MAT 101: Exam 1	1
Summer – 2022	
05/26/2022	
85 Minutes	

Name:	Caleb M ^c Whorter — Solutions

Write your name on the appropriate line on the exam cover sheet. This exam contains 21 pages (including this cover page) and 20 questions. Check that you have every page of the exam. Answer the questions in the spaces provided on the question sheets. Be sure to answer every part of each question and show all your work.

Question	Points	Score
1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	10	
10	10	
11	10	
12	10	
13	10	
14	10	
15	10	
16	10	
17	10	
18	10	
19	10	
20	10	
Total:	200	

MAT 101: Exam 1 2 of 21

1. (10 points) For each of the following numbers, indicate with a checkmark whether each of the numbers is a natural, integer, rational, irrational, real, or complex number.

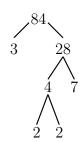
	Natural	Integer	Rational	Irrational	Real	Complex
13						
0						
-7						
34/4						
$0.\overline{13}$						
5/7						
-5.78						
$\sqrt{49}$						
π						
$\sqrt{-4}$						

2. (10 points) Find the prime factorizations for each of the following integers:

- (a) 29
- (b) 84
- (c) 495

Solution.

- (a) $29 = 29^1$
- (b) $84 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$



(c) $495 = 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$



MAT 101: Exam 1 4 of 21

3. (10 points) Using an argument involving the square root, show that the integer 109 is prime.

If a number n is composite, then it has a prime factor between 2 and \sqrt{n} . We know that $\sqrt{109} \approx 10.4403$. Therefore, if 109 is composite then one of the primes 2, 3, 5, or 7 must be a factor of 109.

Because 109 is not even, it is not divisible by 2. The sum of the digits of 109 is 10, which is not divisible by 3 so that 109 is not divisible by 3. Because 109 does not end in a 0 or 5, 109 is not divisible by 5. Finally, we can check that $109/7 \approx 15.5714$ so that 109 is not divisible by 7. [One can also use the fact that $109/2 \approx 54.5$, $109/3 \approx 36.3333$, and $109/5 \approx 21.8$ so that 109 is not divisible by 2, 3, or 5, respectively.]

But then 109 cannot be composite. Therefore, 109 is prime.

MAT 101: Exam 1 5 of 21

4. (10 points) Showing all your work, compute the following:

- (a) gcd(50, 66)
- **(b)** lcm(14, 22)
- (c) $gcd(2^{12} \cdot 3^{40} \cdot 7^{12} \cdot 13^{70}, 2^{30} \cdot 3^{28} \cdot 5^{46} \cdot 11^{90})$
- (d) $lcm(2^{12} \cdot 3^{40} \cdot 7^{12} \cdot 13^{70}, 2^{30} \cdot 3^{28} \cdot 5^{46} \cdot 11^{90})$

(a)
$$gcd(50, 66) = gcd(2 \cdot 5^2, 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 11) = 2$$

(b)
$$lcm(14, 22) = lcm(2 \cdot 7, 2 \cdot 11) = 2 \cdot 7 \cdot 11 = 154$$

(c)
$$gcd(2^{12} \cdot 3^{40} \cdot 7^{12} \cdot 13^{70}, 2^{30} \cdot 3^{28} \cdot 5^{46} \cdot 11^{90}) = 2^{12} \cdot 3^{28}$$

(d)
$$lcm(2^{12} \cdot 3^{40} \cdot 7^{12} \cdot 13^{70}, 2^{30} \cdot 3^{28} \cdot 5^{46} \cdot 11^{90}) = 2^{30} \cdot 3^{40} \cdot 5^{46} \cdot 7^{12} \cdot 11^{90} \cdot 13^{70}$$

5. (10 points) Showing all your work, reduce the following rational numbers completely:

- (a) $\frac{21}{45}$
- (b) $\frac{7}{22}$
- (c) $\frac{132}{30}$

(a)
$$\frac{21}{45} = \frac{3 \cdot 7}{3^2 \cdot 5} = \frac{3 \cdot 7}{3^{2^1} \cdot 5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

(b)
$$\frac{7}{22} = \frac{7}{22}$$

(c)
$$\frac{132}{30} = \frac{2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 11}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} = \frac{2^{2^1} \cdot 3 \cdot 11}{2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5} = \frac{22}{5}$$

- 6. (10 points) Showing all your work and being sure to simplify as much as possible, compute the following:
 - (a) $\frac{5}{7} \frac{8}{21}$
 - (b) $\frac{9}{8} + \frac{7}{12}$
 - (c) $\frac{20}{99} \cdot \frac{21}{10}$
 - (d) $\frac{\frac{26}{15}}{\frac{20}{9}}$

(a)
$$\frac{5}{7} - \frac{8}{21} = \frac{15}{21} - \frac{8}{21} = \frac{15 - 8}{21} = \frac{7}{21} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(b)
$$\frac{9}{8} + \frac{7}{12} = \frac{27}{24} + \frac{14}{24} = \frac{27 + 14}{24} = \frac{41}{24}$$

