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# Chapter 1

# What is CGmapTools

DNA methylation is crucial for a wide variety of biological processes. With the development of high throughput methylome profiling methods, huge volumes of data are generated and in egent need of computational tools for data analysis.

We proposed **CGmapTools**, a bisulfite sequencing analysis toolset with enhanced features on SNV calling and allele specific methylations and visualizations, in hope to set up a standard for bisulfite sequencing data related manipulation, including better data storage, extraction, visualization and improved performence in SNP calling. We also provide dozens of utilities and a seamless pipeline for bisulfite sequencing data analysis.

```
cgmaptools -h
```

```
Program : cgmaptools (Tools for analysis in CGmap/ATCGmap format)
#
#
    Usage:
              cgmaptools <command> [options]
#
    Commands:
      -- File manipulation
#
#
                     + data format conversion tools
         convert
#
         fetch
                     + fetch a region by random accessing
#
         refill
                       refill the missing columns
#
                       intersect two files
         intersect
#
         merge2
                     + merge two files into one
#
         mergelist
                     + merge a list of files
#
                       sort lines by chromosome and position
         sort
#
         split
                     + split file by chromosomes
#
                     + select lines by region/site
         select
#
      -- SNV analysis
#
         snv
                        snv analysis
#
      -- Methylation analysis
#
         dms
                       differentially methylated site analysis
#
                        differentially methylated region analysis
         dmr
#
                        allele-specific methylation analysis
         asm
                       average methylation level in regions
         mbed
#
         mbin
                     * single sample, mC levels in bins
#
                       multiple samples, mC levels in bins
         mmbin
#
                       methlation levels across fragmented region
         mfg
         mstat
                     * methyaltion statistic
#
                        methylation level to each region
         mtr
```

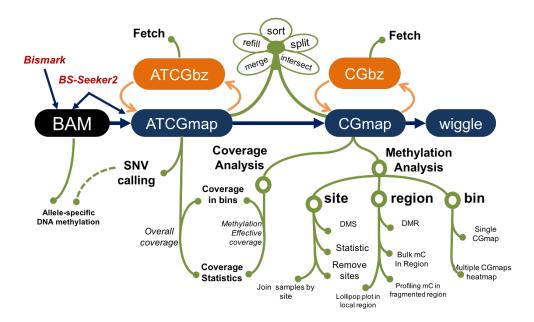


Figure 1.1: Schematic diagram of CGmapTools

```
#
      -- Coverage analysis
#
                    +* overall coverage (for ATCGmap)
         oac
#
         mec
                    +* methylation effective coverage (for CGmap)
      -- Graph related functions
#
                     * show local mC levels as lollipop bars
#
         lollipop
#
         heatmap
                     * global mC distribution for multiple samples
#
                     * show mC profile across fragmented regions
         fragreg
#
                     * show local mapped reads in Tanghulu shape
         tanghulu
#
      -- Other Utils
#
                       get MspI cutting sites for RRBS
         findCCGG
#
         bed2fragreg
                       get fragmented region based on region
#
#
      Commands support figures generation are marked with "*"
#
      Commands contain sub-commands are marked with "+"
#
   Authors:
      GUO, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com; http://guoweilong.github.io
#
#
      ZHU, Ping; pingzhu.work@gmail.com; http://perry-zhu.github.io
```

# Chapter 2

# File Formats

To facilitate high throughput data manipulation and reduce storage usage, several file format have been proposed and generally accepted as the standard. Due to these great efforts (e.g. SAM/BAM and VCF), data analysis and tool development become more easier and highly efficient. However, when it comes to bisulfite sequencing data, currently, available tools possess their own tool specific data format. In consequence, integrating results from several tools leads to extra efforts in unifying data format and developing custermized tools, which is time comsuming and error prone.

The widely-used BS-seq alignment software **BS-Seeker2** defines **CGmap** and **ATCGmap** file formats for the representation of DNA methylomes. In CGmapTools, we used **ATCGmap** and **CGmap** as the standard file format interface, so that to simplify the development of downstream DNA methylation analysis tools and to provide standard formats for storing and sharing the DNA methylomes.

# 2.1 ATCGmap Format

Similar with **pileup**, **ATCGmap** format summarizes the information of mapped reads covered on each nucleotide on both strands, specially designed for BS-seq data.

Here, we defined ATCGmap file format to integrate both mapping and coverage of non-cytosine and cytosine sites with estimated DNA methylation in a single file.

#### Example

```
Τ
chr1
             3009410 -- --
                                  10
                                                                         na
chr1
        C
             3009411 CHH CC
                                  10
                                      0
                                           0
                                               0
                                                   0
                                                            0
                                                                0
                                                                     0
                                                                         0.0
chr1
        C
             3009412 CHG CC
                                  10
                                      0
                                               0
                                                   0
                                                                 0
                                                                     0
                                                                         0.0
chr1
             3009413 CG CG 0
                                  10 50
                                                                         0.83
```

• Column Description

# 2.2 CGmap Format

In cases we only want to retain DNA methylation on cytonsines to save storage usage, we defined another file format called **CGmap** which provides sequence context and estimated DNA methylation level of any covered cytosines on the reference genome.

#### Example

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{ <mark>1,118</mark> }	Query template NAME
2	NUC	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
3	POS	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position
4	CONT	String	{"", "CG", "CHG", "CHH"}	context
5	DINUC	String	{"", "CA", "CT", "CC", "CG"}	Dinucleotide context
6	WA	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Watson strand support Adenine
7	WT	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Watson strand support Thymine
8	WC	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on <b>Watson</b> strand support <b>Cytosine</b>
9	WG	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on <b>Watson</b> strand support <b>Guanine</b>
10	WN	Int	[0,26-1]	Counts of reads on <b>Watson</b> strand support <b>None</b>
11	CA	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Crick strand support Adenine
12	CT	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Crick strand support Thymine
13	CC	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Crick strand support Cytosine
14	CG	Int	[0,2 <sup>14</sup> -1]	Counts of reads on Crick strand support Guanine
15	CN	Int	[0,26-1]	Counts of reads on Crick strand support None
16	METH	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level or "Not Available"

Figure 2.1: Description of ATCGmap

chr1	G	3000851	CHH	CC	0.1	1	10
chr1	C	3001624	CHG	CA	0.0	0	9
chr1	C	3001631	CG	CG	1.0	5	5
chr1	G	3001632	CG	CG	0.9	9	10

• Column Description

# 2.3 ATCGbz Format

ATCGbz format is the binary compressed version for ATCGmap format. ATCGmap format is readable, while quite large for storing, and difficult for fetching information in a specific position. ATCGbz is defined as the sorted binary version, that storing all information of ATCGmap into standard binary form, largely

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{ <mark>1,118</mark> }	Query template NAME
2	NUC	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
3	POS	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position
4	CONT	String	{"", "CG", "CHG", "CHH"}	context
5	DINUC	String	{"", "CA", "CT", "CC", "CG"}	Dinucleotide context
6	METH	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level or "Not Available"
7	MC	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support methylated Cytosine
8	NC	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support all Cytosine

Figure 2.2: Description of CGmap

2.3. ATCGBZ FORMAT 7

Fie	eld	Description	Туре	Value
N_	chr	# chromosome	uint32_t	
		List of ChrInfo		
	CHR	Name of chromosome	char [118]	
	count	# of ATCGbzT under this chromosome	uint32_t	
pos		Position on this chromosome	uint32_t	
info		The mapping information	uint32_t [4]	

Figure 2.3: Data structure of ATCGbz

info : uint32_t [4] 128 bit														
info [0]				info [1]		info [2]			info [3]					
1	2,3	4	5-18	19-32	1-14	15-28	29-32	1-2	3-16	17-30	31-32	1-12	13-26	27-32
strand	Dinuc	Context	WA	WT	wc	WG	W۱	1	CA	СТ	C	0	CG	CN
0 = + 1 = -	00=CA 01=CC 10=CT 11=CG	0=CNH 0=CNG		Count of reads mapped on Watson/Crick strands, supporting A, T, C, G or N										
	111 = ""	not CGG												

Figure 2.4: Data structure of info field of ATCGbz

reduced the storage requirement, and also supporting fast retrival of methylation information for any position on genome.

#### • Data structure

• Related command

```
cgmaptools fetch atcgbz -h
```

```
#
#
      Usage: cgmaptools fetch atcgbz -b <ATCGbz> -C <CHR> -L <LeftPos> -R <RightPos>
#
            (aka ATCGbzFetchRegion)
      Description: Convert ATCGbz format to ATCGmap format.
#
#
                   Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
      Last update: 2016-12-07
#
#
      Options:
#
#
        -h, --help
                               output help information
#
        -b, --ATCGbz <arg>
                               output ATCGbz file
        -C, --CHR <arg>
#
                               specify the chromosome name
        -L, --leftPos <arg>
#
                               the left position
        -R, --rightPos <arg> the right position
```

Fie	eld	Description	Туре	Value
N_chr		# chromosome	uint32_t	
		List of ChrInfo		
	CHR	Name of chromosome	char [118]	
	count	# of CGbzT under this chromosome	uint32_t	
		List of CGbzT		
	pos	Position on this chromosome	uint32_t	
	info	The mapping information	uint32_t	

Figure 2.5: Data structure of ATCGbz

info : uint32_t								
1	2,3	4	5-18	19-32				
strand	Dinuc	Context	MC	NC				
0: + 1: -	00=CA 01=CC 0=CNH 10=CT 0=CNG 11=CG		# reads support methylated	# reads support all cytosine				
	111 = "" n	ot CGG	cytosine					

Figure 2.6: Data structure of info field of CGbz

# 2.4 CGbz Format

CGbz format is the binary compressed version for CGmap format.

- Data structure
- Related command

```
cgmaptools fetch cgbz -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools fetch cgbz -b <CGbz> -C <CHR> -L <LeftPos> -R <RightPos>
#
#
             (aka CGvzFetchRegion)
     Description: Convert CGbz file to CGmap format.
     Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
     Last update: 2016-12-07
#
#
     Options:
#
        -h, --help
                               output help information
        -b, --CGbz <arg>
                               output CGbz file
        -C, --CHR <arg>
                               specify the chromosome name
        -L, --leftPos <arg>
#
                               the left position
        -R, --rightPos <arg>
                               the right position
```

# Chapter 3

# File Manipulation

 ${\bf CGmapTools}$  provides multiple utilities to manipulate files in ATCGmap and CGmap format or compressed ATCGbz/CGbz format.

