#### **NAME**

gc - count graph components

### **SYNOPSIS**

gc [ -necCaDUrs? ] [ files ]

# **DESCRIPTION**

gc is a graph analogue to wc in that it prints to standard output the number of nodes, edges, connected components or clusters contained in the input files. It also prints a total count for all graphs if more than one graph is given.

### **OPTIONS**

The following options are supported:

- **-n** Count nodes.
- **−e** Count edges.
- -c Count connected components.
- -C Count clusters. By definition, a cluster is a graph or subgraph whose name begins with "cluster".
- –a Count all. Equivalent to –encC
- **-r** Recursively analyze subgraphs.
- -s Print no output. Only exit value is important.
- **−D** Only analyze directed graphs.
- -U Only analyze undirected graphs.
- -? Print usage information.

By default, gc returns the number of nodes and edges.

#### **OPERANDS**

The following operand is supported:

files Names of files containing 1 or more graphs in dot format. If no files operand is specified, the standard input will be used.

### **EXIT STATUS**

The following exit values are returned:

- **0** Successful completion.
- 1 The -U or -E option was used, and a graph of the wrong type was encountered.

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## **SEE ALSO**

wc(1), acyclic(1), gvpr(1), gvcolor(1), ccomps(1), sccmap(1), tred(1), libgraph(3)