

1. 3 days weather conditions needed to predict, $2^3 = 8$ states for markov chain.

• Rain all last 3 days, • Rain on previous 2 days but not on 3rd

• Rain only on 2nd day • Rain only on 1st day

• Rain only on 3rd day • Only 2nd day not rain

• Only 1st day not rain • No Rain all 3 days

2. $\Pr\{\text{Rain Today} \mid \text{Rained Last 3 days}\} = 0.8$

$$\Pr\{\text{Rain Today} \mid \text{No rain Last 3 days}\} = 0.2$$

$$\Pr\{\text{Rain Today} \mid \text{Rained only on 3rd day}\} = 0.6$$

Overall matrix.

0.8	0	0	0.2	0	0	0	0
0.6	0	0	0.4	0	0	0	0
0	0.6	0	0	0	0.4	0	0
0	0	0.4	0	0.6	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4	0.6
0	0	0.4	0	0.6	0	0	0
0	0.6	0	0	0	0.4	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0.2	0.8

3. A non-autonomous process is not Markov, as the distribution of X_{n+1} cannot be specified solely by specifying the distribution of X_n . On the other hand, Markov can be made by considering the process $Y_n = (n, X_n)$.

4. P_1 : It's a finite chain, simple to check all states 0,1,2. communicate, all states recurrent.

P_2 : All states 0,1,2,3 communicate, as well as it's a finite chain, all states recurrent.

P_3 : Contains $\{1\}$, $\{0,2\}$, $\{3,4\}$ 3 classes.

Last 2 are recurrent, $\{1\}$ is a transient one.

P_4 : Contains 4 classes: $\{0,1\}$, $\{2\}$, $\{3\}$, $\{4\}$. $\{0,1\}$ and $\{2\}$ recurrent, $\{3\}$, $\{4\}$ transient.

5. π_j is the unique solution to $\pi_j = \sum_{i=0}^M \pi_i P_{ij}$ and $\sum_{i=0}^M \pi_i = 1$

Take $\pi_i = 1$, based on double stochastic nature of the matrix,

$$\pi_j = \sum_{i=0}^M \pi_i P_{ij} = \sum_{i=0}^M P_{ij} = 1.$$

To make sure $\pi_i = 1$ is also a solution to the 2nd, normalize

it by dividing $M+1$.

$$\pi_j = 1 / (M+1)$$

7. Solving $\pi = \pi_p$

$$\pi_0 = 0.7\pi_0 + 0.2\pi_1 + 0.1\pi_2$$

$$\pi_1 = 0.2\pi_0 + 0.6\pi_1 + 0.2\pi_2$$

$$\pi_2 = 0.1\pi_0 + 0.4\pi_1 + 0.5\pi_2$$

$$\pi_1 + \pi_2 + \pi_3 = 1$$

$$\therefore \pi_1 = 0.35, \pi_2 = 0.41, \pi_3 = 0.24$$

$\pi = [0.35, 0.41, 0.24]$, Percentage of employees:

35%, 41%, 24%.