NLP Structured Data Investigation on Non-Text

Casey Stella @casey stella



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Hi, I'm Casey Stella!

Domain Challenges in Data Science

A data scientist has to merge analytical skills with domain expertise.

- Often we're thrown into places where we have insufficient domain experience.
- Gaining this expertise can be challenging and time-consuming.
- Unsupervised machine learning techniques can be very useful to understand complex data relationships.

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We'll use an unsupervised structure learning algorithm borrowed from NLP to look at medical data.

Word2Vec is a vectorization model created by Google [1] that attempts to learn relationships between words automatically given a large corpus of sentences.

• Gives us a way to find similar words by finding near neighbors in the vector space with cosine similarity.

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Takeaway: The technique boils down, intuitively, to a riff on word co-occurrence. See here¹ for more.

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Clinical Data as Sentences

Clinical encounters form a sort of sentence over time. For a given encounter:

- Vitals are measured (e.g. height, weight, BMI).
- Labs are performed and results are recorded (e.g. blood tests).
- Procedures are performed.
- Diagnoses are made (e.g. Diabetes).
- Drugs are prescribed.

Each of these can be considered clinical "words" and the encounter forms a clinical "sentence".

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Idea: We can use word2vec to investigate connections between these clinical concepts.

Demo

As part of a Kaggle competition², Practice Fusion, a digital electronic medical records provider released depersonalized clinical records of 10,000 patients. I ingested and preprocessed these records into 197,340 clinical "sentences" using Pig and Hive.

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MLLib from Spark now contains an implementation of word2vec, so let's use pyspark and IPython Notebook to explore this dataset on Hadoop.

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Questions

Thanks for your attention! Questions?

- Code & scripts for this talk available on my github presentation page.³
- Find me at http://caseystella.com
- Twitter handle: @casey_stella
- Email address: cstella@hortonworks.com

³http://github.com/cestella/presentations/

Bibliography

- [1] Tomas Mikolov, Kai Chen, Greg Corrado, and Jeffrey Dean. Efficient estimation of word representations in vector space. *CoRR*, abs/1301.3781, 2013.
- [2] Jeffrey Pennington, Richard Socher, and Christopher Manning. Glove: Global vectors for word representation. In *Proceedings of the 2014 Conference on Empirical Methods in Natural Language Processing (EMNLP)*, pages 1532–1543. Association for Computational Linguistics, 2014.