General Notes

Dylan syntax can be parsed with an LALR(1) grammar.

This appendix uses some special notation to make the presentation of the grammar more readable.

- The _{opt} suffix means that the preceding item is optional.
- A trailing ellipsis (...) is used in two different ways to signal possible repetition.
 - ☐ If there is only one item on the line preceding the ellipsis, the item may appear one or more times.
 - ☐ If more than one item precedes the ellipsis, the last of these items is designated a separator; the rest may appear one or more times, with the separator appearing after each occurrence but the last. (When only one item appears, the separator does not appear.)
- Identifiers for grammar rules are written with uppercase letters when the identifier is used in the phrase grammar but defined in the lexical grammar.
- The grammar does not use distinct identifiers for grammar rules that differ only in alphabetic case.

In the following grammar, some tokens are used multiple ways. For example – is punctuation, a unary operator, and a binary operator, and method is a BEGIN-WORD and a DEFINE-BODY-WORD. In some parsing implementations such multiple meanings of a token may not be possible. However this is just an implementation issue since the meaning of the grammar is clear. method is used as punctuation in *local-methods* and *method-definition*; since method is not a core reserved word, this typically has to be implemented by accepting any MACRO-NAME and checking semantically that the word used is "method." The grammar as presented is not obviously LALR(1), since the required changes would tend to obscure the readability for human beings (especially in macro

definitions and case-body). The grammar can be made LALR(1) through well-known standard transformations implemented by most parser generators.

Lexical Notes

In the lexical grammar, the various elements that come together to form a single token on the right-hand sides of rules must *not* be separated by white-space, so that the end result will be a single token. This is in contrast to the phrase grammar, where each element is already a complete token or a series of complete tokens.

Arbitrary white-space is permitted between tokens, but it is required only as necessary to separate tokens that might otherwise blend together.

Case is not significant except within character and string literals. The grammars do not reflect this, using one case or the other, but it is still true.

Lexical Grammar

Comments

```
comment:
```

```
// ...the rest of the line
/* ...everything even across lines, including nested comments... */
```

Tokens

TOKEN:

NAME

SYMBOL

NUMBER

CHARACTER-LITERAL

STRING

UNARY-OPERATOR

BINARY-OPERATOR

```
APPENDIX A
BNF
   punctuation
   #-word
punctuation:
   one of ( ) , . ; [ ] { } :: - = == =>
   one of #( #[ ## ? ?? ?= ...
#-word:
   one of #t #f #next #rest #key #all-keys #include
Reserved Words
reserved-word:
   core-word
   BEGIN-WORD
   FUNCTION-WORD
   DEFINE-BODY-WORD
   DEFINE-LIST-WORD
core-word:
             define end handler let local macro otherwise
   one of
The following reserved words are exported by the Dylan module:
BEGIN-WORD:
   one of begin block case for if method
   one of select unless until while
FUNCTION-WORD:
   (none)
DEFINE-BODY-WORD:
   one of class library method module
DEFINE-LIST-WORD:
   one of constant variable domain
Names, Symbols and Keywords
```

NAME: word

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BNF

```
\ word
    operator-name
UNRESERVED-NAME:
   any word that is not also a reserved-word
    \ word
   operator-name
ORDINARY-NAME:
   UNRESERVED-NAME
   DEFINE-BODY-WORD
   DEFINE-LIST-WORD
CONSTRAINED-NAME:
   NAME : word
   NAME : BINARY-OPERATOR
    : word
operator-name:
    \ UNARY-OPERATOR
    \ BINARY-OPERATOR
MACRO-NAME:
   ORDINARY-NAME
   BEGIN-WORD
   FUNCTION-WORD
NAME-NOT-END:
   MACRO-NAME
   one of define handler let local macro otherwise
SYMBOL:
   word:
   # STRING
word:
   leading-alphabetic
   leading-numeric alphabetic-character leading-alphabetic
   leading-graphic leading-alphabetic
leading-alphabetic:
   alphabetic-character
```

leading-alphabetic any-character

BNF

```
leading-numeric:
    numeric-character
    leading-numeric word-character-not-double-alphabetic
leading-graphic:
    graphic-character
    leading-graphic word-character-not-alphabetic
word-character-not-alphabetic:
    numeric-character
    graphic-character
    special-character
word-character-not-double-alphabetic:
    alphabetic\hbox{-}character\hbox{-}word\hbox{-}character\hbox{-}not\hbox{-}alphabetic
    numeric-character
    graphic-character
    special-character
any-character:
    alphabetic-character
    numeric-character
    graphic-character
    special-character
alphabetic-character:
    one of a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z
numeric-character:
    one of 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
graphic-character:
    one of ! & * < > | ^ $ % @ _
special-character:
    one of - + ~ ? / =
```

Operators

```
UNARY-OPERATOR:
    one of - ~

BINARY-OPERATOR:
    one of + - * / ^ = == ~= ~== < <= > >= & | :=
```

