

# WEEK 2 UNIT 1

## USING A REMOTE SERVICE WITH AGGREGATION BINDING

Please perform the exercises below in your app project as shown in the video.

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### Preview

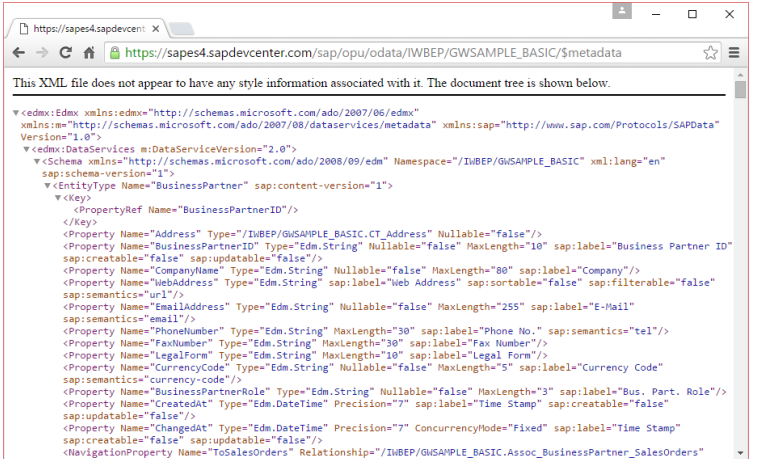
openSAP - Developing Web Apps with SAPUI5		
Getting Started	Containers and Layout	Data Binding
Products		
HT-1000	Notebook Basic 15	957.00 EUR
HT-1001	Notebook Basic 17	1249.00 EUR
HT-1002	Notebook Basic 18	1570.00 USD
HT-1003	Notebook Basic 19	1650.00 EUR
HT-1007	ITeIO Vault	299.00 USD
HT-1010	Notebook Professional 15	1999.00 EUR
HT-1011	Notebook Professional 17	229900 JPY
HT-1020		

Figure 1 - Preview of the app after doing this unit's exercises

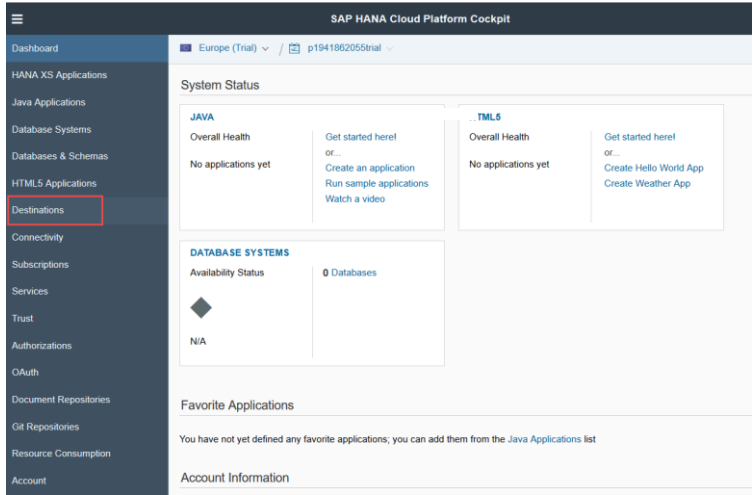
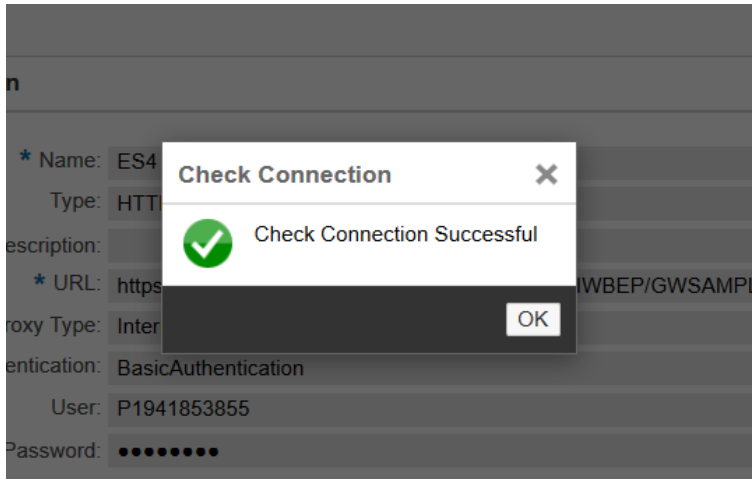
# 1 VERIFY YOUR DESTINATION TO BACKEND SYSTEM ES5

In this step we will verify the backend connection that you set up in week 0 unit 1.

