1. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 91.02. This means i = 2. We know n = 6. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{2}{6}$$

$$\ell = 0.333$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.333, or 33.3th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 0.833$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot(\ell)=n\cdot\left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (6)(0.833)$$

$$i = 5$$

Determine the x associated with i = 5.

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{605.096}{6} = 100.85$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=6 and so n is even.

$$median = \frac{x_3 + x_4}{2} = \frac{95.376 + 101.027}{2}$$

So, median = 98.2015

2. Solution

Let x represent a datum of interest. Let i represent that datum's index. Let ℓ represent that datum's percentile. Let n represent the sample size (number of measurements). In general,

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

(a) We are given x = 34.758. This means i = 7. We know n = 12. Determine the percentile ℓ .

$$\ell = \frac{7}{12}$$

$$\ell = 0.583$$

So, the percentile rank is 0.583, or 58.3th percentile.

(b) We are given $\ell = 1$. We can use algebra to solve for *i*.

$$\ell = \frac{i}{n}$$

Multiply both sides by n.

$$n\cdot (\ell)=n\cdot \left(\frac{i}{n}\right)$$

Simplify both sides.

$$n\ell = i$$

To make me happy, switch the sides.

$$i = n\ell$$

Now, we can evaluate i.

$$i = (12)(1)$$

$$i = 12$$

Determine the x associated with i = 12.

$$x = 45.719$$

- (c) The mean: $\bar{x} = \frac{412.587}{12} = \boxed{34.382}$
- (d) If n is odd, then median is $x_{i=\frac{n+1}{2}}$, the value of x when $i=\frac{n+1}{2}$. Otherwise, if n is even, the median is mean of $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}}$ and $x_{i=\frac{n}{2}+1}$. In this case, n=12 and so n is even.

$$\text{median} = \frac{x_6 + x_7}{2} = \frac{33.891 + 34.758}{2}$$

So, median = 34.3245