(c)
$$\frac{20}{99} \cdot \frac{21}{10} = \frac{2^2 \cdot 5}{3^2 \cdot 11} \cdot \frac{3 \cdot 7}{2 \cdot 5} = \frac{2^{2^1} \cdot \cancel{5}}{3^{2^1} \cdot 11} \cdot \frac{\cancel{3} \cdot 7}{\cancel{2} \cdot \cancel{5}} = \frac{14}{33}$$

(d)
$$\frac{\frac{26}{15}}{\frac{20}{9}} = \frac{26}{15} \cdot \frac{9}{20} = \frac{\cancel{2} \cdot 13}{\cancel{3} \cdot 5} \cdot \frac{\cancel{3}^{\cancel{2}^{1}}}{\cancel{2}^{\cancel{2}^{1}} \cdot 5} = \frac{39}{50}$$

- 7. (10 points) Convert the following decimal numbers to a rational number, being sure to simplify as much as possible:
 - (a) 0.240
 - (b) $0.\overline{18}$

Solution.

(a)
$$0.240 = \frac{240}{1000} = \frac{24 \cdot 10}{100 \cdot 10} = \frac{24}{100} = \frac{6}{25}$$

(b)

$$0.\overline{18} = \frac{2}{11}$$

MAT 101: Exam 1

9 of 21

- 8. (10 points) Write the following numbers in scientific notation:
 - (a) 178.3
 - **(b)** 4.64
 - (c) 0.0000091
 - (d) 167000

- (a) $178.3 = 1.783 \cdot 10^2$
- (b) $4.64 = 4.64 \cdot 10^0$
- (c) $9.1 \cdot 10^{-6}$
- (d) $167000 = 1.67 \cdot 10^5$

MAT 101: Exam 1

10 of 21

9. (10 points) Write the following scientific numbers in ordinary decimal notation:

- (a) $1.45 \cdot 10^5$
- (b) $6.92 \cdot 10^{-3}$
- (c) $-8.3 \cdot 10^0$

- (a) $1.45 \cdot 10^5 = 145\,000$
- (b) $6.92 \cdot 10^{-3} = 0.00692$
- (c) $-8.3 \cdot 10^0 = -8.3$

MAT 101: Exam 1 11 of 21

10. (10 points) Simplify the follow expressions, showing all your work and using no negative powers:

(a)
$$x^5y^2(xy^3)^0(x^3y)^4$$

(b)
$$z^4(x^5z^3)^{-2}(x^3y^2)^2$$

(c)
$$\frac{x^{-5}y^6}{(x^3y^{-4})^{-2}}$$

(d)
$$\frac{(x^8y^{12})^{1/4}}{\sqrt{x^4y^5}}$$

(a)
$$x^5y^2(xy^3)^0(x^3y)^4 = x^5y^2 \cdot 1 \cdot x^{12}y^4 = x^{17}y^6$$

(b)
$$z^4(x^5z^3)^{-2}(x^3y^2)^2 = z^4 \cdot x^{-10}z^{-6} \cdot x^6y^4 = x^{-4}y^4z^{-2} = \frac{y^4}{x^4z^2}$$

(c)
$$\frac{x^{-5}y^6}{(x^3y^{-4})^{-2}} = \frac{x^{-5}y^6}{x^{-6}y^8} = \frac{x^6y^6}{x^5y^8} = \frac{x}{y^2}$$

(d)
$$\frac{(x^8y^{12})^{1/4}}{\sqrt{x^4y^5}} = \frac{x^{8/4}y^{12/4}}{(x^4y^5)^{1/2}} = \frac{x^2y^3}{x^2y^{5/2}} = \frac{y^3}{y^{5/2}} = y^{3-5/2} = y^{1/2} = \sqrt{y}$$

11. (10 points) Showing all your work, simplify the following as much as possible:

- (a) $\sqrt{68}$
- (b) $\sqrt{2^8 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3}$
- (c) $\sqrt[5]{2^{10} \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7^6}$

(a)
$$\sqrt{68} = \sqrt{2^2 \cdot 17} = 2\sqrt{17}$$

(b)
$$\sqrt{2^8 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3} = \sqrt{2^8 \cdot 3 \cdot (5^2 \cdot 5)} = 2^4 \cdot 5\sqrt{3 \cdot 5} = 80\sqrt{15}$$

(c)
$$\sqrt[5]{2^{10} \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^2 \cdot 7^6} = \sqrt[5]{2^{10} \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^2 \cdot (7^5 \cdot 7)} = 2^2 \cdot 3^1 \cdot 7^1 \sqrt[5]{5^2 \cdot 7} = 84 \sqrt[5]{175}$$

12. (10 points) Showing all your work and simplifying as much as possible, rationalize the following:

