agriwater

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Introduction

The Simple Algorithm for Evapotranspiration Retrieving (SAFER), which presents itself as a tool for the management of water resources, is based on the modeling of the $\frac{ET_a}{ET_0}$ ratio.

The surface albedo (α_0) was obtained from the reflectivity for each band (α_{pb}) . For Landsat images was necessary to obtain the planetary albedo (α_{pb}) applying this equation for each band:

$$\alpha_{pb} = \frac{L_b \pi d^2}{R cos \phi}$$

Where L_b (W m^{-2} sr^{-1} μm^{-1}) is the spectral radiance for the wavelenghts of the band (b from 1 to 7), d (m) is the relative earth-sun distance, R (W m^{-2} μm^{-1}) is the mean solar irradiance at the top of the atmosphere for each band and ϕ the solar zenith angle.

The broadband α_p was calculated as the total sum of the difference reflectivities α_{pb} values according to the weights for each band (w_p) :

$$\alpha_p = \sum w_p \alpha_{pb}$$

The data of α_p was atmospherically corrected to obtain the value of surface albedo (α_0):

$$\alpha_0 = 0.61 \times \alpha_p + 0.08$$

The normalized difference vegetation index (NDVI) was calculated through the ratio of the difference between the planetary reflectivities of the near infrared (ρ_{nir}) and red (ρ_{red}) and their sum.

Net radiation $(R_N, W m^{-2} sr^{-1} \mu m^{-1})$ was obtained by the Slob's equation:

$$R_N = (1 - \alpha_0)R_G - \alpha_L \tau_{sw}$$

The ratio between actual evapotranspiration and reference evapotranspiration $(ET_a\ ET_0^{-1})$ was calculated according to:

$$\frac{ET_a}{ET_0} = exp\left[a + b\left(\frac{T_0}{\alpha_0 NDVI}\right)\right]$$

Actual evapotranspiration $(ET_a, mm \ day^{-1})$ was obtained according to:

$$ET_a = ET_0 \left(\frac{ET_a}{ET_0} \right)$$

Latent heat flux $(LE, MJ \ day^{-1})$ was obtained by:

$$LE = ET_a \times 2.45$$

Heat flow in the soil $(G, MJ \, day^{-1})$ was estimated through its realtionship with the net radiation:

$$\frac{G}{R_N} = 3.98 \ exp(-31.89\alpha_0)$$

Sensible heat flux $(H, MJ \ day^{-1})$ was obtained as a residue of the energy balance:

$$H = R_N - LE - G$$

Loading package "agriwater" and dependencies

```
library(agriwater)
library(raster)
library(sp)
library(rgdal)
```

Sentinel-2

Data base preparation using a single agrometeorological station

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.439 0.535 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B3.tif" Green with wavelength between 0.537 0.582 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B4.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.646 0.685 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B8.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.767 0.908 micrometers 10 m of resolution

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Data base preparation using a grid of agrometeorological data

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.439 0.535 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B3.tif" Green with wavelength between 0.537 0.582 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B4.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.646 0.685 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "B8.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.767 0.908 micrometers 10 m of resolution
- "ET0.tif" Reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "RG.tif" Solar radiation incident $(MJ \, day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "Ta.tif" Average air temperature (Celsius degrees) spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Modeling with a single agrometeorological station

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

albedo_s2()

A raster file named "Alb 24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

kc_s2(doy, RG, Ta, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

evapo_s2(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

radiation_s2(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

• b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif", "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H MJ.tif" and "G MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Modeling with a grid of agrometeorological data

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

albedo_s2()

A raster file named "Alb_24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

kc_s2_grid(doy, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

```
evapo_s2_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 10 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

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Where:

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- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif", "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H MJ.tif" and "G MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Landsat-8 with thermal bands

Data base preparation using a single agrometeorological station

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B1.tif" Ultra Blue (coastal/aerosol) with wavelength between 0.435 0.451 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.452 0.512 micrometers micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B3.tif" Green with wavelength between 0.533 0.590 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B4.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.636 0.673 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B5.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.851 0.879 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- \bullet "B6.tif" Shortwave Infrared (SWIR) 1 with wavelength between 1.566 1.651 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B7.tif" Shortwave Infrared (SWIR) 2 with wavelength between 2.107 2.294 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- \bullet "B10.tif" Thermal Infrared (TIRS) 1 with wavelength between 10.60 11.19 micrometers 100 m of resolution
- \bullet "B11.tif" Thermal Infrared (TIRS) 2 with wavelength between 11.50 12.51 micrometers 100 m of resolution
- ".txt" a text file of metadata provided with Landsat-8 images

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Data base preparation using a grid of agrometeorological data

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B1.tif" Ultra Blue (coastal/aerosol) with wavelength between 0.435 0.451 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.452 0.512 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B3.tif" Green with wavelength between 0.533 0.590 micrometers 30 m of resolution
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- "B11.tif" Thermal Infrared (TIRS) 2 with wavelength between 11.50 12.51 micrometers 100 m of resolution
- ".txt" a text file of metadata provided with Landsat-8 images
- "ET0.tif" Reference evapotranspiration $(mm\ day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.

- "RG.tif" Solar radiation incident $(MJ \ day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "Ta.tif" Average air temperature (Celsius degrees) spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Modeling with a single agrometeorological station

Reflectance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
reflectance_18()
```

