The Weather Station.

For the weather station you can use a Raspberry 2B+ or a Pi 3. I have not tested on other models.

Below you will find the sensors I used and the library's that support them. The python code is included. Its important to note, that you should start with the Barometric sensor. Not that it will hurt anything starting with temperature, but starting with Barometric will make it simpler.

For more fun you can add a Raspberry Pi Camera. You can get the details here:

https://www.raspberrypi.org/products/camera-module/

Barometric Sensor:

```
Sensor: https://www.amazon.com/SunFounder-Barometer-BMP180-Arduino-Raspberry/dp/B013G6FZVS/ref=sr_1_31?ie=UTF8&qid=1468867279&sr=8-31&keywords=bmp180
```

Libs: https://github.com/adafruit/Adafruit BMP183 Unified Library

Code: bmp.v.1.0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import Adafruit_BMP.BMP085 as BMP085
sensor = BMP085.BMP085()

inHg = 0.0002952998751*sensor.read_pressure()

print 'Pressure = {0:0.2f} Pa'.format(sensor.read_pressure())
print 'Mercury = {0:02f} inHg'.format(inHg)
```

Temperature Sensor:

Sensor: https://www.amazon.com/Digital-Temperature-Humidity-measure-Arduino/dp/B018JO5BRK/ref=sr 1 3?ie=UTF8&qid=1468867418&sr=8-3&keywords=dht22+sensor

Libs: https://github.com/adafruit/DHT-sensor-library

Code: dht.v1.0.py

```
#!/usr/bin/python
import sys
import Adafruit_DHT
sensor = Adafruit_DHT.AM2302

# Example using a Raspberry Pi with DHT sensor
# connected to GPIO7.
pin = 4
```

Try to grab a sensor reading. Use the read retry method which will retry up

to 15 times to get a sensor reading (waiting 2 seconds between each retry).
humidity, temperature = Adafruit DHT.read retry(sensor, pin)

Un-comment the line below to convert the temperature to Fahrenheit. temperature = temperature * 9/5.0 + 32

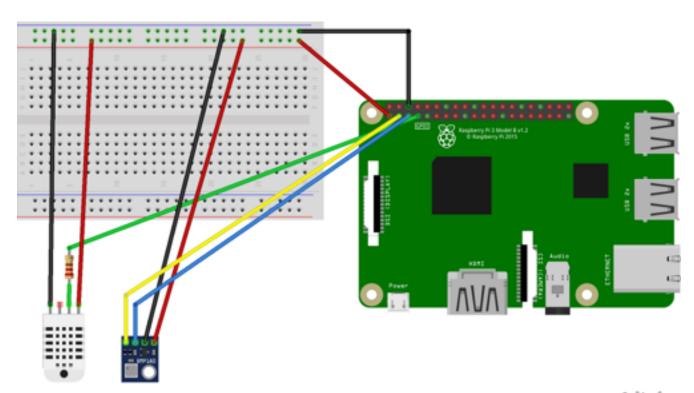
Calculate dew point.

dewpoint = temperature - ((100-humidity)/5.0)

you must create a Cursor object. It will let you execute all the queries you need. cur = db.cursor()

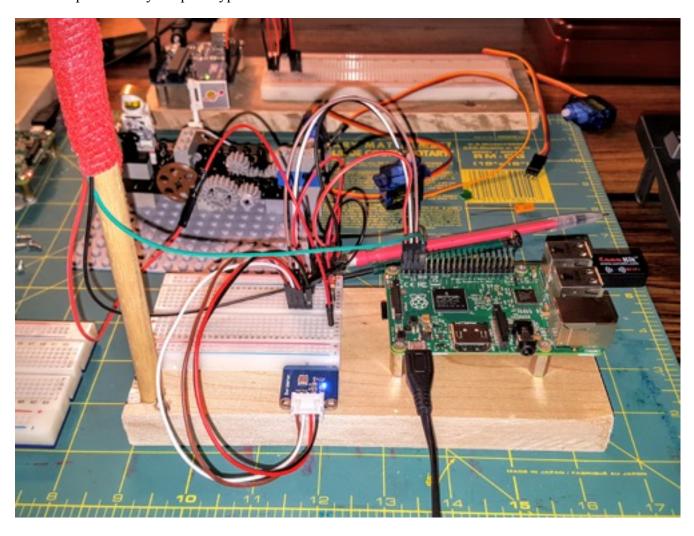
sys.exit(0)

Below is a wiring diagram:

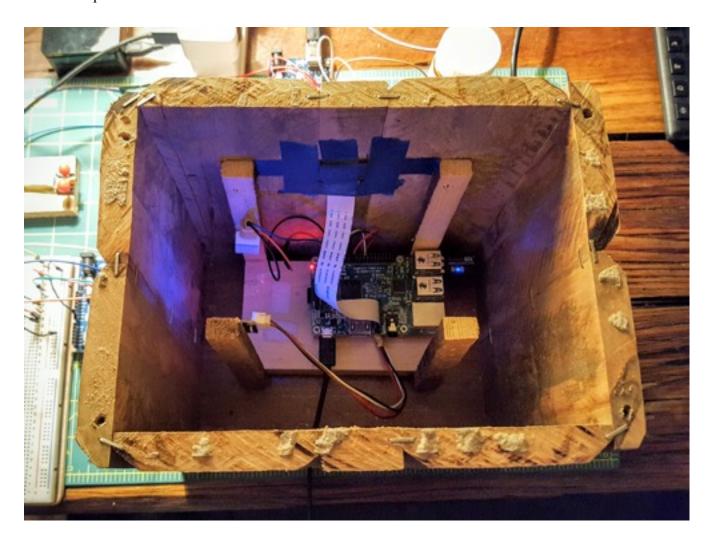


fritzing

Here is a photo of my 1st prototype.



Below are photos of the finished model:





Now if you want to track your data in a database, you can use the information below. The Database design is first followed by the scripts to update the database.

Table BMP:

