Câu 1. All the members of a record must be A. the same type B. related types C. integer type D. character type
Câu 2. C, C++, and Java can be classified as languages. A. machine B. symbolic C. high-level D. natural
Câu 3. In the system development process, writing the program is part of the phase. A. Analysis B. design C. implementation D. testing
 Câu 4. Virtual memory, which implies or both. A. Demand paging, demand segmentation B. Paging, demand paging C. Paging, demand paging D. Demand segmentation, partitioning
Câu 5 is a common language in the business —environment. A. FORTRAN B. C++ C. C D. COBOL
Câu 6. One phase in system development is A. Analysis B. application C. designing D. collecting

Câu 7. The task of subdividing memory between O/S and processes is performed automatically by the O/S and is called
A. Protection
B. Reallocation
C. Memory management
D. All of the above
Câu 8. The pop operation of the stack. A. deletes an item from the top B. deletes an item from the bottom C. inserts an item at the top D. inserts an item at the bottom Câu 9. If A is the first data element input into a queue, followed by B, C, and D, then is the first element to be removed. A. A B. B C. C
D. D
 Câu 10. A is a set of predefined words that are combined into a program according to predefined rules (syntax) A. Programming language B. Computer language C. Machine language D. All of the above
Câu 11. In an abstract data type, A. the ADT implementation is known B. the ADT implementation is hidden C. the ADT public operations are hidden D. Nothing is hidden
Câu 12. How many stages are there in the software development of waterfall model? A. Three B. Four C. Five D. Six

Câu 13. is an English-language-like representation of code.
A. A UML diagram
B. A program
C. Pseudocode
D. An algorithm
Câu 14. Which of the following data structures have FIFO structure? A. Stack B. Graph C. Tree D. Queue
 Câu 15 is an ordered collection of data in which each element contains the location of the next element. A. An array B. A record C. A linked list D. A file
 Câu 16. In sort, the item that goes into the sorted list is always the first item in the unsorted list. A. selection B. bubble C. insertion D. every
 Câu 17. To prevent, an operating system can put resource restrictions on processes. A. starvation B. synchronization C. paging D. deadlock
Câu 18. Each element in a record is called A. a variable B. an index

C. a field D. a node
Câu 19. The scheduler moves a process from one process state to another. A. job B. process C. virtual D. queue
Câu 20 is a step-by-step method for solving a problem or doing a task. A. A construct B. A recursion C. An iteration D. An algorithm
 Câu 21. The concept of memory management satisfies certain system requirements, including: A. Protection B. Reallocation C. Physical organization D. All of the above
Câu 22. In the system development process, structure charts are tools used in the phase. A. analysis B. design C. implementation D. testing
Câu 23. An array that consists of just rows and columns is a array. A. one-dimensional B. two-dimensional C. three-dimensional D. multidimensional
Câu 24. A data structure can be .

A. only an array

B. only a recordC. only a linked list
D. an array, a record, or a linked list
Câu 25. Java is a(n) language. A. procedural B. functional C. declarative D. object-oriented
Câu 26. A stack is a structure. A. FIFO B. LIFO C. DIFO D. SIFO
Câu 27. There are basic constructs in computer –science. A. one B. two C. three D. four
Câu 28. If A is the first data element input into a stack, followed by B, C, and D, ther is the first element to be removed. A. A B. B C. C D. D
 Câu 29. The concept of virtual memory is based on one or both of 2 basic techniques A. Overlaying and relocation B. Demand paging and segmentation C. Segmentation and partitioning D. None of the above
Câu 30. Defining the users, requirements, and methods is part of the phase. A. analysis

- B. design
- C. implementation
- D. testing