(a)
$$\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$$

(b)
$$\frac{14}{3-\sqrt{2}}$$

(a)
$$\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{10\sqrt{5}}{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$$

(b)
$$\frac{14}{3-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{14}{3-\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{3+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{42+14\sqrt{2}}{9+3\sqrt{2}-3\sqrt{2}-2} = \frac{42+14\sqrt{2}}{7}$$

MAT 101: Exam 1 14 of 21

13. (10 points) Compute each of the following and write the result in the form a+bi, being sure to simplify as much as possible:

(a)
$$(10-7i)-(5-11i)$$

(b)
$$(4-3i)(11+6i)$$

(c)
$$\frac{1+i}{1-3i}$$

(a)
$$(10-7i)-(5-11i)=10-7i-5+11i=5+4i$$

(b)
$$(4-3i)(11+6i) = 44+24i-33i-18i^2 = 44-9i-18(-1) = 44+18-9i = 62-9i$$

(c)
$$\frac{1+i}{1-3i} = \frac{1+i}{1-3i} \cdot \frac{1+3i}{1+3i} = \frac{1+3i+i+3i^2}{1+3i-3i-9i^2} = \frac{1+4i-3}{1+9} = \frac{-2+4i}{10} = -\frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5}i$$

MAT 101: Exam 1 15 of 21

14. (10 points) Showing all your work, compute each of the following:

- (a) 18% of 940
- (b) 88% of 7
- (c) 132% of 65

- (a) 940(0.18) = 169.2
- (b) 7(0.88) = 6.16
- (c) 65(1.32) = 85.8

MAT 101: Exam 1 16 of 21

15. (10 points) Showing all your work, compute each of the following:

- (a) 900 decreased by 36%
- (b) 66 increased by 45%
- (c) 19 increased by 160%

(a)
$$900(1 - 0.36) = 900(0.64) = 576$$

(b)
$$66(1+0.45) = 66(1.45) = 95.7$$

(c)
$$19(1+1.60) = 19(2.60) = 49.4$$

MAT 101: Exam 1 17 of 21

16. (10 points) A student is taking a course with the following grade components:

Presentation 5% Homework 25% Quizzes 15% Midterm 25% Final 30%

Suppose that the student received a 94% on the presentation, 78% on the midterm, and 84% on the final. If the student had a 89% quiz average and 92% homework average, find the student's course average.

Course Average =
$$\sum$$
 weight \cdot average
= $5(0.94) + 25(0.92) + 15(0.89) + 25(0.78) + 30(0.84)$
= $4.7 + 23 + 13.35 + 19.5 + 25.2$
= 85.75

MAT 101: Exam 1 18 of 21

17. (10 points) A local college uses the following credit weights in their GPA calculations:

$$\begin{array}{c|ccccc} A & 4.0 & C+ & 2.3 \\ A- & 3.7 & C & 2.0 \\ B+ & 3.3 & C- & 1.7 \\ B & 3.0 & D & 1.0 \\ B- & 2.7 & F & 0.0 \\ \end{array}$$

Suppose that student received the following grades this semester:

Course	Credits	Grade
German I	3	A-
Freshman Seminar	1	A
Calculus III	4	A-
Physics I	4	B-
Cultural Anthropology	3	В
The Soviet Empire	3	C+

Showing all your work, compute this student's semester GPA.

Semester GPA =
$$\frac{\sum \text{credit} \cdot \text{weight}}{\sum \text{credits}}$$

= $3(3.7) + 1(4.0) + 4(3.7) + 4(2.7) + 3(3.0) + 3(2.3)3 + 1 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 3 + 3$
= $\frac{11.1 + 4 + 14.8 + 10.8 + 9 + 6.9}{22}$
= $\frac{56.6}{22}$
= 2.573

MAT 101: Exam 1 19 of 21

18. (10 points) A certain drug is to be administered such that the patient gets 45 mg for every 3 pounds (lb) that a patient weighs. How many milligrams (mg) should a 165 lb patient receive?

Comparing ratios, we have...

$$\frac{45 \text{ mg}}{3 \text{ lb}} = \frac{x}{165 \text{ lb}}$$
$$3x = 7425$$
$$x = 2475$$

Therefore, the patient should be given 2475 mg.

MAT 101: Exam 1 20 of 21

19. (10 points) Mankind has met an alien civilization. They use a unit of distance known as a 'kellikarn' (kn) and a unit of time called a 'starpoint' (sp). It is known 15 kn is 3.2 ft and 17 sp is 1.4 min. What is 26.1 kn/sp in miles per hour? Note that there are 5280 ft in one mile.

MAT 101: Exam 1 21 of 21

20. (10 points) Suppose that the average cost of land in Montana is approximately \$2,000 per acre. If one acre is 4840 yd^2 and 1 yard (yd) is 3 feet (ft), what is the average cost of land in Montana per square foot?