

Templates for Event-B Code Generation

Andy Edmunds
University of Southampton
ae2@ecs.soton.ac.uk

Why?

- Configuration of code generation targets.
 - Templates may be configurable,
 - and re-usable
 - Acceleo/ JET – more than we need?
- Reuse of generated code,
 - The same Event-B model can be used to generate simulation code and deployable code.
- A chance to try it out on the Advance project.

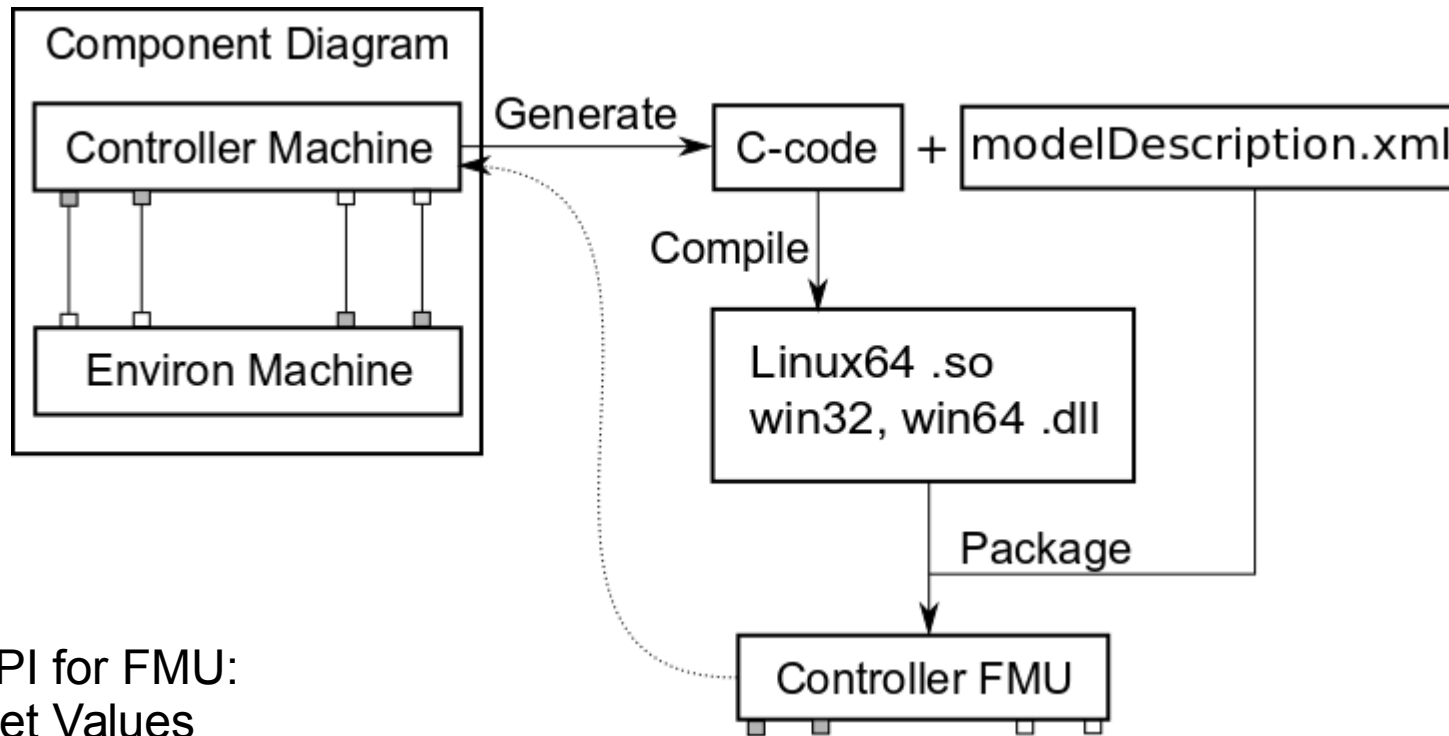
Code Generation 1

- Tasking Machines (1) map to task implementations.
- Environ Machines (2) map to tasks for simulation.
- Shared Machines map to protected objects.
- Task Bodies in 1 and 2 map to program statements.
 - IF event1 ELSE event2 END
 - event1 ; event2
- Events 'populate' sequences, branches, loops, actions, procedures, procedure calls.

Co-simulation with FMI

- Master and Slaves communicate through API.
 - Slaves are FMUs.
 - The master is cyclic; slaves are initialized,
 - ... then master does simulate-update cycle.
- We can generate an FMU from a machine.
 - But tasking machines map to protected objects,
 - ... because of the 'hidden' master.
- Simulation uses a 'component diagram'.
 - We can replace the Event-B Machine in a diagram, with an FMU and simulate/test with executable code.

