

# **CLOS: the Common Lisp Object System**

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## Getting Started with Common Lisp

1. Install Linux.

http://aptosid.com

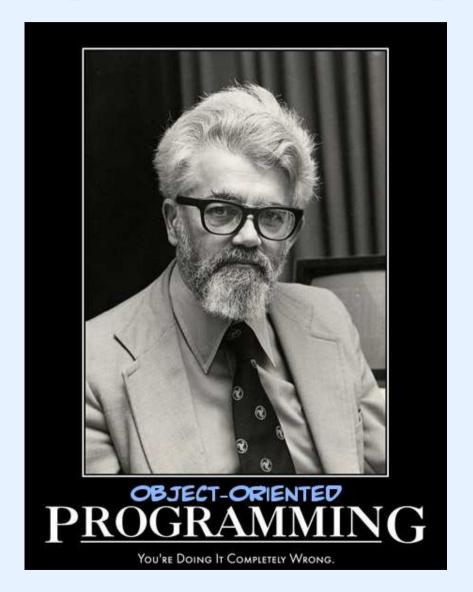
2. Install SBCL and some libraries.

```
apt-get install sbcl{,-doc,-source} \
cl-{asdf,cffi}
```

3. Install Emacs and SLIME (Not strictly required.)

```
apt-get install emacs{,-goodies-el} cl-swank \
cl-swank slime common-lisp-controller
```

# $\mathbf{Lisp} + \mathbf{OOP} > \mathbf{OOP} - \mathbf{Lisp}$



### OOP isn't The Answer

OOP is a useful tool, but it isn't the final solution to all things programming. It won't solve world hunger, but it does solve a restricted subset of the problem. Other things that are sometimes useful tools, but aren't **the** answer:

- 1. FP,
- 2. Lack of side effects,
- 3. Unit tests/TDD/BDD,
- 4. Type systems,
- 5. Monads,
- 6. Your favorite thing in programming,
- 7. Lisp. [Yes it is.]

### **Nouns and Verbs**

Nouns are how our brain works with things.
 The cat was asleep in the hallway.
 cat [27].goToSleepInLocation(hallway[3]);

• Verbs are how our brain works with actions.

He **murdered** her in cold blood!

```
(with-person (the-man) (murder the-woman))
```

### Other Fun Parts of Speech ...

• Adjectives describe nouns.

The **big**, **old**, **yellow** house burned to the ground.

```
<house size="big" age="old" color="yellow"/>
```

• Pronouns (anaphors) are shortcuts for nouns.

We walked down the street to meet him.

```
(a?if him (person-to-meet?) (go-to-meet him))
```

## ... Other Fun Parts of Speech

- Adverbs change verbs.
   He quickly ran down the street.
- Prepositions links nouns and pronouns to other words. *The book is beneath the table.*
- Conjuctions link words, phrases, and clauses. *I ate the pizza* **and** *the pasta.*

```
int i = 12; i++; v = [1, 2, 14]
```

• Interjections convey emotion.

\*Hey! Put that down!

## $\mathbf{Lisp} + \mathbf{OOP} > \mathbf{Lisp?}$

[Opinionated opinion:] Java or C++ style OOP doesn't help if you already have Lisp, and probably hurts, but the CLOS does help if you have the right sort of problem.

- Lisp is good at modeling computation.
- Functional programming is good at modeling verbs,
- Object-oriented programming is good at modeling nouns.
- CLOS allows FP for verbs and OOP for nouns to interact easily, with neither being the *King Of All The Words*. (Cf. Steve Yegge's essay, *Execution in the Kingdom of Nouns*, http://steve-yegge.blogspot.com/2006/03/execution-in-kingdom-of-nouns.html).

## **Ancient History**

**Flavors** (before 1982) worked on MIT Lisp Machines. It introduced the concepts of multiple inheritance and mixins. (*for lisp?*) It used a message-passing paradigm similar to Smalltalk (before 1972).

