

ORP Arc Sensors

Modbus RTU Programmer's Manual

Firmware version:

ERXUM031



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1 Modbus RTU general information

1.1 Introduction

This document describes in detail the ORP Arc Sensors Modbus RTU interface. It is addressed to software programmers.

The general information about Modbus command structures and its implementation in the Hamilton Arc Sensor family is described in detail in Chapter 1 of the

"VisiFerm DO Modbus RTU Programmer's Manual" (Ref 624179).

If you need this general information about Modbus programming, then please consult Ref 624179.

In the present manual, only the specific command structure for the ORP Arc Sensors is described. It is valid for the firmware version:

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Please check the software version by reading register 1032.

This present definition of the command structure is an additional document to the Operating Instructions of the specific ORP Arc Sensors. Before reading this manual, the operating instructions of the sensors should be read and understood.



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2 ORP Arc Sensor Commands in Modbus RTU

2.1 General

In order to communicate with an ORP Arc Sensor over Modbus RTU protocol a Modbus master terminal application software is needed. The Modbus RTU is an open standard and a number of free and commercial application toolkits are available.

This manual contains examples and illustrations from WinTECH Modbus Master ActiveX Control tool: WinTECH (www.win-tech.com) "Modbus Master OCX for Visual Basic". The Modbus Organisation (www.modbus.org/tech.php) provides other links to a wide variety of Modbus terminal software.

In the present manual the addressing of the Modbus registers starts at 1. But the Modbus master protocol operates with register addresses starting at 0. Usually, the Modbus master software translates the addressing. Thus, the register address of 2090 will be translated by the Modbus master software to 2089 which is sent to the sensor (Modbus slave).



Attention:

When configuring and calibrating the sensor, please limit write operations to a reasonable number. More than 100'000 write operations will physically damage the memory of the sensor. Furthermore, for the Free User Memory Space (see chapter 2.9.3), the write operations are limited to 10'000.

2.2 Operator levels and Passwords

2.2.1 Reading / Setting Operator Level

An ORP Arc Sensor can be operated in three different operator levels. Each operator level allows a defined access to a specific set of commands.

Abbreviation	Description	Code (hex)	Password (decimal)
U	User (lowest level)	0x03	0
Α	Administrator	0x0C	18111978
S	Specialist	0x30	16021966

Figure 2.2.1.1: Definition of operator level and default passwords

At each power up or processor reset, the operator level falls back to the default level U.

The active operator level can be read and written in register 4288.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4288	4	Operator Level	Password	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S

Figure 2.2.1.2: Definition of register 4288.

Command: Active operator level		Modbus address: 4288		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	hex	decimal				
Value:	0x03	0				

Figure 2.2.1.3: Example to read the active operator level (function code 3, start register address 4288, number of registers 4): The active operator level is 0x03 (User). The sensor does not report the password. The value 0 is returned instead.

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Command: Operator level		Modbus address:	4288	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x30	0				·

Figure 2.2.1.4: Example to read the active operator level: the active level is 0x30 (Specialist). The sensor does not report the password. The value 0 is returned instead.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address:	4288	Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x03	0				

Figure 2.2.1.5: Example to set the operator level to 0x03 (User). The password 0 has to be sent.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address:	4288	Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x0C	18111978				

Figure 2.2.1.6: Example to set the active operator level to 0xC (Administrator). The correct password has to be sent.

Command: Operator level		Modbus address:	4288	Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Password				
Format:	Hex	decimal				
Value:	0x0B	18111978				

Figure 2.2.1.7: Example for a Modbus error. If the level or the password is not correct, (Operator level = 0x0B), the sensor answers with a Modbus error message "Slave device exception response" (see chapter 1.6, "VisiFerm DO Modbus RTU Programmer's Manual" (Ref 624179)).

2.2.2 Changing Passwords for Operator Level

The passwords for accessing the operator levels A and S can be modified by S (Specialist) only. U (User) and A (Administrator) have no right to change any password. The new password will remain stored after power down.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4292	4	Level	New password	16	None	S

Figure 2.2.2.1: Definition of register 4292.

Command: Password		Modbus address:	4292	Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Operator level	Pass number				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x30	12345678				

Figure 2.2.2.2: Example to set the Password of operator level S (code 0x30) to 12345678.

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2.3 Configuration of the serial RS485 Interface

Factory settings of the RS485:

Parity is none, 1 start bit, 8 data bits, 2 stop bits (in total: 11 bits).

2.3.1 Device Address

2.3.1.1 Reading and Writing the Device Address

The sensor specific device address can be read and written in register 4096.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4096	2	device address	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.3.1.1.1: Definition of register 4096.

Command: Com address		Modbus address:	4096	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Modbus address					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	1					

Figure 2.3.1.1.2: Example to read the device address.

The device address can be set by S (Specialist), default value is 1.

Command: C	Command: Com address		4096	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Modbus address					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	3					

Figure 2.3.1.1.3: Example to set the device address to 3.

2.3.1.2 Reading the Device Address Limits

The device address limits can be read in register 4098.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4098	4	Min. device	Max. device	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		address	address			

Figure 2.3.1.2.1: Definition of register 4098.

Command: Com address limits		Modbus address:	4098	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min value	Max value				
Format:	Decimal	Decimal				
Value:	1	32				

Figure 2.3.1.2.2: Example to read the device address limits: Min = 1, Max = 32.

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2.3.2 Baud Rate

2.3.2.1 Reading and Writing the Baud Rate

The baud rate can be read and written in register 4102.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4102	2	Baud rate code	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
		(definition see below)			

Figure 2.3.2.1.1: Definition of register 4102.

The code for the baud rate is defined as follows:

Baud rate	4800	9600	19200	38400	57600	115200
Code	2	3	4	5	6	7

Figure 2.3.2.1.2: Code for the baud rates.

Command: Com baud rate		Modbus address:	4102	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Baud rate code					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	4					

Figure 2.3.2.1.3: Example to read the baud rate code, 4 corresponds 19200 baud.

The baud rate can be set by S (Specialist), default is 19200.

Command: Com baud rate		Modbus address: 4	4102	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Baud rate code					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	5					

Figure 2.3.2.1.4: Example to set the baud rate to 38400 baud with code 5.

2.3.2.2 Reading the Baud Rate Limits

The baud rate limits can be read in register 4104.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4104	4	Min. Baud rate	Max. Baud rate	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		code	code			

Figure 2.3.2.2.1: Definition of register 4104.

Command: Com baud limits		Modbus address: 4104		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min Baud rate code	Max Baud rate code				
Format:	Decimal	Decimal				
Value:	2	7				

Figure 2.3.2.2.2: Example to read the baud rate code limits: Min = 2, Max = 7 (see Figure 2.3.2.1.2).

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2.4 Configuration of the Analog Interfaces

2.4.1 Available Analog Interfaces

An ORP Arc Sensor has two individual physical analog interfaces that have identical functionalities, but can be configured independently from each other.

- Analog Output Interface 1 (AO1)
- Analog Output Interface 2 (AO2)

The number of analog interfaces is defined in register 4320.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4320	2	Available analog interfaces	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.1.1: Definition of register 4320.

Command: A	vail analog interfaces	Modbus address:	4320	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available analog					
	interfaces					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x03					

Figure 2.4.1.2: Example to read the available analog interfaces. The answer is "0x03" meaning that there exists an Analog Interface 1 (AO1) and an Analog Interface 2 (AO2).

2.4.2 Available Analog Interface Modes

With register 4322, the available analog interface modes for AO1 and AO2 are defined

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function	Read access	Write access
						code		
4322	8	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO1	Available Analog Interface Modes for AO2	reserved	reserved	3,4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.2.1: Definition of register 4322. It defines the analog interface modes available for AO1 and AO2. The analog interface modes are described in Figure 2.4.2.2.

Code	Analog Interface	Description
(Hex)	Mode	
0x00	4-20 mA inactive	Analog interface deactivated
0x01	4-20 mA fixed	Set to a constant output value for current loop testing
0x02	4-20 mA linear	Linear output of measurement (PMC1 / 6)
0x04	4-20 mA bilinear	Bilinear output of measurement (PMC1 / 6)

Figure 2.4.2.2: Definition of the analog interface modes, valid for both AO1 and AO2.

