1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 21.563. This means i = 1. We know n = 6. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\ell = 0.167$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.167, or 16.7th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.333$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (6)(0.333)$$

$$i = 2$$

Determine the x associated with i = 2.

$$x = 27.973$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{171.605}{6} = 28.601$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=6 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2} = \frac{29.211 + 30.211}{2}$$

So, median = 29.711.

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 51.499. This means i = 9. We know n = 21. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{9}{21}$$

$$\ell = 0.429$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.429, or 42.9th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.476$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (21)(0.476)$$

$$i = 10$$

Determine the x associated with i = 10.

$$x = 51.729$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{1098.839}{21} = \boxed{52.326}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=21 and so n is odd.

median =
$$x_{(21+1)/2}$$
, = x_{11}

So, median = 52.005.