FMUs from Machines



API for FMU:

Get Values

Set Values

Query Status

Instantiation

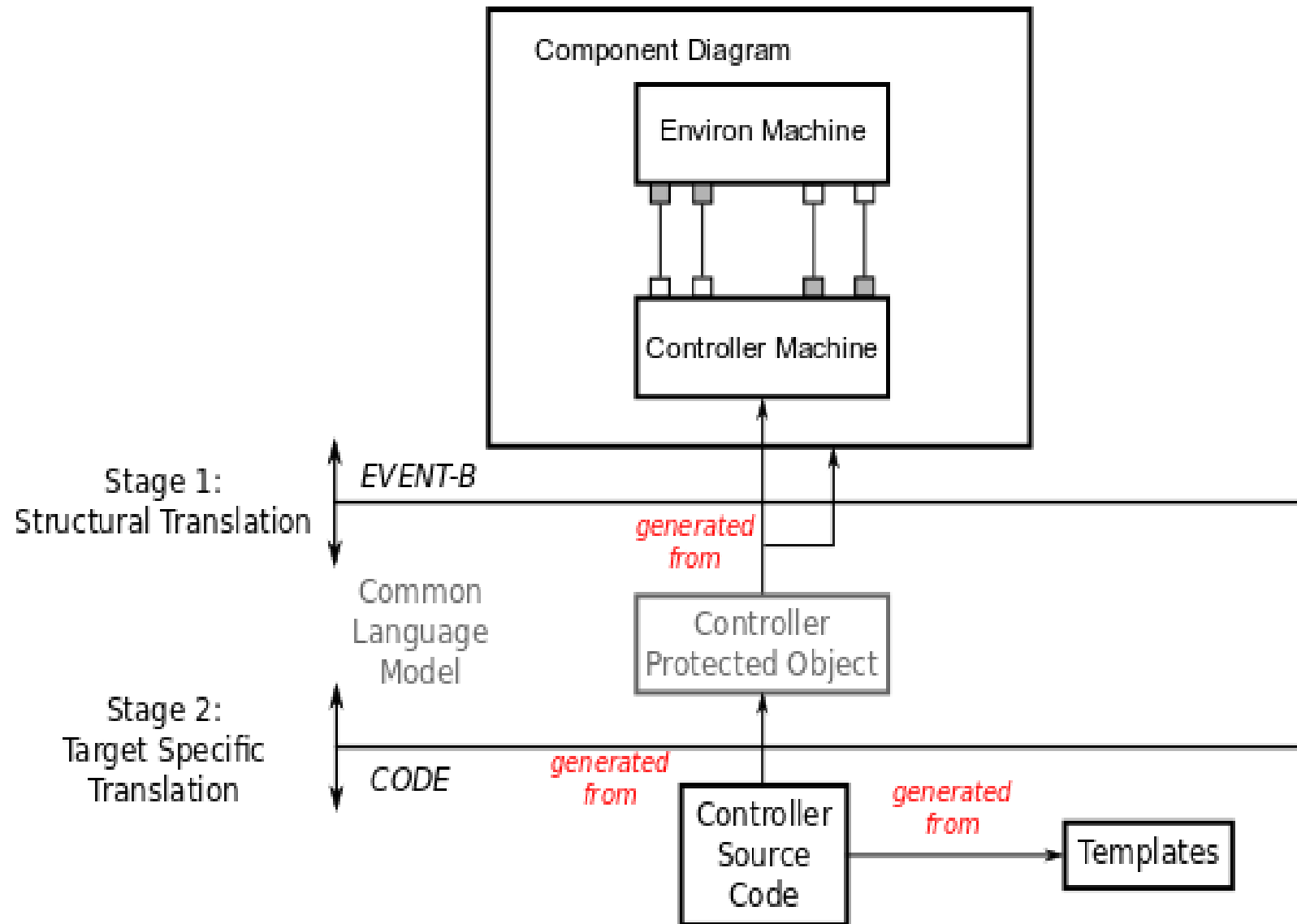
Initialisation

Simulation Step

How do we use Templates?

- The initial idea: Some code needs configuration, depending on the target;
 - e.g. FMI life-cycle functions.
 - but doesn't need to be modelled formally.
 - and is re-usable.
- The code generated from Event-B models should be the 'critical' code.
 - Can be sent to different targets.
- Some merging of the two is needed.