Usage: cgmaptools <convert|fetch|refill|intersect|merge2|mergelist|sort|split|select|>
[options]

# 3.1 convert

- **Description** : File format coversion.
- Table of command for converting formats:

Commands	From	То
bam2cgmap	BAM	CGmap & ATCGmap
atcgmap2atcgbz	ATCGmap	ATCGbz
atcgbz2atcgmap	ATCGbz	ATCGmap
atcgmap2cgmap	ATCGmap	CGmap
$\operatorname{\mathbf{cgmap2cgbz}}$	$\operatorname{CGamp}$	$\operatorname{CGbz}$
$\operatorname{\mathbf{cgbz2cgmap}}$	$\operatorname{CGbz}$	$\operatorname{CGmap}$
cgmap2wig	CGmap	WIG

# • Command

cgmaptools convert -h

```
cgmaptools convert <command> [options]
    Usage:
    Version:
              0.0.4
#
    Commands:
         bam2cgmap
                          BAM
                                   => CGmap & ATCGmap
#
         atcgmap2atcgbz
                          ATCGmap => ATCGbz
#
         atcgbz2atcgmap
                          ATCGbz => ATCGmap
#
         atcgmap2cgmap
                          ATCGmap => CGmap
#
         cgmap2cgbz
                          CGamp
                                  => CGbz
#
         cgbz2cgmap
                          CGbz
                                  => CGmap
#
         cgmap2wig
                          CGmap
                                  => WIG
         bismakr2cgmap
                          Bismark => CGmap
```

#### • Example:

```
- BAM to CGmap

cgmaptools convert bam2cgmap -b WG.bam -g genome.fa --rm0verlap -o WG

- BAM to CGmap

cgmaptools convert bam2cgmap -b RR.bam -g genome.fa --rm0verlap -o RR

- ATCGmap to ATCGbz

cgmaptools convert atcgmap2atcgbz -c WG.ATCGmap.gz -b WG.ATCGbz

- ATCGvz to ATCGmap

cgmaptools convert atcgbz2atcgmap -c WG2.ATCGmap.gz -b WG.ATCGbz

- CGmap to CGbz

cgmaptools convert cgmap2cgbz -c RR.CGmap.gz -b RR.CGbz

- CGbz to CGmap

cgmaptools convert cgbz2cgmap -c RR2.CGmap.gz -b RR.CGbz

- CGmap to WIG

cgmaptools convert cgmap2wig -i <CGmap> [-w <wig>] [-c <INT> -b <float>]

Note: please refer to the help message for usage details using -h option.
```

# 3.2 fetch

- Description: Fastly acess methylation data in specified region.
- Command

```
cgmaptools fetch -h
```

```
# Usage: cgmaptools fetch <command> [options]
# Version: 0.0.4
# Commands:
# atcgbz fetch lines from ATCGbz
# cgbz fetch lines from CGbz
```

## 3.2.1 fetch cgbz

```
cgmaptools fetch cgbz -h
```

```
#
      Usage: cgmaptools fetch cgbz -b <CGbz> -C <CHR> -L <LeftPos> -R <RightPos>
#
#
             (aka CGvzFetchRegion)
#
      Description: Convert CGbz file to CGmap format.
      Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
#
      Last update: 2016-12-07
#
#
      Options:
#
#
       -h, --help
                               output help information
       -b, --CGbz <arg>
#
                               output CGbz file
```

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```
# -C, --CHR <arg> specify the chromosome name
# -L, --leftPos <arg> the left position
# -R, --rightPos <arg> the right position
• Example:
cgmaptools fetch cgbz -b RR.CGbz -C chr3 -L 2200 -R 2400
```

## 3.2.2 fetch atcgbz

#### • Command

```
cgmaptools fetch atcgbz -h
```

```
#
#
      Usage: cgmaptools fetch atcgbz -b <ATCGbz> -C <CHR> -L <LeftPos> -R <RightPos>
#
            (aka ATCGbzFetchRegion)
      Description: Convert ATCGbz format to ATCGmap format.
#
#
      Contact:
                   Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
      Last update: 2016-12-07
#
#
      Options:
#
#
        -h, --help
                               output help information
#
        -b, --ATCGbz <arg>
                               output ATCGbz file
#
        -C, --CHR <arg>
                               specify the chromosome name
#
        -L, --leftPos <arg>
                               the left position
        -R, --rightPos <arg>
                               the right position
  • Example:
     cgmaptools fetch atcgbz -b WG.ATCGbz -C chr2 -L 90 -R 100
```

# 3.3 refill

```
cgmaptools refill -h
```

```
#
    Usage: cgmaptools refill [-i <CGmap>] -g <genome.fa> [-o output]
          (aka CGmapFillContext)
#
    Description: Fill the CG/CHG/CHH and CA/CC/CT/CG context.
#
#
                 Other fields will not be affected.
                 Can be applied to ATCGmap file.
#
#
    Contact:
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
#
    Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
    Index Ex:
#
       Chr1
               C
                       3541
                                                0.0
#
    Output Ex:
#
       Chr1
                       3541
                                CG
                                        CG
                                                 0.0
                                                         0
#
#
    Options:
#
      -h, --help
                    show this help message and exit
#
      -i STRING
                    Input CGmap file (CGmap or CGmap.gz)
#
                    genome file, FASTA format (gzipped if end with '.gz')
      -g STRING
```

```
# -o STRING Output file name (gzipped if end with '.gz')
# -0, --O-base O-based genome if specified [Default: 1-based]
```

#### • File formats:

The input CGmap file, which is lacking C context on the 3rd and 4th columns:

```
Chr1 C 3541 - - 0.0 0 1
```

After refill processing, the CGmap file would be as below, added C context information:

```
Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.0 0
```

### • Example:

```
zcat RR2.CGmap.gz | gawk -F"\t" -vOFS="\t" '{$4="-"; $5="-"; print;}' | cgmaptools
refill -g genome.fa -o RR3.CGmap.gz
```

#### 3.4 intersect

# Command

```
cgmaptools intersect -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools intersect [-1 <CGmap_1>] -2 <CGmap_2> [-o <output>]
#
          (aka CGmapIntersect)
   Description:
#
#
       Get the intersection of two CGmap files.Contact:
                                                            Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Last Update: 2016-08-18
#
   Output Format:
#
       Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.8 4 5 0.4 4 10
#
   When 1st CGmap file is:
#
       Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.8 4 5
#
    ,and 2nd CGmap file is:
#
       Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.4 4 10
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help
                           show this help message and exit
#
     -1 CGmap File
                           File name, end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz.
#
     -2 CGmap File
                           standard input if not specified
#
     -o OUTFILE
                           To standard output if not specified. Compressed output
                           if end with .gz
#
     -C CONTEXT, --context=CONTEXT
                            specific context: CG, CH, CHG, CHH, CA, CC, CT, CW
#
#
                           use all sites if not specified
```

# • Example

```
cgmaptools intersect -1 WG.CGmap.gz -2 RR.CGmap.gz -C CG -o intersect_CG.gz
```

#### • Output format

#### - Example

```
Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.8 4 5 0.4 4 10
Chr1 C 3542 CG CG 0.8 3 5 0.2 2 10
Chr1 C 3545 CHG CA 0.0 0 5 0.1 1 10
```

#### - Column Description

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Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{1,118}	Query template NAME
2	NUC	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
3	POS	Int	[0,2 <mark>32</mark> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position
4	CONT	String	{"", "CG", "CHG", "CHH"}	context
5	DINUC	String	{"", "CA", "CT", "CC", "CG"}	Dinucleotide context
6	METH_1	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 1
7	MC_1	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support <b>methylated</b> Cytosine in Sample 1
8	NC_1	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support all Cytosine in Sample 1
9	METH_2	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 2
10	MC_2	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support <b>methylated</b> Cytosine in Sample 2
11	NC_2	Int	[0,2 <sup>12</sup> -1]	Counts of reads support all Cytosine in Sample 2

Figure 3.1: Output format description for cgmaptools intersect

# 3.5 merge2

#### Command

```
cgmaptools merge2 -h
```

```
# Usage: cgmaptools merge2 <command> [options]
# Version: 0.0.4
# Commands:
# atcgmap merge two ATCGmap files into one
# cgmap merge two CGmap files into one
```

# 3.5.1 merge2 atcgmap

#### Command

```
cgmaptools merge2 atcgmap -h
```

```
Unknown option: -h
#
   Usage: cgmaptools merge2 atcgmap -1 <ATCGmap> -2 <ATCGmap>
#
           (aka ATCGmapMerge)
#
   Contact:
                Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Options:
      -1
            Input, 1st ATCGmap file
#
     -2
            Input, 2nd ATCGmap file
   Output to STDOUT in ATCGmap format
   Tips: Two input files should have the same order of chromosomes
```

# • Example

```
cgmaptools merge2 atcgmap -1 WG.ATCGmap.gz -2 RR.ATCGmap.gz | gzip > merge.ATCGmap.gz
```

## 3.5.2 merge2 cgmap

#### Command

```
cgmaptools merge2 cgmap -h
   Usage: cgmaptools merge2 cgmap -1 <CGmap_1> -2 <CGmap_2> [-o <output>]
#
          (aka CGmapMerge)
#
   Description: Merge two CGmap files together.
#
                Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Note: The two input CGmap files should be sorted in the same order first.
#
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help show this help message and exit
#
     -1 FILE
               File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz
#
     -2 FILE
                 If not specified, STDIN will be used.
      -o OUTFILE CGmap, output file. Use STDOUT if omitted (gzipped if end with
                  '.gz').

