4_medication_analysis

August 1, 2023

```
[1]: import json
    import os
    from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
    import pandas as pd
    import numpy as np
    from drug_named_entity_recognition import find_drugs
    import json5
    import sys

    parent_dir = os.path.abspath("..")
    if parent_dir not in sys.path:
        sys.path.append(parent_dir)
    from path import DATA_PROCESSED_DOCUMENTS_DIR

[2]: Chief_complaint = "headache"
    folder_location = os.path.join(
        DATA_PROCESSED_DOCUMENTS_DIR / chief_complaint / "black-or-african-american"
    )
```

```
b docs = []
w_docs = []
for filename in os.listdir(folder_location):
    file_location = os.path.join(folder_location, filename)
    if os.path.isfile(file_location):
        with open(file_location) as d:
            try:
                file_contents = d.read()
                content = json.loads(file_contents)
                b_docs.append(content)
            except Exception as e:
                try:
                    # pull of first and last line, gpt sometimes response with
 →a leading ```json and ends with ```
                    tmp = file_contents.splitlines(True)
                    while "{" not in tmp[0]:
                        tmp = tmp[1:]
                    while "\}" not in tmp[-1]:
                        tmp = tmp[:-1]
```

```
tmp = "".join(tmp)
                         content = json5.loads(tmp)
                         b_docs.append(content)
                     except Exception as e:
                          # print(f"{file_location} Error: {e}")
                         pass
     folder_location = os.path.join(
         DATA_PROCESSED_DOCUMENTS_DIR / chief_complaint / "white-or-caucasian"
     for filename in os.listdir(folder location):
         file_location = os.path.join(folder_location, filename)
         if os.path.isfile(file_location):
             with open(file_location) as d:
                 try:
                     file_contents = d.read()
                     content = json.loads(file_contents)
                     w_docs.append(content)
                 except Exception as e:
                     try:
                          # pull of first and last line, gpt sometimes response with_{\sqcup}
      →a leading ```json and ends with ```
                         tmp = file_contents.splitlines(True)
                         while "{" not in tmp[0]:
                             tmp = tmp[1:]
                         while "\}" not in tmp[-1]:
                             tmp = tmp[:-1]
                         tmp = "".join(tmp)
                         content = json5.loads(tmp)
                         w_docs.append(content)
                     except Exception as e:
                          # print(f"{file location} Error: {e}")
[3]: print(len(b_docs))
     print(len(w_docs))
    4964
    4953
[4]: b_normalized_medications = []
     for doc in b_docs:
         if doc.get("medications") is not None:
             res = []
             res = doc.get("medications").split(" ")
                 res.remove("other")
```

[4]: 4953

[5]: b_normalized_medications[:2]

[5]: [[], []]

```
[6]: w_normalized_medications = []
for doc in w_docs:
    if doc.get("medications") is not None:
        res = []
        res = doc.get("medications").split(" ")
        try:
            res.remove("other")
        except ValueError:
            pass
        res = find_drugs(res, is_ignore_case=True)
            w_normalized_medications.append(res)
        len(w_normalized_medications)
```

