Caleb McWhorter — *Solutions*

MATH 308 Fall 2022

"To choose one sock from each of infinitely many pairs of socks requires

the Axiom of Choice, but for shoes the Axiom is not needed."

HW 5: Due 09/22

-Bertrand Russell

Problem 1. (10pt) For each of the sets described below, either give the set by enumerating all its elements (if possible) or give the set using set-builder notation. Also for each set, give an element and non-element of the set.

- (a) The set of integer multiples of 8.
- (b) The set of negative solutions to (x-4)(x+1)(x+6) = 0.
- (c) The set of nonnegative rational numbers less than 1.
- (d) The set of real numbers with a real-valued square root.
- (e) The set of integer cubes with absolute value less than 100.

Solution.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)

Problem 2. (10pt) For each of the sets given below, describe the sets in words. Also for each set, give an example of an element and non-element of the set.

- (a) $\{2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, \ldots\}$
- (b) $\{\ldots, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{2}, 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, \ldots\}$
- (c) $\{n \in \mathbb{N} : n^2 = 30 n\}$
- (d) $\{k \in \mathbb{Z} : (3k+1)/5 \in \mathbb{Z}\}$
- (e) $\{n \in \mathbb{N} : (\exists k \in \mathbb{N})(n = 3k + 1)\}$

Solution.

- (a)
- (b)
- (c)
- (d)
- (e)

Problem 3. (10pt) Define the following sets:

$$A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$$

$$B = \{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\}$$

$$C = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\}$$

$$D = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$$

$$E = \{1, 2, 4, 8, 10\}$$

$$F = \{3, 5, 8, 9, 10\}$$

Consider each of the sets above as coming from the universal set $\mathcal{U} := A$. Compute the following:

- (a) D^c
- (b) $B \cup C$
- (c) $C \cup (B \cap D)$
- (d) $E \setminus F$
- (e) $E\Delta F$
- (f) $(B \cup C)^c$

Solution.

(a)

$$D^c = \{1, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10\}$$

(b)

$$B \cup C = \{1,\ 2,\ 3,\ 4,\ ,\ 5,\ 6,\ 7,\ 8,\ 9,\ 10\} = A$$

(c)

$$C \cup (B \cap D) = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \cup (\{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\} \cap \{2, 3, 5, 7\}) = \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \cup \{2\} = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 9\} \cup \{2\} = \{2$$

(d)

$$E \setminus F = \{1,\ 2,\ 4\}$$

(e)

$$E\Delta F = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9\}$$

(f)

$$(B \cup C)^c = (\{2, 4, 6, 8, 10\} \cup \{1, 3, 5, 7, 9\})^c = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}^c = \emptyset$$

| Problem 4. (10pt) Let the universal set of discourse be the set of integers. Define the following |
|---|
| sets: $A = \text{set of even integers}$ |
| B = set of odd integers |
| C = set of prime integers |
| D = set of square integers |
| E = set of nonnegative integers |
| F = set of positive integers |
| G = set of integers strictly between 0 and 20 |
| H = set of integers that are a multiple of 5 |
| Compute the sets below. When giving your solution, either enumerate all the elements of the resulting set (if possible), give the set using set-builder notation, or give the set using some 'standard' notation. |
| (a) B^c |
| (b) $A \cup B$ |
| (c) $A \cap C$ |
| (d) $B \cap C$ |
| (e) $G-D$ |
| (f) $E\Delta F$ |
| (g) $C \cap H$ |
| (h) $D \cap E^c$ |
| (i) D^c |
| Solution. |
| (a) |
| (b) |
| (c) |
| (d) |
| (e) |
| (f) |
| (g) |
| (h) |
| (i) |