## Check User Access to the Service on System ES5

Explanation	Screenshot
<p>1. Navigate to the following URL and log in with the user/pw create in week 0 unit 1:</p> <p><a href="https://sapes5.sapdevcenter.com/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/\$metadata">https://sapes5.sapdevcenter.com/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/\$metadata</a></p> <p><b>User:</b> &lt;P...&gt; (Same as your SAP Hana Cloud Platform Developer Account)  <b>PW:</b> &lt;...&gt;</p> <p>You should see an XML document defining the service metadata that we will use throughout this course</p> <p><b>With the change of the public demo system from ES4 to ES5 the sign-up process and the service URLs have been updated.</b></p> <p><b>Please use ES5 whenever ES4 mentioned throughout this course.</b></p> <p><b>Note:</b> If you cannot access the metadata document or forgot your username/password you need to follow the sign up procedure from week 0 unit 1 – 2 CONNECT TO THE DEMO SYSTEM ES5. You will not be able to do the exercises for the remaining weeks of the course otherwise.</p>	

## Check Destination to System ES5

Explanation	Screenshot
<p>1. Go to destinations page of the SAP HCP Cockpit by opening the following URL and pressing the menu item “Destinations”:</p> <p><a href="https://account.hanatrial.ondemand.com/cockpit">https://account.hanatrial.ondemand.com/cockpit</a></p>	
<p>2. Make sure that there is a destination “ES5” created and click on the check icon on the right side. Verify that the connection test is successful.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> If there is no destination ES5 in your developer account you need to follow the sign up procedure from week 0 unit 1 – 2 CONNECT TO THE DEMO SYSTEM ES5. You will not be able to do the exercises for the remaining weeks of the course otherwise.</p>	

## 2 USE THE SERVICE IN YOUR APP

In this step we will add a new tab “Data Binding” to our app and display a list of products from the ES5 backend service.

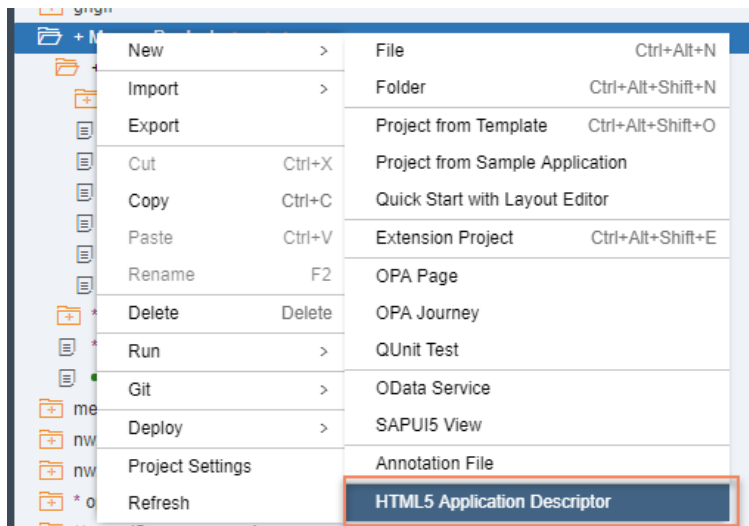
### Preview

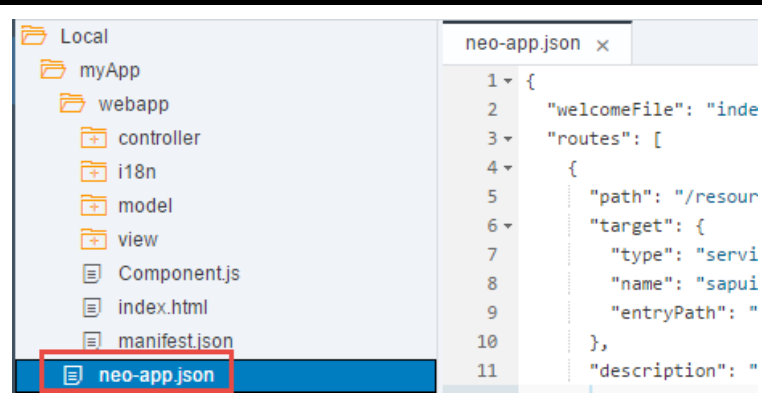
Week 1, Unit 6 - Containers and Layout

Getting start	Containers and Layout	<u>Data Binding</u>
Invoices		
HT-1000	Notebook Basic 15	2963.00
HT-1001	Notebook Basic 17	1150.00
HT-1002	Notebook Basic 18	1570.00
HT-1003	Notebook Basic 19	1650.00
HT-1007	ITelO Vault	299.00
HT-1008	Notebook Basic 15	1963.00
HT-1009	Notebook Basic 15	1963.00

