## **Bunker Hill Community College**

## Final Statistics Exam 2019-05-02

Exam ID 003

| Name:  |
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| his take-home exam is due <b>Wednesday, May 8</b> , at the beginning of class.   |
| ou may use any notes, textbook, or online tools; however, you may not request help from arother human.   |
| ou will show your work on the pages with questions. When you are sure of your answers, yould be supported in the boxes on the first few pages. |
| Inless you have an objection to doing so, please copy the honor-code text below and sign   |
| I understand that outside help is NOT allowed on this exam. On my honor, the work herein is my own.  |
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| Signature:   |

| 1. | (a) |  |
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|    | (d) |  |
|    | (e) |  |
|    | (f) |  |
| 2. |     |  |
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| 3. |     |  |
| 4. | (a) |  |
|    | (b) |  |
| 5. |     |  |
|    |     |  |
| 6. | (a) |  |
|    | (b) |  |
|    | ` , |  |
|    | (c) |  |
|    | (d) |  |
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|    | (e) |  |
|    | (f) |  |
|    | (-) |  |
|    | (g) |  |
| 7. | (a) |  |
|    | (b) |  |
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| Mat-181 Final Exam | , version 003 | , NO OUTSIDE HEI | LP |
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| 8. | (a) |  |
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|    |     |  |
|    | (b) |  |
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|    | (d) |  |
|    | (4) |  |
|    | (e) |  |
|    |     |  |
|    | (f) |  |
|    |     |  |
|    | (g) |  |

1. In a deck of strange cards, there are 1158 cards. Each card has an image and a color. The amounts are shown in the table below.

|        | gray | green | pink | yellow |
|--------|------|-------|------|--------|
| cat    | 94   | 46    | 36   | 50     |
| flower | 85   | 96    | 88   | 95     |
| gem    | 74   | 75    | 21   | 89     |
| pig    | 13   | 63    | 44   | 14     |
| shovel | 55   | 54    | 34   | 32     |

- (a) What is the probability a random card is gray?
- (b) What is the probability a random card is a flower?
- (c) What is the probability a random card is both a cat and yellow?
- (d) What is the probability a random card is a shovel given it is pink?
- (e) What is the probability a random card is green given it is a pig?
- (f) What is the probability a random card is either a pig or yellow (or both)?

2. In a deck of strange cards, each card has an image and a color. The chance of drawing a pig is 16.3%. If a pig is drawn, there is a 77.6% chance that it is teal. If a card that is not a pig is drawn, there is a 61% chance that it is teal.

Now, someone draws a random card and reveals it is not teal. What is the chance the card is a pig?

3. In a very large pile of toothpicks, the mean length is 69.6 millimeters and the standard deviation is 3.62 millimeters. If you randomly sample 120 toothpicks, what is the chance the sample mean is between 69.26 and 70.28 millimeters?

- 4. In a game, there is a 27% chance to win a round. You will play 224 rounds.
  - (a) What is the probability of winning exactly 55 rounds?
  - (b) What is the probability of winning at least 49 but at most 66 rounds?

5. As an ornithologist, you wish to determine the average body mass of *Seiurus noveboracensis*. You randomly sample 20 adults of *Seiurus noveboracensis*, resulting in a sample mean of 20.67 grams and a sample standard deviation of 3.48 grams. Determine a 90% confidence interval of the true population mean.

6. A treatment group of size 28 has a mean of 1.21 and standard deviation of 0.245. A control group of size 23 has a mean of 1.05 and standard deviation of 0.168. If you decided to use a signficance level of 0.01, is there sufficient evidence to conclude the treatment causes an effect?

By using the Welch-Satterthwaite equation, I've calculated the degrees of freedom should be 47.

- (a) State the null hypothesis.
- (b) State the alternative hypothesis.
- (c) Evaluate the critical value. (The critical value is either  $z^*$  or  $t^*$ . Determine its value.)
- (d) Determine the standard error of the relevant sampling distribution.
- (e) Evaluate the absolute value of the test statistic. (The test statistic is either  $z_{obs}$  or  $t_{obs}$ . Determine its absolute value.)
- (f) If possible, evaluate the p-value. Otherwise, describe an interval containing the p-value.
- (g) Do we reject or retain the null?

- 7. From a very large population, a random sample of 7300 individuals was taken. In that sample, 26.4% were bitter. Determine a 80% confidence interval of the population proportion.
  - (a) Find the lower bound of the confidence interval.
  - (b) Find the upper bound of the condifence interval.

8. An experiment is run with a treatment group of size 27 and a control group of size 39. The results are summarized in the table below.

|             | treatment | control |
|-------------|-----------|---------|
| special     | 17        | 33      |
| not special | 10        | 6       |

Using a significance level of 0.05, determine whether the treatment causes an effect on the proportion of cases that are special.

- (a) State the null hypothesis.
- (b) State the alternative hypothesis.
- (c) Evaluate the critical value. (The critical value is either  $z^*$  or  $t^*$ . Determine its value.)
- (d) Determine the standard error of the relevant sampling distribution.
- (e) Evaluate the absolute value of the test statistic. (The test statistic is either  $z_{obs}$  or  $t_{obs}$ . Determine its absolute value.)
- (f) If possible, evaluate the p-value. Otherwise, describe an interval containing the p-value.
- (g) Do we reject or retain the null?