1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 63.373. This means i = 1. We know n = 8. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\ell = 0.125$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.125, or 12.5th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.625$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (8)(0.625)$$

$$i = 5$$

Determine the x associated with i = 5.

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{535.578}{8} = \boxed{66.947}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=8 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_4 + x_5}{2} = \frac{67.427 + 67.819}{2}$$

So, median = 67.623

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 35.271. This means i = 14. We know n = 32. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{14}{32}$$

$$\ell = 0.438$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.438, or 43.8th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.188$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (32)(0.188)$$

$$i = 6$$

Determine the x associated with i = 6.

$$x = 32.52$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{1214.78}{32} = 37.962$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=32 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_{16} + x_{17}}{2} = \frac{36.869 + 37.554}{2}$$

So, median = 37.2115