

# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

Creation Date 16-June-2009 Revision Date 24-December-2021 Revision Number 9

1. Identification

Product Name Acetonitrile

Cat No.: A998SS50, A998SS28, A998212, A998POP50, A998N219, A998N119,

A998RS28, A998RS19, A998SS200, A998SS115, A998RS50, A998RS115, A998SK4, A998SK1, A9984LC, A99818, A9984, A998RS200, A9981, A998SS1350; NC0320219; XXA998U200LI; NC1449681; A998RS-1350ASME; NC1561776; A998RS200ASME; NC1568700; XXA998U20LI; NC1929425; NC2054219; A998RS1250;

NC2962041

Acros Organics

One Reagent Lane

Fair Lawn, NJ 07410

**CAS-No** 75-05-8

Synonyms AN; Methyl cyanide; Ethanenitrile

Recommended Use Laboratory chemicals.

**Uses advised against** Food, drug, pesticide or biocidal product use.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Importer/Distributor

Fisher Scientific 112 Colonnade Road, Ottawa, ON K2E 7L6,

Canada

Tel: 1-800-234-7437

Manufacturer

Fisher Scientific Company One Reagent Lane Fair Lawn, NJ 07410 Tel: (201) 796-7100

**Emergency Telephone Number** 

CHEMTREC®, Inside the USA: 800-424-9300 CHEMTREC®, Outside the USA: 001-703-527-3887

For information **US** call: 001-800-227-6701 / **Europe** call: +32 14 57 52 11 Emergency Number **US**:001-201-796-7100 / **Europe**: +32 14 57 52 99 **CHEMTREC** Tel. No. **US**:001-800-424-9300 / **Europe**:001-703-527-3887

# 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification

WHMIS 2015 Classification Classified as hazardous under the Hazardous Products Regulations (SOR/2015-17)

Flammable liquids
Acute oral toxicity
Category 4
Acute dermal toxicity
Category 4
Acute Inhalation Toxicity
Category 4
Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation
Category 2
Category 2

Label Elements

## Signal Word

Danger

### **Hazard Statements**

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled Causes serious eye irritation



## **Precautionary Statements**

### Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment

Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Use only non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

## Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

## Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

# **Disposal**

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

# 3. Composition/Information on Ingredients

Component	CAS-No	Weight %
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	>95

# 4. First-aid measures

### **General Advice**

Immediate medical attention is required. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

**Eye Contact**Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.

Immediate medical attention is required.

Skin Contact Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical

attention is required.

**Inhalation** Remove to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Do

not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper

respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.

**Ingestion** Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects Difficulty in breathing. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness,

nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea

and vomiting

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media Water spray. CO<sub>2</sub>, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Water mist may be used

to cool closed containers.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media Water may be ineffective, Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F

**Method** - No information available

Autoignition Temperature 525 °C / 977 °F

**Explosion Limits** 

Upper 16 vol %
Lower 3 vol %
Oxidizing Properties Not oxidising

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact No information available Sensitivity to Static Discharge No information available

## **Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**

Flammable. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

#### **Hazardous Combustion Products**

Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid). Nitrogen oxides (NOx). Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2).

## **Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

NFPA

HealthFlammabilityInstabilityPhysical hazards230N/A

# 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal Precautions** Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure

adequate ventilation. Use personal protective equipment as required.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Should not be released into the environment. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

Methods for Containment and Clean Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Provide adequate ventilation. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Prevent product from entering drains.

# 7. Handling and storage

## Handling

Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

## Storage.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Flammables area. Incompatible Materials. Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Reducing Agent. Bases.

# 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

# **Exposure Guidelines**

Component	Alberta	British Columbia	Ontario TWAEV	Quebec	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH
Acetonitrile	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	(Vacated) TWA:	IDLH: 137 ppm
	TWA: 34 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Skin	Skin	Ceiling: 10 ppm	Skin	40 ppm	IDLH: 25 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
				Ceiling: 11		(Vacated) TWA:	REL = 20 ppm
				mg/m³		70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(TWA)
				Skin		(Vacated) TWA:	$REL = 34 \text{ mg/m}^3$
						5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	(TWA)
						(Vacated) STEL:	
						60 ppm	
						(Vacated) STEL:	
						105 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
						TWA: 40 ppm	
						TWA: 70 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	

## Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

NIOSH: NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

# **Engineering Measures**

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

## Personal protective equipment

**Eye Protection Hand Protection**  Gogales

Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	> 480 minutes	0.35 mm	As tested under EN374-3
			Determination of Resistance to
			Permeation by Chemicals

Inspect gloves before use. observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information) gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion. gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

## **Respiratory Protection**

When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly **Recommended Filter type:** low boiling organic solvent Type AX Brown conforming to EN371

### **Environmental exposure controls**

No information available.