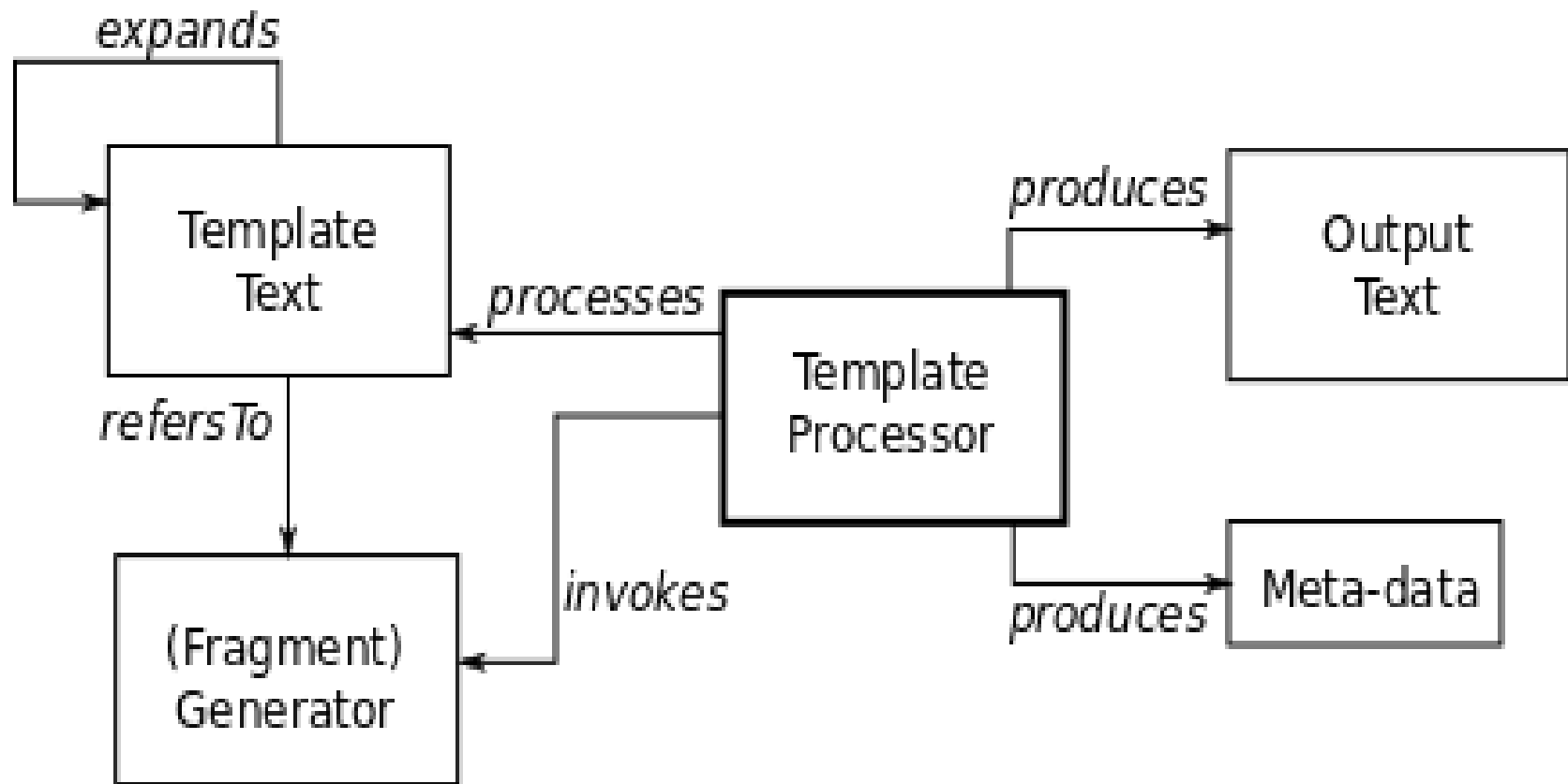
FMI With Templates



Template Tags

- Tags facilitate:
 - code injection points, and use generators.
 - further template expansion.
 - production of meta-data, using generator.
- The notation:
 - `///name`
where *name* identifies a template or generator name
- Generators are stored internally in a map of name to class.

Template Processor Architecture



An Example Templates

```
///  
## <addToHeader>
```

```
fmiStatus fmiInitializeSlave(fmiComponent c,  
    fmiReal tStart, fmiBoolean StopTimeDefined,  
    fmiReal tStop) {
```

```
    ModelInstance* comp = (ModelInstance*) c;
```