    Example

  • Example command:
    cgmaptools merge2 cgmap -1 WG.CGmap.gz -2 RR.CGmap.gz | gzip > merge.CGmap.gz
```

# 3.6 mergelist

• Command

```
cgmaptools mergelist -h

# Usage: cgmaptools mergelist <command> [options]

# Version: 0.0.4

# Commands:

# tomatrix mC levels matrix from multiple files

# tosingle merge list of input files into one
```

#### 3.6.1 mergelist tomatrix

```
cgmaptools mergelist tomatrix -h
   Usage: cgmaptools mergelist tomatrix [-i <index>] -f <IN1,IN2,..> -t <tag1,tag2,..> [-o output]
#
#
          (aka CGmapFillIndex)
#
   Description: Fill methylation levels according to the Index file for CGmap files in list.
#
   Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
   Last Updated: 2016-12-07
#
   Index format Ex:
#
      chr10
             100005504
#
   Output format Ex:
#
      chr
                              tag2
                                      tag3
              pos
                     tag1
              111403 0.30
#
      Chr1
                                      0.80
                              nan
```

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С	ol	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
	1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]*	Query template NAME
	2	POS	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Position

Figure 3.2: Format description for INDEX file

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]*	Query template NAME
2	POS	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Position
3	METH_1	Float	[0.00, 1.00]	Methylation level in sample 1
n	METH_n	Float	[0.00, 1.00]	Methylation level in sample n

Figure 3.3: Output format description for cgmaptools fill tomatrix

```
#
       Chr1
              111406 0.66
                              0.40
                                      0.60
#
#
    Options:
      -h, --help show this help message and exit
#
#
      -i FILE
                 TXT file, index file, use STDIN if omitted
      -f STRING List of (input) CGmap files (CGmap or CGmap.gz)
#
      -t STRING List of tags, same order with '-f'
     -c INT
                 minimum coverage [default: 1]
                 maximum coverage [default: 200]
     -C INT
      -o STRING
                 Output file name (gzipped if end with '.gz')
```

#### • Example

```
zcat RR*.CGmap.gz WG.CGmap.gz | gawk '$8>=5' | cut -f1,3 | sort -u | cgmaptools sort
-c 1 -p 2 > index
cgmaptools mergelist tomatrix -i index -f RR.CGmap.gz,RR2.CGmap.gz,WG.CGmap.gz -t
```

cgmaptools mergelist tomatrix -i index -f RR.CGmap.gz,RR2.CGmap.gz,WG.CGmap.gz -t RR,RR2,WG -c 5 -C 100 -o matrix.CG.gz

#### • Format for Index file

### - Example

Chr1 940 Chr1 1840 Chr2 9060

#### - Column Description

#### • Format for output file

# - Example

chr	pos	tag1	tag2	tag3
Chr1	111403	0.05	nan	0.02
Chr1	111500	1.00	0.80	0.60
Chr2	20000	0.96	0.33	0.66

#### - Column Description

#### 3.6.2 mergelist to single

# Command

```
cgmaptools mergelist tosingle -h
   Usage: cgmaptools mergelist to single -i f1,f2,..,fn [-o <output>]
          (aka MergeListOfCGmap)
#
#
   Description: Merge multiple CGmap/ATCGmap files into one.
               Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Contact:
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Note: Large memory is needed.
#
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help show this help message and exit
#
                 List of input files; gzipped file ends with '.gz'
     -i FILE
     -f FILE
                 cgmap or atcgmap [Default: cgmap]
     -o OUTFILE To standard output if not specified; gzipped file if end with
#
                  '.gz'
```

# • Example

# 3.7 sort

# • Command cgmaptools sort -h

```
Usage: Sort_chr_pos [-i <input>] [-c 1] [-p 3] [-o output]
   Author: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@gmail.com; 2014-05-11
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Description: Sort the input files by chromosome and position.
         The order of chromosomes would be :
#
         "chr1 chr2 ... chr11 chr11_random ... chr21 ... chrM chrX chrY"
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help
                         show this help message and exit
#
     -i FILE
                         File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not specified,
#
                         STDIN will be used.
     -c INT, --chr=INT The column of chromosome [default: 1]
#
     -p INT, --pos=INT The column of position [default: 2]
      -o OUTFILE
                         To standard output if not specified
  • Example
```

zcat RR\*.CGmap.gz WG.CGmap.gz | gawk '\$8>=5' | cut -f1,3 | sort -u | cgmaptools sort

# 3.8 split

#### Command

-c 1 -p 2 > index

3.9. SELECT 17

```
cgmaptools split -h
    Usage: cgmaptools split -i <input> -p <prefix[.chr.]> -s <[.chr.]suffix>
#
          (aka CGmapSplitByChr)
   Description: Split the files by each chromosomes.
#
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Contact:
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
#
   Options:
#
      -h, --help show this help message and exit
#
                  Input file, CGmap or ATCGmap foramt, use STDIN when not
      -i FILE
#
                  specified.(gzipped if end with 'gz').
#
      -p STRING
                  The prefix for output file
      -s STRING
                  The suffix for output file (gzipped if end with 'gz').

    Example

    cgmaptools split -i WG.CGmap.gz -p WG -s CGmap.gz
3.9
       select

    Command

cgmaptools select -h
   Usage:
              cgmaptools select <command> [options]
#
   Version:
              0.0.4
#
   Commands:
#
                    select or exclude liens by region lists
        region
#
                    select or exclude lines by site list
         site
       select region
3.9.1

    Command

cgmaptools select region -h
   Usage: cgmaptools select region [-i <CGmap/ATCGmap>] -r <BED> [-R]
#
#
          (aka CGmapSelectByRegion)
#
   Description: Lines in input CGmap/ATCGmap be selected/excluded by BED file.
#
                 Strand is NOT considered.
#
                 Output to STDOUT in same format with input.
#
   Contact:
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Options:
#
      -i Input, CGmap/ATCGmap file; use STDIN if not specified
#
          Please use "gunzip -c <input>.gz " and pipe as input for gzipped file.
#
          Ex: chr12 G 19898796
      -r Input, Region file, BED file to store regions
#
#
          At least 3 columns are required
#
          Ex: chr12 19898766 19898966 XX XXX XXX
#
      -R [optional] Reverse selection. Sites in region file will be excluded when specified
```

Tips: program will do binary search for each site in regions

-h help

# • Example

```
for CHR in 1 2 3 4 5; do (for P in 1 2 3 4 5; do echo | gawk -vC=$CHR -vP=$P -vOFS="\t" '{print "chr"C, P*1000, P*1000+200, "+";}'; done); done > region.bed
zcat WG.CGmap.gz | cgmaptools select region -r region.bed | head
```

#### 3.9.2 select site

#### Command

```
cgmaptools select site -h
   Usage: cgmaptools select site -i <index> [-f <CGmap/ATCGmap>] [-r] [-o output]
         (aka CGmapSelectBySite)
#
  Description: Select lines from input CGmap/ATCGmap in index or reverse.
                Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
  Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Index format example:
#
      chr10 100504
#
      chr10 103664
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help show this help message and exit
     -i FILE
#
                 Name of Index file required (gzipped if end with '.gz').
#
     -r
                 reverse selected, remove site in index if specified
#
     -f STRING Input CGmap/ATCGmap files. Use STDIN if not specified
     -o STRING
                 CGmap, Output file name (gzipped if end with '.gz').
  • Example
    gawk 'NR%100==50' index > site
```

cgmaptools select site -f RR.CGmap.gz -i site -o RR\_select.CGmap.gz

# Chapter 4

# SNV calling

Bisulfite sequencing data contains information of both methylation and genome sequences. In addition to DNA methylation analysis, we can also call variants using bisulfite data. Due to bisulfite coversion and PCR amplification during library preparation, the unmethylated cytosines on the DNA fragments would be converted to thymines. Thus, it's difficult to distinguish thymine produced by bisulfite coversion with the real thymine allele.

In recent years, few tools are adapted to bisulfite data for SNP calling. The main idea is removing vague reads that may contain unmethylated cytosines for a given position. Consequently, the rest reads can be regarded as reads generated from a normal genome DNA without bisulfite treatment and can be used to call variants using regular methods without consideration of bisulfite conversion.

However, removing the vague reads leads to information lost in most cases making variant calling less confident, especially when the sequencing depth is low. To solve this problem, we proposed two independent methods called BinomWC (based on binomial) and BayesWC (based on bayesian), taking vague reads into consideration.

```
cgmaptools snv -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools snv [-i <ATCGmap>] [-o <output> -v <VCF>]
#
#
          (aka SNVFromATCGmap)
#
   Description: Predict the SNV from ATCGmap file.
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Contact:
   Last update: 2017-08-24
#
#
    Output format example:
#
       #chr nuc pos
                         ATCG_watson ATCG_crick predicted_nuc p_value
#
       chr1 G
                  4752
                         17,0,0,69
                                       0,0,0,0
                                                   A,G
                                                                   9.3e-07
#
                  4770
                                                   A,G
                                                                   0.0e + 00
       chr1 A
                         40,0,0,29
                                       0,0,0,0
#
       chr1 T
                  8454
                         0,39,0,0
                                       0,0,0,0
                                                   T/C
                                                                   1.00e-01
#
#
#
    Options:
#
      -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                            ATCGmap format, STDIN if not specified
#
                            VCF format file for output
      -v FILE, --vcf=FILE
#
      -a, --all_nt
                            Show all sites with enough coverage (-1). Only show
#
                            SNP sites if not specified.
#
      -o OUTFILE
                            STDOUT if not specified
      -m MODE, --mode=MODE Mode for calling SNP [Default: binom]
```

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{ <mark>1,118</mark> }	Query template NAME
2	NUC	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
3	POS	Int	[0,2 <mark>32</mark> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position
4	W_Count	String	[0-9,]+	Count of reads support A, T, C, G on Watson strand, seprated by ", "
5	C_Count	String	[0-9,]+	Count of reads support A, T, C, G on Crick strand, seprated by ", "
6	PRDNUC	String	[ATCG./]+	Predicted genotype ("," indicate two allele; "/" means "or")
7	PVALUE	Float	[0, 1]	P_value for confidence of this prediction

Figure 4.1: Output format description for cgmaptools snv

