

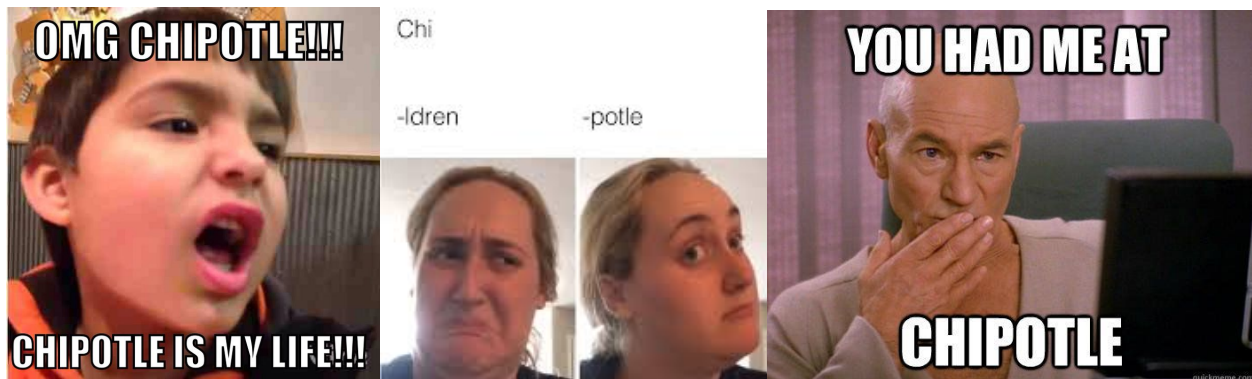
MATH 142 — Comment Card Responses — Fall 2025

Here are select responses to comment cards given at the end of class. When computed, the class rating (out of 10) is given. The comment (often paraphrased for clarity) is given in italics/bold with the response following the comment. The responses are labeled by class date—with the class topic given. The classes are given in reverse-chronological order for ease of access to the most recent class. You may also click any of the hyperlinks below to jump to that date.

- [09/04, Thursday: Partial Fractions](#)
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09/04, Thursday: Partial Fractions

- **Class Rating:** 8.58/10
- **Lots of examples was really helpful:** I am glad that you found things helpful! Remember, you can always start the homework right away to make sure that things clicked for you.
- **All the examples were helpful:** Great! Always check your understanding by starting the homework!
- **Very good examples:** Thanks! There are lots of other great ones in the homework... ☺
- **Not explaining steps, talking at us rather than teaching:** I do my best to try to explain problems to as many in the class as I can. But like with any class, it definitely is not gonna work for everyone. But feel free to shoutout questions so that I can help clarify things for you!
- **The pre-lecture was helpful:** Great! Thanks for watching it too!
- **Good job:** Dziękuję!
- **Why not just teach us the shortcut?:** As mentioned, the shortcut will not always save us. So, what do we do when it doesn't? We need the long way! So, we cover the long way first so that when we do the shortcut (next time) to save time and it 'fails', we can still find the decomposition. Ultimately, the shortcut we shall see is a time saver and not a 'solver'.
- **Really clear, thank you!:** Thanks! As always, start the homework right away to check your understanding!
- **Culver's is the best fast food:** Well, we know that's axiomatically wrong because the best fast food is Chipotle, so...