[6]: 4947

```
b_just_names[:5]
      # print(len(b normalized medications names))
      # print(len(w normalized medications names))
 [7]: [set(),
       set(),
       {'Ibuprofen'},
       {'Acetaminophen', 'Ibuprofen'},
       {'Atenolol', 'Simvastatin'}]
 [8]: b_cv = CountVectorizer(analyzer="word")
      b cv fit = b cv.fit transform(b normalized medications names)
      b_word_list = b_cv.get_feature_names_out()
      b_count_list = b_cv_fit.toarray().sum(axis=0)
      b word freq = dict(zip(b word list, b count list))
      w_cv = CountVectorizer(analyzer="word")
      w_cv_fit = w_cv.fit_transform(w_normalized_medications_names)
      w_word_list = w_cv.get_feature_names_out()
      w_count_list = w_cv_fit.toarray().sum(axis=0)
      w_word_freq = dict(zip(w_word_list, w_count_list))
 [9]: b_word_freq_df = pd.DataFrame(
          b word freq.items(), columns=["word", "b.frequency"]
      ).sort_values(by="b.frequency", ascending=False)
      w_word_freq_df = pd.DataFrame(
          w_word_freq.items(), columns=["word", "w.frequency"]
      ).sort_values(by="w.frequency", ascending=False)
[10]: wf_df = w_word_freq_df.merge(b_word_freq_df, how="inner", on="word")
[11]: wf_df["w.frequency_pct"] = wf_df["w.frequency"] / wf_df["w.frequency"].sum()
      wf_df["b.frequency_pct"] = wf_df["b.frequency"] / wf_df["b.frequency"].sum()
      wf_df["frequency_pct_diff"] = wf_df["b.frequency_pct"] - wf_df["w.

∽frequency_pct"]

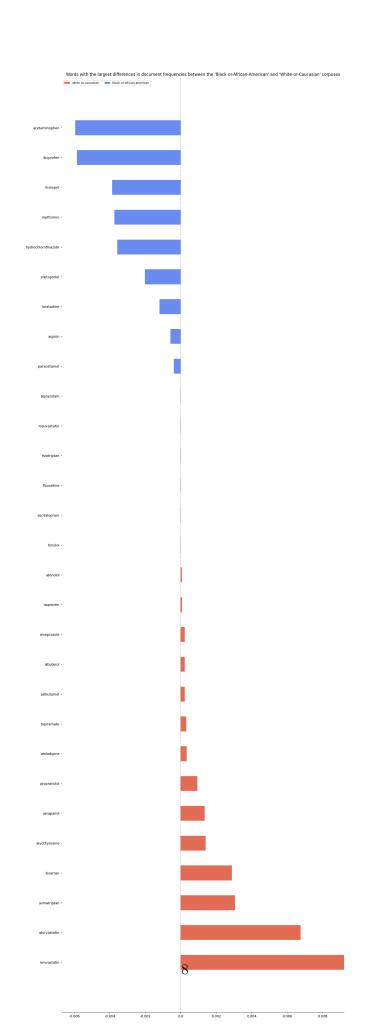
      wf_df["frequency_pct_diff_abs"] = wf_df["frequency_pct_diff"].abs()
      # Sort by largest values in absolue difference
      wf_df.sort_values(by="frequency_pct_diff", ascending=False).head(10)
Γ11]:
                         word w.frequency b.frequency w.frequency_pct \
                acetaminophen
     5
                                       408
                                                    450
                                                                0.090186
      2
                    ibuprofen
                                       507
                                                    552
                                                                0.112069
      0
                   lisinopril
                                      1496
                                                   1566
                                                                0.330681
      9
                    metformin
                                        72
                                                     92
                                                                0.015915
```

```
10 hydrochlorothiazide
                                        65
                                                     84
                                                                 0.014368
      7
                                       102
                                                                 0.022546
                   metoprolol
                                                     115
      14
                   loratadine
                                        12
                                                      18
                                                                 0.002653
      18
                      aspirin
                                         8
                                                      11
                                                                 0.001768
      19
                  paracetamol
                                         5
                                                      7
                                                                 0.001105
      27
                   alprazolam
                                         1
                                                       1
                                                                 0.000221
          b.frequency_pct frequency_pct_diff frequency_pct_diff_abs
      5
                 0.096133
                                     0.005948
                                                              0.005948
      2
                 0.117924
                                     0.005855
                                                              0.005855
      0
                 0.334544
                                     0.003863
                                                              0.003863
      9
                 0.019654
                                     0.003739
                                                              0.003739
      10
                 0.017945
                                     0.003577
                                                              0.003577
      7
                 0.024567
                                     0.002021
                                                              0.002021
      14
                 0.003845
                                     0.001193
                                                              0.001193
      18
                 0.002350
                                     0.000582
                                                              0.000582
      19
                 0.001495
                                     0.000390
                                                              0.000390
      27
                 0.000214
                                    -0.000007
                                                              0.000007
[12]: # First order frequencies by magnature of difference (absolute value), take the
      ⇔top 200 words with the greatest difference,
      # then re-sort by actual difference so when we plot the values will be ...
       ⇔sequential from smallest to largest bars
          wf_df.sort_values(by="frequency_pct_diff_abs", ascending=False)
          .head(200)
          .sort_values(by="frequency_pct_diff", ascending=False)
      )
      chart data = {}
      # Create a map with the word as the frequency, and the magnitude vector as the
       ⇔value\
      # a vector of [0, n] will plot a blue bar
      # a vector of [n, 0] will plot an orange bar
      # a vector with a negative n [-n, 0] will plot a bar on the left
      # a vector with a positive n [n, 0] will plot a bar on the right
      # {"word": [-1, 0]} will plot an orange bar for "word" on the left of 0 with
       ⇔length 1
      # {"word": [0, 0.5]} will plot a blue bar for "word" on the right of 0 with
      # in order to generate a good Positive Negative bar chart, we assign b freq to I
       →the left side (negative)
      # and w freq to the right side (positive)
      for row in most.iterrows():
          if row[1]["w.frequency_pct"] > row[1]["b.frequency_pct"]:
              # orange bars
```

```
chart_data[row[1]["word"]] = [
          row[1]["w.frequency_pct"] - row[1]["b.frequency_pct"],
          0,
     ]
else:
    # blue bars
    chart_data[row[1]["word"]] = [
          0,
          -(row[1]["b.frequency_pct"] - row[1]["w.frequency_pct"]),
    ]
```

```
[13]: # Positive Negative Bar Chart to better visualize where word frequencies
       ⇔diverge between data sets
      # Based on https://stackoverflow.com/a/69976552/11407943
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      category_names = ["white-or-caucasian", "black-or-african-american"]
      results = chart_data
      def survey(results, category_names):
          Parameters
          _____
          results : dict
              A mapping from question labels to a list of answers per category.
              It is assumed all lists contain the same number of entries and that
              it matches the length of *category_names*. The order is assumed
