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MATH 100
Fall 2023
HW 8: Due 10/30

"I'm proud to pay taxes in the United States; the only thing is, I could be just as proud for half the money."

—Arthur Godfrey

Problem 1. (10pt) The CPI this year is 304.3. Last year, the CPI was 292.7.

- (a) What was the inflation rate from last year to this year?
- (b) Predict the current cost of a good that cost \$459.99 last year.
- (c) If the inflation rate in (a) was constant every year, what will be the percentage increase in the cost of goods in 100 years compared to this year?
- (d) Suppose that the current cost of a cup of coffee is \$3.50. If the inflation rate for the past 50 years was the rate computed in (a), what was the cost of a cup of coffee 50 years ago?

Solution.

- (a) We know that $\text{New CPI} = \text{Old CPI} \cdot (1 + \text{Inf. Rate})$. But then $1 + \text{Inf. Rate} = \frac{\text{New CPI}}{\text{Old CPI}}$. But then...

$$1 + \text{Inf. Rate} = \frac{\text{New CPI}}{\text{Old CPI}} = \frac{304.3}{292.7} = 1.0396310215237445 \approx 1.0396$$

Therefore, the inflation rate was 3.96%.

- (b) If the inflation represents the true percentage increase in price, then we know $\text{New Price} = \text{Old Price}(1 + \text{Inf. Rate})$. But then...

$$\text{New Price} = \$459.99(1 + 0.0396310215237445) = \$459.99(1.0396310215237445) \approx \$478.22$$

- (c) If we increase a number $\#$ by $\%_d$ a total of n times, the result is $\#(1 + \%_d)^n$, where $\%_d$ is the percentage increase written as a decimal. Then if a good costs P now, the price after 100 years of 3.96% annual inflation will be...

$$P(1+0.0396310215237445)^{100} = P(1.0396310215237445)^{100} = P(48.74420509385) = P(1+47.74420509385)$$

We can recognize this as a 4,774.42% increase in price.

- (d) Let the price of a cup of coffee 50 years ago be P . Using the logic in (c), we know that the price after 50 years of 3.96% inflation will be $P(1+0.0396310215237445)^{50} = P(1.0396310215237445)^{50}$. But we know this final price must be \$3.50. So we have...

$$\$3.50 = P(1.0396310215237445)^{50}$$

$$\$3.50 = 6.981705027702761P$$

$$P = \frac{\$3.50}{6.981705027702761}$$

$$P \approx \$0.50$$

Problem 2. (10pt) The 2023 federal tax brackets are given below. The standard deduction for single filers for the year 2023 is \$13,850. Compute the federal taxes in 2023 for a single filer taking the standard deduction that made \$135,000 that year.

Tax Rate	Taxable Income
10%	Up to \$11,000
12%	\$11,001 – \$44,725
22%	\$44,726 – \$95,375
24%	\$95,376 – \$182,100
32%	\$182,101 – \$231,250
35%	\$231,251 – \$578,125
37%	\geq \$578,126

Solution. We know the taxable income is their net income minus their deduction. Therefore, this person's taxable income is $\$135,000 - \$13,850 = \$121,150$. This individual's federal tax is then the tax rate applied to the amount of income in each tax bracket. Therefore, this individual's federal tax liability is...

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Fed. Tax} &= 0.10(\$11,000 - \$0) + 0.12(\$44,725 - \$11,000) + 0.22(\$95,375 - \$44,725) + 0.24(\$121,150 - \$95,375) \\
 &= 0.10(\$11,000) + 0.12(\$33,725) + 0.22(\$50,650) + 0.24(\$25,775) \\
 &= \$1,100 + \$4,047 + \$11,143 + \$6,186 \\
 &= \$22,476
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 3. (10pt) You invest \$5,000 into an account that earns 11.3% simple annual interest.

- (a) How much will the account have after 5 years?
- (b) How much should you have invested to have the \$8,000 after 5 years?

Solution.

- (a) We know that $F = P(1 + rt)$, where F is the future value, P is the present value (principal), r is the annual interest rate, and t is the number of years. But then we have...

$$F = P(1 + rt) = \$5,000(1 + 0.113 \cdot 5) = \$5,000(1 + 0.565) = \$5,000(1.565) \approx \$2,825$$

Therefore, the account will have \$2,825 after 5 years.

- (b) We know $P = \frac{F}{1+rt}$, where P is the present value (principal), F is the future value, r is the annual interest rate, and t is the number of years. But then we have...

$$P = \frac{F}{1 + rt} = \frac{\$8,000}{1 + 0.113 \cdot 5} = \frac{\$8,000}{1 + 0.565} = \frac{\$8,000}{1.565} \approx \$5,111.82$$

Therefore, you should have invested \$5,111.82 to have \$8,000 after 5 years.