09/02, Tuesday: Trig. Substitution

- **Class Rating:** 8.54/10
- **More clear than previous lectures but go too fast when you get on a roll and explain too many steps at a time:** I try to only do/state a single step at a time. But if you're ever confused, don't hesitate to throw out a question! I always post the lecture, so you can also always rewatch the lecture and pause whenever you need more time!
- **The method for trig sub. was very simple and well explained:** Great! Glad it seemed to click for you. But always remember, following it is one thing, doing it on your own is another. Always check to see what was retained and what will take more time by starting the homework!
- **How and why are certain trig. functions are chosen over others?:** It depends on how the triangle is set-up. But textbook formulas are given, i.e. the triangles chosen, to avoid the 'co-' functions, because their derivatives introduce all sorts of negatives that can cause headaches. You get these substitutions if you force the 'vertical' leg to have a variable, if possible. For example, this forces you to choose $x = \sin \theta$, so that $dx = \cos \theta d\theta$, compared to $x = \cos \theta$, which forces $dx = -\sin \theta d\theta$.
- **Good job:** Grazie!
- **This was better than the textbook method:** Thanks! I think so too. Some have started to give a similar presentation, but sadly most have not gone 'all the way' with using the triangle. I hope it clicked for you! But this is definitely a tricky method that takes some practice.
- **The triangle method and examples were helpful:** Glad things seemed to work for you! But this is definitely a tricky method that takes some practice. So, I would strongly suggest starting the homework soon!
- **When writing tips/words say what you write as you write it:** I am not sure what parts of the notes you are referring to. Often, I just say it and give ya'll time to copy what I've said. But if I write it, I believe I do say it? It may be a math speak thing, i.e. where we say it a specific way but when we write the math it is written differently. But to us mathematicians, they are 'the same' because one representation means the other. Although, I can totally see how this is disconcerting for students.
- **I do not know when you apply each method:** That is the hard part of integration. Start to create a list of examples of each type to see what each method might 'look like'. For trig. sub., we said explicitly: you are looking for terms that 'look like' they could have come from a Pythagorean Theorem, e.g. $x^2 + 4$, $9 - x^2$, etc.
- **Comparing everything to triangles made sense:** That's exactly the idea of trig. sub! But this does take some practice, so make sure to try some problems!

08/28, Thursday: Trigonometric Integrals

- **Class Rating:** 8.77/10
- **Could you post the print out on Blackboard prior to class. The ones you hand out before class. So we can all draw on it on our iPads/computers:** If you mean the note handouts I give you, they are already on Blackboard before the class begins! If you mean the in-class notes, those I am not able to put out before the class starts. In the latter case, they are not pre-written. Otherwise, I would be giving a handout for it. But one trick I have seen students use is that you can hold up your iPad and take a photo with it. You can then drop this photo right into your notes and even write on the photo. I have seen students do nifty things with this.
- **The derivative trick for the trig. functions was helpful:** It's still how I remember the derivative of \tan , \cot , \csc , \sec .

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tan & \sec & \sec \\ \cot & -\csc & \csc \end{array}$$

- **I was sleepy:** Me too fam. . . me too. . .
- **Please continue with the slower pacing with interactive lecture. Thumbs up:** I shall try. But some topics will require more/less discussion in lecture leaving more/less time for a slower pace or more problems. Typically, the more focused problem/question time comes during recitation.
- **Was lit:** Bet! Trigonometric integrals be bussin' but we ate that rizz. Drip, DRIP! . . . did I do that right?
- **Working through the problems set by step was good. It really helped a lot:** I am glad it helped! But always check that you could do it all on your own later! It's always easier to follow someone thinking it through than it is to do it all yourself.
- **Solid class 10/10. Everything was explained and worked out well:** Thanks!
- **Was easier than recent lessons:** Great! With enough practice, these tend to be among the easiest two or three types of integrals for students that we see in Calc II. So, get that practice in!
- **It was hard to see certain exponents:** Sorry! In this case, if I make them too big they start to look like arguments, which really changes how the integral would work, e.g. $\int \sin^2 x \cos^3 x \, dx$ compared to $\int \sin 2x \cos^3 x \, dx$. If you can't make it out, just give a shoutout! I'm happy to clarify.
- **Not saying what you are using from step to step, such as power rule, makes lectures confusing, jump from step to step, not giving any formulas either really puts too much stress. Expecting us to memorize integral of everything is crazy:** Most of the steps do not have a precise name. For example, power rule is a derivative rule that is often applied for the corresponding integral, but there are not names for the other elementary integrals, e.g.

$\int \frac{1}{x} dx = \ln|x| + C$. I do try to say what I have done from one step to another—even if I do not write it. But thus far, no formulas! Trigonometric integrals are about a procedure, not a formula. There is no general formula that can be given. Lastly, as for the memorization, every class/field will come with some memorization that has to be done. Even beyond the classroom, eventually, there are just some things you have to know. In principle, you should have learned/memorized these in Calc I. But if you didn't or forgot them, that's fine! You have plenty of time to slowly let them sink in. In fact, this will happen rather naturally as we use them again and again. So, it's not as daunting as it might seem. Remember, you have the flashcards I handed out to help with them!

