

Script to generate funnel data for Tableau upload.

--0-downloads step

WITH

downloads_count AS (

select platform,

age_range,

date(download_ts) AS download_dt,

count(*) AS user_count,

null AS ride_count

from app_downloads d

left join signups s ON

d.app_download_key = s.session_id

group by 1,2,3

),

--1-signups step

signups_count AS (

select platform,

age_range,

date(signup_ts) AS download_dt,

count(distinct s.user_id) AS user_count,

null AS ride_count

```
        from app_downloads d
left join signups s ON
        d.app_download_key = s.session_id
        group by 1,2,3
),
```

--2-ride-requesteds step

ride_requested_status AS (

SELECT

user_id,

MAX(

CASE

WHEN dropoff_ts IS NOT NULL

THEN 1

ELSE 0

END

) AS ride_completed

FROM ride_requests

GROUP BY user_id

),

ride_requested_count as (

SELECT

```

        platform,

        age_range,

        date(download_ts) as download_dt,

        COUNT(*) AS total_users_ride_requested,

        SUM(ride_completed)::text AS total_users_ride_completed

FROM ride_requested_status u

left join signups s on

        s.user_id = u.user_id

inner join app_downloads a on

        a.app_download_key = s.session_id

group by 1,2,3

),

--3-ride-accept-status step

ride_accept_status AS (

    SELECT

        user_id,

        MAX(

            CASE

                WHEN accept_ts IS NOT NULL

            THEN 1

            ELSE 0

```

```

        END

    ) AS ride_accepted

FROM ride_requests

GROUP BY user_id

),

ride_accepted_count AS (

SELECT

        platform,

        age_range,

        date(download_ts) as download_dt,

        SUM(ride_accepted) AS total_users_ride_accepted,

        COUNT(*)::text AS total_users_ride_requested

FROM ride_accept_status r

left join signups s on

        s.user_id = r.user_id

inner join app_downloads a on

        a.app_download_key = s.session_id

group by 1,2,3

),

--4-ride-completed step

ride_complete_status AS (

```

```

SELECT
    user_id,
    MAX(
        CASE
            WHEN dropoff_ts IS NOT NULL
            THEN 1
            ELSE 0
        END
    ) AS ride_completed
FROM ride_requests
GROUP BY user_id
),
ride_completed_count as (
SELECT
    platform,
    age_range,
    date(download_ts) as download_dt,
    sum(ride_completed) AS total_users_ride_completed,
    COUNT(*)::text AS total_users_ride_requested
FROM ride_complete_status r
left join signups s on

```

```
        s.user_id = r.user_id

inner join app_downloads a on

        a.app_download_key = s.session_id

group by 1,2,3

),

--5-payment step

payment_status as (

SELECT

    user_id,

    MAX(

        CASE

            WHEN ride_id IN (

                select ride_id from transactions

                where charge_status = 'Approved')

            THEN 1

            ELSE 0

        END

    ) AS ride_payment

FROM ride_requests r

GROUP BY user_id

),
```

payments_count as (

SELECT

platform,

age_range,

date(download_ts) as download_dt,

sum(ride_payment) AS total_users_ride_payment,

COUNT(*)::text AS total_users_ride_requested

FROM payment_status p

left join signups s on

s.user_id = p.user_id

inner join app_downloads a on

a.app_download_key = s.session_id

group by 1,2,3

),

--6-review step

review_status as (

SELECT

user_id,

MAX(

CASE

```

        WHEN user_id IN (
            select user_id from reviews)
        THEN 1
        ELSE 0
    END
) AS ride_review
FROM ride_requests r
GROUP BY user_id
),
reviews_count as (
SELECT
    platform,
    age_range,
    date(download_ts) as download_dt,
    sum(ride_review) AS total_users_ride_review,
    COUNT(*)::text AS total_users_ride_requested
FROM review_status r
left join signups s on
    s.user_id = r.user_id
inner join app_downloads a on
    a.app_download_key = s.session_id

