

21 When implementing linear regression of some dependent variable  $y$  on the set of independent variables  $\mathbf{x} = (x_1, \dots, x_r)$ , where  $r$  is the number of predictors, which of the following statements will be true?

a)  $\beta_0, \beta_1, \dots, \beta_r$  are the regression coefficients

22 What indicates that you have a perfect fit in linear regression?

d) The value  $R^2 = 1$ , which corresponds to  $SSR = 0$

23) In simple linear regression, the value of what shows the point where the estimated regression line crosses the  $y$  axis?

b)  $B_0$

24) Check out these four linear regression plots:

Which one represents an underfitted model?

d) The top-left plot

25) There are five basic steps when you're implementing linear regression:

d) d, b, e, a, c

26 ) Which of the following are optional parameters to LinearRegression in scikit-learn?

b) `fit_intercept` c) `normalize` d) `copy_X` e) `n_jobs`

27) While working with scikit-learn, in which type of regression do you need to transform the array of inputs to include nonlinear terms such as  $x^2$ ?

c) Polynomial regression

28) You should choose statsmodels over scikit-learn when:

c) You need more detailed results

29) \_\_\_\_\_ is a fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It offers comprehensive mathematical functions, random number generators, linear algebra routines, Fourier transforms, and more. It provides a high-level syntax that makes it accessible and productive

b) Numpy

30 ) \_\_\_\_\_ is a Python data visualization library based on Matplotlib. It provides a high-level interface for drawing attractive and informative statistical graphics that allow you to explore and understand your data. It integrates closely with pandas data structures.

b) Seaborn