## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 43.569. This means i = 5. We know n = 11. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{5}{11}$$

$$\ell = 0.455$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.455, or 45.5th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.727$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell) = n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (11)(0.727)$$

$$i = 8$$

Determine the x associated with i = 8.

$$x = 44.227$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{479.54}{11} = \boxed{43.595}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=11 and so n is odd.

median = 
$$x_{(11+1)/2} = x_6$$

So, median = 43.736

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 83.739. This means i = 9. We know n = 35. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{9}{35}$$

$$\ell = 0.257$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.257, or 25.7th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.343$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (35)(0.343)$$

$$i = 12$$

Determine the x associated with i = 12.

$$x = 87.356$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{3204.053}{35} = \boxed{91.544}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=35 and so n is odd.

median = 
$$x_{(35+1)/2}$$
, =  $x_{18}$ 

So, median = 93.2