1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 85.727. This means i = 5. We know n = 6. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{5}{6}$$

$$\ell = 0.833$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.833, or 83.3th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.667$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (6)(0.667)$$

$$i = 4$$

Determine the x associated with i = 4.

$$x = 85.302$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{510.91}{6} = 85.152$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=6 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2} = \frac{84.999 + 85.302}{2}$$

So, median = 85.1505

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 150.606. This means i = 52. We know n = 63. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{52}{63}$$

$$\ell = 0.825$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.825, or 82.5th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.905$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by *n*.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (63)(0.905)$$

$$i = 57$$

Determine the x associated with i = 57.

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{8879.005}{63} = 140.94$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=63 and so n is odd.

median =
$$x_{(63+1)/2}$$
, = x_{32}

So, median = 141.371