

2. Creating a Serverless API

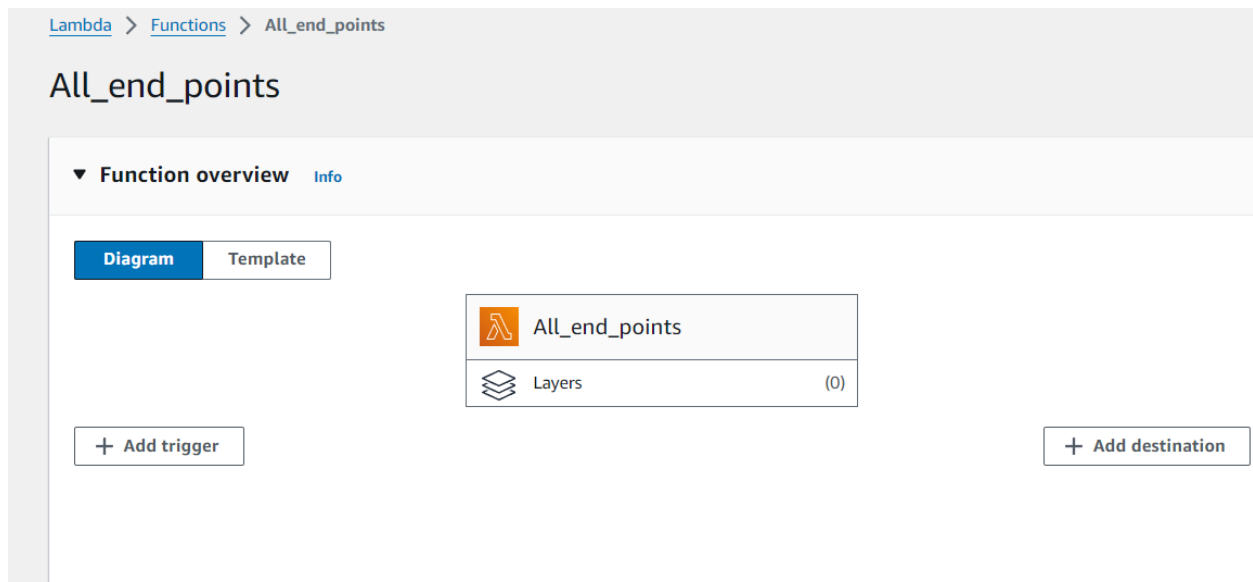
Objective: Develop a serverless API using AWS Lambda and API Gateway.

Approach:

- *Define API:* Design a simple RESTful API (e.g., for a todo list application).
- *Lambda Functions:* Create Lambda functions for each API method (GET, POST, PUT, DELETE).
- *API Gateway Setup:* Use API Gateway to set up the API endpoints, connecting each endpoint to the corresponding Lambda function.
- *Testing:* Test the API using tools like Postman or AWS API Gateway test functionality.

Goal: Gain hands-on experience in building and deploying a serverless API, understanding the integration between Lambda and API Gateway.

First define and create a lambda function:



Add Trigger point as Api Gateway

[Lambda](#) > Add trigger

Add trigger


Trigger configuration [Info](#)

Select a source

Q api Ga

X

APIs/interactive/web


 **API Gateway**
aws api application-services backend HTTP REST serverless

Cancel

Add

Create Rest Api

Trigger configuration [Info](#)

 **API Gateway**
aws api application-services backend HTTP REST serverless

Add an API to your Lambda function to create an HTTP endpoint that invokes your function. API Gateway supports two types of RESTful APIs: HTTP APIs and REST APIs. [Learn more](#)

Intent
Use an existing api or have us create one for you.

