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MATH 108 Spring 2022

Written HW 3: Due 02/16

"This is not a dictatorship. This is America. Give me liberty, or give me meth."

-Frank Gallagher, Shameless

**Problem 1.** (10pt) Determine if the point (x, y) = (-1, 3) is a solution to the system of equations below. Be sure to fully justify your answer.

$$x^2 + xy + y = 1$$
$$x^3 - y^3 = -26$$

**Solution.** If (x, y) = (-1, 3) is a solution to the system of equations, then x = -1 and y = 3 satisfy both of the given equations—which we check:

$$x^{2} + xy + y = 1$$
$$(-1)^{2} + (-1)^{3} + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$
$$1 - 3 + 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 1$$
$$1 = 1$$

and

$$x^{3} - y^{3} = -26$$

$$(-1)^{3} - 3^{3} \stackrel{?}{=} -26$$

$$-1 - 27 \stackrel{?}{=} -26$$

$$-28 \neq -26$$

Because (x,y)=(-1,3) does *not* satisfy both of the equations, (x,y)=(-1,3) is not a solution to the given system of equations.

**Problem 2.** (10pt) Determine if the linear system of equations below has none, one, or infinitely many solutions. Be sure to fully justify your answer.

$$2x - y = -2$$
$$3x + 5y = 10$$

**Solution.** Observe that both of the systems are linear equations. Therefore, it suffices to determine if the given pair of lines are the same, parallel, or intersection. We solve for y in both equations:

$$2x - y = -2$$
$$-y = -2x - 2$$
$$y = 2x + 2$$

and

$$3x + 5y = 10$$
$$5y = -3x + 10$$
$$y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 2$$

Clearly, these lines are distinct. The first line has slope  $m_1=2$  and the second line has slope  $m_2=-\frac{3}{5}$ . Because  $m_1\neq m_2$ , we know that the lines are not parallel; therefore, the lines intersect. But then there must be a solution to the given system of equations. In fact, one can verify that (x,y)=(0,2) is a solution to the system of equations.

**Problem 3.** (10pt) Find the coefficient matrix, solution vector, and augmented matrix associated with the system of equations below.

$$5x_1 + x_2 - 6x_3 = 19$$
$$3x_2 - 2x_3 = -6$$
$$9x_1 + 8x_3 = 5$$

**Solution.** We have...

Coefficient Matrix: 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 & -6 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 9 & 0 & 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solution Vector: 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 19 \\ -6 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Augmented Matrix: 
$$\begin{pmatrix} 5 & 1 & -6 & 19 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 & -6 \\ 9 & 0 & 8 & 5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Problem 4. (10pt) Write the system of equations associated to the augmented matrix below.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6 & 1 & -5 & -7 \\ 4 & 0 & -1 & 9 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Solution.** The last column corresponds to the solutions. The remaining columns—three columns—must correspond to the three variables. Using variables x, y, z, we have...

Using variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ , we have...

**Problem 5.** (10pt) Find all the pivot positions in the augmented matrix below. Also, determine if the system of equations is consistent or not.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 4 & 6 & -2 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & -1 & 7 & 12 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -9 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

**Solution.** We circle the pivot positions in the augmented matrix above:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 4 & 6 & -2 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 7 & 12 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 9 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

Finally, observe that the original matrix is in RREF:

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 4 & 6 & -2 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & -1 & 7 & 12 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & -9 & 5 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

Because this is an augmented matrix, the last row corresponds to the equation 0 = 1, which is impossible. Therefore, the original system of equations is inconsistent, i.e. there are no solutions to the system of equations.

**Problem 6.** (10pt) The matrix below represents a reduced-row echelon form of augmented matrix for a system of equations. Determine the solutions to this original system of equations.

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 & -5 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 4
\end{pmatrix}$$

**Solution.** Using variables x,y,z, we see from the equations corresponding to the rows of this matrix that...

$$\begin{cases} x = -5 \\ y = 3 \\ z = 4 \end{cases}$$

Using variables  $x_1, x_2, x_3$ , we see that...

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = -5 \\ x_2 = 3 \\ x_3 = 4 \end{cases}$$

**Problem 7.** (10pt) Solve the following system of equations using elimination. Then solve the system of equations again by creating an augmented matrix and find its reduced-row echelon form.

$$x - 3y = -9$$
$$-2x + y = 8$$

**Solution.** Using ordinary elimination, we first add twice the first row to the second row, this gives us...

$$x - 3y = -9$$
$$0x - 5y = -10$$

Now we divide the second equation by -5 and obtain...

$$x - 3y = -9$$
$$0x + y = 2$$

Now we add three times the third row to the first row to obtain:

$$x - 0y = -3$$
$$0x + y = 2$$

Therefore, the solution to the system of equations is (x,y)=(-3,2). Using an augmented matrix to solve the system of equations, we have...

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -9 \\ -2 & 1 & 8 \end{pmatrix} \qquad 2R_1 + R_2 \to R_2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -9 \\ 0 & -5 & -10 \end{pmatrix} \qquad -\frac{1}{5}R_2 \to R_2$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & -3 & -9 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad 3R_2 + R_1 \to R_1$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Therefore, the solution is (x, y) = (-3, 2), i.e. x = -3 and y = 2:

$$\begin{cases} x = -3 \\ y = 2 \end{cases}$$

**Problem 8.** (10pt) Use WolframAlpha's RowReduce to find the solution to the following system of equations:

$$x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 1$$

$$x_1 - 2x_2 + 3x_3 - 4x_4 = 2$$

$$10x_1 + 3x_2 - 5x_3 - 2x_4 = 3$$

$$-2x_1 - 4x_2 + 6x_3 + 8x_4 = 4$$

**Solution.** The associated matrix is...

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
1 & -2 & 3 & -4 & 2 \\
10 & 3 & -5 & -2 & 3 \\
-2 & -4 & 6 & 8 & 4
\end{pmatrix}$$

Using WolframAlpha's RowReduce function, we obtain...

$$\left(\begin{array}{cccccccc}
1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 128/195 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -19/65 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 92/195 \\
0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 32/195
\end{array}\right)$$

Therefore, the solution is...

$$(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4) = (128/195, -19/65, 92/195, 32/195) \approx (0.65641, -0.292308, 0.471795, 0.164103)$$

i.e.  $x_1 \approx 0.65641$ ,  $x_2 \approx -0.292308$ ,  $x_3 \approx 0.471795$ , and  $x_4 \approx 0.164103$ :

$$\begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{128}{195} \\ x_2 = -\frac{19}{65} \\ x_3 = \frac{92}{195} \\ x_4 = \frac{32}{195} \end{cases}$$