              to be from 'Strongly disagree' to 'Strongly aisagree'
          category names : list of str
              The category labels.
          labels = list(results.keys())
          data = np.array(list(results.values()))
          data_cum = data.cumsum(axis=1)
          middle_index = data.shape[1] // 2
          offsets = 0 # data[:, range(middle_index)].sum(axis=1) # + data[:,__
       \hookrightarrow middle_index]/2
          # Color Mapping
          category_colors = plt.get_cmap("coolwarm_r")(np.linspace(0.15, 0.85, data.
       \hookrightarrowshape[1]))
          fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15, 50))
```

```
# Plot Bars
    for i, (colname, color) in enumerate(zip(category_names, category_colors)):
        widths = data[:, i]
        starts = data_cum[:, i] - widths - offsets
        rects = ax.barh(
            labels, widths, left=starts, height=0.5, label=colname, color=color
        )
    # Add Zero Reference Line
    ax.axvline(0, linestyle="--", color="black", alpha=0.25)
    # X Axis
    # ax.set_xticks(np.arange(-0.0035, 0.0035, 0.003))
    ax.xaxis.set_major_formatter(lambda x, pos: str(x))
    # Y Axis
    ax.invert_yaxis()
    # Remove spines
    ax.spines["right"].set_visible(False)
    ax.spines["top"].set_visible(False)
    ax.spines["left"].set_visible(False)
    # Ledgend
    ax.legend(
        ncol=len(category_names),
        bbox_to_anchor=(0, 0.99),
        loc="lower left",
        fontsize="small",
    )
    # Set Background Color
    fig.set_facecolor("#FFFFFF")
    return fig, ax
fig, ax = survey(results, category_names)
plt.title(
    "Words with the largest differences in document frequencies between the \Box
⇔'Black-or-African-American' and 'White-or-Caucasian' corpuses"
plt.show()
```



```
[14]: import scipy
      from sklearn.feature_extraction import text
      from collections import Counter
[15]: b_just_names_lower = [list(map(lambda x: x.lower(), arr)) for arr in__
       →b_just_names]
      b_list_of_doc_counter = list(map(Counter, b_just_names_lower))
      # element for sublist in w_just_names for element in sublist
      w_just_names_lower = [list(map(lambda x: x.lower(), arr)) for arr in__
       →w_just_names]
      w_list_of_doc_counter = list(map(Counter, w_just_names_lower))
      b just names lower
      b_medications_names_counter = Counter(
          [element for sublist in b_just_names_lower for element in sublist]
      w_medications_names_counter = Counter(
          [element for sublist in w_just_names_lower for element in sublist]
[16]: b_medications_names_counter
[16]: Counter({'lisinopril': 1566,
               'atorvastatin': 674,
               'ibuprofen': 552,
               'amlodipine': 463,
               'acetaminophen': 450,
               'sumatriptan': 414,
               'metoprolol': 115,
               'simvastatin': 110,
               'metformin': 92,
               'hydrochlorothiazide': 84,
               'losartan': 62,
               'loratadine': 18,
               'topiramate': 12,
               'aspirin': 11,
               'naproxen': 11,
               'levothyroxine': 10,
               'atenolol': 9,
               'propranolol': 8,
               'paracetamol': 7,
               'tamsulosin': 5,
               'verapamil': 4,
               'enalapril': 2,
               'latanoprost': 2,
```

```
'cetirizine': 1,
                'memantine': 1,
                'omeprazole': 1,
                'escitalopram': 1,
                'travoprost': 1,
                'celecoxib': 1,
                'albuterol': 1,
                'salbutamol': 1,
                'fluoxetine': 1,
                'alprazolam': 1,
                'sertraline': 1,
                'meloxicam': 1,
                'timolol': 1,
                'rizatriptan': 1,
                'rosuvastatin': 1})
[17]: w_medications_names_counter
[17]: Counter({'lisinopril': 1496,
                'atorvastatin': 682,
                'ibuprofen': 507,
                'amlodipine': 449,
                'sumatriptan': 414,
                'acetaminophen': 408,
                'simvastatin': 148,
                'metoprolol': 102,
                'losartan': 73,
                'metformin': 72,
                'hydrochlorothiazide': 65,
                'levothyroxine': 16,
                'topiramate': 13,
                'propranolol': 12,
                'loratadine': 12,
                'naproxen': 11,
                'verapamil': 10,
                'atenolol': 9,
                'aspirin': 8,
                'paracetamol': 5,
                'alendronate': 2,
                'albuterol': 2,
                'salbutamol': 2,
                'omeprazole': 2,
                'furosemide': 1,
                'rizatriptan': 1,
                'fluoxetine': 1,
                'epinephrine': 1,
                'escitalopram': 1,
```

```
'rosuvastatin': 1,
               'timolol': 1})
[18]: total keys = list(
          set(
              list(w medications names counter.keys())
              + list(b_medications_names_counter.keys())
          )
      )
      new_counts = {}
      aa = []
      ca = []
      for k in total_keys:
          # [aa,ca]
          new counts[k] = [
              b_medications_names_counter.get(k, 0),
              w_medications_names_counter.get(k, 0),
          ]
          aa.append(b medications names counter.get(k, 0))
          ca.append(w_medications_names_counter.get(k, 0))
      c_table = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(new_counts)
      c_table.rename(index={0: "b.freq"}, inplace=True)
      c_table.rename(index={1: "w.freq"}, inplace=True)
      c_table
[18]:
              levothyroxine memantine metformin amlodipine acetaminophen \
      b.freq
                         10
                                     1
                                               92
                                                           463
                                                                          450
      w.freq
                         16
                                     0
                                               72
                                                           449
                                                                          408
              fluoxetine sumatriptan aspirin propranolol celecoxib
      b.freq
                       1
                                  414
                                            11
                                             8
      w.freq
                       1
                                  414
                                                          12
              sertraline latanoprost
                                       tamsulosin rosuvastatin furosemide \
      b.freq
                       1
                                    2
                                                 5
                                                               1
                       0
                                    0
                                                 0
                                                               1
                                                                           1
      w.freq
              losartan rizatriptan enalapril escitalopram alendronate
      b.freq
                    62
                                  1
      w.freq
                    73
                                             0
                                                            1
                                                                         2
      [2 rows x 41 columns]
[19]: class bcolors:
          HEADER = "\033[95m"]
```