Command: A	nalog Interface Modes	Modbus address:	4322 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	Available Analog	Available Analog	reserved	reserved
	Interface Modes for	Interface Modes for		
	AO1	AO2		
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex	Hex
Value:	0x07	0x07	0x0	0x0

Figure 2.4.2.3: Example to read register 4322: all modes defined in figure 2.4.2.2 are available for both AO1 and AO2.

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2.4.3 Description of the Analog Interfaces 1 and 2

Register 4352 / 4480 contain the descriptions of AO1 / AO2 as plain text ASCII:

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
4352	8	Description of AO1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4480	8	Description of AO2	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.3.1: Definition of register 4352 and 4480

Command: Current interface text		Modbus address: 4352		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	mA interface #1					

Figure 2.4.3.2: Example to read the description of AO1. The text is "**mA interface #1**". Accordingly, AO1 is physically configured as a 4-20 mA current output.

Command: Current interface text		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 4480		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	mA interface #2					

Figure 2.4.3.3: Example to read the description of AO2. The text is "**mA interface #2**". Accordingly, AO2 is physically configured as a 4-20 mA current output.



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Attention:

- ORP Arc Sensors do not have an ECS (in contrast to VisiFerm DO)!
- Data structure: register address offset between AO1 and AO2 is always 128.

2.4.4 Selection of an Analog Interface Mode

The analog interface mode of AO1 / AO2 is selected by programming the analog interface mode in register 4360 / 4488.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4360	2	Active analog interface mode for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4488	2	Active analog interface mode for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.4.1: Definition of register 4360 / 4488. Only one bit can be set.

Command: Active interface mode		Modbus address: 4360		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Mode					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x02					

Figure 2.4.4.2: Example to set the analog interface mode of AO1 to 0x02 (4-20 mA linear output).

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2.4.5 Configuration of the 4-20 mA Interface

Note:

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The configuration of AO1 / AO2 is only effective if register 4360 / 4488 (active analog interface mode) is set to the value 0x01, 0x02 or 0x04.

2.4.5.1 Reading the Available Primary Measurement Channels to be Mapped to the Analog Output

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4362	2	Available Primary Measurement Channels	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		for AO1			
4490	2	Available Primary Measurement Channels	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		for AO2			

Figure 2.4.5.1.1: Definition of register 4362 / 4490.

For the definition of the Primary Measurement Channels (PMC), see chapter 2.5.

Code (Hex)	Primary Measurement Channel (PMC)
0x01	PMC1 (ORP)
	not available
0x20	PMC6 (temperature)

Figure 2.4.5.1.2: Code for selection of the primary measurement channel.

Command: Available PMC AO1		Modbus address: 4362		Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available PMC 20 mA					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x21					

Figure 2.4.5.1.3: Example to read the available Primary Measurement Channels (PMC) for AO1. The hexadecimal value of "0x21" defines that PMC1 (ORP) or PMC6 (temperature) can be mapped to AO1. Register 4490 contains the same value "0x21". Accordingly, PMC1 or PMC6 can be mapped to AO2 as well.

2.4.5.2 Selecting the Primary Measurement Channel to be Mapped to the Analog Interface

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4364	2	Selected PMC for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4492	2	Selected PMC for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.2.1: Definition of register 4364 / 4492. Only one bit can be set.

Command: Active PMC AO1		Modbus address: 4	364	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Current PMC 20mA					
Format:	hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.4.5.2.2: Example to read the current primary measurement channel mapped to AO1, defined in register 4364. The value "0x01" is returned, saying that PMC1 is mapped to AO1 (factory setting).

The factory setting for register 4492 is "0x20", mapping PMC6 to AO2.

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2.4.5.3 Reading the Minimum and Maximum Possible Physical Output Current

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4366	4	Min physical output current for AO1 [mA]	Max physical output current for AO1 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4494	4	Min physical output current for AO2 [mA]	Max physical output current for AO2 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.3.1: Definition of register 4366 / 4494

Command: Limits AO1		Modbus address: 4366		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min limit [mA]	Max limit [mA]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	3.5	22				

Figure 2.4.5.3.2: Example to read the min and max output current of AO1. Min is fixed to 3.5 and Max is fixed to 22 mA (Currents above 20 and below 4 mA indicate erroneous measurements or errors).

The same values are stored in register 4494 for AO2.

2.4.5.4 Reading the Minimum, Maximum and Mid Current for Measurement Value Output

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers				function	access	access
					code		
4370	6	Min output for measurement value for AO1 [mA]	Max output for measurement values for AO1 [mA]	Mid output (bilinear) for measurement values for AO1 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4498	6	Min output for measurement value for AO2 [mA]	Max output for measurement values for AO2 [mA]	Mid output (bilinear) for measurement values for AO2 [mA]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.4.1: Definition of register 4370 / 4498

Command: M	IinMaxMid current AO1	Modbus address:	Modbus address: 4370 Length: 6		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Min current [mA]	Max current [mA]	Mid cu	urrent [mA]		
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	4	20	12			

Figure 2.4.5.4.2: Example to read the min, max and mid output current for measurement values for AO1. They are fixed to 4, 20 and 12 mA.

The same values are stored in register 4498 for AO2.

Note:

Mid current must always be defined. However, in linear output mode, the mid current value has no physical meaning and will not affect the 4-20 mA output.

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2.4.5.5 Reading the Selected Physical Unit for Analog Interface

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4376	2	Selected physical unit of AO1 (see chapter 2.5.1)	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4504	2	Selected physical unit of AO2 (see chapter 2.5.1)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.5.5.1: Definition of register 4376 / 4504.

Command: Avail unit AO1		Modbus address: 4	4376	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Available unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x00200000					

Figure 2.4.5.5.2: Example to read the selected unit of the selected PMC of AO1. The value returned is "0x00200000", accordingly, the unit is mV. The physical unit for PMC is defined in Reg. 2090 or 2410 and applies automatically for 4-20 mA output.

2.4.5.6 Defining the Measurement Values for 4, 12 and 20 mA Output

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4378	6	Measurement value at Min Output Current (4 mA) for AO1	Measurement value at Max Output Current (20 mA) for AO1	Measurement value at Mid Output Current (12 mA) for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4506	6	Measurement value at Min Output Current (4 mA) for AO2	Measurement value at Max Output Current (20 mA) for AO2	Measurement value at Mid Output Current (12 mA) for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.6.1: Definition of register 4378 / 4506.

Command: N	MinMaxMid value AO1	Modbus address:	4378	Length: 6	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Min value	Max value	Mid v	alue		
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	-1000	1000	0			

Figure 2.4.5.6.2: Example to set the min value to -1000 (for 4 mA), the max value to +1000 (for 20 mA) and the mid value to 0 (for 12 mA). The corresponding physical unit can be read in register 4376 / 4504 and in 2090 / 2410.

Note:

Mid current must always be defined. However, in linear output mode, the mid current value has no physical meaning and will not affect the 4-20 mA output.

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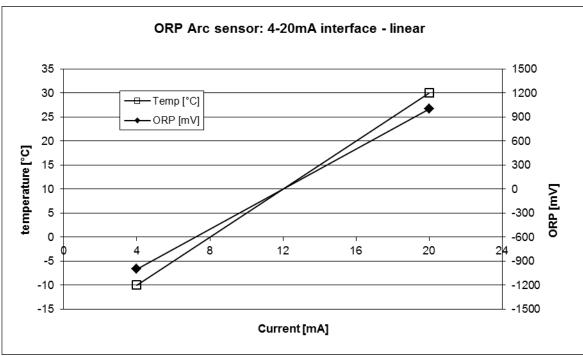


Figure 2.4.5.6.3: Example of linear 4-20 mA output characteristics for ORP or temperature.

Current ORP [mV] Temperature 4 mA -1000 -10 °C 20 mA +1000 +30 °C

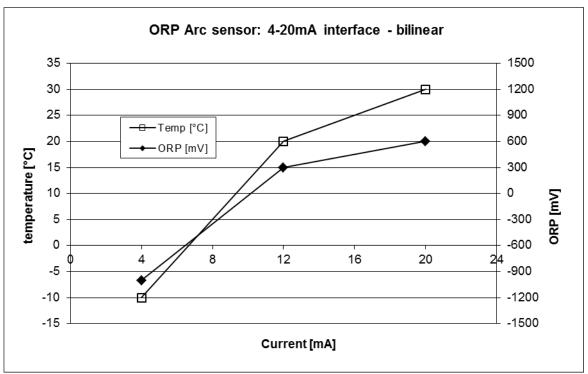


Figure 2.4.5.6.4: Example of bilinear 4-20 mA output characteristics for ORP or temperature.

