## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 62.667. This means i = 2. We know n = 7. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{2}{7}$$

$$\ell = 0.286$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.286, or 28.6th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.143$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (7)(0.143)$$

$$i = 1$$

Determine the x associated with i = 1.

$$x = 62.532$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{446.397}{7} = \boxed{63.771}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=7 and so n is odd.

median = 
$$x_{(7+1)/2}$$
, =  $x_4$ 

So, median = 63.999.

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 40.078. This means i = 3. We know n = 50. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{3}{50}$$

$$\ell = 0.06$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.06, or 6th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.2$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (50)(0.2)$$

$$i = 10$$

Determine the x associated with i = 10.

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{2494.625}{50} = \boxed{49.892}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=50 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_{25} + x_{26}}{2} = \frac{51.862 + 51.893}{2}$$

So, median = 51.8775