Run-Time Support for Optimizations Based on Escape Analysis

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Escape Analysis for the Java HotSpot™ VM

- Detection of method-local/thread-local objects
 - Scalar replacement of fields
 - Stack allocation
 - Synchronization removal
- Interprocedural analysis
 - Inlining decisions
 - Stack allocation of parameters
 - Removal of synchronization on return value

Example

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
  Color color = new Color(0x6699ff);
  shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
  Figure figure = new Figure(shape, color);
  figure.draw();
}
```

```
final synchronized void draw() {
  Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
  canvas.render(this);
}
```

Example

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
   Color color = new Color();
   color.rgb = 0x6699ff;
   shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
   Figure figure = new Figure();
   figure.shape = shape;
   figure.rgb = color.rgb;
   synchronized (figure) {
      Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
      canvas.render(figure);
   }
}
```

Example

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
  int rgb = 0x6699ff;
  shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
  Figure figure = new Figure(); // on the stack
  figure.shape = shape;
  figure.rgb = rgb;

  Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
  canvas.render(figure);
}
```

Run-Time Support

- Card marking
 - Extended write barrier
- Garbage collection
 - Pointers in stack objects
- Deoptimization
 - Reallocation and relocking
 - Debugging information

Write Barriers

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
   int rgb = 0x6699ff;

   shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
   Figure figure = new Figure(); // on the stack
   figure.shape = shape;
   figure.rgb = rgb;
   Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
   canvas.render(figure);
}
```

```
shr eax, 9
sub eax, firstIndex
cmp eax, arraySize
jae label
mov byte ptr [eax+arrayBase], 0
label: ...
```

Wrapper for Oop Closures

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
  int rab = 0x6699ff;
  shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
 Figure figure = new Figure(); // on the stack
 figure.shape = shape;
 figure.rgb = rgb;
  Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
  canvas.render(figure);
                              void do_oop(oop obj) {
                                if (is_in_heap(obj)) {
                                  wrapped_closure.do_oop(obj);
                                } else if (!obj.has_been_scanned()) {
                                  obj.set_has_been_scanned();
                                  obj.iterate_oop_fields(this);
```

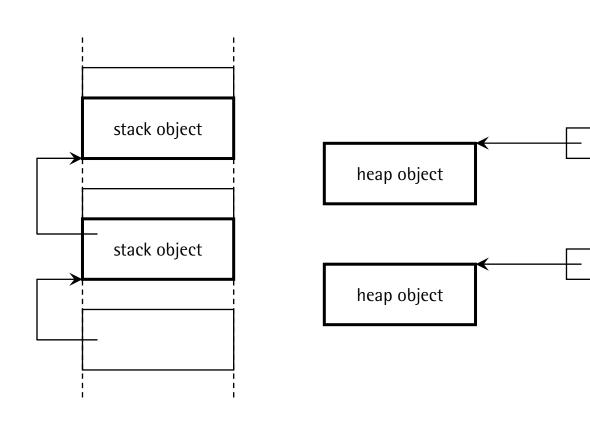
Dynamic Class Loading

```
static void draw(Shape shape) {
  int rgb = 0x6699ff;
  shape.stroke = new BasicStroke();
  Figure figure = new Figure(); // on the stack
  figure.shape = shape;
  figure.rgb = rgb;
  Canvas canvas = getCanvas();
  canvas.render(figure);
}
```

Deoptimization

- Upon class loading
 - Identify dependent methods
 - Patch machine code for lazy deoptimization
 - Reallocate and relock stack objects
- Lazy deoptimization
 - Reallocate and relock scalar-replaced objects
 - Set up interpreter frame
- Continue execution in interpreter

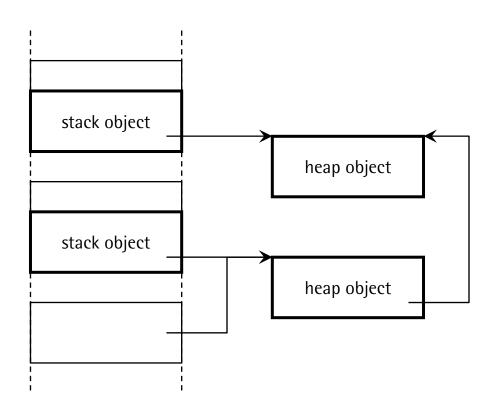
Reallocation of Stack Objects



handle

handle

Reallocation of Stack Objects



Information for GC and Deoptimization

- Oop maps
 - Location of root pointers
 - Registration of stack objects
- Method dependencies
 - Use of interprocedural escape information
- Debugging information
 - Local variables and operand stack
 - Type and field values of scalar-replaced objects
 - Position of stack objects
 - Objects for which synchronization was removed

Conclusions

- Abstraction from stack objects
 - Extended write barrier
 - Wrapper for oop closures
- Debugging information
 - Representation of optimized objects
- Deoptimization
 - Reallocation and relocking
 - Lazy reallocation of scalar-replaced objects
- Implemented in production system