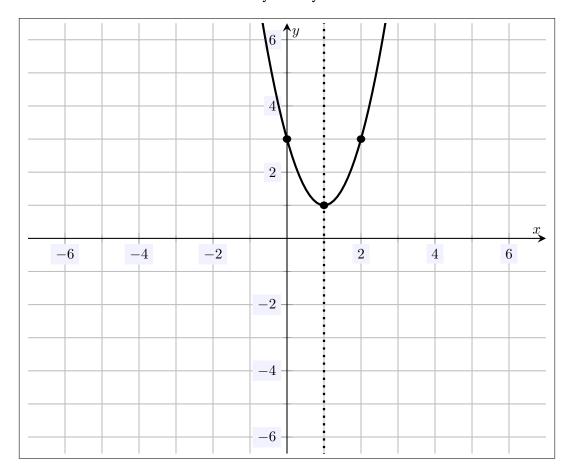
Name: <u>Caleb McWhorter — Solutions</u>	(cr) 11' 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
MATH 101	"The world is a stage, but the play is
Fall 2021	badly cast."
HW 8: Due 10/29	– Oscar Wilde

Problem 1. (10pt) Plot the quadratic function $y = 2x^2 - 4x + 3$ as accurately as possible. Your sketch should include the vertex and axis of symmetry.

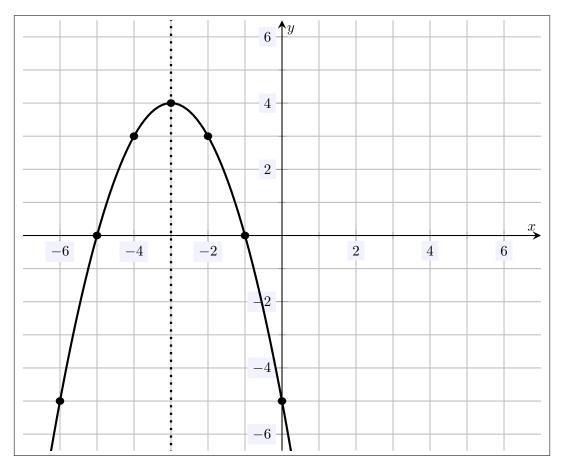


Because a=2>0, the parabola opens upwards, i.e. is convex. The vertex occurs at $x=-\frac{b}{2a}=-\frac{-4}{2(2)}=1$. We know

$$y(1) = 2(1^2) - 4(1) + 3 = 2 - 4 + 3 = 1$$

Therefore, the vertex is (1,1). We need to include this point. The axis of symmetry is x=1. We find serval other points:

Problem 2. (10pt) Plot the quadratic function $y = -x^2 - 6x - 5$ as accurately as possible. Your sketch should include the vertex and axis of symmetry.

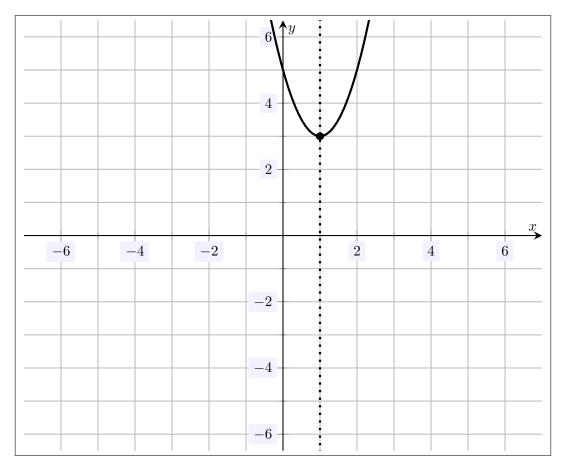


Because a=-1<0, the parabola opens downwards, i.e. is concave. The vertex occurs at $x=-\frac{b}{2a}=-\frac{-6}{2(-1)}=-3$. We know

$$y(-3) = -(-3)^2 - 6(-3) - 5 = -9 + 18 - 5 = 4$$

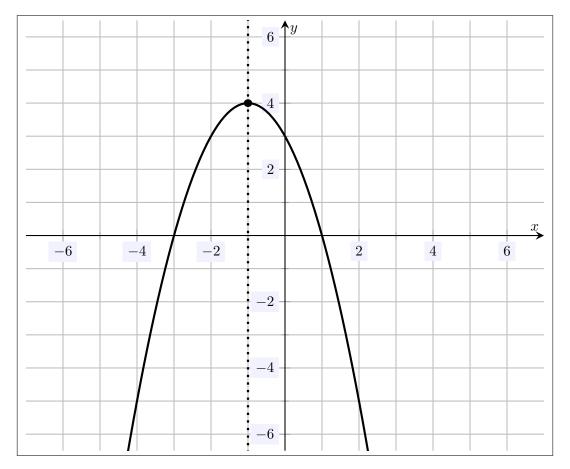
Therefore, the vertex is (-3,4). We need to include this point. The axis of symmetry is x=1. We find serval other points:

Problem 3. (10pt) Give a rough sketch of the quadratic function $y = 2(x-1)^2 + 3$. Your sketch should include the vertex and axis of symmetry.



Because a=2>0, the parabola opens upwards, i.e. is convex. Because the parabola is in vertex form, we know the vertex is (1,3). Therefore, the axis of symmetry is x=1.

Problem 4. (10pt) Give a rough sketch of the quadratic function $y = 4 - (x + 1)^2$. Your sketch should include the vertex and axis of symmetry.



Because a=-1<0, the parabola opens downwards, i.e. is concave. Because the parabola is in vertex form, we know the vertex is (-1,4). Therefore, the axis of symmetry is x=-1.