

1) 15 possible outcomes

$$P(\text{someone answers a question}) = \frac{8}{15}$$

$$1 - \frac{8}{15} = 0.46$$

2)

$$\binom{8}{5} p^5 (1-p)^3 = 0.000006435$$

$$p = \frac{4200}{10^5}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & \nearrow & & \nearrow & & \nearrow & & \nearrow & & \nearrow \\ & 5 & \times & 4 & \times & 7 & \times & 6 & \times & 5 \\ \text{5 odd} & & & \text{4 odd} & & & & & & \text{5 even} \\ \text{numbers} & & & \text{numbers} & & & & & & \text{numbers} \end{array}$$

numbers that aren't in other spaces

ways to
roll
2 die ≥ 4

$$3) P(\geq 2 \text{ dice showing } \geq 4) = \binom{3}{2} \times \left(\frac{3}{6}\right)^2 \times \left(\frac{3}{6}\right) + \binom{3}{3} \times \left(\frac{3}{6}\right)^3 \times \frac{3}{6} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(\text{all 3 show same value}) = \frac{6}{6^3} = \frac{1}{36}$$

↑ probability
that each die
 ≥ 4

$$P(\text{all 3 dice are the same AND greater than 4}) = P(\text{all 3 are 4}) + P(\text{all 3 are 5}) + P(\text{all 3 are 6})$$

$$\frac{1}{6^3} + \frac{1}{6^3} + \frac{1}{6^3} = \frac{1}{12}$$

$$\frac{1}{12} = \frac{1}{36} \times \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{They are independent}$$

4)