```


group by 1,2,3

)

--Funnel

SELECT

0 AS funnel_step,

'downloads' AS funnel_name, *

FROM downloads_count

UNION

SELECT

1 AS funnel_step,

'signups' AS funnel_name, *

FROM signups_count

UNION

SELECT

2 AS funnel_step,

'ride_requested' AS funnel_name, *

FROM ride_requested_count

UNION

SELECT

3 AS funnel_step,

'ride_accepted' AS funnel_name, *

FROM ride_accepted_count

UNION

SELECT

4 AS funnel_step,

'ride_completed' AS funnel_name, *

FROM ride_completed_count

UNION

SELECT

5 AS funnel_step,

'payment' AS funnel_name, *

FROM payments_count

UNION

SELECT

6 AS funnel_step,

'review' AS funnel_name, *

FROM reviews_count

ORDER BY 1,3

Script to generate the data to answer “What steps of the funnel should we research and improve?”

```
WITH all_downloads AS (  
  select count(*) AS total_downloads  
  from app_downloads  
)  
,  
user_ride_status AS (  
  SELECT  
    user_id  
  FROM ride_requests  
  GROUP BY user_id  
)  
,  
user_ride_accepted AS (  
  SELECT  
    COUNT(DISTINCT user_id) AS total_users_ride_accepted  
  FROM ride_requests  
  WHERE accept_ts IS NOT null  
)  
,  
totals AS (  
  SELECT  
    COUNT(*) AS total_users_signed_up,  
    COUNT(DISTINCT urs.user_id) AS total_users_ride_requested  
  FROM signups s  
  LEFT JOIN user_ride_status urs ON
```

```

        s.user_id = urs.user_id
    ),
    ride_completed AS (
        SELECT
            user_id,
            MAX(
                CASE
                    WHEN dropoff_ts IS NOT NULL
                    THEN 1
                    ELSE 0
                END
            ) AS ride_completed
        FROM ride_requests
        GROUP BY user_id
    ),
    ride_payment AS (
        SELECT
            user_id,
            MAX(
                CASE
                    WHEN ride_id IN (
                        select ride_id from transactions
                        where charge_status = 'Approved')
                    THEN 1
                    ELSE 0
                END
            ) AS ride_paid
        FROM ride_requests r
        GROUP BY user_id
    ),
    review_counts AS (
        SELECT user_id, count(review_id) AS tot_reviews
        FROM reviews
        GROUP BY 1
    ),
    funnel_stages AS (
        SELECT
            0 AS funnel_step,
            'downloads' AS funnel_name,
            total_downloads AS value
        FROM all_downloads

        UNION

```

```
SELECT
  1 AS funnel_step,
  'signups' AS funnel_name,
  total_users_signed_up AS value
FROM totals
```

UNION

```
SELECT
  2 AS funnel_step,
  'ride_requested' AS funnel_name,
  total_users_ride_requested AS value
FROM totals
```

UNION

```
SELECT
  3 AS funnel_step,
  'ride_accepted' AS funnel_name,
  sum(total_users_ride_accepted) AS value
FROM user_ride_accepted
```

UNION

```
SELECT
  4 AS funnel_step,
  'ride_completed' AS funnel_name,
  sum(ride_completed) AS value
FROM ride_completed
```

UNION

```
SELECT
  5 AS funnel_step,
  'ride_payment' AS funnel_name,
  sum(ride_paid) AS value
FROM ride_payment
```

UNION

```
SELECT
  6 AS funnel_step,
  'review_count' AS funnel_name,
  count(*) AS value
```

```

FROM review_counts

)
SELECT *,
    value::float / FIRST_VALUE(value) OVER (
        ORDER BY funnel_step
    ) AS pct_top_conversion_rate,
    round((1.0 - value::numeric/ FIRST_VALUE(value) over (
        ORDER BY funnel_step)),2) as pct_top_drop_off,
    value::float / LAG(value) OVER (ORDER BY funnel_step
    ) AS pct_prev_conversion_rate,
    round((1.0 - value::numeric/lag(value, 1) over ()),2) as pct_prev_drop_off
FROM funnel_stages
ORDER BY funnel_step;

