

WOOL SUBMISSION MANUAL

http://mcc.lip6.fr

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1 Introduction

This document presents the tool submission procedure of the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets 2014. Prior to any submission, please check that you meet the conditions of the Model Checking Contest @ Petri Nets 2014. These rules are available at http://mcc.lip6.fr/rules.php.

Please contact Fabrice.Kordon@lip6.fr if you have any question of if you find any inconsistency or problem in this document or in the procedure.

About the Execution Environment.

To improve the tool integration procedure, we developed a simple and separate benchmark environment to:

- enable the reproduction of the experience by anybody since, if you agree, submitted VM will be made publicly available,
- ease the work of tool developers when building their tool submission.

 $BenchKit^1$, this benchmark environment, will be used for tool evaluation during the Model Checking Contest. Introduced for 2013 edition, it is being enhanced for the MCC'2014. The tool submission kit embed simplified scripts from BenchKit. If $KVM/Qemu^2$ or $VirtualBox^3$ is installed, then, you may operate and thus test the VM of your tool(s) in similar conditions that the ones of the MCC.

So, your tool submission is a disk image to be executed in a virtual machine. The disk image preferred format is .vmdk that is compatible at least with KVM/Qemu and VirtualBox.

2 Description of the 2014 Tool Submission Kit

This section presents the structure of the Tool Submission Kit and ends with a procedure to let you tool integrate your tool for a proper invocation during the evaluation phase of the MCC'2014.

2.1 Overview

Tools are operated in Virtual Machines (VM). Thus, the tool submission must be a disk-image containing your tool. By default, Linux is planned, and thus, the disk image we provide operates a Linux machine, if you need another distribution or another operating system, please have a look on section 4, page 7.

The tool submission kit is composed of the following elements:

- A disk image preinstalled with models, formulas, and a dummy tool allowing tool developers to see how the system works. This dummy tool only supports the State Space examination for the first instance of each model and returns a result validated by tools in the previous years.
- a few scripts extracted from **BenchKit** to be operated with **KVM/Qemu** on a Linux machine or **VirtualBox** on a linux machine or a MacOS machine. Section 3, page 6, shows how to use this environment to test the behavior of the VM automatically in the conditions of the MCC'2014.
- the private ssh key (file bk-private_key) associated with the two accounts installed in the virtual machine (mcc and root are configured to log in with this key⁴ an empty passphrase is associated to this key). To connect with a password only, the password is: mcc,2014. Never remove this key it will be used to operate your tool during the evaluation phase.

BenchKit and the provided disk image are ready to be used together, provided that you adapt the description of the machines to be used.

¹BenchKit (http://BenchKit.CosyVerif.org) is developed within the context of the CosyVerif project (http://CosyVerif.org), supported by the MeFoSyLoMa group (http://www.mefosyloma.fr).

²http://wiki.qemu.org.

³https://www.virtualbox.org.

 $^{^4}$ To do so, start your connection as follows: ssh --i -private_key ...

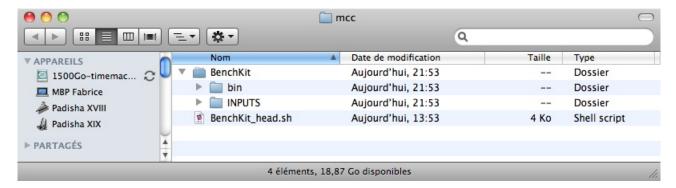


Figure 1: Structure of mcc user home directory in the disk image.

2.2 Content of the Disk Image

The disk image is a Linux system (Debian 7 – Wheezy stable – in 64 bit mode) including two accounts: root and mcc. The mcc home directory is structured as presented in figure 1. You find a unique directory, BenchKit, containing:

- bin, a directory where you should put all the executable and libraries of your tool, You are free to install whatever you want in this directory that must contain all the libraries, executable files and data required to operate your tool.
- INPUTS, a directory that contains all the instances of models (there is one instance of model per value of the scaling parameters, only one when the model has no scaling parameter) provided to you. This directory contains one directory per input to be evaluated. Each directory contains a fixed number of files (PNML, properties, etc) that are detailed in section 2.5.
 - Benchmark models are provided in a compressed archive to reduce the size of the disk image (one per model and per instance). Each archive contains all the required data for a given test (PNML files, formulas, etc.) When evaluating your tool for a given model instance and a given examination, **BenchKit** will uncompress the corresponding archive and execute your tool in that directory. See section 2.5, page 3 for more details on the content of each compressed directory.
- BenchKit_head.sh, a script executed remotely in the virtual machine; it is dedicated to the invocation of your tool.

