## **ACRO**

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Typeset Acronyms and other Abbreviations

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ACRO allows you to define and manage acronyms and abbreviations. It can also be used for glossaries or nomenclatures.

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### Part I.

## Get started with ACRO

#### 1. Licence and requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the LATEX Project Public License (LPPL), version 1.3 or later (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt). The software has the status "maintained."

### 2. ACRO for the impatient

Acronyms are defined in the preamble via the command

 $\DeclareAcronym{\langle id \rangle}{\langle properties \rangle}$ 

where  $\langle id \rangle$  is a unique string to identify the acronym and  $\langle properties \rangle$  is a key/value list of

properties.

In the document acronyms are used with these commands:

```
\ac{\langle id \rangle}
```

Prints the acronym  $\langle id \rangle$ , the first time with full description and every subsequent use only the abbreviated form.

```
\Ac{\langle id \rangle}
```

Does the same as \ac but uppercases the first letter – this may be needed at the beginning of a sentence.

```
\acs{\langle id \rangle}
```

Prints the short form of the acronym  $\langle id \rangle$ .

#### $Acs{\langle id \rangle}$

Does the same as **\acs** but uppercases the first letter.

#### $\acl{\langle id \rangle}$

Prints the long form of the acronym  $\langle id \rangle$ .

#### $\Acl{\langle id \rangle}$

Does the same as **\acl** but uppercases the first letter.

#### $\acf{\langle id \rangle}$

Prints the full form of the acronym  $\langle id \rangle$ .

#### $\Acf{\langle id \rangle}$

Does the same as **\acf** but uppercases the first letter.

Let's say you defined CD as follows:

```
    \DeclareAcronym{cd}{
        short = CD ,
        long = compact disc
        4 }
```

Then the usage is

```
1 \begin{tabular}{ll}
                                        first
                                                 compact disc (CD)
first & \ac{cd} \\
                                        second
   second & \ac{cd} \\
                                                 compact disc
                                        long
   long & \acl{cd} \\
   short & \acs{cd} \\
                                        short
                                                 CD
  full & \acf{cd}
                                        full
                                                 compact disc (CD)
7 \end{tabular}
```

## Part II.

# **Comprehensive details**

# Part III.

# **Appendix**

### A. Acronyms

Below all abbreviations are listed which have b	een defined for the manual.
CD compact disc	2
<b>стан</b> Comprehensive Т <u>Е</u> Х Archive Network	
<b>ECU</b> Electronic Control Unit ( <i>German</i> : Steuers	gerät)
ID identification string	
JPEG/JPG Joint Photographic Experts Group	
LA Los Angeles	
LPPL LATEX Project Public License	
MP Member of Parliament	
NATO North Atlantic Treaty Organization (Ge	rman: Organisation des Nordatlantikvertrags)
NY New York	
PDF Portable Document Format	
T <sub>E</sub> X.sx T <sub>E</sub> X StackExchange	
UFO unidentified flying object	
B. Index	
A	\Acl 2
\Ac	\acl 2
\Acf	\Acs
\acf 2	\acs 2

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C	L
CD2	LPPL
D	
\DeclareAcronymf.	