# The Organization and Graphic **Presentation of Data**

**EDP 613** 

Week 2

#### Basic Ideas

- **Distribution** All of the possible values for a variable and how often they occur
- Frequency distribution A table that displays a distribution
- Relative frequency How often something happens divided by all outcomes

#### **Professor Salaries**

			Search:					
	Rank	Discipline	Years Since PhD		Years of Service	SAY		Salary in USD
1	Professor	Applied	19		18	Male	e	139750
2	Professor	Applied	20		16	Male	e	173200
3	Assistant Professor	Applied	4		3	Mal	е	79750
4	Professor	Applied	45		39	Male	e	115000
5	Professor	Applied	40		41	Male	e	141500
Showing 1 to 5 of 397 entries								
		Previous	1 2	3	4 5	5	80	Next

#### **Frequency Distribution Table**

Rank	Frequency
Assistant Professor	67
Associate Professor	64
Professor	266

#### Other Descriptive Information

- **Proportion** A relative frequency taken from the whole frequency and is normally between 0 and 1.
- **Percentage** A relative frequency taken from the whole frequency and is normally between 0 and 100.

Rank	Frequency	Proportion	Percent
Assistant Professor	67	0.1687657	16.88
Associate Professor	64	0.1612091	16.12
Professor	266	0.6700252	67.00

#### **Cumulative Distributions**

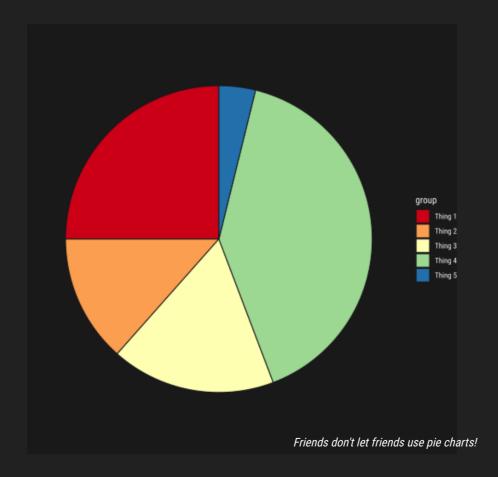
• **Cumulative frequency** - A table that displays the frequencies at or below a given category.

Rank	Frequency	Proportion	Percent	Cumulative Proportion	Cumulative Percent
Assistant Professor	67	0.1687657	16.88	0.1687657	16.88
Associate Professor	64	0.1612091	16.12	0.3299748	33.00
Professor	266	0.6700252	67.00	1.0000000	100.00

