

PRACTICAL LAB

In linux
Terminal \equiv CMD in Window
↓
shell
or Bash
name = ~~Root~~ Terminal

Root Terminal User level Terminal } \rightarrow इस sign से पता लगता है ।

1) pwd \rightarrow Tells current directory
/home/student
↓
directory hidden dir. in home

cd /

change terminal to root terminal

cd ..

one dir. back

cd /home \$

cd space

Move back to all. (By default home)

ls
see list of directory or files

cd dirname/

you entered into that check by pwd.

ls -a :- ^{space hidden} show all dir or files including hidden

ls -h :- human readable format

ls -al :- combination of

ls -l :- long format

⇒ mkdir name
make directory

⇒ rm filename.txt
file removed permanently → not found in recycle bin

⇒ ~~ls~~ ps aux
All information of process
in system run are list in ps

⇒ du -cksh
↓
~~Perm. denied~~ but tell memory.
↓
bec we work in user terminal.

★ Size of Particular Directory
du -cksh Desktop → any dir

cd space or cd space in
ways
to enter
user terminal

⇒ History :-

History of all commands till not clear

To clear data of all commands
↓

history -c

To verify again use command
history

