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MATH 101

Spring 2022

HW 11: Due 04/12

*“When you are dissatisfied and would
like to go back to youth, think of
Algebra”*

– Will Rogers

Problem 1. (10pt) Determine whether $(x, y) = (5, -2)$ is a solution to the following system of equations:

$$2x + 6y = -2$$

$$3x - 2y = 11$$

Solution. The point $(5, -2)$ is a solution to the system of equations if and only if it satisfies both of the equations. We check this:

$$2x + 6y = -2$$

$$2(5) + 6(-2) \stackrel{?}{=} -2$$

$$10 - 12 \stackrel{?}{=} -2$$

$$-2 = -2$$

✓

and

$$3x - 2y = 11$$

$$3(5) - 2(-2) \stackrel{?}{=} 11$$

$$15 + 4 \stackrel{?}{=} 11$$

$$19 = 11$$

✗

Therefore, $(5, -2)$ is *not* a solution to the system of equations.

Problem 2. (10pt) Use substitution to solve the following system of equations:

$$3x - 5y = -29$$

$$2x - y = -10$$

Solution. We solve for y in the second equation:

$$2x - y = -10$$

$$-y = -2x - 10$$

$$y = 2x + 10$$

Using this in the first equation, we have...

$$3x - 5y = -29$$

$$3x - 5(2x + 10) = -29$$

$$3x - 10x - 50 = -29$$

$$-7x = 21$$

$$x = -3$$

But then $y = 2x + 10 = 2(-3) + 10 = -6 + 10 = 4$. Therefore, the solution is $(x, y) = (-3, 4)$.

Problem 3. (10pt) Use elimination to solve the following system of equations:

$$\begin{aligned}5x + 6y &= 4 \\4x - 3y &= 11\end{aligned}$$

Solution. Multiplying the second equation by 2, we have...

$$\begin{aligned}5x + 6y &= 4 \\8x - 6y &= 22\end{aligned}$$

Adding these equations, we have...

$$13x = 26$$

$$x = 2$$

Using this in the first equation, we have...

$$\begin{aligned}5x + 6y &= 4 \\5(2) + 6y &= 4 \\10 + 6y &= 4 \\6y &= -6 \\y &= -1\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, we have solution $(x, y) = (2, -1)$.

Problem 4. (10pt) Determine whether the following system of equations has a solution:

$$-2x + 3y = 5$$

$$4x - 6y = -30$$

Solution. The system of linear equations has a solution if and only if the lines are not parallel. We solve for y in both equations to determine the slopes. We have

$$-2x + 3y = 5$$

$$3y = 2x + 5$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{5}{3}$$

This line has slope $m_1 = \frac{2}{3}$. We also have. . .

$$4x - 6y = -30$$

$$-6y = -4x - 30$$

$$y = \frac{2}{3}x + 5$$

This line has slope $m_2 = \frac{2}{3}$. Because $m_1 = m_2$, the lines are parallel. [Observe also that the lines are distinct.] Therefore, the system of equations has no solution.