

Verification and tools in Event-B modelling

Mike Poppleton
users.ecs.soton.ac.uk/mrp

Slides adapted from Prof. Michael Butler,
Marktoberdorf Summer School 2012

Overview

- Abstraction & refinement
validation & verification
- Proof obligations in Event-B
- Rodin tool features

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

2

Problem Abstraction

- Abstraction can be viewed as a process of **simplifying** our understanding of a system.
- The simplification should
 - **focus** on the **intended purpose** of the system
 - **ignore** details of **how** that purpose is achieved.
- The modeller/analyst should make **judgements** about what they believe to be the **key features** of the system.

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

3

Abstraction (continued)

- If the purpose is to provide some **service**, then
 - model **what** a system does from the perspective of the service users
 - ‘users’ might be computing agents as well as humans.
- If the purpose is to **control**, **monitor** or **protect** some **phenomenon**, then
 - the abstraction should **focus** on those phenomenon
 - in **what** way should they be controlled, monitored or protected?

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

4

Refinement

- Refinement is a process of **enriching** or **modifying** a model in order to
 - **augment** the functionality being modelled, **or**
 - **explain** how some purpose is achieved
- Facilitates abstraction: we can **postpone** treatment of some system features **to later** refinement steps
- Event-B provides a notion of **consistency** of a refinement:
 - Use proof to **verify the consistency** of a refinement step
 - **Failing proof** can help us identify **inconsistencies**

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

5

Validation and verification

- Requirements validation:**
 - The extent to which (informal) requirements satisfy the needs of the stakeholders
- Model validation:**
 - The extent to which (formal) model accurately captures the (informal) requirements
- Model verification:**
 - The extent to which a model correctly maintains invariants or refines another (more abstract) model
 - Measured, e.g., by degree of validity of proof obligations

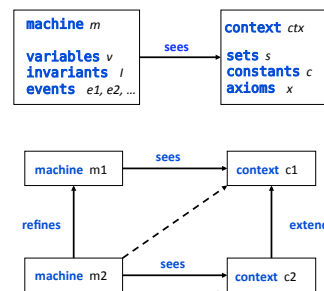
1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

6

Event-B verification and tools

Event-B modelling components



1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

8

Event structure

```

E =                                \\ event name
any
  x1, x2, ...                      \\ event parameters
where
  G1                               \\ event guards (predicates)
  G2
  ...
then
  v1 := exp1                      \\ event actions
  v2 := exp2
  ...
end

```

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

9

Role of Event Parameters

- Most generally, parameters represent nondeterministically chosen values, e.g.,

```

NonDetInc =
  any d where v+d ≤ MAX then v:=v+d end

```

- Event parameters can also be used to model **input** and **output** values of an event

- Can also have nondeterministic actions:

```

when v<MAX then v :| v < v' ≤ MAX end

```

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

10

Refinement for events

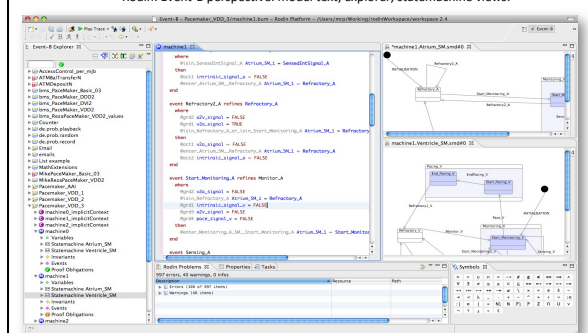
- A refined machine has two kinds of events:
 - Refined** events that refine some event of the abstract machine
 - New** events that refine *skip*
- Verification of event refinement uses
 - gluing** invariants linking abstract and concrete variables
 - witnesses** for abstract parameters

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

11

Rodin: Event-B perspective: model text, explorer, statemachine views:



1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

12

Proof obligations in Event-B

- **Well-definedness (WD)**
 - e.g, avoid division by zero, partial function application
- **Invariant preservation (INV) *****
 - each event maintains invariants
- **Guard strengthening (GRD) *****
 - Refined event only possible when abstract event possible
- **Simulation (SIM) *****
 - update of abstract variable correctly simulated by update of concrete variable
- **Convergence (VAR)**
 - Ensure convergence of new events using a variant

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

13

Invariant Preservation

- Assume: variables v and invariant $I(v)$
- Deterministic event:

$$Ev = \text{when } P(v) \text{ then } v := \text{exp}(v) \text{ end}$$
- To prove Ev preserves $I(v)$:

$$\text{INV: } P(v), I(v) \vdash I(\text{exp}(v))$$
- This is a sequent of the form $\text{Hypotheses} \vdash \text{Goal}$
- The sequent is a **Proof Obligation (PO)** that must be verified