☒ Create a new API

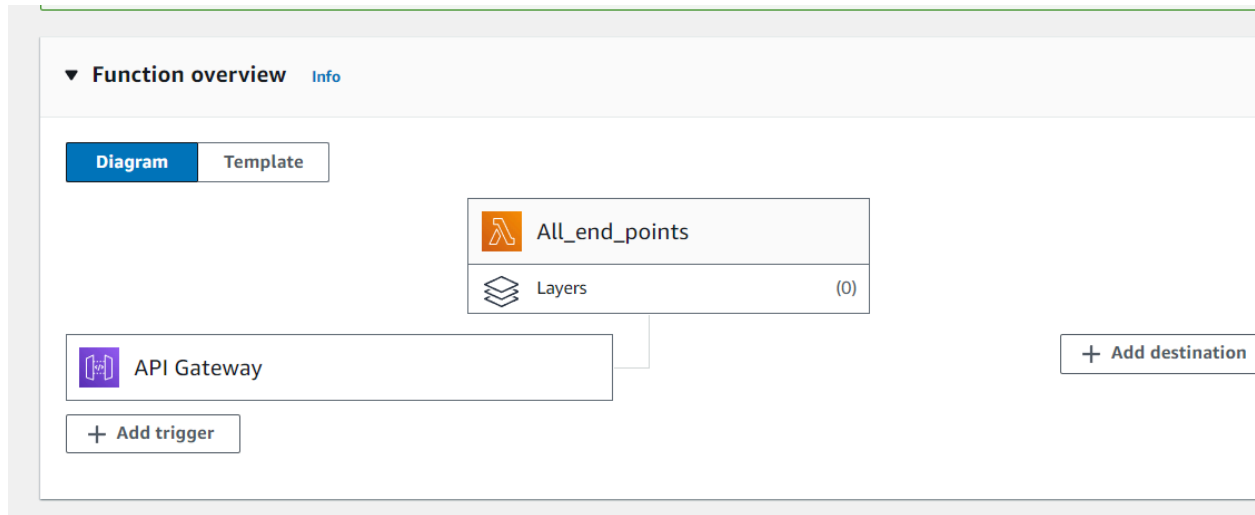
☐ Use existing API

API type

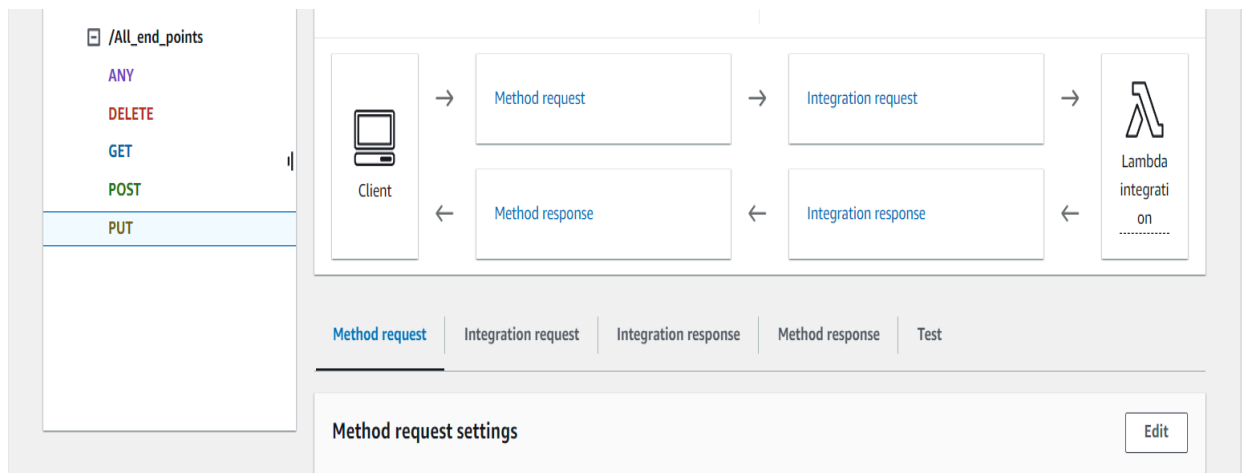
☐ **HTTP API**
Build low-latency and cost-effective REST APIs with built-in features such as OIDC and OAuth2, and native CORS support.

☒ **REST API**
Develop a REST API where you gain complete control over the request and response along with API management capabilities.