Figure 2 - A list of products from the backend service

### Create a neo-app.json file

Explanation	Screenshot
<p>1. Open SAP Web IDE and right click on your project folder “myApp”. Select “New &gt; HTML5 Application Descriptor”.</p> <p><b>Note:</b> The menu option will only appear if the project folder is directly located below the root node “Workspace”.</p>	 <p>The screenshot shows the SAP Web IDE interface with a context menu open over a project folder. The menu includes options like New, Import, Export, Cut, Copy, Paste, Rename, Delete, Run, Git, Deploy, Project Settings, and Refresh. The 'New' option is expanded, showing a list of templates including File, Folder, Project from Template, Project from Sample Application, Quick Start with Layout Editor, Extension Project, OPA Page, OPA Journey, QUnit Test, OData Service, SAPUI5 View, Annotation File, and HTML5 Application Descriptor. The 'HTML5 Application Descriptor' option is highlighted with a red box.</p>

Explanation	Screenshot
2. Open the newly created file <code>neo-app.json</code> . It contains a JSON configuration file for your project with resource definitions. The default configuration will make sure SAPUI5 is registered under the path <code>"/resources"</code> .	

**neo-app.json**

```

{
  welcomeFile: "index.html",
  routes: [
    {
      ...
    },
    {
      "path": "/destinations/ES5",
      "target": {
        "type": "destination",
        "name": "ES5"
      },
      "description": "ES5 Demo Service"
    }
  ]
}

```

Add the destination “ES5” to the `neo-app.json` configuration file. It contains all project settings for SAP Web IDE and is created in the root folder of your project. It is a JSON format file consisting of multiple configuration keys. The most important setting for you to configure is the path where the OpenUI5 runtime is located when starting the app.

Below “routes”, add a new configuration entry for the destination ES5. The destination itself is configured inside the SAP HANA Cloud Platform Cockpit. With this configuration entry in the `neo-app.json` file you are able to use it inside your application project.

**webapp/manifest.json**

```

{
  "_version": "1.1.0",
  "sap.app": {
    ...
    "applicationVersion": {
      "version": "1.0.0"
    },
    "dataSources": {
      "ES5": {
        "uri": "/destinations/ES5/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/",
        "type": "OData",
        "settings": {
          "odataVersion": "2.0"
        }
      }
    },
    "sap.ui": {
      ...
    },
    "sap.ui5": {
      ...
      "models": {
        ...
        "helloPanel": {
          "type": "sap.ui.model.json.JSONModel",
          "uri": "model/HelloPanel.json"
        },
        "" : {
          "dataSource": "ES5"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}

```

Create a Model Configuration in the App Descriptor. In the `sap.app` section we add the data source configuration for the OData service. With the key `ES5` we specify a configuration object that allows automatic instantiation of this model. We specify the URI by combining the name of the destination we configured in the `neo-app.json` file above with the path to the service. So `/destinations/ES5/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/` is the path to the service endpoint. In addition, we specify the type of the service (OData) and the model version (2.0).

The complete URI at run time looks like this:

[https://sapes5.sapdevcenter.com/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE\\_BASIC/](https://sapes5.sapdevcenter.com/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/)

In the `models` section under `sap.ui5`, we add a second entry with an empty key. The value `ES5` is a reference to the data source section that we specified above. This configuration allows the component to retrieve the technical information for this model during the start-up of the app.

Our component will then automatically create an instance of `sap.ui.model.odata.v2.ODataModel` according to the settings we specified above, and make it available as the default model on the component.

**webapp/view/App.view.xml**

```

...
<Page title="OpenSAP - Developing with SAPUI5">
  <IconTabBar
    id="idTopLevelIconTabBar"
    selectedKey="db"
  ...>
    <items>
      ...
      <IconTabFilter
        text="{i18n>dataBindingFilter}" key="db">
          <content>
            <List
              headerText="{i18n>productListTitle}"
              items="{/ProductSet}">
                <items>
                  <ObjectListItem
                    title="{Name}"
                    number="{Price}"
                    intro="{ProductID}" />
                </items>
              </List>
            </content>
          </IconTabFilter>
        </items>
      </IconTabBar>
    </Page>
  ...

```

We add a new `IconTabFilter` with the key `db` and the translated text `dataBindingFilter` to the view of our app. additionally, we set the `selectedkey` property on the `IconTabBar` control to `db` so that this tab is opened by default when we start the app.

The content of the `IconTabFilter` is a list control with a custom header text. The item aggregation of the list is bound to the root path `ProductSet` of the OData service. And since we defined a default model, we do not have to prefix the binding definitions with a model name and can just write the path.

In the `items` aggregation, we define the template for the list that will be automatically repeated for each product of our service data. More precisely, we use an `ObjectListItem` to create a control for each aggregated child of the `items` aggregation. The `title` property of the list item is bound to properties of a single product. This is achieved by defining a relative path (without `/` in the beginning). This works because we have bound the `items` aggregation absolutely via `items={/ProductSet}` to the collection of products.