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Character and String Literals

```
CHARACTER-LITERAL:
    ' character '
character:
    any printing character (including space) except for \,\, or \,\,
    \ escape-character
STRING:
    " more-string
more-string:
    string-character more-string
string-character:
    any printing character (including space) except for " or \
    \ escape-character
escape-character:
    one of \ ' " a b e f n r t 0
    < hex-digits >
Numbers
NUMBER:
    integer
    ratio
    floating-point
integer:
    binary-integer
```

octal-integer

hex-integer

#b binary-digit

binary-integer:

 $sign_{opt}$ decimal-integer

binary-integer binary-digit

BNF

```
octal-integer:
    #o octal-digit
    octal-integer octal-digit
decimal-integer:
    decimal-digit
    decimal-integer decimal-digit
hex-integer:
    #x hex-digit
    hex-integer hex-digit
hex-digits:
    hex-digit ...
binary-digit:
    one of 0 1
octal-digit:
    one of 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7
decimal-digit:
    one of 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
hex-digit:
    one of 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 A B C D E F
ratio:
    sign_{opt} decimal-integer / decimal-integer
floating-point:
    sign_{opt} decimal-integer _{opt} . decimal-integer exponent_{opt}
    sign_{opt} decimal-integer \cdot decimal-integer<sub>opt</sub> exponent<sub>opt</sub>
    sign<sub>opt</sub> decimal-integer exponent
exponent:
    E sign<sub>opt</sub> decimal-integer
sign:
    one of + -
```

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Phrase Grammar

Program Structure

```
source-record:
    body<sub>opt</sub>

body:
    constituents ; opt

constituents:
    constituent ; ...

constituent:
    definition
    local-declaration
    expression

macro:
    definition-macro-call
    statement
    function-macro-call
    parsed-macro-call
```

Property Lists

Fragments

```
body-fragment:
    non-statement-body-fragment
    statement non-statement-body-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
list-fragment:
    non-statement-list-fragment
    statement non-statement-list-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
basic-fragment:
    non-statement-basic-fragment
    statement non-statement-basic-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
non-statement-body-fragment:
     definition semicolon-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
     local-declaration semicolon-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
    simple-fragment body-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
       body-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
     ; body-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
semicolon-fragment:
     ; body-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
non-statement-list-fragment:
    simple-fragment list-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
     , list-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
non-statement-basic-fragment:
    simple-fragment basic-fragment<sub>opt</sub>
simple-fragment:
    variable-name
    constant-fragment
    BINARY-OPERATOR
    UNARY-OPERATOR
    bracketed-fragment
    function-macro-call
     #-word
    one of . :: => ? ?? ?= ... ## otherwise
    parsed-function-call
    parsed-macro-call
```

```
APPENDIX A
BNF
bracketed-fragment:
    ( body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> )
    [ body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> ]
    { body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> }
constant-fragment:
    NUMBER
    CHARACTER-LITERAL
    STRING
    SYMBOL
    #( constants . constant )
    \#(\ constants_{opt}\ )
    #[ constants<sub>opt</sub> ]
    parsed-list-constant
    parsed-vector-constant
```

Definitions

```
definition:
    definition-macro-call
    define macro macro-definition
    parsed-definition

definition-macro-call:
    define modifiers<sub>opt</sub> DEFINE-BODY-WORD body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> definition-tail
    define modifiers<sub>opt</sub> DEFINE-LIST-WORD list-fragment<sub>opt</sub>

modifier:
    UNRESERVED-NAME

modifiers:
    modifier ...

definition-tail:
    end
    end MACRO-NAME

end DEFINE-BODY-WORD MACRO-NAME
```

Local Declarations

```
local-declaration:
    let bindings
    let handler condition = handler
    local local-methods
    parsed-local-declaration
condition:
    type
    ( type comma-property-list )
handler:
    expression
local-methods:
   method_{opt} method-definition , ...
bindings:
    variable = expression
    ( variable-list ) = expression
variable-list:
    variables
    variables , #rest variable-name
    #rest variable-name
variables:
    variable , ...
variable:
    variable-name
    variable-name :: type
variable-name:
    ORDINARY-NAME
type:
    operand
```

Expressions

```
expressions:
    expression , ...
expression:
    binary-operand BINARY-OPERATOR ...
expression-no-symbol:
    binary-operand-no-symbol
    binary\text{-}operand\text{-}no\text{-}symbol\ \textbf{binary}\text{-}\textbf{OPERATOR}\ expression
binary-operand-no-symbol:
    UNARY-OPERATOR operand
binary-operand:
    SYMBOL
    UNARY-OPERATOR<sub>opt</sub> operand
operand:
    operand ( arguments<sub>opt</sub> )
    operand [ arguments<sub>opt</sub> ]
    operand . variable-name
    leaf
function-macro-call:
    FUNCTION-WORD ( body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> )
leaf:
    literal
    variable-name
    ( expression )
    function-macro-call
    statement
    parsed-function-call
    parsed-macro-call
arguments:
    argument, ...
argument:
    SYMBOL expression
    expression-no-symbol
    SYMBOL
```

```
APPENDIX A

BNF

literal:

NUMBER
CHARACTER-LITERAL
string-literal
#t
#f
#( constants • constant )
#( constants<sub>opt</sub> )
#[ constants<sub>opt</sub> ]
parsed-list-constant
parsed-vector-constant
string-literal:
STRING ...
```

