

Regression and controls

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Recapitulating and further instructions

- Don't forget the deadlines.
- You should discuss with me your idea and data in the next two weeks.
 - Book office hours ASAP.
 - If no slots write me an email.
- Last class: We covered the basic use of stata.
- This class: basics of ensambling a database and intro to regression.

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We are interested in causal questions

What is the impact of D (your independent variable, the treatment) on Y (the outcome of interest or dependent variable)?

or...

Does D (your independent variable, the treatment) cause Y (the outcome of interest or dependent variable)?

The method for causal inference: regression

$$Y_i = \alpha + \beta D_i + \varepsilon_i.$$

- Y_i is the *outcome* for individual i .
- D_i is the the value of the *treatment* for i .
 - i is the *unit of observation*—the level at which your outcome is defined.

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- β is the slope; the *effect of the treatment*.
- ε is an error term with mean zero $E(\varepsilon) = 0$; in it there could be other things that explain Y and random noise.

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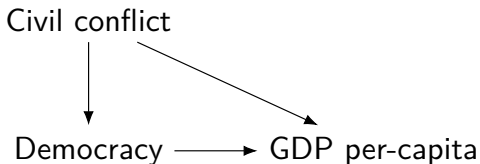
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Does democracy lead to higher GDP?

Democracy \longrightarrow GDP per-capita

- We ask whether democracy causes GDP per-capita.
- But conflict causes both.
- Conflict is a confounder.

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- i is the country (unit of analysis); t is the year. Pair it is unit of observation.

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- δ is the coefficient for conflict.
 - coefficients for confounders should not be interpreted.

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