You must adapt this script that will be used by **BenchKit** to invoke appropriately your tool since the evaluation environment will only know it (and not command-line needed to run your tool). Two environment variables (see section 2.5) help you to determine which examination is being processed and, if several tools are hosted in the same VM, the tool to be invoked.

2.3 Overview of the Execution Procedure

The MCC'2014 execution procedure relies on **BenchKit**. Execution of your tool is driven by the script BenchKit_head.sh that is executed remotely on the virtual machine.

So, for each examination (state space generation, evaluation of properties, etc.), and each model instance, BenchKit:

- starts the virtual machine and uncompress the data required to operate the current examination.
- operates CPU and memory monitoring in the virtual machine,

- operates your tool for the examination on the model instance,
- stops the virtual machine⁵ after retrieving the observed data and record them into a CSV file.

Please note that all tools are operated in the same conditions to avoid any deviation in the measurement of CPU and memory.

2.4 Connecting and Upgrading the Virtual Machine From the Disk Image

This section explains how you may operate the virtual machine from the disk image we provide. This is important to follows the integration directives provided in section 2.5.

To install extra software, you have access to the root account in this VM (see documentation). You must also install your stuff (binaries, extra model descriptions, etc.) in the mcc home directory (see section 2.5).

Starting the Virtual Machine. The following command starts manually a VM with your copy of the disk-image (let's call it my-disk-image.vmdk), please type:

\$ qemu-kvm -vnc :42 -enable-kvm -smp 1 -cpu host -daemonize -k fr -m 2048 -drive file=my-disk-image.vmdk \
 -redir tcp:2222::22

You may want to omit the -demonize option to get the default screen where outputs of your VM are propagated. You may also connect using a VNC server (port 42).

This command supposes that you have **KVM/Qemu** but a similar operation can be done with **VirtualBox** (you must however set-up port redirection by means of the user interface before starting the VM).

If you want to connect without using ssh keys, please note that the mcc password is : mcc,2014.

Connecting to the Virtual Machine. Once the VM is running, you must type to log in:

\$ ssh -p 2222 -i bk-private_key mcc@localhost

where bk-private_key contains the private key associated to the public key installed for mcc (it is provided in the tool submission kit). The same couple of keys stand for root, thus allowing to install software if needed.

Copying files to/from the Virtual Machine. Once the VM is running, you must type to copy files:

\$ scp -P 2222 <your-files> mcc@localhost:<your-location>

where <pour-files> represent your files and <pour-location> the target destination of these files in the Virtual machine.

If you want to copy files without using ssh keys, please note that the mcc password is: mcc, 2014.

2.5 Connecting Your Tool to the Execution Script

Since the connection of your tool to the execution system is based on the same principle as for the past editions, its adaptation for people who already participated in previous MCC should not be a problem. BenchKit, the execution environment sets-up environment variables to let you know what to do and launches your tool in a directory with all the appropriate data in.

Environment variables. There are two environment variables set-up for you by **BenchKit**:

• BK_EXAMINATION, that specifies the examination we expect your tool to perform. Possible values for this variable are presented in table 1, page 4.

⁵the halt command will be invoked from the root account, either if your tool terminates or if it timeouts

Value	Signification
StateSpace	we ask for state space generation only
ReachabilityComputeBounds	we evaluate the bound of one place
ReachabilityBounds	we evaluate reachability properties dealing with place bounds only
ReachabilityDeadlock	we evaluate reachability properties dealing with transition deadlocks only
ReachabilityCardinality	we evaluate reachability properties dealing with cardinality of markings only
ReachabilityFireabilitySimple	we evaluate reachability properties dealing with one transition fireability only
ReachabilityFireability	we evaluate reachability properties dealing with transitions fireability only
CTLCardinality	we evaluate CTL properties dealing with checking cardinality of markings only
CTLFireabilitySimple	we evaluate CTL properties dealing with one transition fireability only
CTLFireability	we evaluate CTL properties dealing with transitions fireability only
LTLCardinality	we evaluate LTL properties dealing with checking cardinality of marking only
LTLFireabilitySimple	we evaluate LTL properties dealing with one transition fireability only
LTLFireability	we evaluate LTL properties dealing with transitions fireability only