```
#
                            binom: binomial, separate strands
#
                            bayes: bayesian mode
#
                            (BayesWC mode) Error rate for calling a nucleotide
      --bayes-e=BAYES_ER
#
                            [Default: 0.05]
#
      --bayes-p=BAYES_PV
                            (BayesWC mode) P value as cut-off [Default: 0.001]
      --bayes-dynamicP
                            (BayesWC mode) Use dynamic p-value for different
#
#
                            coverages install of specific p-value. (Recomended)
#
                            "--bayes-p" will be ignored if "--bayes-dynamicP" is
#
                            specified.
#
                            (BinomWC mode) Error rate for calling a nucleotide
      --binom-e=BINOM_ER
#
                            [Default: 0.05]
      --binom-p=BINOM_PV
                            (BinomWC mode) P value as cut-off [Default: 0.01]
#
      --binom-cov=BINOM_COV
                            (BinomWC mode) The coverage checkpoint [Default: 10]
```

### • Example commands :

cgmaptools snv -i WG.ATCGmap.gz -m bayes -v bayes.vcf -o bayes.snv --bayes-dynamicP cgmaptools snv -i WG.ATCGmap.gz -m binom -o binom.snv

#### • Output format

### - Example

#chr	nuc	pos	ATCG_watson	ATCG_crick	predicted_nuc	p_value
chr1	G	4752	17, 0, 0, 69	0, 0, 0, 0	A,G	9.3e-07
chr1	Α	4770	40, 0, 0, 29	0, 0, 0, 0	A,G	0.0e+00
chr1	T	8454	0, 39, 0, 0	0, 0, 0, 0	T/C	1.00e-01

#### - Column Description

# Chapter 5

# Methylation Analysis

## 5.1 dms

```
cgmaptools dms -h
   Usage: cgmaptools dms [-i <CGmapInter>] [-m 5 -M 100] [-o output]
#
#
          (aka CGmapInterDiffSite)
#
   Description:
#
     Get the differentially methylated sites for two samples.
#
   Contact:
                Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
   Last Update: 2017-01-20
#
   Input Format, same as the output of CGmapIntersect.py:
       Chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.8 4 5 0.4 4 10
#
#
   Output Format:
#
      chr1 C
               4654
                       CG CG 0.92
                                       1.00
                                               8.40e-01
#
       chr1 C
              4658
                       CHH CC 0.50
                                       0.00
                                               3.68e-04
#
       chr1 G
              8376
                       CG CG 0.62
                                       0.64
                                               9.35e-01
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help
                           show this help message and exit
#
     -i FILE
                           File name for CGmapInter, STDIN if omitted
#
     -m INT, --min=INT
                           min coverage [default : 0]
     -M INT, --max=INT
                           max coverage [default : 100]
#
                           To standard output if omitted. Compressed output if
     -o OUTFILE
                           end with .gz
#
     -t STRING, --test-method=STRING
                           chisq, fisher [default : chisq]
  • Example
    cgmaptools dms -i intersect_CG.gz -m 4 -M 100 -o DMS.gz -t fisher
  • Output format
      - Example
            С
    chr1
                4654
                        CG CG 0.92
                                        1.00
                                                8.40e-01
    chr1
                4658
                        CHH CC 0.50
                                        0.00
                                                3.68e-04
                8376
                        CG CG 0.62
                                                9.35e-01
    chr1
                                        0.64
```

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{ <mark>1,118</mark> }	Query template NAME
2	NUC	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
3	POS	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	1-based position
4	CONT	String	{"", "CG", "CHG", "CHH"}	context
5	DINUC	String	{"", "CA", "CT", "CC", "CG"}	Dinucleotide context
6	METH_1	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 1
9	METH_2	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 2
11	PVALUE	Float	[0, 1]	P-value

Figure 5.1: Output format description for cgmaptools dms

#### - Column Description

# 5.2 dmr

# • Command cgmaptools dmr -h

```
Usage: cgmaptools dmr [-i <CGmapInter>] [-m 5 -M 100] [-o output]
#
          (aka CGmapInterDiffReg)
#
#
   Description:
      Get the differentially methylated sites by Fisher's exact test.
#
#
    Author:
                  Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
   Last Updated: 2017-08-12
#
    Input Format, same as the output of CGmapIntersect.py:
#
       chr1 C 3541 CG CG 0.8 4 5 0.4 4 10
#
   Output Format, Ex:
#
      #chr
                start
                        end
                                        pv
                                                    mC_A
                                                             mC B
                                                                     N site
#
       chr1 1004572 1004574 inf
                                    0.00e+00
                                                0.1100 0.0000 20
#
       chr1 1009552 1009566 -0.2774 8.08e-01
                                                0.0200 0.0300 15
       chr1 1063405 1063498 0.1435 8.93e-01
#
                                                0.6333 0.5733 5
#
#
   Options:
#
     -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
     -i FILE
                            File name for CGmapInter, STDIN if omitted
     -c INT, --minCov=INT
                            min coverage [default : 4]
#
                            max coverage [default : 500]
#
     -C INT, --maxCov=INT
#
     -s INT, --minStep=INT
#
                            min step in bp [default : 100]
#
     -S INT, --maxStep=INT
#
                            max step in bp [default : 1000]
#
     -n INT, --minNSite=INT
#
                            min N sites [default : 5]
#
      -o OUTFILE
                            To standard output if omitted. Compressed output if
#
                            end with .gz
```

#### Example

5.3. ASM 23

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{1,118}	Query template NAME
2	POS_L	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	leftmost position for region
3	POS_R	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	rightmost mapping position for region
4	Т	Float	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1) or "inf"	Statistics of T test
5	PV	Float	[0, 1]	P-value of t test
6	METH_1	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 1
7	METH_2	Float	[0,1] or "na"	Methylation level in Sample 2

Figure 5.2: Output format description for cgmaptools dmr

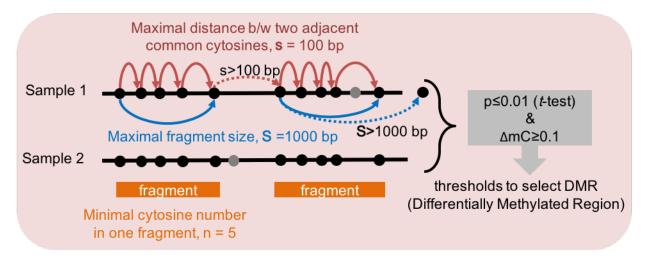


Figure 5.3: Dynamic Fragmentation Strategy

 $\verb|cgmaptools| | dmr -i | intersect\_CG.gz -o | DMR.gz|$ 

#### • Output format

#### - Example

chr1	1004572	1004574	inf	0.00e+00	0.1100	0.000
chr1	1009552	1009566	-0.2774	8.08e-01	0.0200	0.0300
chr1	1063405	1063498	0.1435	8.93e-01	0.6333	0.5733
chr1	1082130	1082133	-0.0822	9.42e-01	0.5000	0.5550
chr1	1123931	1123933	inf	0.00e+00	0.0600	0.0000

# - Column Description

• Strategy

# 5.3 asm

#### • Command

cgmaptools asm -h

- # DESCRIPTION
- # Allele specific methylated region/site calling

```
* Fisher exact test for site calling.
#
            * Students' t-test for region calling.
#
#
   USAGE
#
            cgmaptools asm [options] -r <ref.fa> -b <input.bam> -l <snp.vcf>
#
            (aka ASM)
#
#
            Options:
#
                  Samtools indexed reference genome sequence, fasta format. eg. hg19.fa
#
                  - use samtools to index reference first: samtools faidx hg19.fa
            -b
                  Samtools indexed Bam format file.
#
                  - use samtools to index bam file first: samtools index <input.bam>
#
            -1
                  SNPs in vcf file format.
#
                  Path to samtools eg. /home/user/bin/samtools
#
                  - by defualt, we try to search samtools in your system PATH,
#
                  Output results to file. [default: STDOUT]
            -0
#
                  C context. [default: CG]
            -t
#
                  - available context: C, CG, CH, CW, CC, CA, CT, CHG, CHH
#
                  Specify calling mode. [default: asr]
            -m
#
                  - alternative: ass
#
                  - asr: allele specific methylated region
#
                  - ass: allele specific methylated site
#
                  Minimum number of read for each allele linked site to call ass. [default: 3]
            -d
#
                  - ass specific.
#
            -n
                  Minimum number of C site each allele linked to call asr. [default: 2]
#
                  - asr specific.
#
            -D
                  Minimum read depth for C site to call methylation level when calling asr. [default: 1]
#
                  - asr specific.
#
                  Low methylation level threshold. [default: 0.2]
            -L
                  - allele linked region [or site] with low methylation level should be no greater than
#
#
            -H
                  High methylation level threshold. [default: 0.8]
#
                  - allele linked region[or site] with high methylation level should be no less than th
#
                  Adjusted p value using Benjamini & Hochberg (1995) ("BH" or its alias "fdr"). [defaul
            -q
#
            -h
                  Help message.
#
#
   AUTHOR
#
                         Zhu, Ping; pingzhu.work@gmail.com
#
            Last update: 2016-12-07
  • Example
    gawk '{if(/^#/){print}else{print "chr"$0;}}' bayes.vcf > bayes2.vcf
```

```
cgmaptools asm -r genome.fa -b WG.bam -l bayes2.vcf > WG.asm
```

Output format for ASS (Allele-Specific methylated Site)

- Example

Chr	SNP_Pos Ret	f Allele1	Allele2	C_Pos	Allele1_l	inked_C	A	llele2_lin	ked_C	Al:
Chr1	8949221 T	T	Α	89	49252 30,2	6,0	0.94	1.00		1.00
Chr1	8965481 A	Α	T		8965494 1	2,3	12,4	0.80	0.75	

- Column Description
- Output format for ASR (Allele-Specific methylated Region)
  - Example

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Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{ <mark>1,118</mark> }	Query template NAME
2	SNP_Pos	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position of SNP site
3	Ref	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
4	Allele1	Char	[ATCG]	The nucleotide of allele1
5	Allele2	Char	[ATCG]	The nucleotide of allele2
6	C_Pos	Int	[0,2 <mark>32</mark> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position of C site
7	Allele1_linked_C	Int	[0, 2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Comma separated number of reads support methylated and unmethylated C linked by allele1 respectively
8	Allele2_linked_C	Int	[0, 2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Comma separated number of reads support methylated and unmethylated C linked by allele2 respectively
9	Allele1_linked_C_met	Float	[0,1]	Methylation level of allele1 linked C site
10	Allele2_linked_C_met	Float	[0,1]	Methylation level of allele2 linked C site
11	pvalue	Float	[0,1]	P value of t test
12	fdr	Float	[0,1]	Adjusted p value using Benjamini & Hochberg method
13	ASM	Logical	TRUE/FALSE	TRUE indicates this C site is allele specific methylated. FALSE otherwise.

Figure 5.4: Output format description for cgmaptools asm -m ass

Chr	Pos	F	Ref Allele1	Allele2	Allele1_linked_C	Allele2_linked_C	Allele1
chr1	8943402	Α	Α	T	1-1		0.8-1
chr1	8966879	C	C	G	0.93-0-0	0.81-0-0	0.31

#### - Column Description

# 5.4 mbed

