

# Fundamentos de Programación

## Grado en Ingeniería del Software

24/10/23

# Antecedentes

- Estructura básica de un programa
- Lectura de ficheros
- Esquemas de filtrado/transformación
- Paso de parámetros
- Descomposición de problemas en funciones
- Type hinting

# Índice

- Filtrado y transformación por comprensión
- Contador
- Suma
- Máximo y mínimo por defecto
- Ordenación por defecto

# **FILTRADO Y TRANSFORMACIÓN POR COMPRESIÓN**

```
def consonants_for(sentence):  
    result = []  
    for x in sentence:  
        result.append(x.upper())  
    return result  
  
sentence = 'we are studying list comprehensions'  
print("With For Loop : " + ''.join(consonants_for(sentence)))
```

```
def consonants_lc(sentence):  
    return [x.upper() for x in sentence]  
  
sentence = 'we are studying list comprehensions'  
print("With List Comprehension : " + ''.join(consonants_lc(sentence)))
```

```
VOWELS = 'aeiou'

def consonants_for(sentence):
    result = []
    for x in sentence:
        if x not in VOWELS:
            result.append(x)
    return result

sentence = 'we are studying list comprehensions'
print("With For Loop : " + ''.join(consonants_for(sentence)))
```

```
VOWELS = 'aeiou'

def consonants_lc(sentence):
    return [x for x in sentence if x not in VOWELS]

sentence = 'we are studying list comprehensions'
print("With List Comprehension : " + ''.join(consonants_lc(sentence)))
```

**CONTADOR**

```
VOWELS = 'aeiou'
```

```
def contador(sentence):  
    result = 0  
    for x in sentence:  
        if x in VOWELS:  
            result+=1  
    return result
```

```
def contador2(sentence):  
    result = []  
    for x in sentence:  
        if x in VOWELS:  
            result.append(x)  
    return len(result)
```

```
sentence = 'we are studying list comprehensions'  
print(contador(sentence))  
print(contador2(sentence))
```



**SUMA**

```
lista = [600, 1, 2, -1]
```

```
def suma(datos):  
    result = 0  
    for x in datos:  
        result += x  
    return result
```

```
print(suma(lista))
```

```
print(sum(lista))
```

**MÁXIMO Y MÍNIMO POR  
DEFECTO**

```
lista = [600, 1, 2, -1]

def max_(datos):
    result = None
    for x in datos:
        if result == None or result < x:
            result = x
    return result

def min_(datos):
    result = None
    for x in datos:
        if result == None or result > x:
            result = x
    return result

print(max(lista), max_(lista), min(lista), min_(lista))
```

# **ORDENACIÓN POR DEFECTO**

## Array Sorting Algorithms

Algorithm	Time Complexity			Space Complexity
	Best	Average	Worst	Worst
<u>Quicksort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n^2)$	$O(\log(n))$
<u>Mergesort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n \log(n))$	$O(n)$
<u>Timsort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n \log(n))$	$O(n)$
<u>Heapsort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n \log(n))$	$O(1)$
<u>Bubble Sort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	$\theta(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(1)$
<u>Insertion Sort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	$\theta(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(1)$
<u>Selection Sort</u>	$\Omega(n^2)$	$\theta(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(1)$
<u>Tree Sort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n^2)$	$O(n)$
<u>Shell Sort</u>	$\Omega(n \log(n))$	$\theta(n(\log(n))^2)$	$O(n(\log(n))^2)$	$O(1)$
<u>Bucket Sort</u>	$\Omega(n+k)$	$\theta(n+k)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(n)$
<u>Radix Sort</u>	$\Omega(nk)$	$\theta(nk)$	$O(nk)$	$O(n+k)$
<u>Counting Sort</u>	$\Omega(n+k)$	$\theta(n+k)$	$O(n+k)$	$O(k)$
<u>Cubesort</u>	$\Omega(n)$	$\theta(n \log(n))$	$O(n \log(n))$	$O(n)$

```
>>> array = [8, 2, 6, 4, 5]
>>> sorted(array)
[2, 4, 5, 6, 8]
```

# TAREA

- Preparar control del jueves.
- Seguir trabajando en los ejercicios de clase avistamientos, sevici, etc. Completar resto de funciones.