- ***It would be nice to have some sort of outline of what we learn in the lecture:*** I have done this in the past. I shall try to whip some up for this class too to help make each lecture's learning outcomes clearer.

08/26, Tuesday: Integration-by-Parts

- **Class Rating:** 8.29/10
- **The slow and concise examples were nice:** Great! Glad it worked for you. But always double check by trying the homework as soon as possible to see what actually made sense and what you need to look at more or ask questions about.
- **Not unhelpful just wondering instances where on a looping integral you have two negatives making the original term:** I am not sure what you quite mean by that. But if you're asking about how the signs work out, they work out how they work out. Meaning, if you ended up having neg · neg, you would get a positive term. If you had pos · neg, the term would work out negative. It is not the case that the terms 'have' to have a certain sign. But the extra +/− added in these products from the 'diagonals' in tabular/looping are always the same—alternating positive and negative.
- **Is $\int u dv = uv \pm ab + \int u dv$?:** I think you mean the 'formula' for integration-by-parts in the case of a definite integral. This formula is not correct. I think you mean. . .

$$\int_a^b u dv = uv \Big|_a^b - \int_a^b v du$$

- **What website/channels are good for outside help? It takes me a little longer than others to grasp the concept of things and get it:** I actually have a whole folder for this on Blackboard! See the 'External Resource' folder on Blackboard. You can also stop by my office and ask how I find extra resources. But remember, you also have my/TA office hours, SI sessions, the Math Lab, tutoring, etc. all available to you at USC!
- **Didn't realize we weren't done with IBP notes and was crashing out over the homework:** We actually covered everything (in principle) you needed to be able to do the integration-by-parts homework by the end of last class. So, if you were having trouble, perhaps it is time to ask for some help! Some struggle is normal and expected, but there is a limit before you should ask for help. So, spend some time on a problem but *never* spend an hour or more on a single problem. Set it aside and come back to it later or ask for help on it!
- **I appreciated the slow paced examples and explanations. . . :** Happy to hear that everything worked for you!
- **Tabular integration was only briefly explained:** Even if it was brief, I hope that it was understandable. Maybe it is comforting to know this is typically overwhelmingly the integration technique students do best on after some practice!
- **This was easy to understand:** Great! But always check your knowledge by trying the homework problems right away!
- **Can you go a bit slower and write down what you did instead of doing it in your head and writing it. Like how did you get from $-\frac{\ln(2x)}{x} + \int \frac{1}{x^2} dx$ to $-\frac{\ln(2x)}{x} - \frac{1}{x} + C$:** The only steps I will tend to skip in this course are a simple algebra step (because I trust that even if it takes you a second that you can get it too) or perhaps a linear u -substitution. If you're ever stuck

on what I did, you can always ask! If you want to figure it out for yourself, you can search for what changed from one step to another. Notice the only thing different is the integral went away. I must have integrated! Indeed, the only thing I did was integrate $\int \frac{1}{x^2} dx = -\frac{1}{x} + C$. While I said this step, I did not write it. Never hesitate to ask if you're unsure of how I got from one step to another!

- **Why do you set the looping ones equal to the original integral?:** The idea is we have an integral, say $\int e^x \sin x dx$. We do some integration-by-parts (in this case twice) and then have...

$$e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x - \int e^x \sin x dx$$

The problem is that we wanted to find out how to compute $\int e^x \sin x dx$, and now we just have to figure out... $\int e^x \sin x dx$. We have looped back to the original! So, what are we supposed to do? If we remember that we started with $\int e^x \sin x dx$, what we found above is equal to this integral (hence setting equal to the original integral):

$$\int e^x \sin x dx = e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x - \int e^x \sin x dx$$

How did this help us? Notice if we add $\int e^x \sin x dx$ to both sides, on the right side it cancels but on the left we get twice the integral—just like how $x + x = 2x$. But then...

$$2 \int e^x \sin x dx = e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x$$

So, if we divide by 2, we can find the integral!

$$\int e^x \sin x dx = \frac{e^x \sin x - e^x \cos x}{2} + C$$

This type of 'trick' is exactly the idea of 'looping' integrals.