#### **Data Visualization**

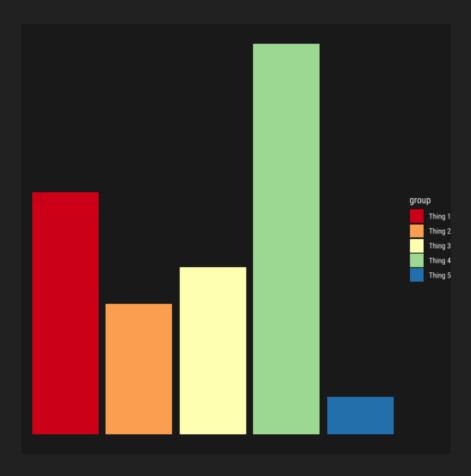
#### **Pie Charts**

discrete data



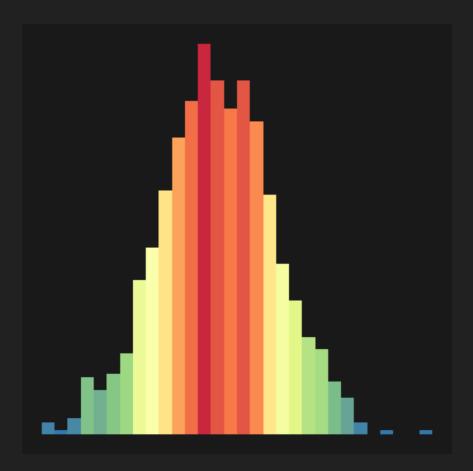
#### **Bar Plot**

discrete data



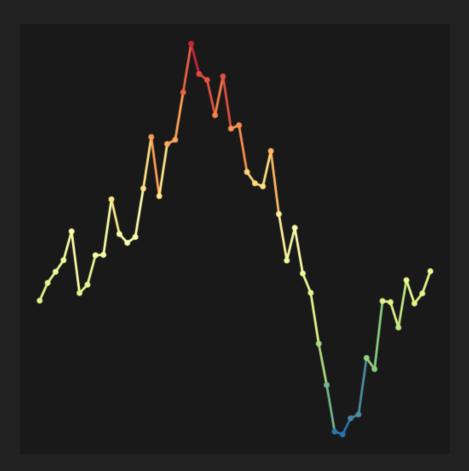
### Histogram

• continuous data



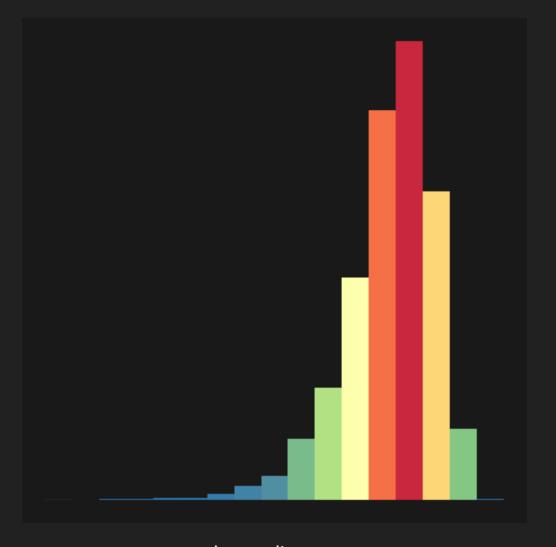
### Line graph

continuous data



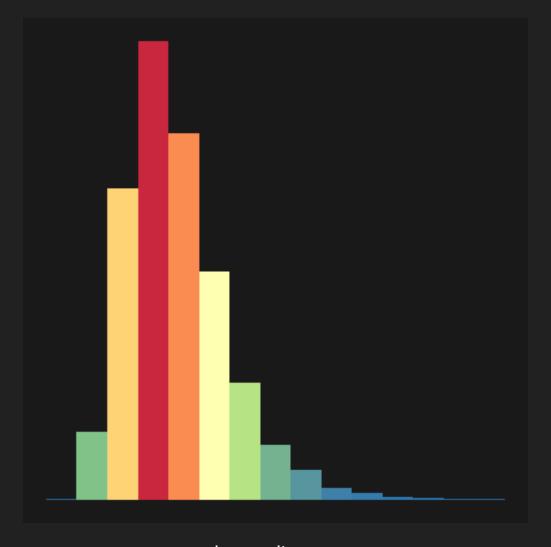
#### **Special Distributions**

#### • Skewed left OR Negative skew



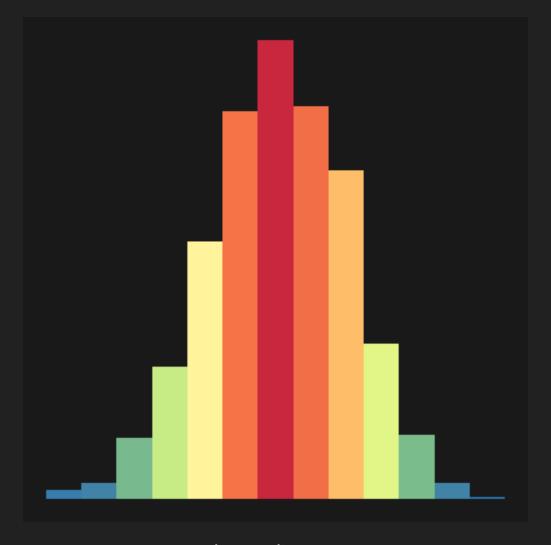
mode < median < mean

• Skewed right OR Positive skew



mode > median > mean

#### • Normal distribution



mode = median = mean

Remember that most of the time we're going to assume normality in this course!

## That's it. Take a break before our R session!