## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 74.949. This means i = 8. We know n = 12. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{8}{12}$$

$$\ell = 0.667$$

So, the answer is 0.667, or 66.7%.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.333$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (12)(0.333)$$

$$i = 4$$

Determine the x associated with i = 4.

$$x = 67.169$$

- (c) The mean is  $\frac{848.94}{12} = 70.745$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i = \frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise median is mean of  $x_{\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor}$  and  $x_{\lceil \frac{n+1}{2} \rceil}$ . So, median = 71.142.

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 30.998. This means i = 13. We know n = 32. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{13}{32}$$

$$\ell = 0.406$$

So, the answer is 0.406, or 40.6%.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.594$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (32)(0.594)$$

$$i = 19$$

Determine the x associated with i = 19.

$$x = 31.398$$

- (c) The mean is  $\frac{1006.696}{32} = 31.459$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i = \frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise median is mean of  $x_{\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor}$  and  $x_{\lceil \frac{n+1}{2} \rceil}$ . So, median = 31.207.