Table 1: Possible values to refer examinations in the environment variable BK_EXAMINATION

• BK_TOOL, that tells what tool is being processed by the system. This allows you to submit several tools (or variants of the same tool) hosted in the same image disk (then you have to clearly specify this when submitting your tools).

Content of the directory where your tool is being executed. As mentioned before BenchKit_head.sh is operated by **BenchKit** to run your tool in a directory that contains all you need to compute the current examination for one instance of a model:

- model.pnml, that is the initial PNML file that you may use for the model checking contest,
- iscolored, that contains either TRUE (if this is a colored model) or FALSE (if it is a P/T one),
- (category).prop and (category).xml where (category) is the value of the BK_EXAMINATION environment variable when it designates an examination where properties are required; .prop files contain a list of properties in textual format while .xml files are the corresponding properties stored as an XML tree (see documentation about properties).
 - Since some properties may not be computed (see the note below the table of examinations), some of these files may be missing, then meaning that the examination does not exist for the corresponding model.
- equiv_col (for P/T nets) or equiv_pt (for Colored nets), a file containing FALSE (there is no equivalent colored or P/T net) or TRUE (there is an equivalent colored or P/T net),
- instance, a file containing the value of the current instance for the model.
- <formula>.xml and <formula>.txt, for each class for formula-based examination (<formula> then has the same value as the one of the BK_EXAMINATION environment variable).
 - Please note that the textual version of the formula is mainly to ease reading. As explained in the formula manual, the XML grammar of formula files only is provided (it is simpler to maintain and to use).

When preparing your virtual machine, you may add dedicated files (e.g. adapted description of the model for your tool). You are not allowed to cache pre-computed results.

if you enrich the archive with your own description files, you must compress the directory and respect the naming convention and zip parameters (we use the tar command with czf arguments to compress, and xzf arguments to uncompress).

For "known" Models. you are allowed to enrich the content of this directory as long as you keep the conventions in the compressed archive replacing the original one. If PNML files are useless (they may be large), you are allowed to remove them as long as it does not hinder the correct execution of your tool. Remind that precomputation of results is not allowed, only the information store in model forms can be exploited.

For "surprise" Models. "surprise" models are meant to evaluate tools in a default mode (*i.e.* no dedicated optimization. Thus, they are not present in the initial archive provided to you but they have the exact same structure and an empty file named NewModel will be located in the directory in that case to let your tool detect such situations.

For these models, only a PNML description will be provided and thus, to participate in this category, your tool will be required to import the PNML format.

2.6 Answering to BenchKit and the Dedicated MCC'2014 Post-Analysis Scripts

Your tool must answer in stdout and may provide alternative messages on stderr too. Both will be reported separately (this is useful for the debug phase).

However, there should be a dedicated line strictly respecting the format dedicated to a given examination. This line must start with dedicated keywords (see below). These keyword must not appear on the head of a line neither in stdout nor stderr.

The format your tool must respect when answering the examinations is presented below.

When an examination is not supported. The output on stdout must contain the following line: DO_NOT_COMPETE

When the tool crashes (and you detect it). the output on stdout when you detect that your tool crashes must contain the following line:

CANNOT_COMPUTE

State Space generation. The output on stdout for this examination (in benchKit_head.sh, BK_EXA-MINATION="StateSpace") must contain the following line:

```
STATE_SPACE \langle num_S \rangle \langle num_T \rangle \langle num_M \rangle \langle num_B \rangle TECHNIQUES \langle technique_1 \rangle ... \langle technique_n \rangle
```

where $\langle num_S \rangle$ is the number of states found in the marking graph, $\langle num_T \rangle$ is the number of transitions firing in the marking graph, $\langle num_M \rangle$ is the maximum number of tokens per marking in the net, $\langle num_B \rangle$ is the maximum number of token that can be found in a place and where $\langle technique_i \rangle$ describes the verification technique(s) that has(ve) been used by your tool. Please pick one value in the set presented in table 2, page 6. Each technique must be separated by a space. You must specify several techniques if needed (up to 4 please).

