## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 40.071. This means i = 2. We know n = 10. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{2}{10}$$

$$\ell = 0.2$$

So, the percentile rank is  $\boxed{0.2}$ , or 20th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.7$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (10)(0.7)$$

$$i = 7$$

Determine the x associated with i = 7.

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{409.248}{10} = 40.925$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=10 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_5 + x_6}{2} = \frac{40.909 + 40.937}{2}$$

So, median = 40.923

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 40.715. This means i = 17. We know n = 56. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{17}{56}$$

$$\ell = 0.304$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.304, or 30.4th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.0714$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (56)(0.0714)$$

$$i = 4$$

Determine the x associated with i = 4.

$$x = 40.15$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{2323.662}{56} = \boxed{41.494}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=56 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_{28} + x_{29}}{2} = \frac{41.43 + 41.444}{2}$$

So, median = 41.437