1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 177.575. This means i = 6. We know n = 6. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{6}{6}$$

$$\ell = 1$$

So, the percentile rank is 1, or 100th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.667$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (6)(0.667)$$

$$i = 4$$

Determine the x associated with i = 4.

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{918.678}{6} = 153.11$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=6 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2} = \frac{163.935 + 164.26}{2}$$

So, median = 164.0975

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 72.729. This means i = 5. We know n = 28. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{5}{28}$$

$$\ell = 0.179$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.179, or 17.9th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.536$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (28)(0.536)$$

$$i = 15$$

Determine the x associated with i = 15.

$$x = 73.817$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{2062.044}{28} = \boxed{73.644}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=28 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_{14} + x_{15}}{2} = \frac{73.719 + 73.817}{2}$$

So, median = 73.768.