Only the computation of $\langle number_S \rangle$ is mandatory, tools may answer -1 for $\langle num_T \rangle$, $\langle num_M \rangle$, and $\langle num_B \rangle$ if they cannot compute the information (providing these values will bring a bonus).

Any Examination Involving Properties. The output on stdout for this examination (in bench-Kit_head.sh, BK_EXAMINATION="StateSpace") must contain the following line:

```
FORMULA \langle name \rangle \langle res \rangle TECHNIQUES \langle technique_1 \rangle \dots \langle technique_n \rangle
```

where $\langle name \rangle$ is the formula identifier (provided in both the XML and textual format, see the formula manual for more details) and $\langle res \rangle$ the result of the formula:

- for the ReachabilityComputeBounds examination(see table 1), the result is an integer value,
- for other formulas, the result is a boolean and we expect TRUE or FALSE.

Value	Signification	
ABSTRACTIONS	your tool exploits the use of abstractions (on the fly state	
	elimination)	
DECISION_DIAGRAMS	your tool uses any kind of decision diagrams	
EXPLICIT	your tool does explicit model checking	
$\operatorname{NET}_{-}\operatorname{UNFOLDING}$	your tool uses MacMillan unfolding	
${ m UNFOLDING_TO_PT}$	your tool transforms colored nets into their equivalent P/T	
PARALLEL_PROCESSING	your tool uses multithreading (please note that only one core	
	is offered in the VM)	
STRUCTURAL_REDUCTION	your tool uses structural reductions (Berthelot, Haddad,	
	etc.)	
SAT_SMT	your tool uses a constraint solver	
${f STATE_COMPRESSION}$	your tool uses some compression technique (other than de-	
	cision diagrams)	
${f STUBBORN_SETS}$	your tool uses partial order technique	
SYMMETRIES	your tool exploits symmetries of the system	
TOPOLOGICAL	your tool uses structural informations on the Petri net itself	
	(e.g. siphons, traps, S-invariants or T-invariants, etc.) to	
	optimize model checking	

Table 2: List of possible techniques identified to characterize your tool. If some technique you use is not referenced, please contact us.

There must be one such line per formula in the file. A fine classification of formulas is proposed so that tools can only participate when they are able to handle the corresponding atomic propositions. For each formula your tool detects a problem, please return:

FORMULA $\langle name \rangle$ CANNOT_COMPUTE

Identifiers for Involved Techniques. Table 2 presents the list of identified techniques that could characterize your tool. If your tool uses a technique that is clearly not presented here, please add an appropriate keyword (one identifier, possibly containing the _ character) and provide us with a short explanation of this technique to update the table.

if your tool relies on another formalism than Petri net, you may provide the name of the formalism as a technique. Then, please put it in the first position.

3 Testing the Virtual Machine in the MCC'2014 Conditions

To launch an execution of your tool in the conditions of the MCC'2014, your must let the structure of the tool submission kit unchanged and be in the root of the uncompressed archive.

The main script to be used is BenchKitStart.sh. This script boots a VM with your disk image, then operate your tool for a given examination on a given model and then stops the VM and display the outputs of your tool.

To be operated, it requires either **KVM/Qemu** or **VirtualBox** to be installed on your machine. Then, you can check the behavior of your tool in the conditions of the MCC'2014. You can also check that outputs conform to the expectations of section 2.6.

It requires four mandatory parameters:

- the path of the disk image to be booted and executed by the VM containing your tool,
- the value to be affected to the BK_EXAMINATION environment variable defining what operation is to be executed on the VM (see table 1, page 4),

- the name of the tool to be invoked,
- the name of model to be processed with the examination (possible values are provided in table 3, Appendix A, page 8).

Thus, a typical invocation is:

 $./ {\tt BenchKitStart.sh} \ \langle vmname \rangle . {\tt vmdk} \ \langle examination \rangle \ \langle toolName \rangle \ \langle modelName \rangle \\$

A full execution example is provided in Appendix B, page 8.