Current ORP [mV] Temperature 4 mA -1000 -10 °C 12 mA +300 +20 °C 20 mA +600 +30 °C





Attention:

When assigning measurement values to 4-20 mA analog output by using register 4378 / 4506, you need to consider the following:

- The PMC you have mapped to AO1 / AO2 (register 4364 / 4492)
- The physical unit currently in use for the selected PMC (register 2090 for PMC1 (ORP) and register 2410 for PMC6 (temperature).

Therefore, when the operator redefines one of the register 4364 / 4492, 2090 / 2410, the definitions of the register 4378 / 4506 should be reviewed. If not, the current output at the 4-20 mA interfaces may be wrong.

Note:

The physical unit of the analog output corresponds always to the unit that is set for the selected PMC (register 2090 for PMC1 or register 2410 for PMC6). Accordingly, not only the ORP value is selectable at the 4-20 mA interface, but also degrees centigrade, degrees Fahrenheit or Kelvin.

Example:

Register 4492 is set to 6 (PMC6 is mapped to AO2).

Register 2410 is set to 0x4 (the unit "°C" is assigned to PMC6).

Register 4506 is set to 0 and 40 (4 mA = 0° C, 20 mA = 40° C).

The sensor reads currently 20°C, the output at the 4-20 mA is accordingly 12 mA.

The operator now re-assigns register 2410 to the value of 0x2 (unit = K), but does not modify all other registers. The sensor is still at 20°C and reads now 293K. At the analog output, as 20 mA is programmed to a value of 40 by register 4506, the current will go to the maximum value of 20 mA. This will generate an interface warning "4-20 mA current set point not met".

2.4.5.7 Defining a Constant Current Output for Testing

Note:

For constant current output, the AO1 / AO2 must be set to analog interface mode 0x01:

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
4384	2	Constant current output value for AO1 [mA]	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4512	2	Constant current output value for AO2 [mA]	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.7.1: Definition of register 4384 / 4512.

Command: Fixed value AO1		Modbus address: 43	3 84 Le	ength: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Fixed value [mA]					
Format:	Float					
Value:	10					

Figure 2.4.5.7.2: Example to read the constant current output in mode 0x01 for AO1. It is set to 10 mA.



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2.4.5.8 Defining the Error and Warning Output of the 4-20 mA Interface

Errors and warnings can be mapped to the AO1 / AO2.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4386	8	Code of warnings and errors (see Figure 2.4.5.8.2) for AO1	Current in case of "warning" [mA] for AO1	Current in case of "error" [mA] for AO1	Current in case of "T exceed" [mA] for AO1	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
4514	8	Code of warnings and errors (see Figure 2.4.5.8.2) for AO2	Current in case of "warning" [mA] for AO2	Current in case of "error" [mA] for AO2	Current in case of "T exceed" [mA] for AO2	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.4.5.8.1: Definition of register 4386 / 4514.

Bit #	Code (hex)	Behavior of the 4-20 mA interface in case of errors and warnings
0 (LSB)	0x000001	Error continuous output
		not available
16	0x010000	Warning continuous output
		not available

Figure 2.4.5.8.2: Code for the 4-20 mA interface in case of errors and warnings.

If the corresponding bits for the errors and warnings are not set (=0x00), the respective options are inactive.

The default settings are:

Code 0x01

current in case of warnings: 3.5 mA
 current in case of errors: 3.5 mA
 current in case of temperature exceed: 3.5 mA

Command: ErrorWarnings AO1		Modbus address: 4386 Length: 8		Type: 3 Read	
Parameter:	Warning code	Current in case of	Current in case of	Current in case of	
		warning	error	temperature exceed	
		[mA]	[mA]	[mA]	
Format:	Hex	Float	Float	Float	
Value:	0x010001	3.5	3.5	3.5	

Figure 2.4.5.8.3: Example: Read the settings for AO1 in case of warnings and errors. Warning code 0x010001 corresponds to the continuous output current in case of warning (0x010000) and continuous output current in case of error (0x01) of 3.5 mA. The output current in case of temperature exceed is 3.5 mA.

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2.4.6 Reading the Internally Measured Output Current

Reg. 4414 / 4542 provides internal parameters of AO1 / AO2:

- the setpoint to which the current is regulated in a closed loop control
- the electrical current the sensor is measuring to feed the closed loop control

These values are helpful in order to compare against the externally measured electrical current.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function code	access	access
4414	4	Set point [mA] AO1	Internally measured [mA] AO1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4542	4	Set point [mA] AO2	Internally measured [mA] AO2	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.4.6.1: Definition of register 4414 / 4542.

Command: Internal values AO1		Modbus address: 4414		Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Set point	Internally measured				
	[mA]	[mA]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	9.99186	9.99742				

Figure 2.4.6.2: Example to read the internal values of AO1, depending on the analog interface mode.



2.5 Measurement

2.5.1 Definition of Measurement Channels and Physical Units

The ORP Arc Sensor Modbus register structure allows the definition of 6 individual Primary Measurement Channels (PMC), and 16 individual Secondary Measurement Channels (SMC).

Bit #	Hex code	Description	Definition
0 (LSB)	0x000001	PMC1	ORP
1	0x000002	PMC2	not available
			not available
4	0x000010	PMC5	not available
5	0x000020	PMC6	Temperature
6	0x000040	SMC1	not available
7	0x000080	SMC2	R reference
8	0x000100	SMC3	R ORP
9	0x000200	SMC4	not available
10	0x000400	SMC5	E SG vs. ref
11	0x000800	SMC6	E ORP vs. ref
12	0x001000	SMC7	not available
13	0x002000	SMC8	ORP act
14	0x004000	SMC9	T act
15	0x008000	SMC10	not available
21 (MSB)	0x200000	SMC16	not available

Figure 2.5.1.1: full list of PMC1 to 6 and SMC1 to 16.

In Register 2048, the available PMC and SMC are defined for a specific ORP Arc Sensors and a specific operator level.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
2048	2	Available measurement channels	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		PMC and SMC (bitwise set)			

Figure 2.5.1.2: Definition of register 2048.

Command: Avail. PMC and SMC		Modbus address:	2048	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Avail. PMC and SMC					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0921					

Figure 2.5.1.3: Example to read Reg. 2048 for Polilyte Plus ORP Arc.

In case of operator A/U, the value 0x0921 is returned. In other words the following PMC and SMC are available to A/U: PMC1 / PMC6 / SMC3 / SMC6

In case of operator S, the value 0x06921 is returned. In other words the following PMC and SMC are available to S: PMC1 / PMC6 / SMC3 / SMC6 / SMC9

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The ORP Arc Sensor register structure uses the following physical units used for Primary or Secondary Measurement Channels.

Bit #	Hex code	Physical unit	Start register. (8 ASCII characters, length 4 registers, Type 3, read for U/A/S)
0 (LSB)	0x00000001	none	1920
1	0x00000002	K	1924
2	0x00000004	°C	1928
3	0x00000008	°F	1932
4	0x00000010	%-vol	1936
5	0x00000020	%-sat	1940
6	0x00000040	ug/l ppb	1944
7	0x00000080	mg/l ppm	1948
8	0x00000100	g/l	1952
9	0x00000200	uS/cm	1956
10	0x00000400	mS/cm	1960
11	0x00000800	1/cm	1964
12	0x00001000	рН	1968
13	0x00002000	mV/pH	1972
14	0x00004000	kOhm	1976
15	0x00008000	MOhm	1980
16	0x00010000	pA	1984
17	0x00020000	nA	1988
18	0x00040000	uA	1992
19	0x00080000	mA	1996
20	0x00100000	uV	2000
21	0x00200000	mV	2004
22	0x00400000	V	2008
23	0x00800000	mbar	2012
24	0x01000000	Pa	2016
25	0x02000000	Ohm	2020
26	0x04000000	%/°C	2024
27	0x08000000	0	2028
28	0x10000000	not used	2032
29	0x20000000	not used	2036
30	0x40000000	not used	2040
31 (MSB)	0x80000000	SPECIAL	2044

Figure 2.5.1.4: Definition of physical units used for PMC and SMC.