- **Explain each part, we are in summer mode you tend to skip important small steps out of habit:** I never skip actually important steps. But, for sure, I will skip small algebra steps or things like that. It is fine if you need a few more seconds or a minute on something like that. The important thing is not that you do it 'instantly' in your head, but rather that you *can* get there. But if I had to show everything down to last algebra steps, we would not be able to cover everything or have greatly reduced examples. It's a trade off—but one I feel is worth it. But I totally get how this can be frustrating. Remember, you can always play the lecture back and pause to do things in your own time!
- **I don't even know, I'm kind of just confused on everything:** Oof. I am sorry to hear that. It can be tough to keep pace with class at times. Lectures speak to the room, but when you come to office hours (either for me or the TA), attend SI sessions, get tutoring, etc., you have someone speaking specifically to you, which can be much easier. So, don't hesitate to stop by/reach out! There's lots of support for you. You got this!

- ***Thanks for making things simple:*** No problem. But remember, even with the shortcuts, you need to practice!
- ***The tabular/looping integrals were well explained:*** Thanks! Be sure to try a few to make sure that you are able to do it! With enough practice, these tend to be a type of integral students are really good at! So, putting in the practice with these can really pay off!
- ***I felt that we jumped into a topic that we didn't even start the class before:*** Yes and no. It was still integration-by-parts. But this class was about a shortcut in two special cases. So, other than the fact we are still using LIATE, this was indeed a topic we did not see last class!
- ***Good job:*** Gracias!
- ***Your handwriting can be confusing:*** I am sorry. I have been told that I have 'flowery' handwriting. I shall try to write larger, which will hopefully make that clearer. But if you can't read something, feel free to shout out asking what it is!
- ***It was helpful to take time to explain when to use what:*** No problem! Just make sure that you know when something is 'normal' integration-by-parts, when it is 'tabular', and when it is 'looping'.
- ***I think you explained it well and slower:*** Thanks! Remember, it is best to try the homework right away so that you can see what actually ended up sinking in and what you need more time with or might need to ask for help with!
- ***Why do you think One Piece is bad (don't say pacing)?:*** Oh, so you mean ignoring the reason that makes a show bad, why is the show bad? **snap** You know One Piece has more episodes than Naruto (in its entirety, including filler), DragonBallZ, and Attack on Titan *combined*, right? Has it really covered enough with its time to be worth the time? Keep in mind, with that time, you could have watched all those shows. . . **snaps slowly, like One Piece**

08/21, Thursday: Integration-by-Parts

- **Class Rating:** 8.45/10
- ***It was nice to be shown examples and then to try ourselves:*** I am glad that this lecture clicked more for you. I honestly try to build in as much ‘try it yourself’ time as possible. But some lectures will have more/less of that depending on the topic. The real ‘do problems’ time is recitation.
- ***The box method was helpful:*** Glad you liked it. But even if it felt like it ‘clicked’, always remember to get to the homework asap to see if it actually did. If it didn’t, then you have a chance to put things on track before we dive further. Remember, it’s easier (but not necessarily easy) to keep up than to catch up!
- ***Towards the end it got complicated:*** That was actually kind of the point! Those last two examples— $\int x^2 e^x dx$ and $\int e^x \sin x dx$ —were definitely harder than the others. For the former, we had to use integration-by-parts twice. For the second, it somehow ‘looped’ back on itself. They were awful! We did need to see the ‘long way’. Finding ways of avoiding having to do these integrals this way would be great... and is the point of the next lecture!
- ***It was a lot to absorb all at once:*** Some lectures will be like that. Not everything is going to come right away; that’s fine and natural. Remember, you can rewatch the lecture and pause at your own pace. You can also stop by to ask me or the TA questions. You can also ask the SI to help clarify points!
- ***Have a hard time seeing the problems:*** I will try to write larger and/or zoom in more!
- ***The pacing was better today:*** Great that things went smoother for you! But remember, it is always easier to follow in lecture than it is 100% own your own. So, try the homework to see what ‘settled in’ and what you might need to look at more!
- ***It would be nice to know what you expect from us when solving a problem. Like the ‘7’ method, it was kind of very quickly explained yet then we had to do a problem:*** Calculus II is all about doing problems! Though it seems like some kind of shortcut (and it is), everything I showed was everything you need to show for the ‘7’-method—no more or less. So, if you did those problems as I did in-class on the exam, you’d be perfectly fine!
- ***love the 7:*** It always felt like a casino type deal—777.
- ***I need more clarification on when to use u -sub. and when to use IBP:*** That is the hard part. Both u -substitution and integration-by-parts are *very* general methods that apply to many types of integrals. The eventual goal is to be able to look at an integral and have a ‘feel’ for what method might be best. Eventually, we will have methods that apply to specific types of integrals. So, once we have those, it is easier to work from these more specific methods ‘backwards’ to the most general in order to figure out what approach might be best. Indeed, it is not always easy to see which types of integrals ‘require’ u -substitution or integration-by-parts. But with enough problems under your belt, you will get a feel for this!
- ***Super cool stuff:*** Just wait to see the other tricks that we get to see!