```

Script to answer the question “Are there any specific drop-off points preventing users from completing their first ride?”

```

WITH all_downloads AS (

    select count(*) AS total_downloads

    from app_downloads

),

user_ride_status AS (

    SELECT

        user_id

    FROM ride_requests

    GROUP BY user_id

),

user_ride_accepted AS (

    SELECT

```

```

        COUNT(DISTINCT user_id) AS total_users_ride_accepted

    FROM ride_requests

        WHERE accept_ts IS NOT null

),

user_ride_cancelled AS (

    SELECT

        COUNT(DISTINCT user_id) AS total_users_ride_cancelled

    FROM ride_requests

        WHERE accept_ts IS NOT null

        AND cancel_ts IS NOT null

),

totals AS (

    SELECT

        COUNT(*) AS total_users_signed_up,

        COUNT(DISTINCT urs.user_id) AS total_users_ride_requested

    FROM signups s

    LEFT JOIN user_ride_status urs ON

        s.user_id = urs.user_id

),

ride_completed AS (

    SELECT

```

```
    user_id,

    MAX(

        CASE

            WHEN dropoff_ts IS NOT NULL

            THEN 1

            ELSE 0

        END

    ) AS ride_completed

FROM ride_requests

GROUP BY user_id

),

review_counts AS (

    SELECT user_id, count(review_id) AS tot_reviews

        FROM reviews

    GROUP BY 1

),

funnel_stages AS (

    SELECT

        0 AS funnel_step,

        'downloads' AS funnel_name,

        total_downloads AS value
```


FROM all_downloads

UNION

SELECT

1 AS funnel_step,

'signups' AS funnel_name,

total_users_signed_up AS value

FROM totals

UNION

SELECT

2 AS funnel_step,

'ride_requested' AS funnel_name,

total_users_ride_requested AS value

FROM totals

UNION

SELECT

3 AS funnel_step,

'ride_accepted' AS funnel_name,

sum(total_users_ride_accepted) AS value

FROM user_ride_accepted

UNION

SELECT

```

4 AS funnel_step,

'ride_cancelled' AS funnel_name,

total_users_ride_cancelled AS value

FROM user_ride_cancelled

UNION

SELECT

5 AS funnel_step,

'ride_completed' AS funnel_name,

sum(ride_completed) AS value

FROM ride_completed

UNION

SELECT

5 AS funnel_step,

'review_count' AS funnel_name,

count(*) AS value

FROM review_counts)

SELECT *,

value::float / FIRST_VALUE(value) OVER (

ORDER BY funnel_step

) AS pct_top_conversion_rate,

round((1.0 - value::numeric/ FIRST_VALUE(value) over (

```

```

ORDER BY funnel_step)),2) as pct_top_drop_off,
value::float / LAG(value) OVER (ORDER BY funnel_step
) AS pct_prev_conversion_rate,
round((1.0 - value::numeric/lag(value, 1) over ()),2) as pct_prev_drop_off
FROM funnel_stages
ORDER BY funnel_step;

```

Below script to generate the ride requests daily distribution for the answer of this question “Surge pricing is the practice of increasing the price of goods or services when there is the greatest demand for them. If we want to adopt a price-surging strategy, what does the distribution of ride requests look like throughout the day?”

```

WITH ride_hour AS (
    SELECT
        user_id,
        extract(hour from request_ts) AS requested_hour,
        count(distinct ride_id) as total_ride_requests
    FROM ride_requests
    where request_ts is not null
    GROUP BY user_id,2
)
select requested_hour,
        sum(total_ride_requests) AS ride_counts
from ride_hour

```

group by 1

order by 1