Command: Unit text		Modbus address:	2004	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	mV					

Figure 2.5.1.5: Example to read the physical unit in plain text ASCII in register 1968



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2.5.2 Primary Measurement Channel 1 (ORP)

2.5.2.1 Description of PMC1

In register 2080, a plain text ASCII description of PMC1 is given.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
2080	8	Description of PMC1	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.1.1: Definition of register 2080.

Command: PMC 1 text		Modbus address:	2080	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	ORP					

Figure 2.5.2.1.2: Example to read the description. It is "ORP".

2.5.2.2 Selecting the Physical Unit for PMC1

In register 2088, the available physical units for this channel are defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
2088	2	Available physical units of PMC1	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.2.1: Definition of register 2088.

Command: PMC1 available units		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 2088		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x200000					

Figure 2.5.2.2.2: Example to read the available physical units of PMC1: mV (0x200000).

In register 2090, the active physical unit for this channel can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 2088.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
2090	2	Selected active physical unit for the	16	none	S
		PMC1			

Figure 2.5.2.2.3: Definition of register 2090. Only one bit can be set.

Command: PMC1 set unit		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 2090		Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x200000					

Figure 2.5.2.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PMC1 to mV (0x200000).



Attention:

Changing the physical unit has also an influence on the output of AO1 / AO2, as the same physical unit is active for the analog outputs. All limits of the 4-20 mA analog output have to be redefined after changing the physical unit!

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2.5.2.3 Reading the measurement value of PMC1

Register 2090 is also used to read the measurement values of PMC1.

Start reg.	Num- ber of reg.	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Reg9 / Reg10	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
2090	10	Selected physical unit	Measure -ment value of PMC1 (1)	Measure -ment status (2)	Min allowed value (1)	Max allowed value (1)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.2.3.1: Definition of register 2090. Measurement value of PMC1.

Value is always in the physical unit defined in register 2090.

Definition of the status see chapter 2.5.4. All bits set to zero means: no problem.

Command: PMC1 read		Modbus	address: 2090	Length: 10 Ty	pe: 3 Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Status	Min limit	Max limit
Format:	Hex	Float	Hex	Float	Float
Value:	0x200000	175.9922	0x00	-1500	1500

Figure 2.5.2.3.2: Example to read register 2090. Physical unit is set to mV (0x200000), PMC1 is 175.9922 mV, Status is 0x00, Min allowed value is -1500 mV, Max allowed value is 1500 mV.

For the definition of the measurement status see chapter 2.5.4.



Attention:

You cannot read selectively the registers 3 and 4 for the measurement value only. You have to read the entire length of the command (10 registers) and extract the desired information.



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2.5.3 Primary Measurement Channel 6 (Temperature)

2.5.3.1 Description of PMC6

In register 2400, a plain text ASCII description of PMC6 is given

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
2400	8	Description of PMC6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.3.1.1: Definition of register 2400.

Command: PMC6 text		Modbus address: 2	Modbus address: 2400		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	T					

Figure 2.5.3.1.2: Example to read the description. It is "T" (Temperature).

2.5.3.2 Selecting the Physical Unit for PMC6

In register 2408, the available physical units of PMC6 are defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
2408	2	Available physical units of PMC6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.3.2.1: Definition of register 2408.

Command: PMC6 available units		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 2408		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0E					

Figure 2.5.3.2.2: Example to read the available physical unit for PMC6. K (0x02), °C (0x04), °F (0x08), total 0x0E.

In register 2410, the active physical unit of PMC6 can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 2408.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
2410	2	Selected active physical unit of PMC6	16	none	U/A/S

Figure 2.5.3.2.3: Definition of register 2410. Only one bit can be set.

Command: PMC6 set unit		Modbus address: 2	Modbus address: 2410		Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x04					

Figure 2.5.3.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PMC6 to °C (0x04).



Attention

Changing the physical unit has also an influence on the output of AO1 / AO2, as the same physical unit is active for the analog outputs. All limits of the 4-20 mA analog output have to be redefined after changing the physical unit!

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2.5.3.3 Reading the measurement value of PMC6

Register 2410 is also used to read the measurement values of PMC6.

Start	Num-	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Reg9 /	Modbus	Read	Write
reg.	ber of	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	Reg10	function	access	access
	reg.						code		
2410	10	Selected	Measure	Measure	Min	Max	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		physical	-ment	-ment	allowed	allowed			
		unit	value of	status (2)	value (1)	value (1)			
			PMC6 (1)						

Figure 2.5.3.3.1: Definition of register 2410. Measurement value of PMC6.

⁽²⁾ For definition of the status see chapter 2.5.4. All bits set to zero means: no problem.

Command: PMC6 read		Modbus	address: 2410	Length: 10 Ty	pe: 3 Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Status	Min limit	Max limit
Format:	Hex	Float	Hex	Float	Float
Value:	0x04	24.35834	0x00	-20	130

Figure 2.5.3.3.2: Example to read register 2410. Physical unit is set to °C (0x04), PMC6 is 24.35834 °C, Status is 0x00, Min allowed value is -20 °C, Max allowed value is 130 °C.

For definition of the measurement status see chapter 2.5.4.



Attention:

You cannot read selectively the registers 3 and 4 for the measurement value only. You have to read the entire length of the command (10 registers) and extract the desired information.

2.5.3.4 Input of an Externally Measured Temperature

Unlike to the VisiFerm DO, this feature is not available for ORP Arc Sensors.

2.5.4 Definition of the Measurement Status for PMC1 / PMC6

This is the definition of the status registers read in registers 2090 (PMC1) and 2410 (PMC6):

Bit #	Hex code	Description
0 (LSB)	0x01	Temperature out of measurement range (see chapter 2.8.1)
1	0x02	Temperature out of operating range (see chapter 2.8.1)
2	0x04	Calibration status not zero (see chapter 2.7.4)
3	0x08	Warning not zero (see chapter 2.8.3)
4	0x10	Error not zero (see chapter 2.8.4)

Figure 2.5.4.1: Definition of measurement status for Primary Measurement Channels.

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⁽¹⁾ Value is always in the physical unit defined in register 2410.

2.5.5 Secondary Measurement Channels 1-16

ORP Arc Sensors do allow access to secondary measurement values (16 in total). The access to the individual SMC depends on the operator level. The available SMC are defined in register 2048 according to the selected operator level and the sensor type (see chapter 2.5.1).

2.5.5.1 Description of SMC

The registers defined here give a plain text ASCII description of each available SMC.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
Address	8	Description of each SMC	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.5.1.1: Definition of registers at Address

Description	Address	Plain Text (16 ASCII)	Description
SMC2	2496	R reference	Resistance of the reference electrode
SMC3	2528	R ORP	Resistance of the ORP electrode
SMC5	2592	E SG vs. ref	Electrical potential between solution ground and reference electrode
SMC6	2624	E ORP vs. ref	Electrical potential between ORP electrode and reference electrode
SMC8	2688	ORP act	Current ORP value (3-seconds-reading)
SMC9	2720	T act	Current T value (3-seconds-reading)

Figure 2.5.5.1.2: Full list of starting register addresses for the plain text ASCII description of each SMC

Example:

Command: SMC 3 text		Modbus address: 2	Modbus address: 2528		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	R ORP					

Figure 2.5.5.1.3: Example to read the description of SMC3 at address 2528. It is "R ORP".



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2.5.5.2 Reading the measurement value of SMC

The registers defined here are used to read the measurement values of each SMC.

Start reg.	Num- ber of reg.	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
Address	6	Physical unit	Measurement value of SMC	Standard deviation	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.5.5.2.1: Definition of register at Address. Measurement value of each SMC.

Description	Address	Text	Unit	Min value	Max value
SMC2	2504	R reference	kOhm	0.25	100
SMC3	2536	R ORP	kOhm	0.25	100
SMC5	2600	E SG vs. ref	mV	-1500	1500
SMC6	2632	E ORP vs. ref	mV	-1500	1500
SMC8	2696	ORP act	mV	-1500	1500
SMC9	2728	T act	K	253	403

Figure 2.5.5.2.2: Full list of register addresses for the measurement values of SMC1 to SMC9

Example:

Command: SMC3 read		Modbus	Modbus address: 2536		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Standard dev.			
Format:	Hex	Float	Float			
Value:	0x4000	6.406991	0.02			

Figure 2.5.5.2.3: Example to read register 2536. Physical unit is kOhm (0x4000), the measurement value of SMC3 is 6.406991 kOhm, standard deviation of SMC3 is 0.02 kOhm.



