

FAQ - Enabling 8-Port Ethernet with Linux in J721E EVM

1 Overview

This document shows the steps required to enable all 8 Ethernet ports of CPSW_9G in J721E with Linux. The instructions are applicable for SDK 7.1.

By default, Ethernet Firmware (EthFw) in SDK 7.1 enables only the four RGMII ports in GESI expansion board, but it doesn't enable the QSGMII ports in the QpENet (QSGMII) daughter board.

Software Requirement	Hardware Requirements
Processor SDK 7.1 Linux (<u>link</u>)	J721E EVM
Processor SDK 7.1 RTOS (link)	GESI expansion board
	QP Ethernet (QPENet) expansion board

The steps required to enable the 4 QSGMI ports can be divided into:

- Prepare an SD card with SDK 7.1 and make sure that Linux boots fine and default EthFw is loaded correctly.
- Disable PCIe SERDES0 configuration from Linux this prevents conflicts between Linux and EthFw with SERDES usage, so EthFw can use it for QSGMII functionality.
- Enable QSGMII on EthFw.
- Take QSGMII PHY out of reset this is done via u-boot commands.

2 Disable PCle SERDES0

If building kernel from source files:

- Apply the Linux kernel patch which is provided separately. This patch disables PCIe SERDES0 in J721E related device-tree files.
- · Recompile Linux kernel dtbs.
- Copy the generated dtb files to <rootfs>/boot partition of the SD card.

Alternatively, one could just copy the precompiled dtb files that can be provided separately.

Boot Linux with the new dtb files and make sure that PCle0 is disabled by running "Ispci" on Linux terminal.

```
root@j7-evm:~# lspci
0000:00:00.0 Non-VGA unclassified device: Texas Instruments Device b00d
0001:00:00.0 Non-VGA unclassified device: Texas Instruments Device b00d
```



Also make sure that EthFw is still being loaded and running properly. Check EthFw logs in Main UART2 terminal.

```
______
           CPSW Ethernet Firmware
_____
CPSW 9G Test on MAIN NAVSS
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 12: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867': OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 0: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 3: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 15: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
PHY 0 is alive
PHY 3 is alive
PHY 12 is alive
PHY 15 is alive
PHY 23 is alive
ETHFW Version : 0.01.01
ETHFW Build Date: Nov 12, 2020
ETHFW Build Time: 01:42:42
ETHFW Commit SHA: b4628e2d
Host MAC address: 70:ff:76:1d:92:c2
IPC echo test (core : mcu2 0) .....
[NIMU NDK] ENET has been started successfully
Remote demo device (core : mcu2 0) .....
EthApp initIpcTask: Ipc lateVirtioCreate failed: -1
Function: CpswProxyServer attachExtHandlerCb, HostId: 0, CpswType: 6
Cpsw handleLinkUp: Port 1: Link up: 1-Gbps Full-Duplex
Function:CpswProxyServer registerMacHandlerCb, HostId:0, Handle:a2bee00c, CoreKey
:38acb7e6, MacAddress:70:ff:76:1d:92:c1, FlowIdx:172, FlowIdxOffset:0
Cpsw ioctlInternal: CPSW: Registered MAC address.ALE entry:11, Policer
Entry: OFunction: CpswProxyServer registerIpv4MacHandlerCb, HostId: 0, Handle: a2bee
00c, CoreKey: 38acb7e6, MacAddress: 70:ff: 76:1d:92:c1 IPv9
CPSW NIMU application, IP address I/F 1: 192.168.1.136
=========LLI Table entries=======
EthFw: TimeSync PTP enabled
Number of Static ARP Entries: 1
Rx Flow for Software Inter-VLAN Routing is up
SNo.
       IP Address
                          MAC Address
         192.168.1.139
                           70:FF:76:1D:92:C1
```



3 Enabling QSGMII in EthFw

Enabling the 4 QSGMII ports requires changes in the Enet LLD as well as the EthFw. The changes are:

```
project ethfw/
diff --git a/apps/app remoteswitchcfg server/mcu 2 0/main tirtos.c
b/apps/app remoteswitchcfg server/mcu 2 0/main tirtos.c
--- a/apps/app remoteswitchcfg server/mcu 2 0/main tirtos.c
+++ b/apps/app_remoteswitchcfg_server/mcu_2_0/main_tirtos.c
@@ -122,6 +122,8 @@
/* HTTP webpage server header files */
#include "webdata/webpage.h"
+#define ENABLE QSGMII PORTS
*/
/*
                          Macros & Typedefs
*/
project pdk/packages/ti/drv/enet/
diff --qit a/examples/utils/makefile b/examples/utils/makefile
--- a/examples/utils/makefile
+++ b/examples/utils/makefile
@@ -18,7 +18,7 @@ include
$(PDK INSTALL PATH)/ti/drv/enet/examples/build/config.mk
            | Bypass | Bypass | UART |
#
            | I2C | QSGMII | allowed | Library
# -----+-----
-# EthFw J721E | Yes | Yes | enet example utils
+# EthFw J721E | Yes | No | Yes | enet example utils
# EthFw J7200 | Yes | No | No | enet example utils
# CPSW examples | No | No | Yes | enet example utils full
@@ -34,9 +34,6 @@ else
    ENET CFLAGS += -DSDK 6 2 CORE SDK IMAGE
    ifeq ($(CORE),$(filter $(CORE), mcu2 0))
      ENET CFLAGS += -DENETAPPUTILS BYPASS I2C
      ifeq ($(SOC),$(filter $(SOC), j721e))
       ENET CFLAGS += -DENETAPPUTILS BYPASS QSGMII
     endif
      ifneq ($(SOC),$(filter $(SOC), j7200))
       ENET CFLAGS += -DENETAPPUTILS UART ALLOWED
```

Since the Enet LLD change is in a makefile, a differential compilation will not recompile the relevant source files. It's recommended to make a clean PDK build.

