## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 60.714. This means i = 3. We know n = 11. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{3}{11}$$

$$\ell = 0.273$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.273, or 27.3th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.455$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (11)(0.455)$$

$$i = 5$$

Determine the x associated with i = 5.

$$x = 60.848$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{671.071}{11} = 61.006$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=11 and so n is odd.

median = 
$$x_{(11+1)/2}$$
, =  $x_6$ 

So, median = 60.857

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 135.608. This means i = 14. We know n = 30. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{14}{30}$$

$$\ell = 0.467$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.467, or 46.7th percentile.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.167$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (30)(0.167)$$

$$i = 5$$

Determine the x associated with i = 5.

$$x = 102.518$$

- (c) The mean:  $\bar{x} = \frac{4313.608}{30} = \boxed{143.79}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$  and  $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$ . In this case, n=30 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_{15} + x_{16}}{2} = \frac{151.91 + 152.263}{2}$$

So, median = 152.0865