# ELEMENTS

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properties of chemical elements

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This package provides means for retrieving properties of chemical elements like atomic number, element symbol, element name, electron distribution or isotope number. Properties are defined for the elements up to the atomic number 112.

This package is a spin-off of the package bohr [Nie15] by the same author.

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### 1 Licence and Requirements

Permission is granted to copy, distribute and/or modify this software under the terms of the LATEX Project Public License (LPPL), version 1.3 or later (http://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt). The software has the status "maintained."

**ELEMENTS** loads the etoolbox package [LW15].

#### 2 Element Names

Prints the element name of a given element as defined with \setatomname.

```
\setatomname[\langle alt. name \rangle] \{\langle atomic number \rangle\} \{\langle element name \rangle\}
```

Define or redefine the name of an element. If  $\langle element\ name \rangle$  contains non-ascii symbols the optional argument  $\langle alt.\ name \rangle$  must be given. In this case  $\langle alt.\ name \rangle$  must be used in **ELEMENTS**' other macros where an element's name can be given as argument.

```
\DeclareAtomName[\langle alt. name \rangle] \{\langle atomic number \rangle\} \{\langle element name \rangle\}
```

This is the same as \setatomname but used before begin document or in packages/classes.

```
\saveelementname{\langle cs \rangle}{\langle atomic\ number \rangle | \langle element\ symbol \rangle | \langle element\ name \rangle} Saves the name of the given element as replacement text for the macro \langle cs \rangle.
```

```
1 \elementname{Cu} \par
2 \elementname{11} \par
3 \saveelementname\foo{28}
4 \ttfamily\meaning\foo

Copper
Sodium
macro:->Nickel
```

### 3 Element Symbols

Prints the element symbol of a given element as defined with \setatomsymbol.

```
\state{atomic number} {\langle atomic number \rangle} {\langle element symbol \rangle}
```

Define or redefine the symbol of an element.

```
\DeclareAtomSymbol{\langle atomic\ number\rangle}{\langle element\ symbol\rangle}
```

This is the same as \setatomsymbol but used before begin document or in packages/classes.

```
\saveelementsymbol{\langle cs \rangle}{\langle atomic\ number \rangle | \langle element\ symbol \rangle | \langle element\ name \rangle} Saves the symbol of the given element as replacement text for the macro \langle cs \rangle.
```

```
1 \elementsymbol{13} \par
2 \elementsymbol{Sulfur} \par
3 \saveelementsymbol\foo{83}
4 \ttfamily\meaning\foo
Al
S
macro:->Bi
```

#### 4 Atomic Numbers

```
\atomicnumber{\langle element symbol \rangle | \langle element name \rangle}
```

Prints the atomic number of a given element.

```
\Z\{\langle element\ symbol\rangle \mid \langle element\ name\rangle\}
```

An alias of \atomicnumber but only defined at begin document and only if it isn't defined by any other package.

\saveatomicnumber{ $\langle cs \rangle$ }{ $\langle atomic\ number \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ symbol \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ name \rangle$ }
Saves the atomic number of the given element as replacement text for the macro  $\langle cs \rangle$ .

```
1 \atomicnumber{U} \par
2 \atomicnumber{Chlorine} \par
3 \saveatomicnumber\foo{Kr}
4 \ttfamily\meaning\foo

92
17
macro:->36
```

# 5 Electron Configuration

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{elconf}}\{\langle atomic\ number\rangle \ | \ \langle element\ symbol\rangle \ | \ \langle element\ name\rangle \}$ 

Typesets the electron configuration of the given element.

```
\writeelconf{\langle electron\ distribution \rangle}
```

Typesets the electron distribution  $\langle electron\ distribution \rangle$ . The input is the same as described below for  $\langle electron \ distribution \rangle$ .

This set the electron distribution associated with the atom number  $\langle atomic\ number \rangle$ .  $\langle electron\ distribution \rangle$  is a comma-separated list of the number of electrons placed on each shell from inner to outer shell. For example \setelectrondistribution{3}{2,0,1} would be an excited Lithium. The number of electrons with the same principal quantum number but a different angular quantum number are separated with a + ordered by the angular quantum number, *i. e.*, first *s*, then *p*, then *d*, and then *f* . Copper's distribution would be declared like this:

```
\setelectrondistribution{29}{2,2+6,2+6+10,1}.
```

A declaration with  $\ensuremath{\mbox{setelectrondistribution}}\{29\}\{2,8,18,1\}$  would work but then  $\ensuremath{\mbox{elconf}}\{29\}$  would give the wrong results.

#### **\DeclareElectronDistribution**

This is the same as \setelectrondistribution but used before begin document or in packages/classes.

There is currently *no way* to get the electron configuration in the shortened way (e. g.:  $[Ar]3d^{10}4s^1$ ).

### 6 Isotope Lists

 $\statement{setatomisotopes}{\langle atomic\ number \rangle}{\langle isotope\ list \rangle}$ 

Defines or redefines the isotope list for a given element.  $\langle isotope \ list \rangle$  should be a comma seperated list of integers. One of the integers may be preceded with a! to mark the main isotope for the given element:  $setatomisotopes\{6\}\{10,11,!12,13,14,15,16\}$ 

 $\DeclareAtomIsotopes{\langle atomic number \rangle}{\langle isotope \ list \rangle}$ 

This is the same as \setatomisotopes but used before begin document or in packages/classes.

\saveelementisotopes{ $\langle cs \rangle$ }{ $\langle atomic\ number \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ symbol \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ name \rangle$ } Saves the isotope list of the given element as replacement text for the macro  $\langle cs \rangle$ .

\savemainelementisotope{ $\langle cs \rangle$ }{ $\langle atomic\ number \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ symbol \rangle$  |  $\langle element\ name \rangle$ } Saves the main isotope of the given element as replacement text for the macro  $\langle cs \rangle$ . If the isotope list of the element contains no main isotope  $\langle cs \rangle$  will be equivalent to \@empty.

```
1 \ttfamily
2 \saveelementisotopes\foo{C}
3 \meaning\foo
4 \savemainelementisotope\foo{C}
5 \meaning\foo

macro:->10,11,!12,13,14,15,16
macro:->12
```

# References

- [LW15] Philipp Lehman and Joseph Wright. etoolbox. version 2.2, Apr. 4, 2015. URL: http://mirror.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/etoolbox/.
- [Nie15] Clemens NIEDERBERGER. bohr. version 1.0, June 16, 2015.
  URL: http://mirror.ctan.org/macros/latex/contrib/bohr/.

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