The EthFw change is in a source file, so one can just recompile via *make -s -j ethfw_all SOC_LIST=J721E*.



Alternatively, one can just replace the EthFw image with the precompiled binary provided separately.

The EthFw binary must copied to <rootfs>/lib/firmware/ethfw/app_remoteswitchcfg_server_strip.xer5f.

4 QSGMII PHY out of reset via U-boot commands

There are two GPIOs that need to be set for the QSGMII PHY to be functional. This can be done via u-boot commands.

```
# setenv init_main_cpsw0_qsgmii_phy "gpio set gpio@22_17; gpio clear
gpio@22_16"
# setenv bootcmd "run findfdt; run envboot; run init_${boot}; run
init_main_cpsw0_qsgmii_phy; run boot_rprocs; run get_kern_${boot}; run
get_fdt_${boot}; run get_overlay_${boot}; run run_kern"
# saveenv
```

Above commands will set the relevant GPIOs automatically when u-boot is booting from SD card.

5 Testing new EthFw image

Finally, reboot the device and make sure that all 8 PHYs are being detected and connecting an Ethernet cable in any of the QSGMII ports results in EthFw reporting link-up event.

```
______
          CPSW Ethernet Firmware
_____
CPSW 9G Test on MAIN NAVSS
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 12: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 0: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 3: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy_bindDriver: PHY 15: OUI:080028 Model:23 Ver:01 <-> 'dp83867' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 16: OUI:0001c1 Model:27 Ver:00 <-> 'vsc8514' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 17: OUI:0001c1 Model:27 Ver:00 <-> 'vsc8514' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 18: OUI:0001c1 Model:27 Ver:00 <-> 'vsc8514' : OK
EnetPhy bindDriver: PHY 19: OUI:0001c1 Model:27 Ver:00 <-> 'vsc8514' : OK
PHY 0 is alive
PHY 3 is alive
PHY 12 is alive
PHY 15 is alive
PHY 16 is alive
PHY 17 is alive
PHY 18 is alive
PHY 19 is alive
PHY 23 is alive
```



```
ETHFW Version : 0.01.01
ETHFW Build Date: Jan 21, 2021
ETHFW Build Time: 18:48:44
ETHFW Commit SHA: d2d55eab
Host MAC address: 70:ff:76:1d:92:c2
IPC echo test (core : mcu2 0) .....
[NIMU NDK] ENET has been started successfully
Remote demo device (core : mcu2 0) .....
CpswMacPort checkSgmiiStatus: MAC 4: SGMII link parter config port: link up:
1-Gbps Full-Duplex
Cpsw handleLinkUp: Port 5: Link up: 1-Gbps Full-Duplex
CPSW NIMU application, IP address I/F 1: 192.168.1.136
EthFw: TimeSync PTP enabled
Rx Flow for Software Inter-VLAN Routing is up
REMOTE SERVICE: Init ... !!!
REMOTE SERVICE: Init ... Done !!!
Function: CpswProxyServer attachExtHandlerCb, HostId: 0, CpswType: 6
Function: CpswProxyServer registerMacHandlerCb, HostId: 0, Handle: a2cd8da0, CoreKey
:38acb7e6, MacAddress:70:ff:76:1d:92:c1, FlowIdx:172, FlowIdxOffset:0
Cpsw ioctlInternal: CPSW: Registered MAC address.ALE entry:13, Policer
Entry: 2Function: CpswProxyServer registerIpv4MacHandlerCb, HostId: 0, Handle: a2cd8
da0, CoreKey: 38acb7e6, MacAddress: 70:ff:76:1d:92:c1 IPv8
========LLI Table entries=======
Number of Static ARP Entries: 1
         IP Address
                           MAC Address
SNo.
1
          192.168.1.138
                            70:FF:76:1D:92:C1
```

Port 5 in the logs above corresponds to the second QSGMII port. Similar messages will be seen when other ports are connected, either in GESI or QSGMII expansion boards.

Ports 1, 3, 4 and 8 are in GESI expansion board. Ports 2, 5, 6 and 7 are in QSGMII expansion board.



In the Linux terminal, check that the virtual Ethernet interface (eth1) is up by running the following command:

```
root@j7-evm:~# ifconfig
eth0
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 50:51:A9:FC:65:7E
         UP BROADCAST MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:0 (0.0 B) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
         Link encap: Ethernet HWaddr 70:FF:76:1D:92:C1
eth1
         inet addr:192.168.1.139 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0
         inet6 addr: fe80::72ff:76ff:fe1d:92c1/64 Scope:Link
         UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
         RX packets:20 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:57 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:2034 (1.9 KiB) TX bytes:6712 (6.5 KiB)
10
         Link encap:Local Loopback
         inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
         inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
         UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:65536 Metric:1
         RX packets:82 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
         TX packets:82 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
         collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
         RX bytes:6220 (6.0 KiB)
                                  TX bytes:6220 (6.0 KiB)
```

eth1 should show up in the interface list, and it will an IP assigned if any of the switch ports is connected to a network running DHCP.