IHDCB331 - Algorithmique II Devoir 3

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1 Question 1

1. Tous les éléments de a[i], a[i + 1], ... a[j] sont égaux à zéro

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < j;
@ a[i] == 0);
@*/
```

2. Tous les éléments de a sont distincts

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < arrayDistinct.length;
@ (\forall int j; j >= 0 && j < a && i != j; a[j] != a[i]));
@*/</pre>
```

3. Tous les nombres de a sont pairs

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < a;
@ a[i] % 2 == 0);
@*/
```

4. Tous les nombres de a sont inférieurs ou égaux à 2

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < a.length;
@ a[i] <= 2);
@*/</pre>
```

5. Tous les nombres pairs de a[i], a[i+1], ... a[j] sont inférieurs à 10

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < j;
@ (a[i] % 2 == 0 && a[i] < 10) || a[i] % 2 != 0);
@*/
```

6. Il existe une valeur zéro dans a[i], a[i + 1], ... a[j]

```
/*@ invariant (\exists int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < j;
@ a[i] == 0);
@*/
```

7. Les éléments de a sont triés par ordre croissant

```
/*@ invariant (\forall int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < a - 1;
@ a[i] <= a[i + 1]);
@*/

8. x est le minium de a
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignale \nothing;
@ ensures \forall (int i; i >= 0 && i < a.length; a[i] >= \result);
@ ensures \exists (int i; i >= 0 && i < a.length; a[i] == \result);</pre>
```

2 Question 2

0*/

1. double max(double x, double y)

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ ensures (a > b && \result == a) || (a <= b && \result == b);
@*/</pre>
```

2. boolean contient(double [] a, double x)

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ ensures \result == (\exists int i;
@ i >= 0 && i < a.length;
@ x == a[i]);
@*/</pre>
```

3. double max(double [] a)

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignale \nothing;
@ ensures \forall (int i; i >= 0 && i < a.length; a[i] <= \result);
@ ensures \exists (int i; i >= 0 && i < a.length; a[i] == \result);
@*/</pre>
```

4. **int** factorielle(**int** n)

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ requires n >= 1;
@ ensures \result == (\product int i; i >= 1 && i <= n; i);
@*/</pre>
```

5. **int** intSqrt(**int** n)

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ requires n >= 0;
@ ensures \result * \result <= n;
@ ensures (\result + 1) * (\result + 1) > n;
@ ensures \result >= 0
@*/
```

3 Question 10

La question 10 se base sur la signature de la méthode suivante : $public boolean \ enLigne(int[] \ a, \ int \ n, \ int \ x)$ où le tableau de **String** à été remplacé par un tableau de **int**

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ ensures \result == (\exists int i; i >= 0 && i < a.length - n;
@ (\forall int j; j >= i && j <= i + n; a[j] == x)) &&
@ (i == 0 || (i > 0 && a[i - 1] != x)) &&
@ (i + n + 1 == a.length || (i + n + 1 < a.length && a[i + n + 1] != x);
@*/</pre>
```

4 Question 12

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ ensures \result == (\sum int i; i >= 0 && i < 1; a[i]);
@*/
public boolean int somme(int[] a, int 1) {
    int somme = 0;
    int i = 0;

    /*@ loop_invariant i >= 0 && i < 1;
    @ loop_invariant somme == (\sum int j; i >= 0 && j < i; a[j]);
    @ decreases l - i;
    @*/
    while (i < 1) {
        somme = somme + a[i];
        i = i + 1;
    }

    return somme;
}</pre>
```

5 Question 13

```
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable \nothing;
@ ensures \result == m + n
@*/
public int somme (int m, int n) {
    int res = m;
    int i = 0;

    /*@ loop_invariant i >= 0 && i < n;
    @ loop_invariant res == \old(res) + 1 && i = \old(i) + 1;
    @ decreases n - i
    @*/
    while (i < n) {
        res = res + 1;
        i = i + 1;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
return res; // Correction par rapport a l'enonce ou une variable result
       qui n'existe pas est retournee
}
   Question 15
/*@ normal_behavior
@ assignable nothing;
 @ requires true;
 @ ensures (a > b && \result == a) || (a <= b && \result == b)
 0*/
int max(int a, int b) {
    if (a > b) {
        return a;
    } else {
        return b;
    }
}
    Question 22
public class Tri {
    /*@ normal_behavior
     @ assignable a;
     @ ensures \forall int i; i \ge 0 \& i < a.length - 1; a[i] < a[i + 1]
    static void tri(int[] a) {
        boolean tri;
        /*@ loop_invariant trie == true && \forall int j; j >= 0 && j <
           a.length - 1; a[j] < a[j + 1]
         @ loop_invariant trie == false && \exists int j; j \ge 0 && j <
           a.length - 1; a[j] > a[j + 1]
         0*/
        do {
            trie = true;
            /*@ loop_invariant i >= 0 && i <= a.length - 1;
             @ loop_invariant trie == true && \forall int j; j \ge 0 && j < i
           -1; a[j] < a[j + 1]
            @ loop_invariant trie == false && \exists int j; j >= 0 && j < i
           -1; a[j] > a[j + 1]
             0*/
            for (int i = 0; i < a.length - 1; i++) {
                if (a[i] > a[i + 1]) {
                    /* ... */
        } while (!trie)
   }
```

}