (10)