Raster files named from "B1_reflectance_landsat8" to "B7_reflectance_landsat8" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

albedo 18()

A raster file named "Alb_24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

Where:

- dov is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
evapo_18t(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
radiation_18t(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ \ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif", "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H_MJ.tif" and "G_MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Modeling with a grid of agrometeorological data

Reflectance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
reflectance_18()
```

Raster files named from "B1_reflectance_landsat8" to "B7_reflectance_landsat8" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
albedo_18()
```

A raster file named "Alb 24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace and agrometeorological data, run:

```
kc_18t_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace and agrometeorological data, run:

```
evapo_18t_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

```
radiation_18t_grid(doy, a, b)
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Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

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Landsat-8 without thermal bands

Data base preparation using a single agrometeorological station

In the workspace must be the following files:

- \bullet "B1.tif" Ultra Blue (coastal/aerosol) with wavelength between 0.435 0.451 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- \bullet "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.452 0.512 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- \bullet "B3.tif" Green with wavelength between 0.533 0.590 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B4.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.636 0.673 micrometers 30 m of resolution
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- ".txt" a text file of metadata provided with Landsat-8 images

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Data base preparation using a grid of agrometeorological data

In the workspace must be the following files:

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- "B2.tif" Blue with wavelength between 0.452 0.512 micrometers 30 m of resolution
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- "B4.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.636 0.673 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- $\bullet\,$ "B5.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.851 0.879 micrometers 30 m of resolution
- "B6.tif" Shortwave Infrared (SWIR) 1 with wavelength between 1.566 1.651 micrometers 30 m of resolution
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- ".txt" a text file of metadata provided with Landsat-8 images
- "ET0.tif" Reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "RG.tif" Solar radiation incident $(MJ \, day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
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All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Modeling with a single agrometeorological station

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

albedo_18()

A raster file named "Alb_24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

kc_18(doy, RG, Ta, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
evapo_18(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ \ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
radiation 18(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ \ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" , "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H_MJ.tif" and "G_MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Modeling with a grid of agrometeorological data

Reflectance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
reflectance_18()
```

Raster files named from "B1_reflectance_landsat8" to "B7_reflectance_landsat8" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace, run:

```
albedo 18()
```

A raster file named "Alb_24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Sentinel-2 bands in the workspace, run:

```
kc_18_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands in the workspace and agrometeorological data, run:

```
evapo_18_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 30 m resolution

With Landsat-8 bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

```
radiation_18_grid(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif", "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H_MJ.tif" and "G_MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

MODIS

Data base preparation using a single agrometeorological station

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B1.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.620 0.670 micrometers 250 m of resolution
- "B2.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.841 0.876 micrometers 250 m of resolution

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Data base preparation using a grid of agrometeorological data

In the workspace must be the following files:

- "B1.tif" Red with wavelength between 0.620 0.670 micrometers 250 m of resolution
- \bullet "B2.tif" Near Infrared (NIR) with wavelength between 0.841 0.876 micrometers 250 m of resolution
- "ET0.tif" Reference evapotranspiration $(mm\ day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "RG.tif" Solar radiation incident $(MJ \, day^{-1})$ spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.
- "Ta.tif" Average air temperature (Celsius degrees) spatially interpolated by the user's preferred method.

All must have the same projection in decimal degrees (geographical)

Modeling with a single agrometeorological station

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

albedo_modis()

A raster file named "Alb 24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

kc_modis(doy, RG, Ta, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

```
evapo_modis(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)
```

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

radiation_modis(doy, RG, Ta, ETO, a, b)

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- RG is the global solar radiation $(MJ \ day^{-1})$
- Ta is the average air temperature (Celsius degrees)
- ET0 is the reference evapotranspiration $(mm \ day^{-1})$
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif", "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H_MJ.tif" and "G_MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Modeling with a grid of agrometeorological data

Surface Albedo retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

albedo_modis()

A raster file named "Alb 24.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Crop coefficient retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

```
kc_modis_grid(doy, a, b)
```

Where:

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ" and "kc.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Atual evapotranspiration retrivieng at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands and agrometeorological data in the workspace, run:

```
evapo_modis_grid(doy, a, b)
```

- doy is the Day of Year (DOY)
- a is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm
- b is one of the regression coefficients of SAFER algorithm

Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" and "evapo.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.

Radiation and energy balance at 250 m resolution

With MODIS bands in the workspace, run:

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Where:

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Raster files named "Alb_24.tif", "NDVI.tif", "LST.tif", "Rn_MJ", "kc.tif" , "evapo.tif", "LE_MJ.tif", "H_MJ.tif" and "G_MJ.tif" will be generated with the same projection as the raster input.