

4.5

Algorithm join List No Dups (A, B)

S := new Sequence()

```
O1  if !A.isEmpty and !B.isEmpty then
O1      pf a.first().element() < b.first().element
O1          S.insertLast(a.first()) a.remove(a.first)
O1      else S.insertLast(b.first()) b.remove(b.first)
O1  else if !A.isEmpty then
O1      S.insertLast(a.first()) a.remove(a.first)
O1  else S.insertLast(B.first()) B.remove(b.first)
On  return merge(A, B, S)
```

O_n Algorithm merge(A, B, S)

```
On  if (A.isEmpty and !B.isEmpty) return S
On  if (!A.isEmpty and !B.isEmpty) then
On      if (A.first().element < B.first().element then
On          helperDelete(A, S)
On      else helperDelete(B, S)
On  else if !A.isEmpty then
On      helperDelete(A, S)
On  else helperDelete(B, S)
On  merge(A, B, S)
```

O₁ Algorithm helperDelete(S₁, S₂)

```
O1  if S1.first().element() != S2.last().element()
O1      S2.insertLast(S1.first())
O1  S1.remove(S1.first())
```


Algorithm getWinner (S, C)

sorted := mergeSort (S, C)

lastCandidate := null

lastCandidateVotes := 0

currentId := null

currentVotes := 0
iterator

While sorted.elements().hasNext()

candidateId := iterator.next()

If (currentId == null) then

currentId := candidateId

~~currentVotes := currentVotes + 1~~

If (currentId == candidateId) then

currentVotes := currentVotes + 1

else If lastCandidateVotes < currentVotes then

lastCandidateVotes := currentVotes

lastCandidateId := currentId

currentId = candidateId

currentVotes = 1

return lastCandidateId;

4.9 . In Quick Sort if we choose the pivot in the middle of the list

Take always $\rightarrow O(n \log n)$

Algorithm InPlace QuickSort (S, lower, highest)

if lower < highest then

(P₁, P₂) in PlacePartition (S, lower, highest)

InPlaceQuickSort (S, lower, P₁-1)

InPlaceQuickSort (S, P₂ + 1, highest)

Algorithm InPlace Partition (S, lower, max)

P := random Number between lower and Max

pivot := S.elementAtRank (P)

maxP := Max

minP := max

~~At~~ S.swap Elements (S.atRank (max), S.atRank (P))

init := lower and last := max - 1

while init ≤ last do

while last ≥ init ∧ S.elementAtRank (last) ≥ pivot do

~~if~~ S.elementAtRank (last) ≥ pivot then

last := last - 1

while init ≤ last ∧ S.elementAtRank (init) < pivot do

init := init + 1

while last ≥ 0 ∧ init < minP ∧ (S.elementAtRank (init) = pivot

or S.elementAtRank == pivot) do

if S.elementAtRank (init) == pivot then

minP := minP - 1 and maxP := maxP + 1

S.insertAfter (S.atRank (minP), S.atRank (init))

~~break~~ continue

if S.elementAtRank (last) == pivot then

minP := minP - 1 and maxP := maxP + 1

S.insertAfter (S.atRank (minP), S.atRank (last))

continue

if j < k then

S.swap Elements (S.atRank (init), S.atRank (last))

return (minP, maxP)

Algorithm sort RGB(L)

curP := L.first()

nextNotRed := L.first()

last := L.last()

while (curP \neq last) then

if curP.element() \neq redObject

curP := L.after(curP)

else

L.swapElement(curP, nextNotRed)

nextNotRed := L.after(nextNotRed)

if curP == redObject then

L.swap(curP, nextNotRed)

nextNotRed := L.after(nextNotRed)

curP := nextNotRed

nextGreen := curP

while curP \neq last then

if curP.element() \neq greenObject

curP := L.after(curP)

else L.swapElement(curP, nextGreen)

nextNotBlue := L.after(nextNotBlue)