4 Creating your Own Disk Image

When creating your disk image, please be sure it emulates a 64bits machine and has 5 GBytes free in the filesystem. It is also advised that you avoid this image to be more than 2 GBytes.

If you provide your own customized disk image, it must respect the following requirements:

• The logins mcc and root must be installed in the exact way they are in the disk image we distribute. In particular, the public ssh-key must be appropriately installed for the two logins and the machine must be reachable using ssh.

If your disk image runs under Windows, please contact us (Fabrice.Kordon@lip6.fr and Francis.Hulin-Hubard@lsv.ens-cachan.fr)

- You must untar, in the home directory, the content of the archive provided here: http://mcc.lip6.fr/archives/MCC-INPUTS.tgz. It contains the structure of the input models to be installed in the mcc account. You must add the bin directory as well as your copy of the BenchKit_head.sh file.
- Install all packages required for your tool to run.

A Appendix – the names of "known" models

This appendix displays all the model/instances that are provided this year in the "known" model category. It allows you to check automatically the behavior of your tool submission in the conditions of the Model Checking Contest.

Name of the model/instances (known models)					
CSRepetitions-COL-02	CSRepetitions-COL-03	CSRepetitions-COL-04			
CSRepetitions-COL-05	CSRepetitions-COL-07	CSRepetitions-COL-10			
CSRepetitions-PT-02	CSRepetitions-PT-03	CSRepetitions-PT-04			
CSRepetitions-PT-05	CSRepetitions-PT-07	CSRepetitions-PT-10			
Dekker-PT-010	Dekker-PT-015	Dekker-PT-020			
Dekker-PT-050	Dekker-PT-100	Dekker-PT-200			
DotAndBoxes-COL-2	DotAndBoxes-COL-3	DotAndBoxes-COL-4			
DotAndBoxes-COL-5	DrinkVendingMachine-COL-02	DrinkVendingMachine-COL-10			
DrinkVendingMachine-COL-16	DrinkVendingMachine-COL-24	DrinkVendingMachine-COL-48			
DrinkVendingMachine-COL-76	DrinkVendingMachine-COL-98	DrinkVendingMachine-PT-02			
DrinkVendingMachine-PT-10	Echo-PT-d02r09	Echo-PT-d02r11			
Echo-PT-d02r15	Echo-PT-d02r19	Echo-PT-d03r03			
Echo-PT-d03r05	Echo-PT-d03r07	Echo-PT-d04r03			
Echo-PT-d05r03	Eratosthenes-PT-010	Eratosthenes-PT-020			
Eratosthenes-PT-050	Eratosthenes-PT-100	Eratosthenes-PT-200			
Eratosthenes-PT-500	FMS-PT-002	FMS-PT-005			
FMS-PT-010	FMS-PT-020	FMS-PT-050			
FMS-PT-100	FMS-PT-200	FMS-PT-500			
GlobalResAllocation-COL-03	GlobalResAllocation-COL-05	GlobalResAllocation-COL-06			
GlobalResAllocation-COL-07	GlobalResAllocation-COL-09	GlobalResAllocation-COL-10			
GlobalResAllocation-COL-11	GlobalResAllocation-PT-03	GlobalResAllocation-PT-05			
HouseConstruction-PT-002	HouseConstruction-PT-005	HouseConstruction-PT-010			
HouseConstruction-PT-020	HouseConstruction-PT-050	HouseConstruction-PT-100			
HouseConstruction-PT-200	HouseConstruction-PT-500	IBMB2S565S3960-PT-none			
Kanban-PT-0005	Kanban-PT-0010	Kanban-PT-0020			
Kanban-PT-0050	Kanban-PT-0100	Kanban-PT-0200			
Kanban-PT-0500	Kanban-PT-1000	LamportFastMutEx-COL-2			
LamportFastMutEx-COL-3	LamportFastMutEx-COL-4	LamportFastMutEx-COL-5			
LamportFastMutEx-COL-6	LamportFastMutEx-COL-7	LamportFastMutEx-COL-8			
LamportFastMutEx-PT-2	LamportFastMutEx-PT-3	LamportFastMutEx-PT-4			
LamportFastMutEx-PT-5	LamportFastMutEx-PT-6	LamportFastMutEx-PT-7			
LamportFastMutEx-PT-8	MAPK-PT-008	MAPK-PT-020			
MAPK-PT-040	MAPK-PT-080	MAPK-PT-160			
MAPK-PT-320	NeoElection-COL-2	NeoElection-COL-3			
NeoElection-COL-4	NeoElection-COL-5	NeoElection-COL-6			
NeoElection-COL-7	NeoElection-COL-8	NeoElection-PT-2			
NeoElection-PT-3	NeoElection-PT-4	NeoElection-PT-5			
NeoElection-PT-6	NeoElection-PT-7	NeoElection-PT-8			
PermAdmissibility-COL-01	PermAdmissibility-COL-02	PermAdmissibility-COL-05			
PermAdmissibility-COL-10	PermAdmissibility-COL-20	PermAdmissibility-COL-50			
PermAdmissibility-PT-01	PermAdmissibility-PT-02	PermAdmissibility-PT-05			
PermAdmissibility-PT-10	PermAdmissibility-PT-20	PermAdmissibility-PT-50			
Peterson-COL-2	Peterson-COL-3	Peterson-COL-4			
Peterson-COL-5	Peterson-COL-6	Peterson-COL-7			
Table 3: names of all the model/instances of "known" models					

