



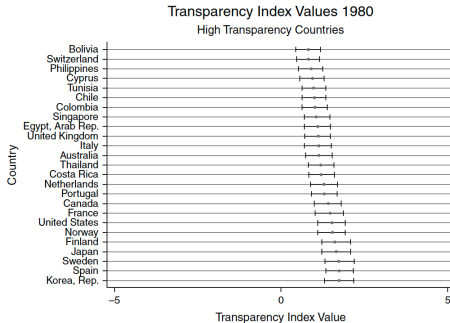
New Challenges to International Cooperation: Automation and Climate Change

Carlos Felipe Balcazar

MacMillan Center

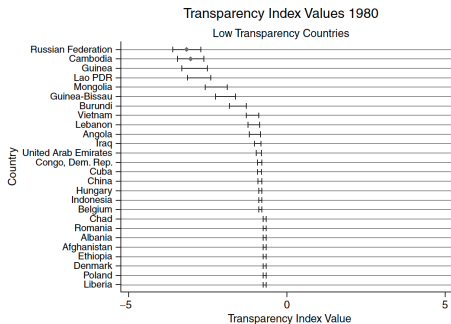
April, 2024

Transparency and cooperation



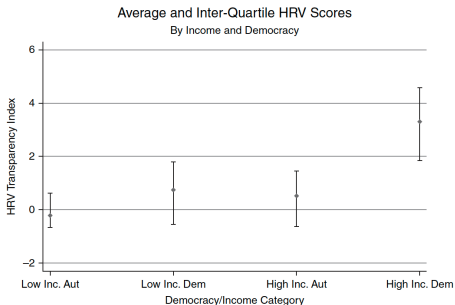
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 - ▶ GDP, human rights abuses, corruption, health, etc.

Transparency and cooperation



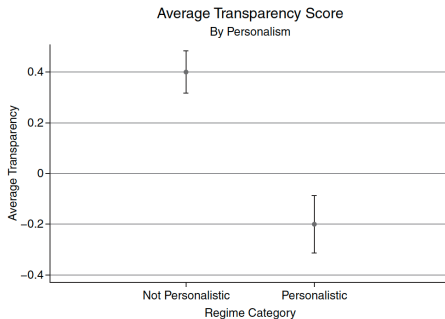
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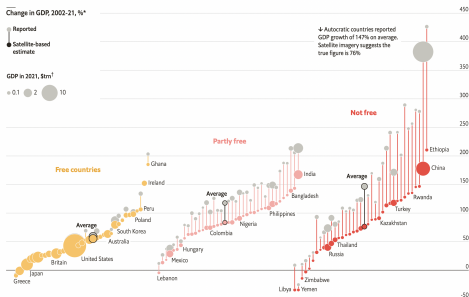
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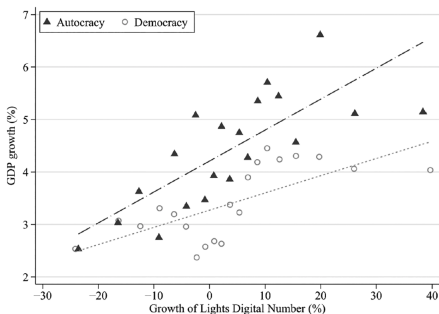
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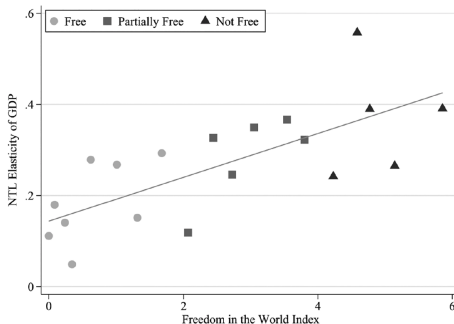
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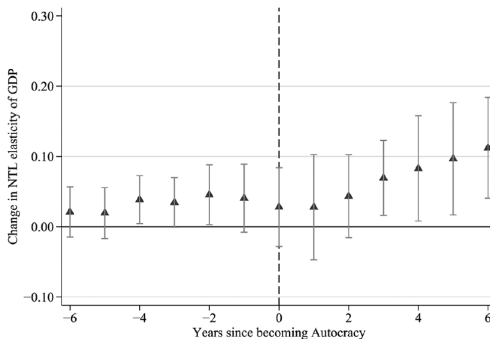
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THE AUTOCRACY GRADIENT IN THE NTL ELASTICITY OF GDP SUBCOMPONENTS