Statements

constants:

constant: literal SYMBOL

constant , \dots

```
statement:
    BEGIN-WORD body-fragment<sub>opt</sub> end-clause
end-clause:
    end BEGIN-WORD<sub>opt</sub>

case-body:
    cases ;<sub>opt</sub>

cases:
    case-label constituents<sub>opt</sub> ; ...

case-label:
    expressions =>
    ( expressions , expressions ) =>
    otherwise =><sub>opt</sub>
```

Methods

```
method-definition:
    variable-name parameter-list body_{opt} end method_{opt} variable-name_{opt}
parameter-list:
    ( parameters_{opt} ) ; opt
    ( parameters_{opt} ) => variable ;
    ( parameters<sub>opt</sub> ) => ( values-list<sub>opt</sub> ) ; <sub>opt</sub>
parameters:
    required-parameters
    required-parameters , next-rest-key-parameter-list
    next-rest-key-parameter-list
next-rest-key-parameter-list:
    #next variable-name
    #next variable-name , rest-key-parameter-list
    rest-key-parameter-list
rest-key-parameter-list:
    #rest variable-name
    #rest variable-name , key-parameter-list
    key-parameter-list
key-parameter-list:
    #key keyword-parameters<sub>opt</sub>
    #key keyword-parameters , #all-keys
required-parameters:
    required-parameter , ...
required-parameter:
    variable
    variable-name == expression
keyword-parameters:
    keyword-parameter , ...
keyword-parameter:
    SYMBOL<sub>opt</sub> variable default<sub>opt</sub>
default:
    = expression
```

```
BNF
```

```
values-list:
variables
variables , #rest variable
#rest variable
```

Macro Definitions

```
macro-definition:
     {\tt MACRO-NAME} \  \, \textit{main-rule-set} \  \, \textit{aux-rule-sets}_{\textit{opt}} \  \, \textbf{end} \  \, \textbf{macro}_{\textit{opt}} \, \texttt{MACRO-NAME}_{\textit{opt}}
main-rule-set:
     body-style-definition-rule ...
     list-style-definition-rule ...
     statement-rule ...
     function-rule...
body-style-definition-rule:
     { define \ definition-head_{opt} \ MACRO-NAME \ pattern_{opt} \ ;_{opt} \ end } => rhs
list-style-definition-rule:
     { define \ definition-head_{opt} \ MACRO-NAME \ pattern_{opt} } => rhs
rhs:
     { template<sub>opt</sub> } ; opt
definition-head:
     modifier-pattern ...
modifier-pattern:
     modifier
     pattern-variable
statement-rule:
     { MACRO-NAME pattern<sub>opt</sub> ; opt end } => rhs
function-rule:
     { MACRO-NAME ( pattern_{opt} ) } => rhs
Patterns
pattern:
     pattern-list; ...
```

APPENDIX A **BNF** pattern-list: pattern-sequence property-list-pattern pattern-sequence, pattern-list pattern-sequence: simple-pattern ... simple-pattern: NAME-NOT-END => bracketed-pattern binding-pattern pattern-variable bracketed-pattern: (pattern_{opt}) [pattern_{opt} { pattern_{opt} binding-pattern: $pattern\text{-}variable \quad \textbf{::} \quad pattern\text{-}variable$ pattern-variable = pattern-variable pattern-variable :: pattern-variable = pattern-variable pattern-variable: ? NAME ? CONSTRAINED-NAME property-list-pattern: **#rest** pattern-variable #key pattern-keywords_{opt} **#rest** pattern-variable, **#key** pattern-keywords_{opt} pattern-keywords: #all-keys pattern-keyword pattern-keyword , pattern-keywords

pattern-keyword:

? NAME default_{opt}

? CONSTRAINED-NAME default_{opt}

```
\ref{eq:constrained-name} NAME default_{opt} CONSTRAINED-NAME default_{opt}
```

Templates

```
template:
    template-element ...
template-element:
    NAME
    SYMBOL
    NUMBER
    CHARACTER-LITERAL
    STRING
    UNARY-OPERATOR
    separator
    #-word
    one of . :: =>
    ( template_{opt} )
    [ template<sub>opt</sub> ]
    { template<sub>opt</sub> }
    #( template<sub>opt</sub> )
    #[ template<sub>opt</sub> ]
    parsed-list-constant
    parsed-vector-constant
    substitution
separator:
    one of ; ,
    BINARY-OPERATOR
substitution:
    name-prefix<sub>opt</sub> ? name-string-or-symbol name-suffix<sub>opt</sub>
    ?? NAME separator<sub>opt</sub> ...
    ?= NAME
name-prefix:
    STRING ##
name-suffix:
    ## STRING
```

BNF

```
name-string-or-symbol:
NAME
STRING
SYMBOL
```

Auxiliary Rule Sets

```
aux-rule-sets:
    aux-rule-set ...

aux-rule-set:
    SYMBOL aux-rules

aux-rules:
    aux-rule ...

aux-rule:
    { pattern_opt } => rhs
```

Parsed Fragments