The Secret Lives of Java Apps

Stories Told at Runtime









Origin Story (circa 2018)

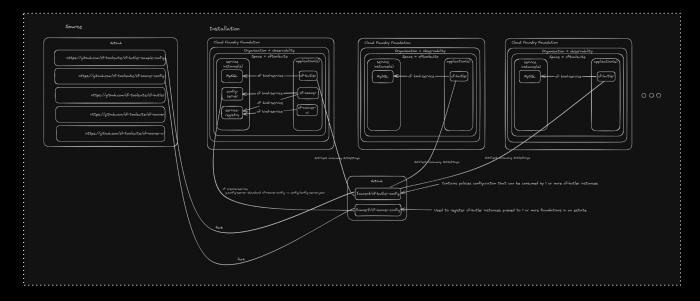
An aerospace company's platform team required some additional insight into applications that were running on Tanzu Application Service across several foundations. Commercial opt-in Telemetry did not exist at that time.

What were they trying to achieve?

- Improving economics of operation at scale.
- Cultivating best practice operating principles.
- Better collaboration between the platform operations team and development and product teams.
- Manifesting a particular culture for adoption and consumption (e.g., "platform as a privilege" or "platform as a right").

What evolved was a collection of purpose-built microservices

cf-butler cf-hoover cf-hoover-ui cf-archivist



Frameworks

```
Project Reactor *
Spring Boot 3.2 (Webflux, R2DBC)
Cloud Foundry Java Client
Java CFEnv
Vaadin, Apex Charts
```

With much gratitude and respect to Stephane Maldini



Outcomes

Platform teams and CISOs got runtime visibility into velocity of product teams and the operating characteristics of applications and service instances across entire estate.

Platform and product teams alike could define policies for governance and reporting purposes.

Wait... hold up

What am I here to talk about?



Units of deployment

- Applications
- (Managed) Services

Where could they run?

- Cloud Foundry
- Kubernetes
- ECS / Fargate
- Google Cloud Rur
- Azure Container Apps

Awareness and intimacy

- I want to know what's been deployed and its current state
- How frequently does my team (or the org at-large) deploy updates?
- Who deployed an application or service and when did they do that?
- What does my application depend upon?
- What dependency versions are prevalent?
- What critical vulnerabilities might I be exposed to?
- Which applications are affected?
- How might I pull latest information from source and affected artifacts forward?
- How easily may I (or other interested parties) obtain answers to these questions at runtime?

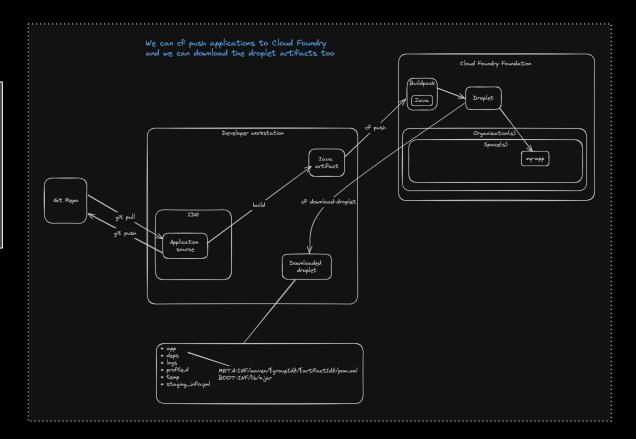


An aside on Cloud Foundry

Did you know?

Commands

- cf push
- cf create-service
- cf bind-service
- cf apps
- cf services
- cf download-droplet



We want to know more

Domain

We want to collect details about the applications and services, right?

AppDetail

- + organization
- + space + appId
- + appName
- + buildback
- + buildbackVersion
- + buildpackReleaseType + buildbackReleaseDate
- + buildpackLatestVersion
- + buildbackLatestUrl
- + image
- + stack
- + runningInstances + totalInstances
- + memoryUsed
- + diskUsed
- + memoryQuota + diskQuota
- + lastPushed
- + lastEvent
- + lastEventActor
- + lastEventTime
- + requestedState
- + routes

Buildpack

- + name
- + position + enabled
- + locked
- + filename + stack

Organization

- + name

Space

- + organizationId
- + organizationName
- + spaceId + spaceName

ServiceInstanceDetail

- + organization
- + space
- + service Instance Id
- + name
- + service
- + description + plan
- + type
- + applications
- + lastOperation
- + lastUpdated
- + dashboardUrl