	Consumption (1)	Investment (2)	Government (3)	Exports (4)	Imports (5)
$\ln(\text{NTL})_{i,t}$.184*** [.041]	.353*** [.083]	.210*** [.060]	.354*** [.077]	.253*** [.054]
$\text{FiW}_{i,t}$	-.003 [.035]	.023 [.062]	-.002 [.041]	-.007 [.058]	-.006 [.042]
$\text{FiW}_{i,t}^2$	-.002 [.006]	-.010 [.012]	-.001 [.007]	-.004 [.011]	-.005 [.008]
$\ln(\text{NTL})_{i,t} \times \text{FiW}_{i,t}$.004 [.006]	.040*** [.010]	.030*** [.007]	.011 [.012]	.013* [.008]
- - - - -	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -

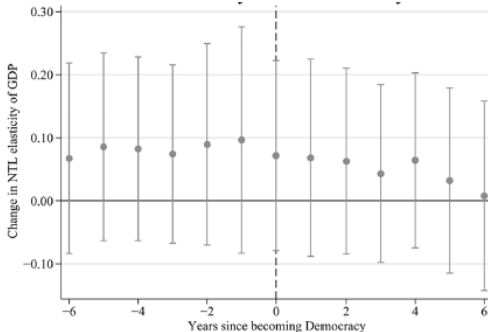
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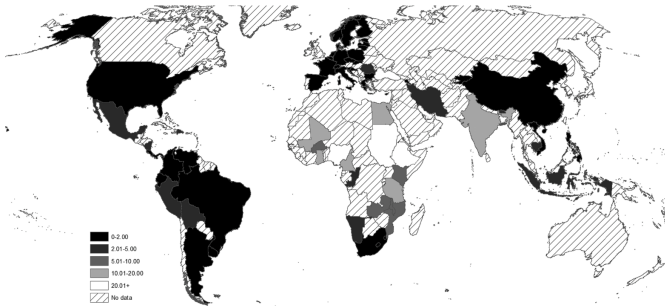
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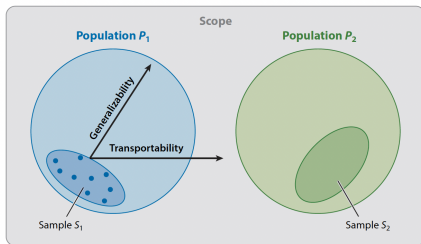
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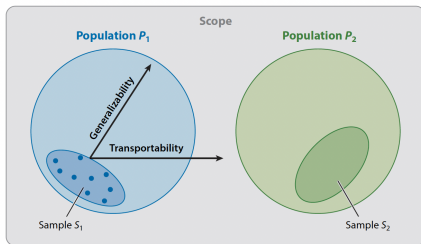
- ▶ Autocratic countries don't always report (accurate) information.
 - ▶ GDP, human rights abuses, corruption, health, etc.
- ▶ Much of the data we use depends on govts and IOs.
- ▶ Same issue when states and IOs have low capacity.

Implications for empirical analysis



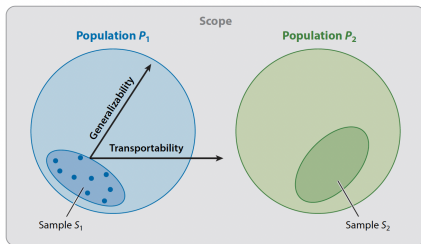
- Treatment \Rightarrow self-selection! (selection into the DV).

Implications for empirical analysis



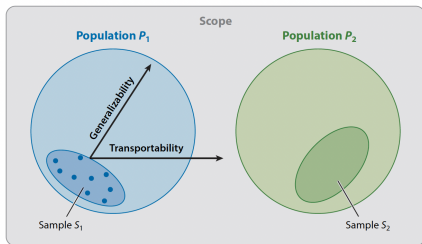
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- ▶ Induces post-treatment self-selection. When? Where?

Implications for empirical analysis



- ▶ Treatment \Rightarrow self-selection! (selection into the DV).
- ▶ Different from pre-treatment self-selection. Why?
- ▶ Induces post-treatment self-selection. When? Where?
- ▶ Limits generalizability and transportability (scope). Why? When?