Table 3: names of all the model/instances of "known" models

NT (1 1 1 1 1)						
Name of the model/instances (known models)						
Peterson-PT-2	Peterson-PT-3	Peterson-PT-4				
Peterson-PT-5	Peterson-PT-6	Peterson-PT-7				
Philosophers-COL-000005	Philosophers-COL-000010	Philosophers-COL-000020				
Philosophers-COL-000050	Philosophers-COL-000100	Philosophers-COL-000200				
Philosophers-COL-000500	Philosophers-COL-001000	Philosophers-COL-002000				
Philosophers-COL-005000	Philosophers-COL-010000	Philosophers-COL-050000				
Philosophers-COL-100000	Philosophers-PT-000005	Philosophers-PT-000010				
Philosophers-PT-000020	Philosophers-PT-000050	Philosophers-PT-000100				
Philosophers-PT-000200	Philosophers-PT-000500	Philosophers-PT-001000				
Philosophers-PT-002000	Philosophers-PT-005000	Philosophers-PT-010000				
PhilosophersDyn-COL-03	PhilosophersDyn-COL-10	PhilosophersDyn-COL-20				
PhilosophersDyn-COL-50	PhilosophersDyn-COL-80	PhilosophersDyn-PT-03				
PhilosophersDyn-PT-10	PhilosophersDyn-PT-20	Planning-PT-none				
QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-02	QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-06	QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-10				
QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-18	QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-22	QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-28				
QuasiCertifProtocol-COL-32	QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-02	QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-06				
QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-10	QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-18	QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-22				
QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-28	QuasiCertifProtocol-PT-32	Railroad-PT-005				
Railroad-PT-010	Railroad-PT-020	Railroad-PT-050				
Railroad-PT-100	ResAllocation-PT-R002C002	ResAllocation-PT-R003C002				
ResAllocation-PT-R003C003	ResAllocation-PT-R003C005	ResAllocation-PT-R003C010				
ResAllocation-PT-R003C015	ResAllocation-PT-R003C020	ResAllocation-PT-R003C050				
ResAllocation-PT-R003C100	ResAllocation-PT-R005C002	ResAllocation-PT-R010C002				
ResAllocation-PT-R015C002	ResAllocation-PT-R020C002	ResAllocation-PT-R050C002				
ResAllocation-PT-R100C002	Ring-PT-none	RwMutex-PT-r0010w0010				
RwMutex-PT-r0010w0020	RwMutex-PT-r0010w0050	RwMutex-PT-r0010w0100				
RwMutex-PT-r0010w0500	RwMutex-PT-r0010w1000	RwMutex-PT-r0010w2000				
RwMutex-PT-r0020w0010	RwMutex-PT-r0100w0010	RwMutex-PT-r0500w0010				
RwMutex-PT-r1000w0010	RwMutex-PT-r2000w0010	SharedMemory-COL-000005				
SharedMemory-COL-000010	SharedMemory-COL-000020	SharedMemory-COL-000050				
SharedMemory-COL-000100	SharedMemory-COL-000200	SharedMemory-COL-000500				
SharedMemory-COL-001000	SharedMemory-COL-002000	SharedMemory-COL-005000				
SharedMemory-COL-010000	SharedMemory-COL-020000	SharedMemory-COL-050000				
SharedMemory-COL-100000	SharedMemory-PT-000005	SharedMemory-PT-000010				
SharedMemory-PT-000020	SharedMemory-PT-000050	SharedMemory-PT-000100				
SharedMemory-PT-000200	SimpleLoadBal-COL-02	SimpleLoadBal-COL-05				
SimpleLoadBal-COL-10	SimpleLoadBal-COL-15	SimpleLoadBal-COL-20				
SimpleLoadBal-PT-02	SimpleLoadBal-PT-05	SimpleLoadBal-PT-10				
SimpleLoadBal-PT-15	SimpleLoadBal-PT-20	TokenRing-COL-005				
TokenRing-COL-010	TokenRing-COL-015	TokenRing-COL-020				
TokenRing-COL-030	TokenRing-COL-040	TokenRing-COL-050				
TokenRing-COL-100	TokenRing-COL-200	TokenRing-COL-500				
TokenRing-PT-005	TokenRing-PT-010	TokenRing-PT-015				
TokenRing-PT-020	TokenRing-PT-030	TokenRing-PT-040				
TokenRing-PT-050	Vasy2003-PT-none					
T 11 9	C 11 41 1 1 1/: 4 C (1)					

