USACE Inland Electronic Navigational Charts (IENCs)

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USACE Inland Electronic Navigational Charts (IENC)

- History of Navigation on the Western Rivers
- US Inland Navigation Statistics
- Benefits of Electronic Chart Data
- History of USACE IENCs
- Status of USACE IENC Coverage
- USACE Partnering:
 - NOAA
 - ► U.S. Coast Guard
 - ► U.S. Power Squadron



History of Navigation on the Western Rivers

- 1824 Congress authorized the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers to remove snags and other obstructions from the Mississippi and Ohio Rivers
- 1896 Congress authorized a 9' deep navigation channel on the Lower Mississippi River
- 1907 Congress adopted a 6' deep navigation channel on the Upper Mississippi River between St. Louis and Minneapolis



19th Century "Dredge"



1902 Maneuver Boat

- 1910 Congress adopted the Rivers and Harbors Act which authorized the construction of locks and dams on the Ohio River to provide a 9' deep navigation channel
- 1930 Congress authorized a 9' deep navigation channel on the Upper Mississippi River

U.S. Navigation Statistics*



Equivalent Units

22,500 Tons =



One 15 Barge Tow



225 Railroad Cars



900 Large Semi Trucks

- 8,200 miles of inland waterways
- 158 lock chambers
- 589 million tons of commodities
 - ≥ 31% coal / coke
 - ≥ 25% petroleum
 - ▶ 18% other raw materials
 - ▶ 12% food & farm products
 - ▶ 8% chemicals
 - ▶ 6% manufactured products



Electronic Chart Data for <u>Safe</u> and Efficient Navigation

Disaster at Big Bayou Canot, 22 September 1993



- A towboat pushing six barges, lost in the fog, struck the Big Bayou Canot bridge near Mobile, AL causing the track to misalign by approximately 3 feet.
- Eight minutes later, AMTRAK Sunset Limited derailed on the railroad bridge and plunged into the waterway, killing 47 and injuring 103.

An electronic chart system on the towboat could have prevented the accident.



History of USACE Inland ENCs

* 2001

- U.S. Congress directed USACE to develop Inland ENCs to cover the Mississippi River and its tributaries
- Pilot projects conducted on the Atchafalaya River & the Mississippi River at Vicksburg
- International Hydrographic Organization S-57, 3.1 data exchange standard used for development

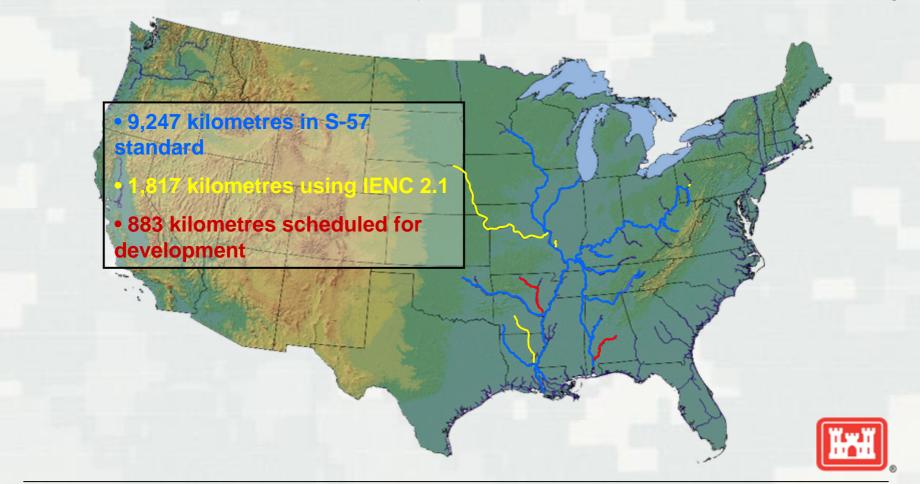
* 2002 - 2009

 Continued development and maintenance of Inland ENCs covering over 10,100 kilometres of Inland Waterways



