

César Mata Rodríguez- Data Analisys - TP3

Part 1

- 1. Display and explore all columns from the products table**

```
SELECT *  
FROM products
```

- 2. Display and explore all columns from the orders table**

```
SELECT *  
FROM orders
```

- 3. Display all the products' names**

```
SELECT product_name  
FROM products
```

- 4. List all the different categories**

```
SELECT DISTINCT category  
FROM products
```

- 5. How many orders have been placed?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*)  
FROM orders
```

- 6. What are the lowest, highest, and average product prices?**

```
SELECT MIN(price), MAX(price), AVG(price)  
FROM products
```

Part 2

- 1. Display product name with their corresponding price**

```
SELECT product_name, price  
FROM products
```

- 2. Which products cost more than 1000€?**

```
SELECT *  
FROM products  
WHERE price > 1000
```

- 3. How many products cost less than 100€?**

```
SELECT COUNT(*)  
FROM products  
WHERE price < 100
```

- 4. What is the average price per product category?**

```
SELECT category, AVG(price) AS avg_price  
FROM products  
GROUP BY category
```

5. What is the total ordered quantity per product?

```
SELECT product_id, SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity  
FROM orders  
GROUP BY product_id
```

6. Find the customer who made the most orders

```
SELECT customer_id, COUNT(id) AS order_count  
FROM orders  
GROUP BY customer_id  
ORDER BY order_count DESC  
LIMIT 1
```

Part 3

1. Display for each customer id the corresponding total turnover

```
SELECT orders.customer_id, SUM(products.price * orders.quantity) AS total_turnover  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON orders.product_id = products.id  
GROUP BY orders.customer_id
```

2. Which day generated the highest turnover?

```
SELECT orders.order_date, SUM(products.price * orders.quantity) AS total_turnover  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON orders.product_id = products.id  
GROUP BY orders.order_date  
ORDER BY total_turnover DESC  
LIMIT 1
```

3. Give the number of orders per customer name

```
SELECT customers.name, COUNT(orders.id)  
FROM customers  
LEFT JOIN orders  
ON customers.id = orders.customer_id  
GROUP BY customers.name
```

4. Who are the top 3 customers who made the most orders?

```
SELECT customers.name, COUNT(orders.id) AS total_orders  
FROM customers  
JOIN orders  
ON customers.id = orders.customer_id  
GROUP BY customers.name  
ORDER BY total_orders DESC  
LIMIT 3
```

5. Which customers have not yet done any order?

```
SELECT customers.name  
FROM customers  
LEFT JOIN orders  
ON customers.id = orders.customer_id  
WHERE orders.id IS NULL
```

Part 4

1. The product margin is 10%. Display the margin of each product.

```
SELECT id, price * 0.1 AS margin  
FROM products
```

2. What is the total margin?

```
SELECT SUM(price * 0.1) AS total_margin  
FROM products
```

3. What is the total margin generated per product category?

```
SELECT category, SUM(price * 0.1) AS total_margin  
FROM products  
GROUP BY 1
```

4. Count the total quantity ordered per product per day.

```
SELECT products.product_name, orders.order_date, SUM(orders.quantity) AS total_quantity  
FROM orders  
JOIN products  
ON orders.product_id = products.id  
GROUP BY products.product_name, orders.order_date
```