## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 148.486. This means i = 4. We know n = 6. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{4}{6}$$

$$\ell = 0.667$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.667, or 66.7th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.5$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (6)(0.5)$$

$$i = 3$$

Determine the x associated with i = 3.

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{817.856}{6} = \boxed{136.31}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=6 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2} = \frac{129.095 + 148.486}{2}$$

So, median = 138.7905

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 51.711. This means i = 7. We know n = 12. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\ell = 0.583$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.583, or 58.3th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.25$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (12)(0.25)$$

$$i = 3$$

Determine the x associated with i = 3.

$$x = 50.441$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{624.382}{12} = \boxed{52.032}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=12 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_6 + x_7}{2} = \frac{51.334 + 51.711}{2}$$

So, median = 51.5225