1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 71.781. This means i = 8. We know n = 11. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{8}{11}$$

$$\ell = 0.727$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.727, or 72.7th percentile.

(b) We are given ℓ = 0.636. We can use algebra to solve for i.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (11)(0.636)$$

$$i = 7$$

Determine the x associated with i = 7.

$$x = 71.697$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{784.398}{11} = \boxed{71.309}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=11 and so n is odd.

median =
$$x_{(11+1)/2}$$
, = x_6

So, median = 70.956

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 22.3. This means i = 22. We know n = 32. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{22}{32}$$

$$\ell = 0.688$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.688, or 68.8th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.0625$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (32)(0.0625)$$

$$i = 2$$

Determine the x associated with i = 2.

$$x = 20.347$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{721.784}{32} = 22.556$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=32 and so n is even.

median =
$$\frac{x_{16} + x_{17}}{2} = \frac{21.95 + 21.956}{2}$$

So, median = 21.953