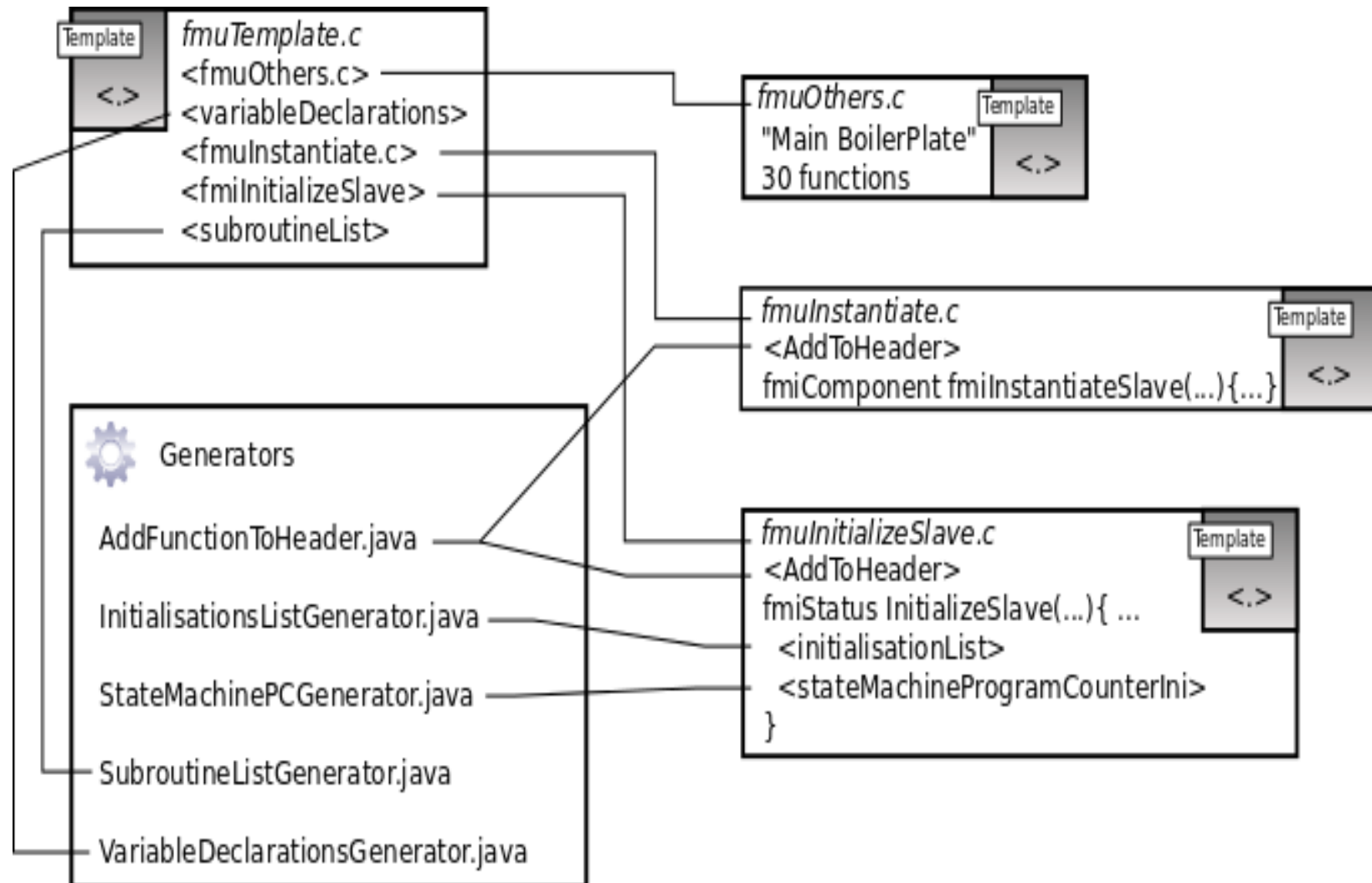
```
    ///  
    ## <initialisationsList>
```

```
    ///  
    ## <stateMachineProgramCounterIni>
```

```
    return fmiOK;
```

```
}
```

The Other Templates



The IGenerator Interface

- To provide a new generator,
 - use the extension point
 - *org.eventb.codegen.templates.generator*,
 - Implement
 - `public List<String> generate(IGeneratorData data)`
 - Supply any necessary data using *IGeneratorData*
- A Tag string can be specified, so that it matches comments in a target language.

Translating

- TemplateHelper.generate(“fmiInitialiseSlave”)
 - finds the generator and calls it.

```
public List<String> generate(IGeneratorData data){  
    //(1) Un-pack the generator data.  
    //(2) for each protected object...  
        translate each variable declaration/initialisation.  
    //(3) Return the new code listing.  
}
```

Resulting Code

```
fmiStatus fmiInitializeSlave(fmiComponent c,  
    FmiReal tStart, fmiBoolean StopTimeDefined,  
    fmiReal tStop) {  
    ModelInstance* mc = (ModelInstance*) c;  
    // Generated By InitialisationsListGenerator  
    mc->i[c_level_ControllerImpl_] = 100;  
    mc->b[c_pumpOnReq_ControllerImpl_] = fmiFalse;  
    ...  
    return fmiOK;  
}
```