2.6 Configuration of the Measurement

This chapter describes the configuration of PMC1 and PMC6 by means of measurement parameters (PA).

2.6.1 Available Parameters

In register 3072, all available parameters (PA) are given.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
3072	2	Available parameters (see Figure 2.6.1.2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.1.1: Definition of register 3072.

Bit #	Hex value	Description	Definition in ORP Arc Sensors
0 (LSB)	0x0001	PA1	not available
			not available
7	0x0080	PA8	not available
8	0x0100	PA9	Moving average
9	0x0200	PA10	not available
10	0x0400	PA11	not available
11	0x0800	PA12	Moving average R
			not available
15 (MSB)	0x8000	PA16	not available

Figure 2.6.1.2: Bitwise definition of parameters PA1 to PA16, valid for ORP Arc Sensors

Command: Available parameters		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 3072		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Measurement					
	parameters					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0900					

Figure 2.6.1.3: Example to read the available parameters. The value 0x0900 corresponds to 0x0100 (PA9) + 0x0800 (PA12). Parameter 9 and 12 are available.

General note:

- PA1 to PA8 use FLOAT as data format for its values
- PA9 to PA16 use UNSIGNED INT as data format for its values.

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2.6.2 PA9: Moving Average

The ORP Arc Sensor provides new ORP readings every 3 seconds. One has the possibility to smoothen the ORP reading (PMC1) by means of a moving average applied to the 3-seconds-readings.

PA9 can be applied on 1 to 16 3-seconds-readings. The default value is 2.

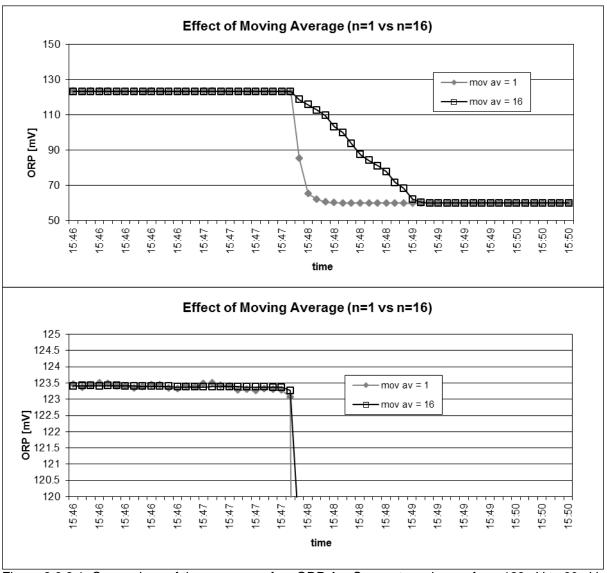


Figure 2.6.2.1: Comparison of the response of an ORP Arc Sensor to a change from 123mV to 60mV, using no moving average (n=1) or a moving average over 16 3-seconds-readings.

Using moving average, the short term signal stability can be improved; on the other hand, the response time of the sensor increases with increasing moving average. A moving average over 16 samples results in a response time of at least 48 s.

Note:

PA9 is applied to both PMC1 and PMC6.



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2.6.2.1 Description of PA9 (Moving Average)

In register 3360, a plain text ASCII description of PA9 is given.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
3360	8	Description of PA9	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.2.1.1: Definition of register 3360.

Command: Moving average text		Modbus address: 3360		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Moving average					

Figure 2.6.2.1.2: Example to read the description for "Moving average".

2.6.2.2 Selecting the Physical Unit and Writing the Value for PA9

In register 3368, the available physical units for PA9 are defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
3368	2	Available physical units for PA9	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.2.2.1: Definition of register 3368.

Command: Moving average av. units		Modbus address:	3368	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.6.2.2.2: Example to read the available physical units for PA9. The only one available here is "none" (0x01). For the definition of the physical units see chapter 2.5.1.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)		function code	access	access
3370	4	Select physical unit	Value for PA9	16	none	S
		for PA9	(1-16, default: 2)			

Figure 2.6.2.2.3: Definition of register 3370. Only one bit for the physical unit can be set. PA9 can be set to the value 1-16. A value of 1 does not influence the response time of the sensor, a value of 16 increases the response time of the sensor to 48 s.

By writing to register 3370 the active physical unit for PA9 can be selected by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 3368. The value of the parameter can be set as well.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3370		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit	Value				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x01	12				

Figure 2.6.2.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PA9 to "none" (0x01) and the value of the moving average to 12.

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2.6.2.3 Reading all Values for PA9

By reading register 3370, the active physical unit of measurement, the selected value, and the min and max values can be read.

Start	Number of	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function	access	access
						code		
3370	8	Physical	Current	Min	Max	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		unit	value	value	value			

Figure 2.6.2.3.1: Definition of register 3370.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3370		Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value	Min va	lue	Max value	
Format:	Hex	Decimal	Decima	al	Decimal	
Value:	0x01	10	1		16	

Figure 2.6.2.3.2: Example to read PA9. The physical unit is 0x01 ("none"), the value is 10 and the limit is 1 to 16.



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2.6.3 PA12: Moving Average R

ORP Arc Sensors allow to have a separate moving average on secondary measurement values:

- ORP resistance
- Reference resistance

The moving average can be applied on 1 to 16 3-s measurement values. The default value is 4. Especially if high resistances are measured, it is recommended to choose a higher moving average.

2.6.3.1 Description of PA12 (Moving Average R)

In register 3456, a plain text ASCII description of PA12 is given.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	16 ASCII characters	function code	access	access
3456	8	Description of PA12	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.1.1: Definition of register 3456.

Command: Moving average text		Modbus address:	3456	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Moving average R					

Figure 2.6.3.1.2: Example to read the description for "Moving average R".

2.6.3.2 Selecting the Physical Unit and Writing the Value for PA12

In register 3464, the available physical units for PA12 are defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
3464	2	Available physical units for PA12	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.2.1: Definition of register 3368.

Command: Moving average av. units		s Modbus address:	3464	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Units					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.6.3.2.2: Example to read the available physical units for PA12. The only one available here is "none" (0x01). For the definition of the physical units see chapter 2.5.1.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)		function code	access	access
3466	4	Select physical unit	Value for PA12	16	none	S
		for PA12	(1-16, default: 4)			

Figure 2.6.3.2.3: Definition of register 3466. Only one bit for the physical unit can be set. PA12 can be set to the values 1-16.

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By writing to register 3466, the active physical unit for PA12 can be selected, by choosing one of the physical units that are defined in register 3464. The value of the parameter can be set as well.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address: 3466		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Unit	Value				
Format:	Hex	Decimal				
Value:	0x01	7				

Figure 2.6.3.2.4: Example to set the physical unit of PA12 to "none" (0x01) and the value of the moving average R to 7.

2.6.3.3 Reading all Values for PA12

By reading register 3466, the active physical unit of measurement, the selected value, and the min and max values can be read.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
3466	8	Physical unit	Current value	Min value	Max value	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.6.3.3.1: Definition of register 3466.

Command: Moving average		Modbus address:	3466 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	Unit	Value M		Max value
Format:	Hex	Decimal	Decimal	Decimal
Value:	0x01	7	1	16

Figure 2.6.3.3.2: Example to read PA12. The physical unit is 0x01 ("none"), the value is 7, and the limits are 1 to 16.



2.7 Calibration

2.7.1 Available Calibration Points

In register 5120, the available number of Calibration Points (CP) for Primary Measurement Channel 1 (PMC1) is defined. 8 individual CP are theoretically possible.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(bitwise defined)	function code	access	access
5120	2	Available number of CP for PMC1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		(see Figure 2.7.1.2)			

Figure 2.7.1.1: Definition of register 5120.

