## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 21.349. This means i = 4. We know n = 11. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{4}{11}$$

$$\ell = 0.364$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.364, or 36.4th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.818$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (11)(0.818)$$

$$i = 9$$

Determine the x associated with i = 9.

$$x = 29.714$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{272.081}{11} = 24.735$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=11 and so n is odd.

median = 
$$x_{(11+1)/2}$$
, =  $x_6$ 

So, median = 21.941

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 85.313. This means i = 25. We know n = 56. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{25}{56}$$

$$\ell = 0.446$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.446, or 44.6th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.839$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate *i*.

$$i = (56)(0.839)$$

$$i = 47$$

Determine the x associated with i = 47.

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{4781.671}{56} = 85.387$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=56 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_{28} + x_{29}}{2} = \frac{85.612 + 85.665}{2}$$

So, median = 85.6385