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

14

Using Event Parameters

- Event has form:

$$Ev = \text{any } x \text{ where } P(x,v) \text{ then } v := \text{exp}(x,v) \text{ end}$$

$$\text{INV: } I(v), P(x,v) \vdash I(E(x,v))$$

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

15

Example PO from Rodin

Enter/inv3/INV

$\forall u, r \cdot$

$u \in \text{dom}(\text{location}) \wedge \text{location}(u)=r$

\Rightarrow

$\text{takeplace}[\{r\}] \subseteq \text{authorised}[\{u\}]$

$u \in \text{USER} \setminus \text{dom}(\text{location})$

$\text{takeplace}[\{r\}] \subseteq \text{authorised}[\{u\}]$

$(\text{location}u\{u \mapsto r\})(u\theta)=r\theta$

$u \in \text{dom}(\text{location}u\{u \mapsto r\})$

$\text{takeplace}=\text{ROOM} \times \text{ACTIVITY}$

$\text{location}u\text{USER} \mapsto \text{ROOM}$

Selected Hypotheses

Goal \square

$\text{takeplace}[\{(\text{location}u\{u \mapsto r\})(u\theta)\}] \subseteq \text{authorised}[\{u\theta\}]$

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

16

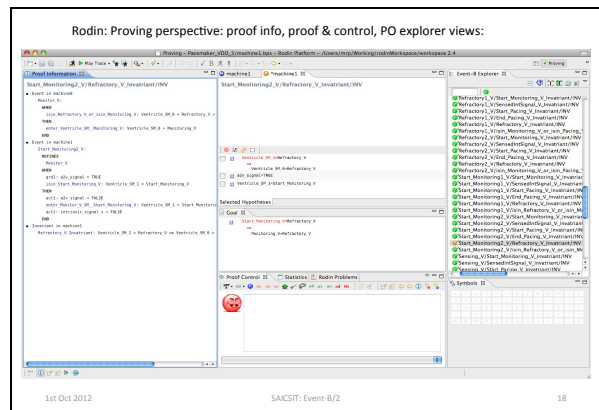
How do we know what to prove?

- Need for proofs imposes *proof obligations*
 - the user *does not have to state them*
 - they *are automatically generated* by a *tool*
- Proof obligations serve to
 - verify properties* of a model

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

17



1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

18

Proof and model checking

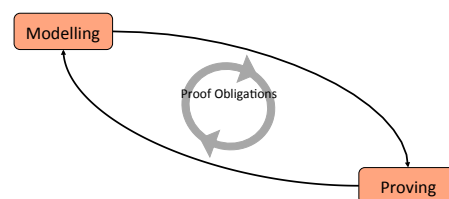
- Model checking:** force the model to be finite state and explore state space looking for invariant violations
 - completely automatic
 - powerful debugging tool (counter-example)
- (Semi-)automated proof:** based on logical deduction rules
 - no restrictions on state space
 - leads to discovery of invariants that deepen understanding
 - not completely automatic

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

19

Models are created and verified iteratively

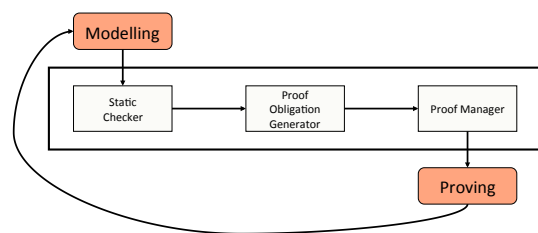


1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

20

Rodin architecture



1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

21

Rodin Architecture

- Extension of Eclipse IDE
- Repository of structured modelling elements
- Rodin Eclipse Builder manages:
 - Well-formedness + type checker
 - Consistency/refinement PO generator
 - Proof manager
 - Propagation of changes
- Extension points to support plug-ins

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

22

Differential proving in Rodin

- Models are constantly being changed
- When a model changes, proof impact of changes should be minimised as much as possible:
- Sufficiency comparison of POs
 - In case of success, provers return list of *used hypotheses*
 - Proof valid provided the used hypothesis are in the new version of a PO
- Model refactoring:
 - Identifier renaming applied to models (avoiding name clash)
 - Corresponding POs and proofs automatically renamed

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

23

Rodin Proof Manager (PM)

- PM constructs *proof tree* for each PO
- Automatic and interactive modes
- PM manages *used hypotheses*
- PM calls *reasoners* to
 - discharge goal, or
 - split goal into *subgoals*
- Collection of reasoners:
 - *simplifier*, *rule-based*, *decision procedures*, ...
- Basic *tactic language* to define PM and reasoners

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

24

Statistics from Flash-based file development in Event-B

Machines	Total POs	Automatic	Interactive
MCH0	35	22	13
MCH1	57	49	8
MCH2	33	32	1
MCH3	37	34	3
MCH4	26	26	0
MCH5	27	26	1
MCH6	31	30	1
MCH7	109	97	12
MCH_FL0	8	8	0
MCH_FL1	110	110	0
MCH_FL2	57	57	0
MCH_FL3	9	9	0
Overall	540	501 (93%)	39 (7%)