Bit #	Hex value	Description	Definition in Arc Sensors
0 (LSB)	0x01	CP1	Calibration Point 1
1	0x02	CP2	not available
2	0x04	CP3	not available
			not available
5	0x20	CP6	Product Calibration
6	0x40	CP7	not available
7 (MSB)	0x80	CP8	not available

Figure 2.7.1.2: Bitwise definition of CP1 to CP8.

Command: Available cali points		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 5120		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Points					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x21					

Figure 2.7.1.3: Example to read the available CPs. 0x21 = 0x01 (CP1) + 0x20 (CP6).

Standard calibration ORP Arc Sensors

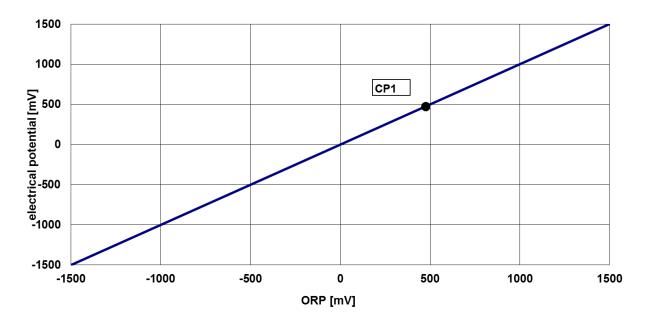


Figure 2.7.1.4: ORP Arc Sensors allow 2 calibration points:

CP1 is used for standard calibration (shown in this figure).

The product calibration CP6 is used to adjust the standard calibration function to specific process conditions (the effect of CP6 is shown in Figure 2.7.3.2.1).

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2.7.2 Definitions of Calibration Points

2.7.2.1 Calibration Point 1 (Standard Calibration)

The limits for the calibration point 1 are defined in register 5152.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers				function code	access	access
5152	6	Physical unit currently active for CP1	Min value for CP1 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	Max value for CP1 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.2.1.1: Definition of register 5152 for CP1.



Attention:

The only physical unit available for calibration is mV! The physical unit defined in 5152 and 5312 for CP1 and CP6 is NOT linked to the physical unit defined for PMC1 in register 2090.

Command: Calibration limits CP1 Modbus address		Modbus address:	5152	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Min value Max value				
Format:	Hex	Float	Float			
Value:	0x200000	0	0			

Figure 2.7.2.1.2: Example to read the limits of CP1. Currently active physical unit is mV (0x0 200000). The min and max values are both 0, indicating, that calibration at CP1 can be performed only using defined calibration standards having discrete mV values.

When initiating the calibration at CP1, the measured mV value and temperature have to be stable for at least 3 minutes. The stability criteria are defined in register 5128:

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Float)	(Float)	function code	access	access
5128	4	Max. Drift PMC1	Max. Drift PMC6	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
		ORP	Temperature			
		[mV/min]	[K/min]			

Figure 2.7.2.1.3: Definition of register 5128.

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Command: R	tead calibration stability	Modbus address:	5128	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Max drift ORP	Max drift Temp				
	[mV/min]	[K/min]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	5	0.5				

Figure 2.7.2.1.4: Example to read the calibration stability.

Command: S	Set calibration stability	Modbus address: 5128		Length: 4	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Max drift ORP	Max drift Temp				
	[mV/min]	[K/min]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	3	0.5				

Figure 2.7.2.1.5: Example to set the calibration stability.



Attention:

The stability criteria defined in register 5128 is valid for CP1 only, but NOT for CP6.

2.7.2.2 Calibration Point 6 (Product Calibration)

The limits for calibration point 6 are given in register 5312.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers				function code	access	access
5312	6	Physical unit currently active for CP6	Min value for CP6 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	Max value for CP6 (in the physical unit as defined in Reg1 and 2)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.2.2.1: Definition of register 5312 for CP6.

Command: Calibration limits CP6		Modbus address: 5312		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit	Min value	Max value			
Format:	Hex	Float	Float			
Value:	0x0200000	-1500	1500			

Figure 2.7.2.2.2: Example to read the limits of CP6. The active physical unit is mV, the min value is - 1500 mV and the max value is 1500 mV.

Note: the definition of min and max is different than the one for CP1, because CP6 can be set to any mV value.

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2.7.3 Calibration Procedure

2.7.3.1 Calibration at CP1 (Standard Calibration)

The Arc Sensor family has a unique calibration routine. When initiating the calibration, the data set of the sensor is automatically traced back within the last 3 minutes and a decision is made immediately if the calibration is successful or not. The operator therefore gets an immediate result. The criteria for a successful calibration are:

- the stability of ORP value and temperature over the last 3 minutes (see register 5128)
- the currently measured mV value fits to one of the calibration standards defined in the selected set of calibration standards
- the limits of offset have to be met

Standard calibration ORP Arc Sensors

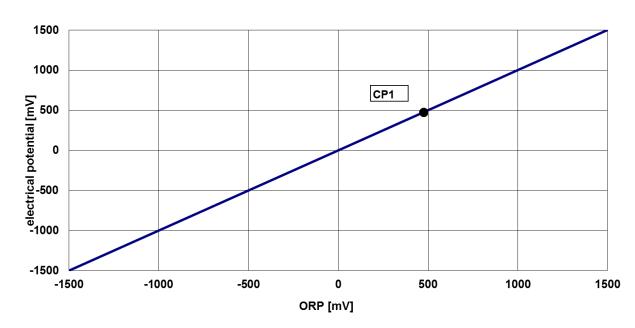


Figure 2.7.3.1.1: Standard Calibration using CP1.

CP1 defines a linear relationship between the electrical potential and the ORP value. This linear calibration function is defined by an offset. This value is stored in register 5448.

Notes:

- In order to perform a standard calibration at CP1, it is necessary to use commercially available calibration standards. The operator is restricted to use those standards that are defined in the six sets of calibration standards (see chapter 2.7.11).
- There are two ways of performing a standard calibration:
 - standard calibration with automatic recognition of the calibration standard:
 in this case, the sensor decides on itself in what calibration standard it is immersed.
 The criteria to decide on is the electrical potential measured. The sensor checks the list of calibration standards that are available for automatic recognition (see chapter 2.7.11)
 - standard calibration with **manual selection** of the calibration standard: the operator is selecting the calibration standard in which the sensor is immersed.
- Factory calibration is 475mV at CP1.



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Standard Calibration with Automatic Recognition of the Standard

Prior to calibration, the specialist selects - for each set of calibration standards - a list of calibration standards allowed for automatic recognition (register 9530).

When the calibration is initiated, the sensor screens this list of allowed calibration standards and checks if the currently measured electrical potential is within the allowed range of electrical potentials, defined for the individual calibration standards in this list.

If the sensor does find a corresponding calibration standard, the nominal ORP value of the specific calibration standard is assigned to the currently measured electrical potential. The temperature dependency of the calibration standard is considered during the assignment.

If the sensor does not find any corresponding calibration standard, the bit representing the corresponding status "no matching calibration standard" is set in the calibration status register.

Note that only the nominal value of the calibration standard is used for calibration. The actual value of the calibration solution, which may deviate from the nominal value, is not taken into account and cannot be set by the operator.

Standard Calibration with Manual Selection of the Calibration Standard

If the operator knows in what calibration standard the sensor is immersed, he can initiate the calibration procedure by means of setting the ORP value to the actual value of the calibration standard. The sensor now screens the list of calibration standards that are allowed for manual selection (register 9530). If the ORP value entered by the operator fits in the allowed ORP range of one of the allowed calibration standards, the entered ORP value is assigned to the currently measured electrical potential. The temperature dependency of the calibration standard is considered during the assignment.

If the sensor does not find any corresponding calibration standard, the bit representing the corresponding status "no matching calibration standard" is set in the calibration status register.

Note: using manual selection only, the actual ORP value of the calibration standard can be set. However, the actual value must be within the given tolerance of the standard in use.



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Perform the following steps to do a standard calibration at CP1:

Step1: Select the desired set of calibration standards (see chapter 2.7.11)

Step 2: Immerse the sensor into one of the calibration standards available in the selected set

 Λ

Attention:

It is important that the ORP Arc Sensor is immersed in a defined calibration standard at least 3 minutes BEFORE the calibration is started.

Step 3: Choose calibration point CP1.