- ***Please zoom in and write bigger please. Find a way to have the iPad fill screen:*** I shall try. It is a battle. If you zoom in a lot, things are bigger but then you have to move about more and not everything is on the screen. It's then easy for students to fall behind or miss writing things that are no longer on the screen. It's a balancing act and I shall do my best.
- ***Solid!:*** Danke!
- ***It was helpful to have some problems to do:*** And there's lots more to be seen on the home-work 😊

08/19, Tuesday: u -Substitution Review

- **Class Rating:** 8.51/10
- **The 2nd type of u -sub was least helpful:** I think you mean the ‘hoity-toity’/‘in-place’ method compared to just substituting. While it can definitely feel ‘weirder’ than the approach you might have been taught at first, this ‘in-place’ approach is actually easier for certain types of integrals, e.g. trigonometric integrals, that we will see later. So, it is important that we get a feel for it now to make things easier for us down the line. But for sure, it takes some practice.
- **We moved very fast:** We will have to move faster in some classes than others to cover everything. So, some classes will be slower or have more time for some in-class practice. Of course, today we moved a bit faster because—in theory—everything from today should have been review! If you couldn’t quite remember everything, that’s perfectly fine! You just came from a long summer. It’s perfectly natural to have forgotten some things. But hopefully, after covering so much today, you have a feel for what you remember and what you need to review.
- **Most helpful was the linear u -sub.:** I am glad that you found it helpful! Remember, you will want to practice this until you get a feel for it enough to be able to do it in your head. This makes the future integrals *much* easier to deal with.
- **Good job:** Thanks!
- **Would you recommend Pearson+?:** I do not know anything about Pearson+. I cannot imagine it would have more resources than what you could find on Blackboard per topic. So, I would recommend whatever is the cheapest option for Pearson.
- **It would help if class notes could be online so I can use my iPad:** If you mean the note handouts I give you, they are already on Blackboard before the class begins! If you mean the in-class notes, those I am not able to put out before the class starts. In the latter case, they are not pre-written. Otherwise, I would be giving a handout for it. But one trick I have seen students use is that you can hold up your iPad and take a photo with it. You can then drop this photo right into your notes and even write on the photo. I have seen students do nifty things with this.
- **I accidentally sat in on the wrong class :(** : Oof. You didn’t need to stay in a class that you aren’t enrolled in! It’s easy to get lost the first day. Definitely, don’t stay in a class you aren’t in. It’s no problem to get up and find your actual class. You don’t want to miss the first day! ... but then I realize you’ll never read this. ... oh.
- **You explained too much and too little:** I will do my best to try to ‘Goldilocks’ that next time.
- **Wish we did the syllabus:** We did! I covered it in a syllabus video posted to Blackboard and asked if there were any questions on it! This saved us a full class, which we can then spend to give us an extra lecture on one of the future integration techniques. I think that in the long-run, you’ll much prefer this over talking about the syllabus!
- **Have trouble seeing what’s written:** I will do my best to write larger/zoom in more.
- **The note packet was really helpful:** Thanks! Remember, if you ever lose it or need another copy, everything is linked in Blackboard. So, there is a master set of notes you can print (full-size even) the notes that I handed out.