

## Question

Two random variables ( $A$  and  $B$ ) are both approximately normal (bell-shaped). Their means and standard deviations are shown in the table.

| variable | mean | standard deviation |
|----------|------|--------------------|
| $A$      | 94.5 | 10                 |
| $B$      | 106  | 15                 |

Let the *interval of typical measurements* be defined as within 1 SD from the mean ( $\text{mean} \pm \text{SD}$ ).

$$\text{interval of typical measurements} = (\text{mean} - \text{SD}, \text{mean} + \text{SD})$$

For each variable, provide an interval of typical measurements. Notice that an interval requires two numbers: the bottom and the top.

## Answerlist

- Determine the interval of typical measurements for  $A$ .
- Determine the interval of typical measurements for  $B$ .

## Solution

### Answerlist

- interval of typical measurements for  $A = (\text{mean} - \text{SD}, \text{mean} + \text{SD})$   
 $= (94.5 - 10, 94.5 + 10)$   
 $= \boxed{(84.5, 104.5)}$
- interval of typical measurements for  $B = (\text{mean} - \text{SD}, \text{mean} + \text{SD})$   
 $= (106 - 15, 106 + 15)$   
 $= \boxed{(91, 121)}$

## Meta-information

extype: num exsolution: 10 exname: calc s