Step 4: Start the calibration (automatic recognition or manual selection)

The calibration is initiated at CP1 by writing to register 5162.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
5162	2	ORP value at CP1 (unit as defined in	16	none	A/S
		register 5152)			

Figure 2.7.3.1.2: Definition of register 5162 and 5194. You have two options to enter the ORP value:

Automatic recognition: ORP value=0: the sensor tries to assign the measured electrical potential to one of the calibration standards available for automatic calibration.

Manual selection: enter the actual ORP value at 25°C (the value must be within the tolerance range of the nominal value of one of the calibration standards available for manual selection)

Step 5: Read the calibration status (see chapter 2.7.4)

Step 6: Check the ORP Arc Sensor's quality indicator



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Examples: (Definitions of register 5158 used in these examples are given in chapter 2.7.4.1, those for register 4872 in chapter 2.8.6)

Example to calibrate at CP1 with automatic recognition:

Command: N	Make calibration CP1	Modbus address:	5162	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	ORP value					
Format:	Float					
Value:	0					

Figure 2.7.3.1.3: Example to start the calibration at CP1, setting a value of 0 for automatic recognition of the calibration standard.

Example to read the calibration status of CP1:

Command: C	Calibration status CP1	Modbus address:	5158	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x00000000	0x00200000	475			

Figure 2.7.3.1.4: Example to read the calibration status of CP1 after calibration CP1 at 0 = auto. All bits of CP1 are zero (0x000000000), indicating that the calibration was successful. The physical unit of the last calibration is mV (0x00200000) and the assigned ORP value is 475 at 25°C.

Example to calibrate at CP1 with manual selection of the calibration standard:

Command: M	lake calibration CP1	Modbus address:	5162	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	ORP value					
Format:	Float					
Value:	476					

Figure 2.7.3.1.5: Example to start the calibration at CP1, by means of manually selecting the calibration standard Hamilton DuraCal 475 mV (nominal value 475 mV). The operator knows from the certificate of the specific production lot that the actual ORP value is 476 mV.

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Example to read the sensor's quality indicator:

Command: C	Quality indicator	Modbus address: 487	72 Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Quality [%]				
Format:	Float				
Value:	100				

Figure 2.7.3.1.6: Example to read the sensor's quality indicator

2.7.3.2 Calibration at CP6 (Product Calibration)

The product calibration is a process in order to adjust the measurement of a correctly calibrated ORP Arc Sensor to specific process conditions.

Product calibration is a two stage process:

1. An initial measurement is performed while the operator takes a sample of the process solution. At that time point the ORP Arc Sensor stores its raw measurement value, temperature and operating hour in the memory.

While the operator takes the sample to the analytics lab for reference analysis the ORP Arc Sensor is still running on its prior standard calibration (CP1) while the initial measurement data for the ongoing product calibration is kept in the sensor's memory.

2. When the result of the reference analysis is available this value is assigned, at a second time point, to the former initial measurement data stored in the ORP Arc Sensor.

The sensor is now, after valid assignment, running on a calibration function which is compensated for the correct process conditions. The product calibration (CP6) is now active.

Performing a Cancel command for the product calibration (CP6) brings the sensor back to its still stored standard calibration (CP1).

If a product calibration is still active and a standard calibration (CP1) is performed the product calibration (CP6) is cancelled.

If the operator needs to overrun an active product calibration (old CP6) by a new product calibration (new CP6) the above process applies in the same way. After initial measurement the ORP Arc Sensor is still running on the first product calibration (old CP6) until a valid assignment has been done (new CP6).



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What happens to the ORP Arc Sensor's calibration function upon product calibration (CP6)? A product calibration adds an offset to the linear calibration function defined by the standard calibration at CP1.

900 Standard Calibration function 800 - Product Calibration function 700 600 electrical potential [mV] 500 CP1 400 CP6 300 200 100 0 -100 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 800 900 -100

Product calibration ORP Arc Sensors

Figure 2.7.3.2.1: Effect of the product calibration CP6 on an existing standard calibration function defined by CP1.

The operator starts with a Standard Calibration with calibration point CP1:

CP1: ORP value of calibration standard: 475 mV electrical potential: 475 mV The sensor internally calculates the calibration function, using the calibration point **CP1**. The resulting calibration function, compensated to the standard temperature 25°C, is shown as a straight line. The calibration function is described by the parameter offset.

ORP [mV]

Some weeks later, the operator believes that the Standard Calibration function is not correct anymore. As the process is running and he is not able to perform a standard calibration under defined conditions in the lab, he decides to perform a product calibration CP6, in other words adjusting the standard calibration function to the process conditions:

CP6: ORP value of product: 200 mV electrical potential: 250 mV

The sensor internally adds an offset to the calibration curve.

Another special feature of this calibration point is to switch off and back on again a product calibration. These functions are called "restore standard calibration" and "restore product calibration".

Note:

The sensor's internal criteria for a successful product calibration are:

- the sensor is currently in an environment corresponding to the ORP Arc Sensors measurement range.
- the manually assigned ORP value does not deviate more than 400 mV from the value measured prior the product calibration



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The different functionalities of product calibration (CP6) are accessible through the following sensor commands:

- Initial measurement
- Assignment
- Cancel
- Restore standard calibration
- Restore product calibration

All commands are executed by writing a command value to the register 5340 except for assignment where the calibration value is written to register 5322 (see below).

Definition of the commands for product calibration

The commands for register 5340 are defined as follows:

Code Hex	Definition of commands
0x01	Perform initial measurement
0x02	Cancel an active product calibration
0x03	Restore a standard calibration from an active product calibration
0x04	Restore a product calibration from an active standard calibration

Figure 2.7.3.2.2: Definition of the commands related to the product calibration

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
5340	2	Code as defined in Figure 2.7.3.2.2	3, 4, 16	A/S	A/S

Figure 2.7.3.2.3: Definition of register 5340

2.7.3.2.1 Product calibration: Initial measurement

Upon process sample collection for laboratory analysis the command for initial measurement is sent to the sensor.

This is achieved by writing the command 0x01 to register 5340 which performs the initial measurement and stores the corresponding measurement values in the sensor.

Command: C	P6: Initial measurement	Modbus address:	5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x01					

Figure 2.7.3.2.1.1: Example to start the product calibration procedure. Writing the command code 0x01 (initial measurement) to the CP6 command register 5340.

After successful initial measurement the corresponding calibration status (register 5318, Figure 2.7.4.2.1) is "CP6 initial measurement" (0x08000000) (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

The sensor continues measuring using the prior standard calibration.



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2.7.3.2.2 Product calibration: Assignment

After successful initial measurement a correct value must be assigned to the initially stored measurement data.

This is achieved by writing the correct calibration value to register 5322.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
5322	2	ORP value [mV]	16	none	A/S

Figure 2.7.3.2.2.1: Definition of register 5322

Command: CP6: Assignment		Modbus address:	5322	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Value					
Format:	Float					
Value:	250					

Figure 2.7.3.2.2.2: Example to assign a calibration value to the above performed initial measurement. This is achieved by writing the correct ORP value.

From now on the sensor is measuring using the here performed product calibration.

The calibration status (register 5318) is 0x14000000 meaning that a correct value has been assigned and that the product calibration is active (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

2.7.3.2.3 Product calibration: Cancel

To cancel an active product calibration or an active initial measurement the command 0x02 is written to register 5340.

Command: C	P6: Cancel	Modbus address:	5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x02					

Figure 2.7.3.2.3.1: Example to cancel an active product calibration or an initial measurement. Writing the command 0x02 (cancel) to register 5340.

Performing this action the product calibration or any initial measurements are canceled. The values of the prior product calibration are removed from the sensor's memory. From now on the sensor is measuring using its prior CP1 standard calibration.

The sensor's calibration status (register 5318) will be reading 0x00 again (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

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2.7.3.2.4 Product calibration: Restore standard calibration

If a product calibration is active this product calibration can be temporarily switched off by writing the command 0x03 to register 5340.

Performing this action the values of the product calibration remain stored in the sensor's memory.

Command: C	P6: Restore standard	Modbus address:	5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x03					

Figure 2.7.3.2.4.1: Example to restore a standard calibration from an active product calibration. Writing command 0x03 (restore standard calibration) to register 5340.

From now on the sensor is measuring using its prior CP1 standard calibration.

