## 1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 20.796. This means i = 5. We know n = 11. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{5}{11}$$

$$\ell = 0.455$$

So, the answer is 0.455, or 45.5%.

(b) We are given  $\ell = 0.909$ . We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (11)(0.909)$$

$$i = 10$$

Determine the x associated with i = 10.

$$x = 21.323$$

- (c) The mean is  $\frac{228.425}{11} = 20.7659091$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i = \frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise median is mean of  $x_{\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor}$  and  $x_{\lceil \frac{n+1}{2} \rceil}$ . So, median = 20.839.

## 2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let  $\ell$  represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 34.692. This means i = 43. We know n = 49. Determine the percentile  $\ell$ .

$$\ell = \frac{43}{49}$$

$$\ell = 0.878$$

So, the answer is 0.878, or 87.8%.

(b) We are given  $\ell$  = 0.204. We can use algebra to solve for i.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n \cdot (\ell) = n \cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (49)(0.204)$$

$$i = 10$$

Determine the x associated with i = 10.

$$x = 32.503$$

- (c) The mean is  $\frac{1639.422}{49} = 33.458$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is  $x_{\frac{n+1}{2}}$ , the value of x when  $i = \frac{n+1}{2}$ . Otherwise median is mean of  $x_{\lfloor \frac{n+1}{2} \rfloor}$  and  $x_{\lceil \frac{n+1}{2} \rceil}$ . So, median = 33.542.