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

25

Range of Automated Provers

- **Built-in:** tactic language, simplifiers, decision procedures
- **AtelierB plug-in** for Rodin (ClearSy, FR)
- **SMT plug-in** (SystemeS, FR)
- **Isabelle plug-in** (Schmalz, ETHZ)

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

26

Validation/verification offered by ProB

- Animation: show behaviour of model in clear terms
- Model Checking
- Refinement Checking
- Graphical Domain Specific Visualization
- Visualization of State Space



1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

27

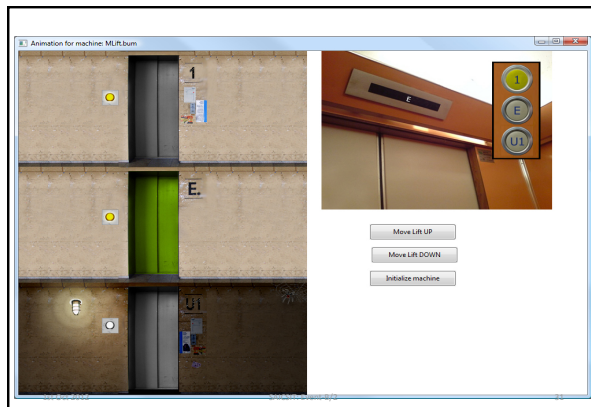
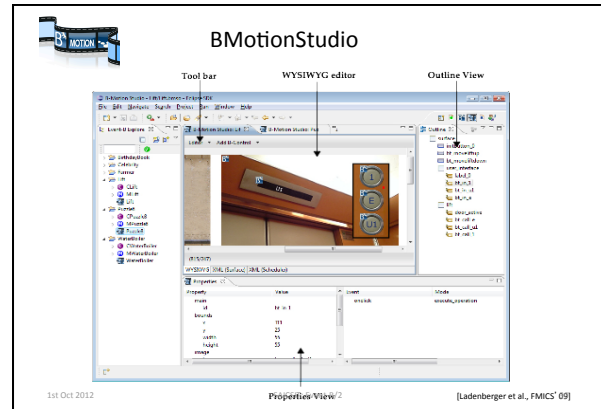
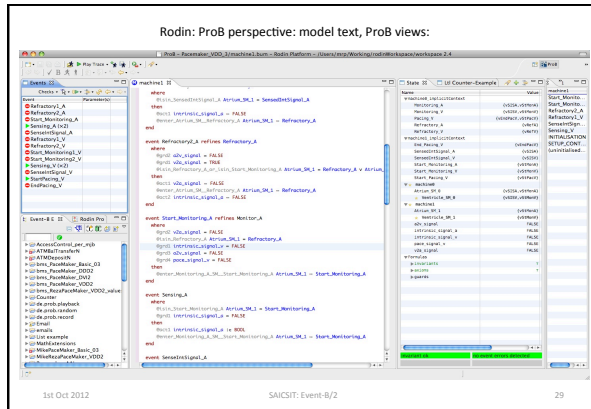
ProB

- Animator and model checker
 - search for **invariant violations**
 - search for **deadlocks**
 - search for **proof obligation violations**
- Implementation uses constraint logic programming
 - makes all types **finite**
 - exploits **symmetries** in B types

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

28



Proof and model checking

- **Model checking:** force the model to be finite state and explore state space looking for invariant violations
 - ☺ completely automatic
 - ☺ powerful debugging tool (counter-examples)
 - ☺ state-space explosion
- **(Semi-)automated proof:** based on deduction rules
 - ☹ not completely automatic
 - ☺ leads to discovery of invariants - deepen understanding
 - ☺ no restrictions on state space

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-8/2

32

Some references

- Full introduction to modelling and verification in Event-B, to advanced level (including definition of proof obligations):
 - Jean-Raymond Abrial. *Modeling in Event-B: System and Software Engineering*. Cambridge University Press 2010
- Abrial, Butler, Hallerstede, Hoang, Mehta and Voisin
 - *Rodin: An Open Toolset for Modelling and Reasoning in Event-B*.
 - International Journal on Software Tools for Technology Transfer (STTT), 12 (6), 2010.
- Leuschel and Butler
 - *ProB: An Automated Analysis Toolset for the B Method*. *International Journal on Software Tools for Technology Transfer*, 10, (2), 185-203, 2008.

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

33

Rodin and its plug-ins: read about and install via www.event-b.org

- ProB model checker:
 - consistency and refinement checking
- External provers:
 - AtelierB plug-in for Rodin (ClearSy, FR)
 - SMT plug-in (Systerel, FR)
 - Isabelle plug-in (Schmalz, ETHZ)
- Theory plug-in – user-defined mathematical theories
- UML-B: Linking UML and Event-B
- Graphical model animation
 - ProB, AnimB, B-Motion Studio
- Requirements management (ProR)
- Team-based development
- Decomposition
- Code generation
- ...

1st Oct 2012

SAICSIT: Event-B/2

34

END