Inland ENC Coverage in USA

11,955 kilometres of inland waterways are scheduled for Inland ENC coverage



Status of USACE IENC Development

 Ninety-three (93) Inland ENCs, totaling 9,247 km, produced using IHO S-57 3.1 standard

(Allegheny, Arkansas, Atchafalaya, Black Warrior, Cumberland, Green, Illinois, Kanawha, Mississippi, Mobile, Monongahela, Ohio, Red, Tennessee and Tombigbee Rivers, Tenn-Tom Waterway)

 Eleven (11) Inland ENCs, totaling 1,817 km, produced using Inland ENC Product Spec. 2.1

(Missouri, Kaskaskia and Ouachita Rivers)

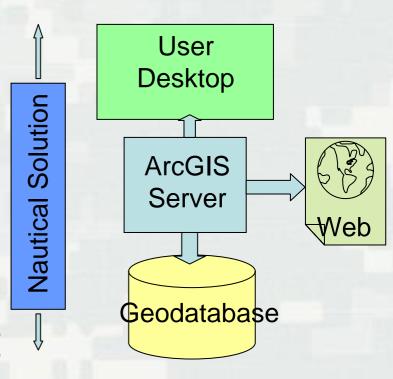
 883 km of uncharted waterways are scheduled for development using Inland ENC Product Spec. 2.1 or 2.2 in 2011

(Alabama and White Rivers)

 Existing (93) IENCs will be updated to Inland ENC Product Spec. 2.2 when software tools are made available

ESRI Nautical Solution

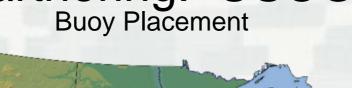
- Centralized Data, not multiple databases
- Production of navigational products from same data
- Validate Data
- Ability to migrate to new IHO Standards (S-101)
- Harmonized data model (SDSFIE and Nautical)
- Web distribution for all customers

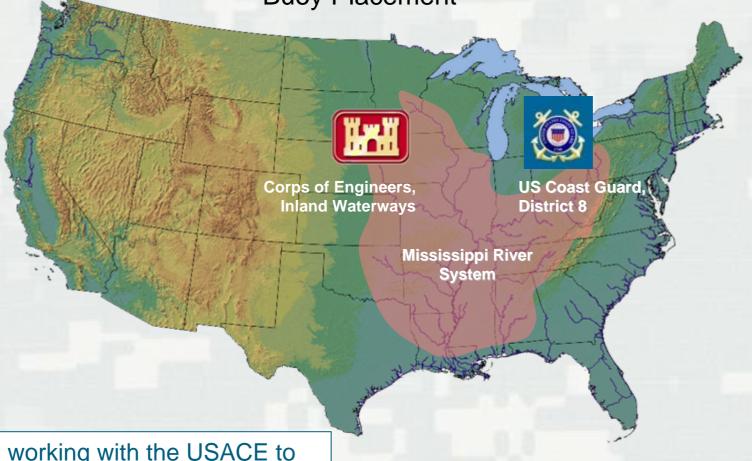




Partnering: NOAA Coordination and Data Sharing Corps of Engineers, **Inland Waterways** NOAA, Coastal and **Great Lakes Coordination of** adjoining charts for seamless use by chart More consistent and reliable systems channel data from Corps for **NOAA** charts

Partnering: USCG Buoy Placement





USCG working with the USACE to provide up-to-date buoy locations. Buoys are presently not included on most IENCs.



Partnering: U.S. Power Squadron (USPS)

Cooperative Charting Agreement



USPS members to perform field checks and report errors or inaccuracies in Inland ENCs, similar to their cooperative charting arrangement with NOAA.

Field checks and observations to include the following features:

Non-navigable river or tributary

Land Region

Bridge

Overhead pipeline

Light

Overhead cable

Permanently moored vessel

Storage tank

Support pylon

River Gauge

Marina

Dock/wharf

Conveyor

Marine fender

Submarine cable

Revetment

Boat ramp

Mooring facility

Wrecks

Day mark

Ferry route



Questions?