Api gateway Trigger Added



Create methods for the api:



Create dynamo db table:

[DynamoDB](#) > [Tables](#) > Create table

Create table

Table details [Info](#)

DynamoDB is a schemaless database that requires only a table name and a primary key when you create the table.

Table name
This will be used to identify your table.

Between 3 and 255 characters, containing only letters, numbers, underscores (_), hyphens (-), and periods (.).

Partition key
The partition key is part of the table's primary key. It is a hash value that is used to retrieve items from your table and allocate data across hosts for scalability and availability.

1 to 255 characters and case sensitive.

Sort key - optional
You can use a sort key as the second part of a table's primary key. The sort key allows you to sort or search among all items sharing the same partition key.

1 to 255 characters and case sensitive.

Lambda Function Code:

```
import json
import boto3
from botocore.exceptions import ClientError
dynamodb = boto3.resource('dynamodb')
table = dynamodb.Table('todolist_dynamo_table')
def lambda_handler(event, context):
    http_method = event.get("httpMethod").upper()
    if http_method == "POST":
        return post_request(event)
    elif http_method == "GET":
        return get_request(event)
    elif http_method == "DELETE":
        return delete_request(event)
    elif http_method == "PUT":
        return put_request(event)
    else:
        return {
            "statusCode": 405,
            "body": json.dumps({"error": "Not A valid Method"})
        }
```

```

def build_response(code, message, data=None):
    response_data = {
        "Code": code,
        "Message": message,
        "Data": data
    }
    return {
        "statusCode": code,
        "body": json.dumps(response_data)
    }

def post_request(event):
    try:
        id = event.get('id')
        todo = event.get('todo')
        status = event.get('status')
        item = {
            'id': id,
            'todo': todo,
            'status': status
        }

        table.put_item(Item=item)

        return build_response(200, "Success", {"message": "Insert Successful"})
    except ClientError as e:
        return build_response(500, "Internal Server Error", str(e))

def get_request(event):
    try:
        result = table.scan()
        items = result.get("Items", [])
        return build_response(200, "Success", items)
    except ClientError as e:
        return build_response(500, "Internal Server Error", str(e))

def delete_request(event):
    try:
        id = event.get('id')
        table.delete_item(Key={'id': id})
        return build_response(200, "Success", {"message": "Delete successful."})
    except ClientError as e:
        return build_response(500, "Internal Server Error", str(e))

def put_request(event):
    try:
        id = event.get('id')

```

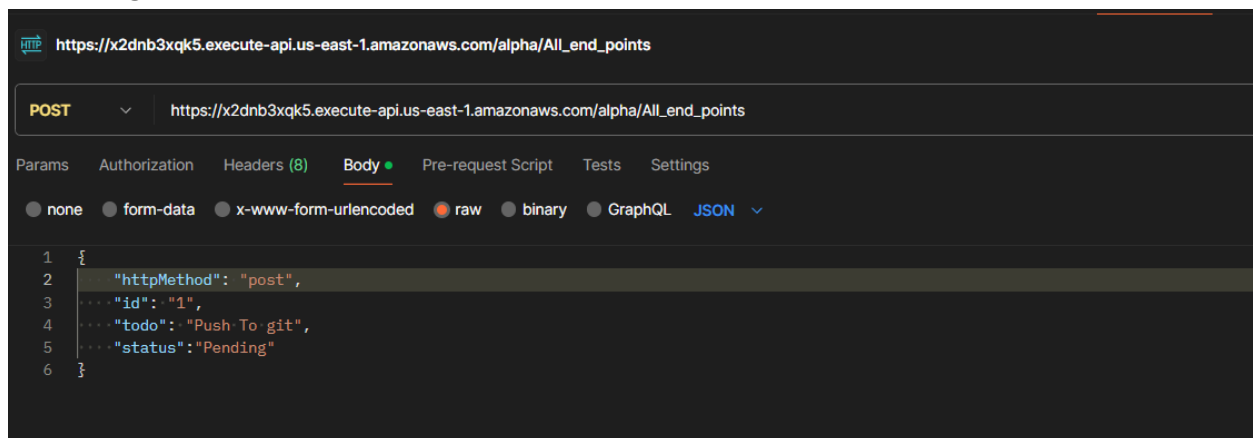
```

        update_key = event.get('update_key')
        update_value = event.get('update_value')

        response = table.update_item(
            Key={'id': id},
            UpdateExpression=f'SET #updateKey = :value',
            ExpressionAttributeNames={'#updateKey': update_key},
            ExpressionAttributeValues={':value': update_value},
            ReturnValues='UPDATED_NEW'
        )
        return build_response(200, "Success", {"message": "Data updated successfully."})
    except ClientError as e:
        return build_response(500, "Internal Server Error", str(e))