```
CREATE TABLE 'bmp' (
    'id' int(11) NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
    'pa' int(11) NOT NULL,
    'inhg' decimal(5,2) NOT NULL,
    'ts' timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON UPDATE
CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    PRIMARY KEY ('id')
```

```
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=5193 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
Table DHT:
CREATE TABLE `dht` (
 'id' int(11) NOT NULL AUTO INCREMENT,
 'tmp' int(11) NOT NULL,
 'hum' int(11) NOT NULL,
 'dew' int(11) NOT NULL,
 `ts` timestamp NOT NULL DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP ON UPDATE
CURRENT TIMESTAMP,
 PRIMARY KEY ('id')
) ENGINE=InnoDB AUTO INCREMENT=9335 DEFAULT CHARSET=latin1;
Scripts with database logic:
Script: dat.v.1.2.py
#!/usr/bin/python
import MySQLdb
import sys
import Adafruit DHT
db = MySQLdb.connect(host="", # your host, usually localhost
           user="",
                       # your username
           passwd="", # your password
           db="r")
                       # name of the data base
sensor = Adafruit DHT.AM2302
# Example using a Raspberry Pi with DHT sensor
# connected to GPIO7.
pin = 4
# Try to grab a sensor reading. Use the read retry method which will retry up
# to 15 times to get a sensor reading (waiting 2 seconds between each retry).
humidity, temperature = Adafruit DHT.read retry(sensor, pin)
# Un-comment the line below to convert the temperature to Fahrenheit.
temperature = temperature *9/5.0 + 32
# Calculate dew point.
dewpoint = temperature - ((100-humidity)/5.0)
# you must create a Cursor object. It will let you execute all the queries you need.
cur = db.cursor()
```

```
#prepare SQL query for INSERT
sql = "insert into dht (tmp,hum,dew) values('%d','%d','%d')" %((temperature),(humidity),(dewpoint))
try:
    # execute the sql command
    cur.execute(sql)
    db.commit()
except:
    # rollback if error
    db.rollback()
#close cursor
cur.close()
#close connection
db.close()
sys.exit(0)
Script: bmp.v1.2.py
#!/usr/bin/python
import MySQLdb
import sys
import Adafruit BMP.BMP085 as BMP085
sensor = BMP085.BMP085()
inHg = 0.0002952998751*sensor.read pressure()
db = MySQLdb.connect(host="", # your host, usually localhost
            user="",
                         # your username
            passwd="", # your password
            db="r") # name of the data base
#print 'Pressure = {0:0.2f} Pa'.format(sensor.read pressure())
#print 'Mercury = {0:02f} inHg'.format(inHg)
# you must create a Cursor object. It will let you execute all the queries you need.
cur = db.cursor()
#prepare SQL query for INSERT
sql = "insert into bmp (pa,inhg) values('%d','%s')" %((sensor.read_pressure()),(inHg))
```

```
try:
    # execute the sql command
    cur.execute(sql)
    db.commit()
except:
    # rollback if error
    db.rollback()

#close cursor
cur.close()

#close connection
db.close()

sys.exit(0)
```