#### webapp/i18n/i18n.properties

```
...  
# Tabs  
dataBindingFilter = Data Binding  
...  
# Data Binding Content  
productListTitle = Products
```

Add the new translation texts to your resource bundle file.

**You should now see a list of products fetched from the ES5 backend system in your app!**



### 3 (OPTIONAL) USE MOCK SERVER IF YOU HAVE A SLOW INTERNET CONNECTION

**Note:**

If the service connection is too slow for you during these exercises, you can manually switch to a mock server and simulate the backend requests by doing the following changes in your project. This is a workaround that will create random test data in your app. The `MockServer` will be explained later in the course in more detail and would be set up a bit differently in a real project.

**webapp/index.html**

```
...
<script>
  sap.ui.getCore().attachInit(function () {
    // workaround begin: start a mock server
    jQuery.sap.require("sap.ui.core.util.MockServer");
    var oMockServer = new sap.ui.core.util.MockServer({
      rootUri: "/destinations/ES5/sap/opu/odata/IWBEP/GWSAMPLE_BASIC/"
    });
    oMockServer.simulate("metadata.xml", {
      sMockdataBaseUrl: "mockdata",
      bGenerateMissingMockData: true
    });
    oMockServer.start();
    // workaround end

    new sap.ui.core.ComponentContainer({
      name: "sap.ui.demo.wt"
    }).placeAt("content");
  });
</script>
...
```

Add the code above to your index file to start a local mock server that will intercept and simulate requests to your backend service. Don't worry, we will explain it later in the course. This is just a workaround for now.

## webapp/metadata.xml (NEW)

```

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<edmx:Edmx Version="1.0"
  xmlns:edmx="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2007/06/edmx"
  xmlns:m="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2007/08/dataservices/metadata"
  xmlns:sap="http://www.sap.com/Protocols/SAPData">
  <edmx:DataServices m:DataServiceVersion="2.0">
    <Schema
      xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/ado/2008/09/edm"
      Namespace="/IWBEF/GWSAMPLE_BASIC"
      xml:lang="en"
      sap:schema-version="1">
      <EntityType Name="Product">
        <Key>
          <PropertyRef Name="ProductID"/>
        </Key>
        <Property Name="ProductID" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="10"/>
        <Property Name="TypeCode" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="2"/>
        <Property Name="Category" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="40"/>
        <Property Name="Name" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="255"/>
        <Property Name="NameLanguage" Type="Edm.String" MaxLength="2"/>
        <Property Name="Description" Type="Edm.String" MaxLength="255"/>
        <Property Name="DescriptionLanguage" Type="Edm.String"
MaxLength="2"/>
        <Property Name="SupplierID" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="10"/>
        <Property Name="SupplierName" Type="Edm.String" MaxLength="80"/>
        <Property Name="TaxTarifCode" Type="Edm.Byte" Nullable="false"/>
        <Property Name="MeasureUnit" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="3"/>
        <Property Name="WeightMeasure" Type="Edm.Decimal" Precision="13"
Scale="3"/>
        <Property Name="WeightUnit" Type="Edm.String" MaxLength="3"/>
        <Property Name="CurrencyCode" Type="Edm.String" Nullable="false"
MaxLength="5"/>
        <Property Name="Price" Type="Edm.Decimal" Precision="16"
Scale="3"/>
        <Property Name="Width" Type="Edm.Decimal" Precision="13"
Scale="3"/>
        <Property Name="Depth" Type="Edm.Decimal" Precision="13"
Scale="3"/>
        <Property Name="Height" Type="Edm.Decimal" Precision="13"
Scale="3"/>
        <Property Name="DimUnit" Type="Edm.String" MaxLength="3"
sap:label="Dimension Unit"/>
        <Property Name="CreatedAt" Type="Edm.DateTime" Precision="7"/>
        <Property Name="ChangedAt" Type="Edm.DateTime" Precision="7"
ConcurrencyMode="Fixed"/>
      </EntityType>
      <EntityContainer Name="/IWBEF/GWSAMPLE_BASIC_Entities"
m:IsDefaultEntityContainer="true">

```

```
<EntitySet Name="ProductSet"
EntityType="/IWBEF/GWSAMPLE_BASIC.Product"/>
</EntityContainer>
</Schema>
</edmx:DataService>
</edmx:Edmx>
```

Add the file `metadata.xml` that contains the service interface with the product entity to be mocked.

### Related Information

[Walkthrough Tutorial - Step 26: Remote OData Service](#)

### Coding Samples

Any software coding or code lines/strings ("Code") provided in this documentation are only examples and are not intended for use in a productive system environment. The Code is only intended to better explain and visualize the syntax and phrasing rules for certain SAP coding. SAP does not warrant the correctness or completeness of the Code provided herein and SAP shall not be liable for errors or damages caused by use of the Code, except where such damages were caused by SAP with intent or with gross negligence.