```
cgmaptools mbed -h

# Usage: cgmaptools mbed [-i <CGmap>] -b <regin.bed> [-c 5 -C 500 -s]
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools mbed [-i <CGmap>] -b <regin.bed> [-c 5 -C 500 -s]
#
          (aka CGmapMethylInBed)
#
    Description: Calculated bulk average methylation levels in given regions.
                Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
    Contact:
#
    Last Update: 2017-01-20
#
    Options:
#
       -i String, CGmap file; use STDIN if not specified
#
           Please use "gunzip -c <input>.gz " and pipe as input for gzipped file.
                      3000851 CHH CC 0.1 1 10
#
           Ex: chr1 G
#
       -b String, BED file, should have at least 4 columns
           Ex: chr1 3000000 3005000 -
       -c Int, minimum Coverage [Default: 5]
       -C Int, maximum Coverage [Default: 500]
#
       -s Strands would be distinguished when specified
#
       -h help
    Output to STDOUT:
```

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]{1,118}	Query template NAME
2	Pos	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	1-based leftmost mapping position of SNP site
3	Ref	Char	[ATCGN-]	The nucleotide on reference genome
4	Allele1	Char	[ATCG]	The nucleotide of allele1
5	Allele2	Char	[ATCG]	The nucleotide of allele2
6	Allele1_linked_C	Float	[0,1]	'-' separated methylation level of C sites linked by allele1
7	Allele2_linked_C	Float	[0,1]	'-' separated methylation level of C sites linked by allele2
9	Allele1_linked_C_met	Float	[0,1]	Average methylation level of allele1 linked C sites
10	Allele2_linked_C_met	Float	[0,1]	Average methylation level of allele2 linked C sites
11	pvalue	Float	[0,1]	P value of t test
12	fdr	Float	[0,1]	Adjusted p value using Benjamini & Hochberg method
13	ASM	Logical	TRUE/FALSE	TRUE indicates this region is allele specific methylated. FALSE otherwise.

Figure 5.5: Output format description for cgmaptools asm -m asr

```
#
        Title
                       Count
                                mean_mC
#
                                0.2353
        sense
                       34
#
        antisense
                       54
                                0.2778
#
        total
                       88
                                0.2614
#
    Notice:
#
        The overlapping of regions would not be checked.
#
        A site might be considered multiple times.
```

#### • Example

zcat WG.CGmap.gz | cgmaptools mbed -b region.bed

#### • Output format

### - Example

chr	sense_0	Count	${\tt sense\_mC}$	anti_Coun	t anti_r	mC all_Count	${\tt all\_mC}$
chr1	203	0.0812	7 178	0.1148	381	0.09692	
chr2	185	0.0704	5 257	0.05586	442	0.06197	
chr3	313	0.1042	250	0.1358	563	0.1182	
chr4	300	0.1218	271	0.13	571	0.1257	
chr5	282	0.1272	222	0.1589	504	0.1412	

# 5.5 mbin

```
cgmaptools mbin -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools mbin [-i <CGmap>] [-c 10 --CXY 5 -B 5000000]
#
          (aka CGmapMethInBins)
#
    Description: Generate the methylation in Bins.
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
    Last Update: 2016-10-26
#
    Output Ex:
#
       chr1
                        5000
                                0.0000
               1
#
       chr1
               5001
                        10000
                                0.0396
#
                        5000
                                0.0755
       chr2
               1
```

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```
#
       chr2
               5001
                       10000
                                0.0027
#
       chr3
                       5000
               1
                                na
#
#
    Options:
#
      -h, --help
                             show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                             File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not
#
                             specified, STDIN will be used.
#
                             Define the size of bins [Default: 5000000]
      -B BIN_SIZE
      -c COVERAGE
#
                             The minimum coverage for site selection [Default: 10]
#
      -C CONTEXT, --context=CONTEXT
#
                             specific context: CG, CH, CHG, CHH, CA, CC, CT, CW
#
                             use all sites if not specified
#
      --cXY=COVERAGEXY
                             Coverage for chrX/Y should be half that of autosome
#
                             for male [Default: same with -c]
#
      -f FIGTYPE, --figure-type=FIGTYPE
#
                             png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
                             specified
#
      -H FLOAT
                             Height of figure in inch [Default: 4]
#
      -W FLOAT
                             Width of figure in inch [Default: 8]
      -p STRING
#
                            Prefix for output figures
#
      -t STRING, --title=STRING
                             title in the output figures
```

#### Example

cgmaptools mbin -i WG.CGmap.gz -B 500 -c 4 -f png -t WG -p WG > mbin.WG.data

#### • File format

The output format:

```
chr1
        1
                 5000
                         0.0000
        5001
                 10000
                         0.0396
chr1
chr2
                 5000
                         0.0755
        1
                 10000
chr2
        5001
                         0.0027
chr3
        1
                 5000
                         na
```

#### 5.6 mmbin

#### Command

cgmaptools mmbin -h

```
#
    Usage: cgmaptools mmbin [-1 <1.CGmap[,2.CGmap,..]>] [-c 10 --CXY 5 -B 5000000]
#
          (aka CGmapsMethInBins)
#
    Description: Generate the methylation in Bins.
#
                  Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
    Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
    Output Ex:
#
                        5000
                                0.0000
       chr1
               1
#
       chr1
               5001
                        10000
                                0.0396
#
                        5000
                                0.0755
       chr2
               1
#
       chr2
               5001
                        10000
                                0.0027
#
                        5000
       chr3
               1
                                na
#
#
    Options:
```

Col	Field	Туре	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]*	Query template NAME
2	POS1	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Leftmost Position
3	POS2	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Rightmost Position
4	METH_1	Float	[0.00, 1.00]	Methylation level in sample 1
n	METH_n	Float	[0.00, 1.00]	Methylation level in sample n

Figure 5.6: Output format description for cgmaptools mmbin

```
#
      -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -1 FILE
                            File name list, end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not
#
                            specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -t FILE
                            List of samples
#
      -B BIN_SIZE
                            Define the size of bins [Default: 5000000]
#
      -C CONTEXT, --context=CONTEXT
#
                            specific context: CG, CH, CHG, CHH, CA, CC, CT, CW
#
                            use all sites if not specified
      -c COVERAGE
#
                            The minimum coverage for site selection [Default: 10]
#
      --cXY=COVERAGEXY
                            Coverage for chrX/Y should be half that of autosome
                            for male [Default: same with -c]
```

#### • Example

```
cgmaptools mmbin -1 WG.CGmap.gz,RR.CGmap.gz,RR2.CGmap.gz,merge.CGmap.gz -c 4 -B 2000
| gawk '{printf("%s:%s-%s", $1, $2, $3); for(i=4;i<=NF;i++){printf("\t%s", $i);}
printf("\n");}' > mmbin
```

#### • Output format

#### - Example

chr	pos1	pos2	tag1	tag2	tag3
Chr1	111403	113403	0.05	nan	0.02
Chr1	111500	112500	1.00	0.80	0.60
Chr2	20000	20500	0.96	0.33	0.66

#### - Column Description

# 5.7 mfg

#### • Command

cgmaptools mfg -h

```
# Usage: cgmaptools mfg [-i <CGmap>] -r <region> [-c 5 -C 500]
# Description: Calculated methylation profile across fragmented regions.
# Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
# Last Update: 2017-01-20
# Options:
# -i String, CGmap file; use STDIN if not specified
```

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```
#
           Please use "gunzip -c <input>.gz " and pipe as input for gzipped file.
#
           chr1 G
                    851 CHH CC 0.1 1
                                         10
#
       -r String, Region file, at least 4 columns
#
           Format: chr strand pos_1
                                         pos_2
                                                 pos_3
#
           Regions would be considered as [pos_1, pos_2), [pos_2, pos_3)
#
           Strand information will be used for distinguish sense/antisense strand
#
#
           #chr strand U1 R1 R2 D1 End
#
           chr1 +
                    600 700 800 900 950
#
           chr1 -
                                                      1250
                    1600
                             1500
                                     1400
                                             1300
#
       -c Int, minimum Coverage [Default: 5]
#
       -C Int, maximum Coverage [Default: 500]
           Sites exceed the coverage range will be discarded
#
#
       -x String, context [use all sites by default]
#
           string can be CG, CH, CHG, CHH, CA, CC, CT, CW
#
       -h help
#
    Output to STDOUT:
#
       Region ID
                       U1
                                R1
                                        R2
                                                D1
#
       sense_ave_mC
                       0.50
                                0.40
                                        0.30
                                                0.20
#
       sense sum mC
                       5.0
                                4.0
                                        3.0
                                                2.0
#
       sense_sum_NO
                       10
                                10
                                        10
                                                10
#
       anti_ave_mC
                       0.40
                                0.20
                                        0.10
                                                NaN
#
                       8.0
       anti_sum_mC
                                4.0
                                        2.0
                                                0.0
#
                                        20
       anti sum NO
                       20
                                20
#
       total_ave_mC
                       0.43
                                0.27
                                        0.17
                                                0.2
#
       total_sum_mC
                       13.0
                                8.0
                                        5.0
                                                2.0
#
       total_sum_NO
                       30
                                30
                                        30
                                                10
```

#### • Example:

# 5.8 mstat