```

Executing the post request from postman:



Viewing value in DynamoDb table as:

Items returned (1)					Actions ▼	Create item
				< 1 >		
<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String)	status	todo			
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Pending	Push To git			

✔ Completed. Read capacity units consumed: 0.5

Items returned (4)

<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String) ▾	status ▾	todo
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Pending	UI Update
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Pending	Push To git
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Pending	Add Global page
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Done	Add Home page

Hitting Get request from postman:

The screenshot shows a Postman interface with a GET request to `https://x2dnb3xqk5.execute-api-us-east-1.amazonaws.com/alpha/All_end_points`. The request body is a JSON object: `{ "httpMethod": "get" }`. The response status is `200 OK` with a time of `1028 ms` and size of `691 B`. The response body is a JSON object: `{ "statusCode": 200, "body": { "Code": 200, "Message": "Success", "Data": [{ "todo": "UI Update", "id": "2", "status": "Pending" }, { "todo": "Push To git", "id": "1", "status": "Pending" }, { "todo": "Add Global page", "id": "4", "status": "Pending" }, { "todo": "Add Home page", "id": "3", "status": "Done" }] } } }`

Hitting delete request:

The screenshot shows a REST client interface with the following details:

- URL:** `https://x2dnb3xqk5.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/alpha/All_end_points`
- Method:** `DELETE`
- Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "httpMethod": "delete",
  "id": "1"
}
```
- Status:** `200 OK`
- Response Body (JSON):**

```
{
  "statusCode": 200,
  "body": "{\"Code\": 200, \\\"Message\\\": \\\"Success\\\", \\\"Data\\\": {\\\"message\\\": \\\"User deleted successfully.\\\"}}\""
}
```

Data before delete request:

Items returned (4)				
<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String)	status	todo	
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Pending	UI Update	
<input type="checkbox"/>	1	Pending	Push To git	
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Pending	Add Global page	
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Done	Add Home page	

Data after delete request:

Items returned (3)			
<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String) ▾	status ▾	todo
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Pending	UI Update
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Pending	Add Global page
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Done	Add Home page

Put request:

PUT

https://x2dnb3xqk5.execute-api.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/alpha/All_end_points

Params

Authorization

Headers (8)

Body

Pre-request Script

Tests

Settings

none

form-data

x-www-form-urlencoded

raw

binary

GraphQL

JSON

1

{

2

"httpMethod": "put",

3

"id": "4",

4

"update_key": "status",

5

"update_value": "Done"

6

}

Body

Cookies

Headers (7)

Test Results

Status: 200 OK

Pretty

Raw

Preview

Visualize

JSON

1

{

2

"statusCode": 200,

3

"body": "{\\\"Code\\\": 200, \\\"Message\\\": \\\"Success\\\", \\\"Data\\\": {\\\"message\\\": \\\"User updated successfully.\\\"}}"

4

}

Data before update(put)

<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String) ▾	status ▾	todo
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Pending	UI Update
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Pending	Add Global page
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Done	Add Home page

Data after update(put)

<input type="checkbox"/>	id (String) ▾	status ▾	todo
<input type="checkbox"/>	2	Pending	UI Update
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	Done	Add Global page
<input type="checkbox"/>	3	Done	Add Home page

This Concludes the serverless lab 2 of Creating a Serverless API.