Implications for social science

- ▶ Institutional change \Rightarrow quality of information.
 - ▶ Recall, also induces post-treatment measurement error!
Consequences?

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- ▶ State, NGO and IO independence can help! But sufficient?
 - ▶ Cost of deviation to make it incentive compatible.
 - ▶ Signal domestic audience transparency; also for deterrence!
 - ▶ It is also a reflection of geopolitics!
 - ▶ Differences in resources for collecting quality data.
 - ▶ Data manipulation for geopolitical agenda.

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Imputation and worst case bounds

Table 1. Bias in listwise deletion and multiple imputation.

Missingness	Listwise Deletion	Multiple Imputation
MCAR	Unbiased	Unbiased
MAR (Missing in X)	Unbiased	Unbiased
MAR (Missing in Y, X)	Biased	Unbiased
MNAR/NI (Missing in X)	Unbiased	?
MNAR/NI (Missing in Y, X)	Biased	Biased

► Imputation?

Imputation and worst case bounds

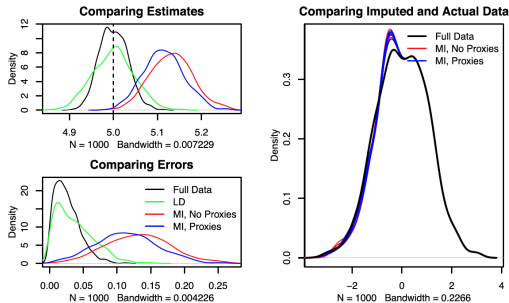
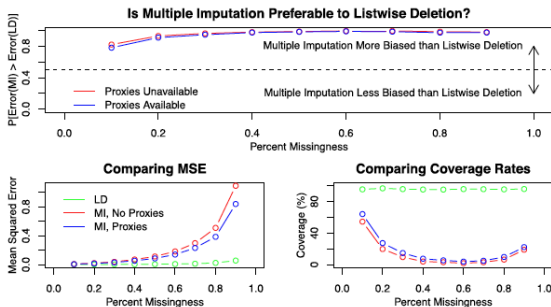


Figure 1. Simulation results.

► Imputation?

Imputation and worst case bounds



- Imputation? Dangerous for addressing selection into DV!

Imputation and worst case bounds

Y_i is our outcome, then

$$R_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Selected,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad D_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Treated,} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases} \quad Y_i = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{Yes,} \\ 0 & \text{No.} \end{cases}$$

- ▶ Imputation? Dangerous for addressing selection into DV!
- ▶ Manski bounds are a safer alternative; can be uninformative.

Imputation and worst case bounds

Unobserved: $E[Y_{i1}|R_i = 0, D_i = 1]$ and $E[Y_{i0}|R_i = 0, D_i = 0]$

Assume worst:

$$E[Y_{i1}|R_i = 0, D_i = 1] = 0 \text{ and } E[Y_{i0}|R_i = 0, D_i = 0] = 1$$

$$E[Y_{i1}|R_i = 0, D_i = 1] = 1 \text{ and } E[Y_{i0}|R_i = 0, D_i = 0] = 0$$

- ▶ Imputation? Dangerous for addressing selection into DV!
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Imputation and worst case bounds

Compute bounds:

$$BL = Pr(R_i = 1|Di = 1)E(Y_i|Di = 1, R_i = 1) \\ - [Pr(R_i = 1|Di = 0)E(Y_i|Di = 0, R_i = 1) + Pr(R_i = 0|Di = 0)]$$

$$BU = [Pr(R_i = 1|Di = 1)E(Y_i|Di = 1, R_i = 1) + Pr(R_i = 0|Di = 1)] \\ - Pr(R_i = 1|Di = 0)E(Y_i|Di = 0, R_i = 1)$$

- ▶ Imputation?
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Imputation and worst case bounds

Trim bounds (never attriters):

$$width = P(R_i = 0|D_i = 1) + P(R_i = 0|D_i = 0)$$

to

$$width = \frac{Pr(R_i = 1|D_i = 1) - Pr(R_i = 1|D_i = 0)}{P(R_i = 1|D_i = 0)}$$

- ▶ Imputation?
- ▶ Manski bounds are a safer alternative; can be uninformative.
- ▶ Trimming bounds helps but needs (strong) assumptions.
 - ▶ Assumption: treatment has an effect on response.
 - ▶ If diff. in response rates are small, bounds are informative.

Next class...

Leaders and bureaucrats!