Table 3: names of all the model/instances of "known" models

B Appendix – An invocation example

```
We provide below an example of execution with our dummy tool.
[fko ToolSubmissionKit] $ pwd
/home/fko/ToolSubmissionKit
[fko ToolSubmissionKit] $ 1s
BenchKitStart.sh* bk-private_key
                                    invocation_template.txt
launch_a_command.sh launch_a_run.sh
                                    mcc2014.vmdk
vm.sh
[fko ToolSubmissionKit] time ./BenchKitStart.sh mcc2014.vmdk StateSpace dummyTool CSRepetitions-COL-02
  no memory confinment provided, assuming 1024 MBytes
  no VNC port specified, assuming 42
  no ssh redirection port specified, assuming 2222
execution on quadhexa-2.u-paris10.fr (runId=testing-run)
_____
runnning dummyTool on CSRepetitions-COL-02 (StateSpace)
We got on stdout:
Probing ssh
Waiting ssh to respond
Ssh up and responding
Generated by BenchKit version MCC2014 (monitoring deactivated, Feb 23, 2014)
   Executing tool dummyTool:
   Test is CSRepetitions-COL-02, examination is StateSpace
______
content from stdout:
START 1393194276
== this is MyTool, a dummy example for the MCC'2014 ==
Runing CSRepetitions (COL), instance 02
STATE_SPACE 7424 TECHNIQUES DUMMY_TECHNIQUE_1 DUMMY_TECHNIQUE_2
STOP 1393194276
content from stderr:
content from /tmp/BenchKit_head_log_file.1612:
real 0m22.959s
user 0m0.150s
sys 0m0.040s
The --help argument produces a small help as shown below
[fko@ ToolSubmissionKit]$ ./BenchKitStart.sh --help
usage: ./BenchKitStart.sh [-m <val>] [-vnc <val>] [-ssh <val>] <disk-image> <bk-examination> <tool-name> <input>
      -m: <val> Mbyte of memory confinment are assumed (default is 1024)
    -vnc: <val> is the VNC port for the launched VM (default is 42)
    -ssh: \langle val \rangle is the SSH port for the launched VM (default is 2222)
    <disk-image>
                   : the path of the disk image to be booted and executed by the VM
    : see BenchKit documentation, the name of the tool
                    : see BenchKit documentation, the name of the directory where the tool is executed
    <input>
```

IMPORTANT: you must run ./BenchKitStart.sh in the directory you unpack the distribution.

Please remind that the monitoring functions of BenchKit have been disabled to remove delicate dependencies and ease the installation on your target machine.