```
cgmaptools mstat -h
#
    Usage: cgmaptools mstat [-i <CGmap>]
#
          (aka CGmapStatMeth)
#
   Description: Generate the bulk methylation.
#
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-08
#
    Output Ex:
#
                                                                         CC
       MethStat
                       context C
                                       CG
                                                CHG
                                                         CHH
                                                                 CA
                                                                                  CT
                                                                                          CH
                                                                                                  CW
#
       mean mC
                       global 0.0798
                                       0.3719
                                               0.0465
                                                        0.0403
                                                                0.0891
                                                                        0.0071
                                                                                0.0241
                                                                                         0.0419
                                                                                                 0.0559
#
                                                                                         0.0096
       sd_mCbyChr
                       global 0.0078
                                       0.0341
                                               0.0163
                                                        0.0110
                                                                0.0252
                                                                        0.0049
                                                                                0.0076
                                                                                                 0.0148
#
       count_C
                                                2332
                                                        6521
                                                                3090
                                                                        2539
                                                                                 3224
                                                                                         8853
                       global
                               10000
                                       1147
                                                                                                 6314
#
       contrib mC
                       global
                               1.0000 0.5348
                                              0.1360 0.3292 0.3452 0.0228 0.0973 0.4652
                                                                                                0.4424
```

5374

426

0.0513

0.0655

7795

523

0.0393

0.0502



Figure 5.7: mC contribution example

```
[0]
                                8266
                                        471
                                                 2012
                                                                  2422
#
       quant_mC
                                                         5783
                                                                          2421
                                                                                  2952
#
                   (0.00 ,0.20] 705
                                        182
                                                                                  154
       quant_mC
                                                 155
                                                         368
                                                                  272
                                                                          97
#
       mean_mC_byChr
                        chr1
                                0.0840
                                        0.4181
                                                0.0340
                                                         0.0412
                                                                 0.0794
                                                                          0.0065
                                                                                  0.0251
#
       mean_mC_byChr
                                0.0917
                                        0.4106
                                                0.0758
                                                         0.0421
                                                                 0.0968
                                                                          0.0097
                                                                                  0.0349
                        chr10
#
#
    Options:
#
      -h, --help
                             show this help message and exit
      -i FILE
#
                             File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not
#
                             specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -c COVERAGE
                             The minimum coverage for site selection [Default: 10]
#
      -f FILE, --figure-type=FILE
                             png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
#
                             specified
                             Height of figure in inch [Default: 3]
#
      -H FLOAT
      -W FLOAT
#
                             Width of figure in inch [Default: 8]
#
      -p STRING
                             Prefix for output figures
#
      -t STRING, --title=STRING
                             title in the output figures
```

#### • Example

cgmaptools mstat -i WG.CGmap.gz -c 4 -f png -p WG -t WG > WG.mstat.data

### • File format

The output format:

MethStat	context	C	CG	CHG	CHH	CA	CC	CT	CH	CW
${\tt mean\_mC}$	global	0.0798	0.3719	0.0465	0.0403	0.0891	0.0071	0.0241	0.0419	0.0559
${\tt sd\_mCbyChr}$	global	0.0078	0.0341	0.0163	0.0110	0.0252	0.0049	0.0076	0.0096	0.0148
count_C	global	10000	1147	2332	6521	3090	2539	3224	8853	6314
contrib_mC	global	1.0000	0.5348	0.1360	0.3292	0.3452	0.0228	0.0973	0.4652	0.4424
quant_mC	[0]	8266	471	2012	5783	2422	2421	2952	7795	5374
quant_mC (0.0	0 ,0.20]	705	182	155	368	272	97	154	523	426
${\tt mean\_mC\_byChr}$	chr1	0.0840	0.4181	0.0340	0.0412	0.0794	0.0065	0.0251	0.0393	0.0513
${\tt mean\_mC\_byChr}$	chr10	0.0917	0.4106	0.0758	0.0421	0.0968	0.0097	0.0349	0.0502	0.0655

#### • Output figures

# 5.9 mtr

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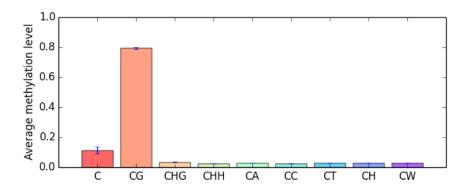


Figure 5.8: Bulk mC example

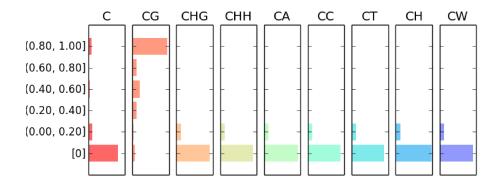


Figure 5.9: mC fragmented distribution example

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]*	Query template NAME
2	POS_L	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Leftmost Position
3	POS_R	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Rightmost Position
4	MC_s	Float	[0, 2 <sup>32</sup> -1)	Average methylation levels by each site
5	NC_s	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Count of Cytosines in this region
6	MC_r	Float	[0, 2 <sup>32</sup> -1)	Average methylation levels recalculated by region
7	NC_r	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	Sum of effective coverage for all cytosines in this region

Figure 5.10: Output format description for cgmaptools mtr

```
cgmaptools mtr -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools mtr [-i <CGmap>] -r <region> [-o <output>]
#
          (aka CGmapToRegion)
#
#
   Description: Calculated the methylation levels in regions in two ways.
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Contact:
#
   Last Update: 2017-01-20
#
   Format of Region file:
#
      #chr
              start_pos end_pos
#
       chr1
              8275
                         8429
#
   Output file format:
#
       #chr start_pos end_pos mean(mC) #_C #read(C)/#read(T+C) #read(T+C)
#
       chr1
              8275
                         8429
                                  0.34
                                           72
                                                       0.40
#
   Note: The two input CGmap files should be sorted by Sort_chr_pos.py first.
#
          This script would not distinguish CG/CHG/CHH contexts.
#
#
   Options:
     -h, --help show this help message and exit
#
#
     -i FILE
                  File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not specified, STDIN
#
                  will be used.
      -r FILE
                  Filename for region file, support *.gz
      -o OUTFILE To standard output if not specified.
```

#### • Example

cgmaptools mtr -i WG.CGmap.gz -r region.bed -o WG.mtr.gz

#### • Input region format

```
#chr start_pos end_pos
chr1 8275 8429
```

# • Output format

#### - Example

```
8275
               8429
                       0.34
                               72
                                     0.40
                                             164
chr1
chr1
       8899
               8999
                       0.20
                               40
                                     0.33
                                             198
       8275
               8429
                       0.50
                                     0.45
chr2
                               12
                                             40
```

#### - Column Description

# Chapter 6

# Coverage Analysis

#### 6.1 oac

• Command

```
cgmaptools oac -h

# Usage: cgmaptools oac <command> [options]

# Version: 0.0.4

# Commands:

# bin * overall coverage in bins

# stat * overall coverage statistics globally
```

## 6.1.1 oac bin

```
cgmaptools oac bin -h
```

```
Usage: cgmaptools oac bin [-i <ATCGmap>] [-B 5000000]
           (aka ATCGmapCovInBins)
#
   Description: Generate the overall coverage in Bins.
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-07
#
   Output Ex:
#
       chr1
               1
                       5000
                               29.0000
#
       chr1
               5001
                       10000
                               30.0396
#
                       5000
                               35.0755
       chr2
               1
#
                       10000
       chr2
               5001
                               40.0027
#
       chr3
                       5000
#
#
   Options:
#
      -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                            File name end with .ATCGmap or .ATCGmap.gz. If not
#
                            specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -B BIN SIZE
                            Define the size of bins [Default: 5000000]
#
      -f FILE, --figure-type=FILE
#
                            png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
                            specified
```

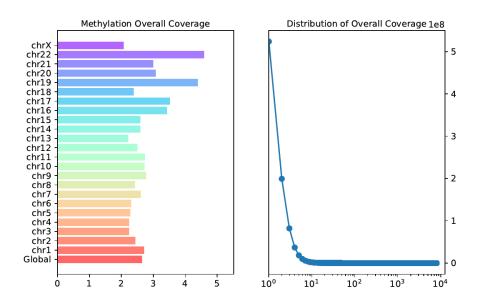


Figure 6.1: MEC example

```
# -H FLOAT Height of figure in inch [Default: 4]
# -W FLOAT Width of figure in inch [Default: 8]
# -p STRING Prefix for output figures
# -t STRING, --title=STRING
# title in the output figures
```

## • Example

cgmaptools oac bin -i WG.ATCGmap.gz -B 1000 -f png -p WG -t WG > WG.oac\_bin.data

• Output figure

# 6.1.2 oac stat

```
cgmaptools oac stat -h
```

```
#
    Usage: cgmaptools oac stat [-i <ATCGmap>]
#
            (aka ATCGmapStatCov)
#
    Description: Get the distribution of overall coverages.
                  Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
#
    Contact:
#
    Last Update: 2016-12-16
#
    Output Ex:
#
       OverAllCov
                        global
                                 47.0395
#
       OverAllCov
                        chr1
                                 45.3157
                        chr10
#
       OverAllCov
                                 47.7380
#
       CovAndCount
                                 1567
                        1
#
       {\tt CovAndCount}
                        2
                                 655
#
       CovAndCount
                                 380
#
#
    Options:
```

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```
-h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                            File name end with .ATCGmap or .ATCGmap.gz. If not
#
                            specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -f FILE, --figure-type=FILE
#
                            png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
                            specified
#
     -H FLOAT
                            Scale ratio for the Height of figure [Default: 4]
#
      -W FLOAT
                            Width of figure in inch [Default: 8]
     -p STRING
                            Prefix for output figures
```

#### • Example

cgmaptools oac stat -i WG.ATCGmap.gz -p WG -f png > WG.oac\_stat.data

## • output format:

The output format of bin:

chr1	1	5000	29.0000
chr1	5001	10000	30.0396
chr2	1	5000	35.0755
chr2	5001	10000	40.0027
chr3	1	5000	na

The output format of stat:

OverAllCov	global	47.0395
OverAllCov	chr1	45.3157
OverAllCov	chr10	47.7380
${\tt CovAndCount}$	1	1567
${\tt CovAndCount}$	2	655
CovAndCount	3	380

# 6.2 mec

#### • Command

```
cgmaptools mec -h
```

```
# Usage: cgmaptools mec <command> [options]
# Version: 0.0.4
# Commands:
# bin * methylation effective coverage in bins
# stat * methylation effective coverage statistics globally
```

