

# Results with simple average indexes

César Garro-Marín\*

January 27, 2022

Section here I show estimated skill acquisition costs when I compute them using simple average indexes. These  $\theta_i$  come from the regression:

$$d \ln f^e(J) = \sum_i \beta_i^e S_i^e(J) \quad (1)$$

$$(2)$$

where:

$$\beta_i^e = \frac{\varepsilon}{1 - \varepsilon} \theta_i^e (d \ln A_i - K^e)$$

I define the indexes as follows:

$$S_i(J) = \frac{\tilde{S}_i(J)}{\sum_k^K \tilde{S}_k(J)}$$

where  $S_k(J)$  is the simple average of the scores I assigned to each SES question:

$$S_i(J) = \frac{1}{||i||} \sum_{j=1}^{||i||} \sum_{l=1}^5 c_{ijl} 1_{d_{ij}=l}$$

remember that the SES questions have possible answer going from 1 to 5. I normalized these answers  $c_{ijl}$  to be between zero and one.

$$c_{ijl} = \frac{l - 1}{4}$$

## 1 Results

Weighted result weights observation by the occupation-years cells size.

---

\*Boston University, email: [cesarlgm@bu.edu](mailto:cesarlgm@bu.edu)

Table 1: Estimates of  $\beta_i^e$

	Unweighted			Weighted		
	<b>Low</b>	<b>Mid</b>	<b>High</b>	<b>Low</b>	<b>Mid</b>	<b>High</b>
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
i_manual	0.24 (0.31)	-0.40 (0.38)	0.22 (0.22)	0.93** (0.30)	0.03 (0.57)	-0.04 (0.18)
i_routine	0.47 (0.39)	1.03 (1.09)	-0.42 (0.46)	-0.88 (0.47)	0.65 (1.26)	-0.13 (0.57)
i_abstract	-0.66 (0.60)	-2.15 (1.14)	0.20 (0.30)	-0.51 (0.71)	-3.08* (1.35)	0.30 (0.33)
i_social	0.14 (0.54)	1.56* (0.72)	-0.16 (0.28)	0.42 (0.68)	2.04* (0.86)	-0.25 (0.27)
n_occupations	42	10	59	42	10	59
N	100	25	170	100	25	170
r2	0.13	0.40	0.01	0.21	0.55	0.02