+ organization

+ serviceName + serviceOffering

+ serviceInstanceId

+ space

+ appId

+ appName

+ requestedState

AppRelationship

JavaAppDetail

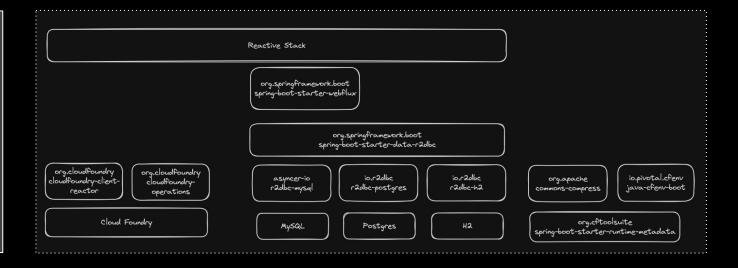
- + organization



Let's use Java

The building blocks

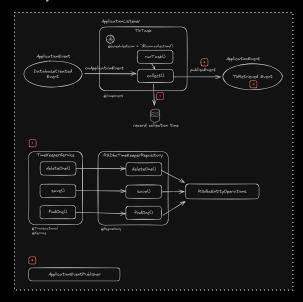
There just so happens to be a rich ecosystem of libraries and toolkits at our disposal to help us

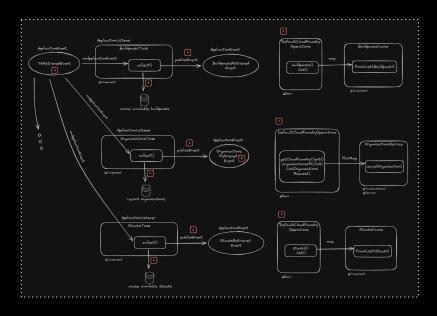




Architecture

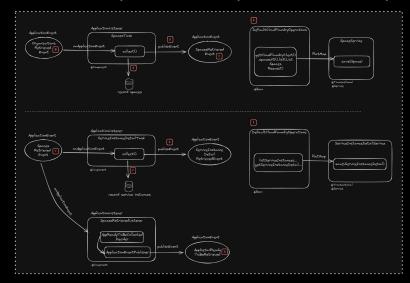
Pubsub pattern

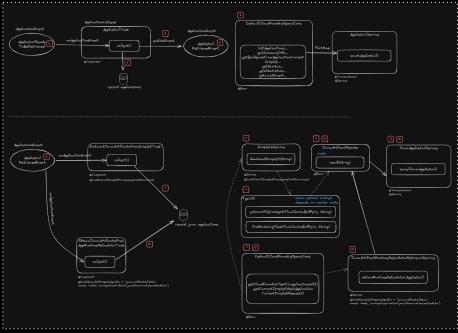




Architecture

Pubsub pattern (continued)







Varying approaches to collecting dependencies

Reporting on dependencies

Contrasting approaches

Unpack Maven POM contents in droplet

- unpacks and filters application droplets in-memory for a pom.xml file, return the contents
- only returns results if application was built with Maven

Expensive
Not comprehensive

List jars in droplet

 unpacks and filters application droplets in-memory returning list of embedded .jar files

Expensive Comprehensive Not portable

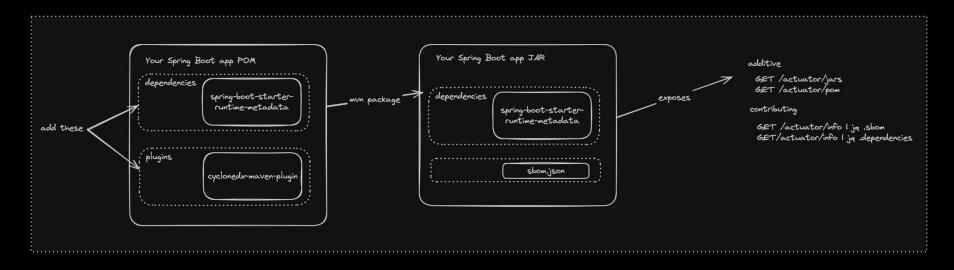
Obtain jars from runtime metadata

 expects applications to expose /actuator/jars endpoint from which .jar files are obtained

Light-weight Not comprehensive Portable

Let's look at that last option

Extending the Spring Boot Actuator info endpoint





Demo



For further research

https://projectreactor.io/

https://spring.io/projects/spring-boot https://spring.io/projects/spring-cloud

https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework/reference/web/webflux.html

https://spring.io/projects/spring-data-r2dbc

https://cyclonedx.org/ https://github.com/CycloneDX/cyclonedx-gradle-plugin https://github.com/CycloneDX/cyclonedx-maven-plugin https://github.com/CycloneDX/cdxgen

https://www.endorlabs.com/learn/how-cyclonedx-vex-makes-your-sbom-useful

https://github.com/CycloneDX/bom-examples/tree/master/VEX

https://github.com/cf-toolsuite/home https://github.com/cf-toolsuite/cf-butler https://github.com/cf-toolsuite/cf-hoover https://github.com/cf-toolsuite/cf-archivis

https://github.com/cf-toolsuite/spring-boot-starter-runtime-met adata

https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cf-java-client

https://github.com/kubernetes-client/java

https://github.com/kubernetes-client/java/blob/master/example s/examples-release-18/src/main/java/io/kubernetes/client/exam ples/SpringControllerExample.java

https://github.com/googleapis/google-cloud-java/tree/main/java-run