#### 6.2.1 mec bin

```
cgmaptools mec bin -h
```

```
# Usage: cgmaptools mec bin [-i <CGmap>] [-B 5000000]
# (aka CGmapCovInBins)
# Description: Generate the methylation-effective coverage in Bins.
# Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com;
# Last Update: 2016-12-07
# Output Ex:
```

```
#
       chr1
                       5000
                               29.0000
               1
#
               5001
                       10000
                               30.0396
       chr1
#
       chr2
               1
                       5000
                               35.0755
#
               5001
                       10000
                               40.0027
       chr2
#
       chr3
                       5000
                               na
#
#
   Options:
#
      -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                            File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not
#
                            specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -B BIN_SIZE
                            Define the size of bins [Default: 5000000]
#
      -f FILE, --figure-type=FILE
#
                            png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
                            specified
#
      -H FLOAT
                            Height of figure in inch [Default: 4]
#
      -W FLOAT
                            Width of figure in inch [Default: 8]
#
                            Prefix for output figures
      -p STRING
#
      -t STRING, --title=STRING
#
                            title in the output figures
#
      -C CONTEXT, --context=CONTEXT
#
                            specific context: CG, CH, CHG, CHH, CA, CC, CT, CW
#
                            use all sites if not specified
```

#### Example

cgmaptools mec bin -i WG.CGmap.gz -B 1000 -f png -p WG -t WG > WG.mec\_bin.data

#### 6.2.2 mec stat

```
cgmaptools mec stat -h
#
   Usage: cgmaptools mec stat [-i <CGmap>]
#
          (aka CGmapStatCov)
#
   Description: Get the distribution of methylation-effective coverages.
   Contact:
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
   Last Update: 2016-12-16
#
   Output Ex:
#
       MethEffectCove global 47.0395
#
       MethEffectCove chr1
                               45.3157
#
       MethEffectCove chr10 47.7380
#
       CovAndCount
                     1
                               1567
#
       CovAndCount
                       2
                               655
#
       CovAndCount
                       3
                               380
#
#
   Options:
#
      -h, --help
                            show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                            File name end with .CGmap or .CGmap.gz. If not
#
                            specified, STDIN will be used.
#
      -f FILE, --figure-type=FILE
                            png, pdf, eps. Will not generate figure if not
#
#
                            specified
#
      -H FLOAT
                            Scale factor for the Height of figure [Default: 4]
#
      -W FLOAT
                            Width of figure in inch [Default: 11]
```

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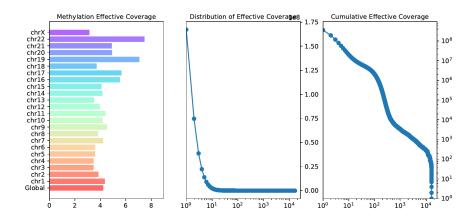


Figure 6.2: MEC example

## • Example

cgmaptools mec stat -i WG.CGmap.gz -p WG -f png > WG.mec\_stat.data

• Output figure

## Chapter 7

# Graphics

### 7.1 lollipop

```
cgmaptools lollipop -h
#
    Usage: cgmaptools lollipop [options] file
#
          (aka mCLollipop)
#
    Description: Plot local mC level for multiple samples
#
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
#
    Last Update: 2017-09-12
#
    Example:
#
        mCLollipop [-i input] -o gene.png
#
    -Input Format (-i)
#
        Can be output by "cgmaptools mergelist tomatrix". Use STDIN if omitted.
#
        The 1st line (header line) is required.
#
        Example:
#
           chr
                           tag1
                                    tag2
                                            tag3
                   pos
#
                                            0.80
           Chr1
                   111403 0.30
                                    nan
#
           Chr1
                   111406 0.66
                                    0.40
                                            0.60
#
    -Site File (-s)
#
        >= 3 columns, the 1st line (header line) is required, using R color name or "NaN".
#
        To show specific sites (such as DMS, SNV) at the bottom as triangles.
#
        Example:
#
            chr
                            A_vs_B B_vs_C A_vs_C
                  pos
#
            chr1 13116801 NaN
                                     NaN
                                             darkgreen
#
            chr1 13116899 NaN
                                             NaN
#
    -Region File (-b)
#
        the first 4 columns are required.
#
        To show specific region (such as DMR, Repeats) at the bottom as blocks.
#
        Example:
#
            chr1
                  213941196 213942363 hyper-DMR
#
                  213942363 213943530
                                         hypo-DMR
#
            chr
                  left
                             right
                                         region-description
#
    -annotation file (-a), refFlat Format:
#
        To show the structure of genes/transcripts. One-line in annotation, one-track in figure.
#
        Example:
#
            {\tt Gene A}
                                          1000
                                                                                        1100,1500,1700, 1
                    TransA chr2 +
                                                    2000
                                                                1100
                                                                        1950
                                                                                 3
```

E

```
GeneID TrandID ChrID Strand TransLeft TransRight CDSLeft CDSRight nExon ExonLefts
#
#
#
#
    Options:
#
        -i INFILE, --infile=INFILE
#
            input file
#
        -a ANNOTATION, --annotation=ANNOTATION
#
#
            [opt] annotation file name, refFlat format
#
#
        -o OUTFILE, --outfile=OUTFILE
#
            [opt] output file
#
#
        -f FORMAT, --format=FORMAT
#
            [opt] the format for output figure: pdf (default), png, eps
#
#
        -1 LEFT, --left=LEFT
#
            [opt] Left-most position
#
        -r RIGHT, --right=RIGHT
#
            [opt] Right-most position
#
#
#
        -c CHR, --chr=CHR
#
            [opt] chromosome name
#
#
        -s SITE, --site=SITE
#
            [opt] file of site to be marked
#
#
        -b BED, --bed=BED
#
            [opt] BED file for region to be markered
#
#
        -t TITLE, --title=TITLE
#
            [opt] text shown on title
#
#
        -w WIDTH, --width=WIDTH
#
            [opt] width (in inch). Default: 8.
#
#
        --height=HEIGHT
#
            [opt] height (in inch). Default: 8.
#
#
        -h, --help
            Show this help message and exit
  • Example
    cgmaptools lollipop -i matrix.CG.gz -a anno.refFlat -f pdf
  • Figure examples
  • refFlat format
  • Example
                                   2000
GeneA TransA chr2
                                                                 1100,1500,1700, 1200,1580,1950,
                           1000
                                            1100
                                                    1950
                                                            3
  • Description
    Col 1: Gene ID Col 2: Transcript ID Col 3: chromatine ID Col 4: strand, "+" or "-" Col 5: The
```

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## TRIM59

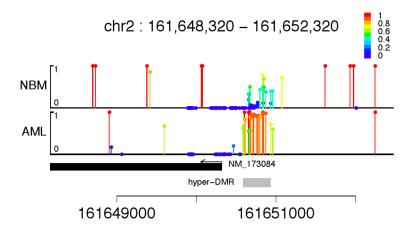


Figure 7.1: Lollipop example-1

## **VCAN**

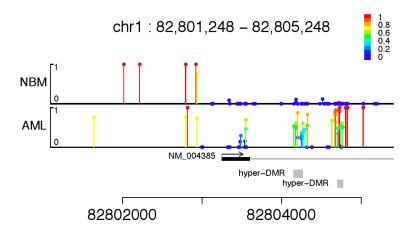


Figure 7.2: Lollipop example-2

left-most position of transcript Col 6: The right-most position of transcript Col 7: The left-most position of CDS Col 8: The right-most position of CDS Col 9: Number of exons Col 10: List of left-most position of exons, seperated by "," Col 11: List of right-most position of exons, seperated by ","

• The following script could help you convert a gtf file into refFlat format

First, "gtfToGenePred" is a command tool downloaded from UCSC utility.

gtfToGenePred -genePredExt -geneNameAsName2 -allErrors AGPv4.gtf AGPv4.GenePred paste <(cut -f13 AGPv4.GenePred) <(cut -f1-10 AGPv4.GenePred) > AGPv4.refFlat paste <(cut -f13 AGPv4.GenePred) <(cut -f1-10 AGPv4.GenePred) | sed -i s/transcript://g | cut -f9 | gawk -F"[\":]" '{print \$3"\t"\$6;}' | sort -u > trans\_gene\_ID cut -f1-10 AGPv4.GenePred > AGPv4.refFlat.tmp gawk -F"\t" -v0FS="\t" 'ARGIND==1{GeneID[\$1]=\$2;} ARGIND==2{printf GeneID[\$1]"\t"\$0}' trans\_gene\_ID AGPv4.refFlat.tmp > AGPv4.refFlat rm \${GN}.refFlat.txt AGPv4.GenePred

### 7.2 heatmap

```
cgmaptools heatmap -h
#
    Usage: cgmaptools heatmap [options]
          (aka mCBinHeatmap)
#
    Description: Plot methylation dynamics of target region for multiple samples [heatmap]
#
#
    Contact:
                 Zhu, Ping; pingzhu.work@gmail.com
#
    Last update: 2016-12-07
#
    Example:
#
      mCBinHeatmap.R -i input -m white -o chr1.xxx-xxx.pdf
#
      -Input File Format:
#
      1st line is the header.
#
      Each column contains methylation measurements of a sample.
#
      Example:
#
      Region Sample1 Sample2 ...
#
      Region1 0.1
                       0.1
#
      Region2 0.1
                       0.1
                                . . .
#
#
#
    Options:
#
        -i INFILE, --infile=INFILE
#
            input file
#
#
        -o OUTFILE, --outfile=OUTFILE
#
            [opt] output file name. [default: mCBinHeatmap.SysDate.pdf]
#
#
        -c, --cluster
#
            [opt] cluster samples by methylation in regions. [default: FALSE]
#
#
        -1 COLORLOW, --colorLow=COLORLOW
#
            [opt] color used for the lowest methylation value. [default: cyan3]
#
#
        -m COLORMID, --colorMid=COLORMID
#
            [opt] color used for the middle methylation value. [default: null]
#
```

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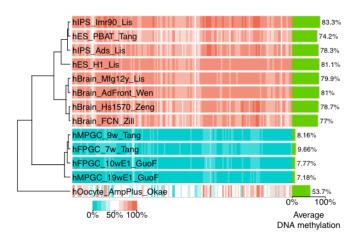