'alprazolam': 1,

```
OKBLUE = "\033[94m"

OKCYAN = "\033[96m"

OKGREEN = "\033[92m"

WARNING = "\033[93m"

FAIL = "\033[91m"

ENDC = "\033[0m"

BOLD = "\033[1m"

UNDERLINE = "\033[4m"
```

```
[20]: sig_results = []
      # Chi square independence test
      # https://www.dir.uniupo.it/pluginfile.php/138296/mod_resource/content/0/
       \hookrightarrow22-colloc-bw.pdf
      for k in list(set(total_keys)):
          # For AA [Number of instances of current word, Number of instances of all_
       ⇔other words?
          x1 = [c_table[k].iloc[0], c_table.iloc[0].sum() - c_table[k].iloc[0]]
          # For CA [Number of instances of current word, Number of instances of all_
       →other words]
          y1 = [c_table[k].iloc[1], c_table.iloc[1].sum() - c_table[k].iloc[1]]
          test = scipy.stats.chi2_contingency([x1, y1])
          word = c_table[k].name
          if test.pvalue < 0.05:</pre>
              sig_results.append(word)
              print(f"{bcolors.OKGREEN}{bcolors.BOLD}Medication: {k}{bcolors.ENDC}")
              print(f"AA: {x1}")
              print(f"CA: {y1}")
              print(
                  f'There {bcolors.OKGREEN}is a significant difference{bcolors.ENDC}_
       \ominusin the use of medication "{word}" between the groups with a p-value of

√{bcolors.OKGREEN +"{:0.3f}".format(test.pvalue) + bcolors.ENDC}'

              print(f"")
          # else:
                print(f"{bcolors.FAIL}{bcolors.BOLD}Medication: {k}{bcolors.ENDC}")
                print(f"AA: \{x1\}")
               print(f"CA: \{y1\}")
                print(
          #
                    f'There {bcolors.FAIL}is no significant difference{bcolors.ENDC}_
       →in the use of medication "{word}" between the groups with a p-value of
       \hookrightarrow {bcolors.FAIL +"{:0.3f}}".format(test.pvalue) + bcolors.ENDC}'
                print(f"")
      if len(sig_results) == 0:
          print(
              f"{bcolors.BOLD}{bcolors.FAIL}No significant differences in any_

→conditions between groups found{bcolors.ENDC}"
```

)

Medication: simvastatin

AA: [110, 4586] CA: [148, 4380]

There is a significant difference in the use of medication "simvastatin" between the groups with a p-value of 0.008