**LOOPS** worked on Xerox's Interlisp-D.

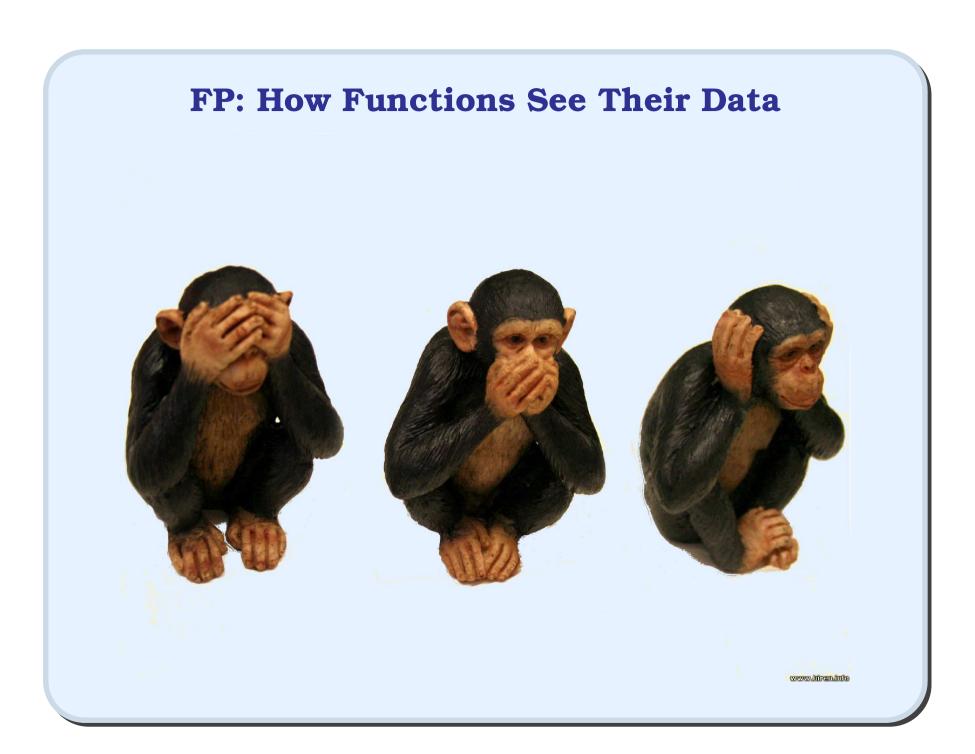
**CommonLoops** got LOOPS working in Common Lisp.

**New Flavors** (before 1985) introduced generic functions. *(for lisp?)* 

**Portable CommonLoops (PCL)** eventually developed into the first implementation of CLOS.

### **OOP: How Classes See Their Methods**





## The Basic Components in CLOS

- Classes model nouns.
- Instances are specific occurrences of nouns.
- Generics model verbs.
- *Methods* implement generics for specific classes.

The first two, classes, and instances, work as expected from any other normal OOP language. Generics and methods work quite differently though.

#### **DEFCLASS**

We define new classes with the defclass macro.

```
(defclass class-name (superclass-names) (slots))
```

### Some examples:

```
(defclass point () (x y))
(defclass shape () ()); An abstract base class.
(defclass rectangle (shape) (p q))
(defclass circle (shape) (center radius))
```

We typically want to provide more for the slot definitions.

## **DEFCLASS Slot Definition Options**

All of these are optional. This is **not** a **hash map**, and some allow for multiple definitions.

:reader Defines a default getter for the slot.

:writer Defines a default setter for the slot.

:accessor Defines both a default getter and a default setter.

:allocation Either :instance for per-instance slots (this is
 the default) or :class for per-class slots.

**:initarg** This is a symbol to specify an initial value when you call make-instance.

**:initform** This is the default value at instantiation.

**:type** This can be any valid type specifier.

**:documentation** But I thought code documents itself?

#### MAKE-INSTANCE

We create new instances of a class with make-instance. (The following examples assume more thorough slot definitions.)

#### DEFGENERIC

We define new generics with defgeneric.

```
(defgeneric generic-name lambda-list)
```

### Some examples:

```
(defgeneric min-x (thing))
(defgeneric max-x (thing))
(defgeneric min-y (thing))
(defgeneric max-y (thing))
(defgeneric height (thing))
(defgeneric width (thing))
(defgeneric area (thing))
```

These define the general layout of a set of methods all with the same name. (SBCL will implicitly create them for you, with a warning.)

#### DEFMETHOD

We define new methods with definethod.

```
(defmethod min-x ((r rectange))
(min (x (p r)) (x (q r))))
```

Implement max-x, min-y, and max-y in a similar manner.

```
(defmethod height ((r rectangle))
  (- (max-y r) (min-y r))
(defmethod width ((r rectangle))
  (- (max-x r) (min-x r)))
(defmethod area ((c circle))
  (* pi (expt (radius c) 2)))
(defmethod area ((r rectangle))
  (* (height r) (width r)))
```

## Multiple Inheritance ...

CLOS supports multiple inheritance, like C++ or Python. Java and Ruby *don't* have this, and I miss it.

```
(defclass animal () ())
(defclass swimming-animal (animal) ())
(defclass fish (swimming-animal) ())
(defclass winged-animal (animal) ())
(defclass bird (winged-animal) ())
(defclass mammal (animal) ())
(defclass whale (swimming-animal mammal) ())
(defclass bat (winged-animal mammal) ())
```

## ... Multiple Inheritance

```
(defclass device () ())
(defclass computer (device) ())
(defclass desktop (computer) ())
(defclass laptop (computer) ())
(defclass printer (device) ())
(defclass scanner (device) ())
(defclass fax (device) ())
(defclass all-in-one (printer scanner fax) ())
```

So Why is This Better than C++?

TO DO

# Multiple Dispatch, OOP Without the Self

"The self is a relation which relates itself to its own self, or it is that in the relation that the relation relates itself to its own self; the self is not the relation but that the relation relates itself to its own self."

— Søren Kierkegaard.

No Enforced Encapsulation
TO DO

Lambdas in Slots

TO DO

The Circle-Ellipse Problem ...

TO DO

... The Circle-Ellipse  $\frac{Problem}{DO}$  Solution

Design Patterns  $\Longrightarrow$  Your Language Sucks TO DO

# **MOP: The Meta Object Protocol**

The CLOS is implemented in it.

It's crazy!

Perhaps another day.