Figure 7.3: heatmap example-1

```
-b COLORHIGH, --colorHigh=COLORHIGH
#
            [opt] color used for the highest methylation value. [default: coral2]
#
#
#
        -n COLORNUMBER, --colorNumber=COLORNUMBER
#
            [opt] desired number of color elements in the panel. [default: 10]
#
        -W WIDTH. --width=WIDTH
#
            [opt] width of figure (inch). [default: 7]
#
#
        -H HEIGHT, --height=HEIGHT
            [opt] height of figure (inch). [default: 7]
#
#
        -f FORMAT, --format=FORMAT
            [opt] format of output figure. Alternative: png. [default: pdf]
#
#
#
        -R RESOLUTION, --resolution=RESOLUTION
#
            [opt] Resolution in ppi. Only available for png format. [default: 300]
#
#
        -h, --help
#
            Show this help message and exit
  • Example:
     cgmaptools heatmap -i mmbin -c -o cluster.pdf -f pdf
```

#### • Figure examples

## 7.3 fragreg

```
cgmaptools fragreg -h
#
   Usage: cgmaptools fragreg [options]
#
         (aka mCFragRegView)
#
   Description: Plot methylation dynamics of target and flanking region for multiple samples
#
                Zhu, Ping; pingzhu.work@gmail.com
#
   Last update: 2016-12-07
#
   Example:
#
     FragRegView.R -i input -r 5 -o genebody.pdf
#
   -Input File Format:
#
     1st line is the header.
#
   Each row contains methylation measurements of a sample.
#
   Example:
#
     Sample Up1 Up2 ... Region1 Region2 ... Down1 Down2 ...
#
                                    0.2
                                          ... 0.3
     Sample1 0.1 0.1 ... 0.2
                                                       0.3
#
     Sample2 0.1 0.1 ... 0.2
                                    0.2
                                           ... 0.3
                                                       0.3
#
#
#
   Options:
#
       -i INFILE, --infile=INFILE
#
           input file
#
#
       -r RATIO, --ratio=RATIO
#
           [opt] range ratio between target region and flanking region in plot. [default: 5]
#
#
       -o OUTFILE, --outfile=OUTFILE
#
           [opt] output file name. [default: FragRegView.SysDate.pdf
#
#
       -W WIDTH, --width=WIDTH
#
           [opt] width of figure (inch). [default: 7]
#
#
       -H HEIGHT, --height=HEIGHT
#
           [opt] height of figure (inch). [default: 7]
#
#
       -f FORMAT, --format=FORMAT
#
           [opt] format of output figure. Alternative: png. [default: pdf]
#
#
       -R RESOLUTION, --resolution=RESOLUTION
#
           [opt] Resolution in ppi. Only available for png format. [default: 300]
#
#
       -h, --help
           Show this help message and exit

    Example

    for CHR in 1 2 3 4 5; do (for P in 1 2 3 4 5; do echo | gawk -vC=$CHR -vP=$P -vOFS="\t"
    '{print "chr"C, P*1000, P*1000+1000, "+";}'; done); done | cgmaptools bed2fragreg
    gunzip -c WG.CGmap.gz | cgmaptools mfg -r fragreg.bed -c 2 -x CG > WG.mfg
  • Output format
      - Example
    Region_ID
                   R_1
                           R_2
                                   R_3
                                          R_4
```

0.50

sense\_ave\_mC

0.40

0.30

0.20

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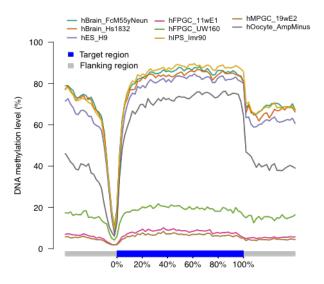


Figure 7.4: FragRegMC example

sense_sum_mC	5.0	4.0	3.0	2.0
sense_sum_NO	10	10	10	10
anti_ave_mC	0.40	0.20	0.10	${\tt NaN}$
anti_sum_mC	8.0	4.0	2.0	0.0
anti_sum_NO	20	20	20	0
total_ave_mC	0.43	0.27	0.17	0.2
total_sum_mC	13.0	8.0	5.0	2.0
total sum NO	30	30	30	10

### - Column Description

- \* Tab-delimited file with header line
- \* Content in 1st col is fixed
- \* Column number is dynamic
- $\ast\,$  Invalid number is annotated as "NaN"

### • Output figure

## 7.4 tanghulu

### • Command

cgmaptools tanghulu -h

```
# DESCRIPTION
# Circle plot representing DNA methylation of each C [defualt CpG] site
# on each mapped reads.
```

# USAGE

```
#
           cgmaptools tanghulu [options] -r <ref> -b <bam> -l chr1:133-144
#
           or: cgmaptools tanghulu [options] -r <ref> -b <bam> -l chr1:133
#
           (aka mCTanghulu)
#
#
           Options:
#
                 Samtools indexed reference genome sequence, fasta format. eg. hg19.fa
           -r
#
                 - use samtools to index reference: samtools faidx <hg19.fa>
#
                 Samtools indexed Bam file to view.
           -b
#
                 - use samtools to index bam file: samtools index <input.bam>
#
           -1
                 Region in which to display DNA methylation.
#
                 - or specify a single position (eg. heterozygous SNP site), we will show allele specif
                 Path to samtools eg. /home/user/bin/samtools
#
           -s
#
                 - by defualt, we try to search samtools in your system PATH.
#
                 Output results to file [default: CirclePlot.Ctype.region.Date.pdf].
           -0
#
                 C context. [default: CG]
           -t
#
                 - available context: C, CG, CH, CW, CC, CA, CT, CHG, CHH
#
                 Ouput device. [default: pdf]
           -d
#
                 - alternative: png
#
                 Seperate reads by chain. [default: OFF]
           -с
#
                 - specify this option to turn ON.
#
           -₩
                 Show vague allele linked reads. [ default: OFF]
#
                 Genotype of heterozygous SNP site.
           -g
#
                 - This option provides two alleles of htSNP site. eg. AT
#
                 - The genotype information can be used to reduce vague alleles.
#
                 - This option is specific to display methylation in allele specific mode.
#
           -D
                 Minimum number of reads (depth) covered in this region or allele linked. [default: 0|0]
#
           -C
                 Minimum number of C (specified type) covered in this region or allele linked. [default
           -W
                 Width of graphics reigon in inches. [default: 4]
#
#
           -H
                 Height of graphics reigon in inches. [default: 4]
#
           -R
                 Resolution in ppi. [default: 300]
#
                 - only available for png device.
#
           -h
                 Help message.
#
  AUTHOR
                        Zhu, Ping; pingzhu.work@gmail.com
#
           Contact:
#
           Last update: 2016-12-07

    Example
```

cgmaptools tanghulu -r genome.fa -b WG.bam -l chr1:2000-2400 -t CG

#### • Output figure

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## chr1:3017150-3017200

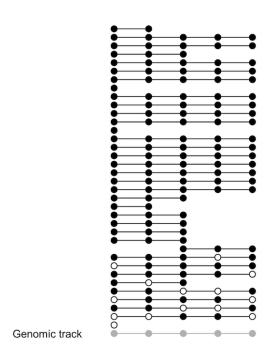


Figure 7.5: FragRegMC example

# Chapter 8

# Other Ultilities

### 8.1 findCCGG

• Command

```
cgmaptools findCCGG -h
   Usage: cgmaptools findCCGG -i <genome.fa> [-o <output>]
          (aka FiindCCGG)
#
   Description: Get the positions of all the C'CGG---CCG'G fragments.
                 Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com
   Last Update: 2017-01-20
#
#
   Output Ex:
#
        chr1
                4025
                        5652
#
        chr1
                8274
                        8431
#
#
   Options:
      -h, --help show this help message and exit
      -i FILE
                  Genome sequence file in Fasta format
      -o FILE
                  Name of the output file (standard output if not
                  specified).Format: chr cCgg_pos ccGg_pos (0-base)

    Example

    cgmaptools findCCGG -i genome.fa -o genome.ccgg
```

### 8.2 bed2fragreg

```
cgmaptools bed2fragreg -h

# Usage: cgmaptools bed2fragreg [-i <BED>] [-n <N>] [-F <50,50,...> -T <50,...>] [-o output]

# (aka FragRegFromBED)

# Description: Generate fragmented regions from BED file.

# Contact: Guo, Weilong; guoweilong@126.com

# Last Update: 2017-01-20

# Split input region into N bins, get fragments from 5' end and 3' end.

# Input Ex:
```

Col	Field	Type	Regexp/Range	Brief description
1	CHR	String	[!-?A-~]*	Query template NAME
2	STRAND	Char	[+-]	Strand
3	POS_1	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	The 1st position from 5' end
4	POS_2	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	The 2 <sup>nd</sup> position from 5' end
n+2	POS_n	Int	[0,2 <sup>32</sup> -1]	The nth position from 5' end

Figure 8.1: Output format description for cgmaptools bed2fragreg

```
#
       chr1
              1000
                      2000
                             +
#
       chr2
              9000
                      8000
#
    Output Ex:
#
                  940 950 1000 1200 1400 1600 1800 1850
       chr1
#
       chr2
                  9060 9050 9000 8800 8600 8400 8200 8150
#
#
#
    Options:
#
      -h, --help
                   show this help message and exit
#
      -i FILE
                   BED format, STDIN if omitted
      -F INT_list List of region lengths in upstream of 5' end, Ex: 10,50. List
                   is from 5'end->3'end
#
      -T INT_list List of region lengths in downstream of 3' end, Ex: 40,20. List
#
                   is from 5'end->3'end
#
      -n INT
                   Number of bins to be equally split [Default:1]
      -o OUTFILE
                   To standard output if omitted. Compressed output if end with
#
```

#### • Example

### • Output format

### - Example

```
chr1 + 940 950 1000 1200 1400 1600 1800 2000 2060 2080 chr2 - 9060 9050 9000 8800 8600 8400 8200 8000 7960 7940
```

### - Column Description

[POS\_1, POS\_2), [POS\_2, POS\_3), ... [POS\_(n-1), POS\_n) will be used as input for  $\mathbf{cgmaptools}$   $\mathbf{mfg}$