### **Hygiene Measures**

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical StateLiquidAppearanceColorlessOdoraromaticOdor Threshold170 ppmPHNot applicable

Melting Point/Range -46 °C / -50.8 °F

**Boiling Point/Range** 81 - 82 °C / 177.8 - 179.6 °F @ 760 mmHg

Flash Point 12.8 °C / 55 °F

Evaporation Rate 5.79

Flammability (solid,gas) Not applicable

Flammability or explosive limits

Upper16 vol %Lower3 vol %

Vapor Pressure 97 mbar @ 20 °C

Vapor Density1.42Specific Gravity0.781SolubilitymisciblePartition coefficient; n-octanol/waterNo data available

Autoignition Temperature

525 °C / 977 °F

Decomposition Temperature

Viscosity

525 °C / 977 °F

No information available

0.36 cP at 20 °C

Molecular Formula C2 H3 N
Molecular Weight 41.05

# 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard None known, based on information available

**Stability** Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid** Incompatible products. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

Exposure to moisture.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Reducing Agent, Bases

Hazardous Decomposition Products Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO),

Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)

**Hazardous Polymerization** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

None under normal processing. **Hazardous Reactions** 

# 11. Toxicological information

**Acute Toxicity** 

**Product Information Component Information** 

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation	
Acetonitrile 450-787 mg/kg (Rat)		> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit)	LC50 = 3587 ppm (6.022 mg/l)	
2460 mg/kg ( Rat )			(Mouse) 4h LC50 = 16,000 ppm (26.8 mg/l)	
			(Rat) 4h	

**Toxicologically Synergistic** 

No information available

**Products** 

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation Irritating to eyes

Sensitization No information available

Carcinogenicity The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Component	CAS-No	-No IARC		ACGIH	OSHA	Mexico	
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Not listed					

**Mutagenic Effects** No information available

**Reproductive Effects** No information available.

**Developmental Effects** No information available.

**Teratogenicity** No information available.

STOT - single exposure None known STOT - repeated exposure None known

No information available **Aspiration hazard** 

delayed

Symptoms / effects,both acute and Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Metabolism may release cyanide, which may result in headache, dizziness, weakness, collapse, unconsciousness, and possible death: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting

**Endocrine Disruptor Information** No information available

The toxicological properties have not been fully investigated. Other Adverse Effects

# 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** 

Component	Freshwater Algae	Freshwater Fish	Microtox	Water Flea
Acetonitrile	Not listed	LC50: = 1850 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 28000 mg/L 48 h	Not listed
		static (Lepomis macrochirus)	EC50 = 73  mg/L 24  h	
		LC50: = 1000 mg/L, 96h	EC50 = 7500 mg/L 15 h	
		static (Pimephales	_	
		promelas)		
		LC50: 1600 - 1690 mg/L,		
		96h flow-through		
		(Pimephales promelas)		

	LC50: = 1650 mg/L, 96h static (Poecilia reticulata)	

Persistence and Degradability

Persistence is unlikely based on information available.

**Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation** 

No information available.

**Mobility** 

Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

Component	log Pow	
Acetonitrile	-0.34	

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste Disposal Methods** 

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.

Component	RCRA - U Series Wastes	RCRA - P Series Wastes	
Acetonitrile - 75-05-8	U003	-	

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

\_TDG

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

<u>IATA</u>

**UN-No** UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3 Packing Group II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No UN1648

Proper Shipping Name ACETONITRILE

Hazard Class 3
Packing Group ||

# 15. Regulatory information

## **International Inventories**

Component	CAS-No	DSL	NDSL	TSCA	TSCA Inventory notification - Active-Inactive	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	X	-	X	ACTIVE	200-835-2	-	-

	Component	CAS-No	IECSC	KECL	ENCS	ISHL	TCSI	AICS	NZIoC	PICCS
ı	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	X	KE-00067	X	X	Х	Х	Х	Х

# Legend:

X - Listed '-' - Not Listed

**KECL** - NIER number or KE number (http://ncis.nier.go.kr/en/main.do)

DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances

**IECSC** - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances

KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances
ENCS - Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

### Canada

SDS in compliance with provisions of information as set out in Canadian Standard - Part 4, Schedule 1 and 2 of the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) and meets the requirements of the HPR (Paragraph 13(1)(a) of the Hazardous Products Act (HPA)).

Component	Canada - National Pollutant Release Inventory (NPRI)	Canadian Environmental Protection Agency (CEPA) - List of Toxic Substances	Canada's Chemicals Management Plan (CEPA)
Acetonitrile	Acetonitrile Part 1, Group A Substance Part 4 Substance		

### Other International Regulations

## Authorisation/Restrictions according to EU REACH

	Component		REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain Dangerous Substances	
	Acetonitrile	-	Use restricted. See entry 75.	-
L			(see link for restriction details)	

#### **REACH links**

Component

Acetonitrile

https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach

## Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

CAS-No

75-05-8

				Pollutant	Potentiai	Substances (RoHS)
[	Acetonitrile	75-05-8	Listed	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
	Component	CAS-No	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) -	Rotterdam Convention (PIC)	Basel Convention (Hazardous Waste)
			Qualifying Quantities   Qualifying Quantities			
			for Major Accident	for Safety Report		
- 1			Notification	Requirements		1

# 16. Other information

Prepared By Regulatory Affairs

Thermo Fisher Scientific

Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Not applicable

**OECD HPV** 

Creation Date16-June-2009Revision Date24-December-2021Print Date24-December-2021

Revision Summary This document has been updated to comply with the requirements of WHMIS 2015 to align

with the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) for the Classification and Labelling of

Persistent Organic

Not applicable

**Ozone Depletion** 

Not applicable

Restriction of

Not applicable

Chemicals.

## Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information

relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text

**End of SDS**