

Task 1. Efficient Jumping window structure

a)

In the Jumping windows algorithm, if we maintain the running sum of most recent window, we will have the maximum absolute error = $w/2$ because now, we do not take into account all value of the last one sub-windows (partially expiring).

So, the error w now becomes $w/2$ implies that **$w = 2 * \text{epsilon} * W$**

b)

We need $1 / (2 * \text{epsilon}) + 1$ (extra sub-windows) sub-windows for this implementation. Each sub-windows we need a array of integer the length of 256 (int[256]). In total we need **$(1 / (2 * \text{epsilon}) + 1) * 256 * 4$** Bytes. Note that if the value epsilon is smaller, we need more memory for the precision.