The sensor's calibration status (register 5318) will be reading "CP6 assigned" (0x10000000) meaning that a valid assignment for a product calibration is available in the sensor's memory (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1).

2.7.3.2.5 Product calibration: Restore product calibration

If a valid but inactivated product calibration is available in the sensors memory, the calibration status is reading "CP6 assigned" (corresponding to 0x10000000, see Figure 2.7.4.1.1), this stored product calibration can be restored or reactivated by writing command 0x04 to register 5340.

Command: CP6: Restore product		Modbus address:	5340	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Command					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x04					

Figure 2.7.3.2.5.1: Example to restore an available product calibration from an active standard calibration. Writing command 0x04 (restore product calibration) to register 5340.

From now on the sensor is measuring using its prior CP6 product calibration. The sensors calibration status (register 5318) will be reading 0x14000000 (corresponding to "CP6 assigned" and "CP6 active", see Figure 2.7.4.1.1) again.

If this command is performed without available product calibration in the sensor's memory the sensor will respond with a Modbus exception since this command is not valid.

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2.7.4 Reading the Calibration Status

2.7.4.1 Reading the Calibration Status of CP1

A standard calibration is not always successful. In order to analyze what has gone wrong, the different calibration status registers 5158 can be read:

Bit #	Hex value	Definition
0 (LSB)	0x0000001	not available
1	0x00000002	CP1: no matching calibration standard
2	0x00000004	CP1: actual temperature reading is too low
3	0x00000008	CP1: actual temperature reading is too high
4	0x0000010	CP1: temperature reading during calibration is not stable
5	0x00000020	CP1: offset is too low(see chapter 2.7.8)
6	0x00000040	0 \ 1 /
7	0x00000080	CP1: ORP reading during calibration is not stable
		not available
24	0x01000000	CP6: out of calibration range
25	0x02000000	CP6: out of range
26	0x04000000	CP6: active
27	0x08000000	CP6: initial measurement
28	0x10000000	CP6: assigned
		not available
31	0x80000000	CP1: incorrect measurement unit

Figure 2.7.4.1.1: Definition of the status for register 5158 and 5318 (see Figure 2.7.4.1.2 and Figure 2.7.4.2.1).

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers				function	access	access
					code		
5158	6	Status CP1 (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1)	Physical unit of the last successful calibration CP1 (always mV)	ORP value of the last successful calibration CP1	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.4.1.2: Definition of register 5158 for CP1.



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Command: C	alibration status CP1	Modbus address:	5158	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x00000080	0x00200000	475			

Figure 2.7.4.1.3: Example to read the calibration status of CP1 after calibration CP1 at 0 = auto. The status message is: "CP1 ORP reading during calibration is not stable" (0x00000080). The physical unit of the last successful calibration is mV (0x00200000) and the last successful calibration has been performed at 475 mV.

2.7.4.2 Reading the Calibration Status of CP6 (Product Calibration)

The calibration status and the current state of the product calibration process (CP6) is read in the calibration status register for CP6 (register 5318).

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5318	6	Status CP6 (see Figure 2.7.4.1.1)	Physical unit of the last successful calibration CP6 (always mV)	ORP value of the last successful calibration CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.4.2.1: Definition of register 5318 for CP6. For examples, see following chapters.



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2.7.4.2.1 Product calibration: Initial measurement

Calibration status after initial measurement command under conditions outside the valid calibration range for CP6 (defined in register 5312):

Command: C	nd: Calibration status CP6 Modbus address: 53		5318	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x01000000	0x00200000	475			

Figure 2.7.4.2.1.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 under measurement conditions outside the calibration range for CP6.

The status says: "CP6: out of calibration range" (0x01000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at 475 mV.

The initial measurement in this case was **not** successful.

The sensor is still running on its prior standard calibration.

Calibration status after successful initial measurement:

Command: C	Calibration status CP6	Modbus address:	5318	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x08000000	0x00200000	475			

Figure 2.7.4.2.1.2: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 under correct measurement conditions.

The status says: "CP6: initial measurement" (0x08000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at 475 mV.

The initial measurement in this case was successful.

The sensor is still running on its prior standard calibration until a valid calibration value has been assigned to this initial measurement values.

2.7.4.2.2 Product calibration: Assignment

Calibration status after invalid assignment:

Command: C	alibration status CP6	Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x0A00000	0x00200000	475			

Figure 2.7.4.2.2.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed a valid initial measurement at CP6 and an invalid assignment.

The status says: "CP6: out of range" (0x02000000) and "CP6: initial measurement" (0x08000000). The last successful calibration has been performed at 475 mV

The initial measurement in this case is still valid and available for further assignment of a product calibration value. The here performed assignment was **not** successful. The sensor remains running on its prior standard calibration.

Calibration status after valid assignment:

Command: C	Calibration status CP6	Modbus address:	5318	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x14000000	0x00200000	250			

Figure 2.7.4.2.2.2: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed an initial measurement at CP6 and a valid assignment to 250mV.

The status says: "CP6: active" (0x04000000) and "CP6: assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration corresponding to the here performed assignment has been performed at 250 mV.



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The here performed assignment was successful. The sensor is running using a valid product calibration.

2.7.4.2.3 Product calibration: Cancel

Calibration status after cancelling an active product calibration:

Command: C	alibration status CP6	Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x00000000	0x00200000	250			

Figure 2.7.4.2.3.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having performed a cancel command at CP6.

The status reports no messages. The last successful calibration at CP6 has been performed at 250 mV.

The sensor is running on a valid standard calibration and no product calibration is stored.

2.7.4.2.4 Product calibration: Restore standard calibration

Calibration status after restoring a standard calibration from an active product calibration:

Command: C	alibration status CP6	Modbus address:	5318	Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x10000000	0x00200000	250			

Figure 2.7.4.2.4.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having restored the standard calibration from an active product calibration (CP6).

The status says: "CP6 assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration at CP6 has been performed at 250 mV.

The sensor is running on a valid standard calibration but a valid product calibration is still available in the sensor.

2.7.4.2.5 Product calibration: Restore product calibration

Calibration status after restoring an available product calibration from an active standard calibration:

Command: C	alibration status CP6	Modbus address: 5318		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Status	Unit	Value			
Format:	Hex	Hex	Float			
Value:	0x14000000	0x00200000	250			

Figure 2.7.4.2.5.1: Example to read the calibration status of CP6 after having restored an available product calibration (CP6) from an active standard calibration (CP1).

The status says: "CP6: active" (0x04000000) and "CP6: assigned" (0x10000000). The last successful calibration corresponding to the here performed assignment has been performed at 250 mV.

The sensor is running on a valid product calibration again.



2.7.5 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 1

In registers 5164 (CP1) and 5324 (CP6) the currently active calibration parameters part 1 are stored. These registers contain the values for temperature, number of calibrations and operating hour upon calibration.

Start	Number	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of		Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function	access	access
	registers					code		
5164	8	Unit of temperature for CP1 (bitwise defined)	Value of temperature of CP1	Number of calibrations at CP1	Operating hour for CP1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
5324	8	Unit of temperature for CP6 (bitwise defined)	Value of temperature of CP6	Number of calibrations at CP6	Operating hour for CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.5.1: Definition of register 5164 for CP1 and 5324 for CP6.

Command: C	alibration CP1 values	Modbus address:	5164	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Unit of temperature	Temperature	Numbe	r of cali	Operating h	our
Format:	Hex	Float	Decima	ıl	Float	
Value:	0x00000004	24.35184	6		23.78	

Figure 2.7.5.2: Example to read the calibration values for CP1. The physical unit is °C (0x00000004), the temperature is 24.35184 °C, the number of calibrations at CP1 is 6 and the operating hour is 23.78 h.

Command: C	alibration CP6 values	Modbus address:	5324 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read	
Parameter:	Unit of temperature	Temperature	Number of cali	Operating hour	
Format:	Hex	Float	Decimal	Float	
Value:	0x00000004	29.93368	12	379.5167	

Figure 2.7.5.3: Example to read the calibration values 1 for CP6. The physical unit is °C (4), the temperature is 29.93 (°C), the number of calibrations at CP1 is 12 and the operating hour is 379.51 (h).

2.7.6 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 2

Registers 5172 (CP1) and 5332 (CP6) are not defined for ORP Arc Sensors, as they document atmospheric pressure and salinity used for dissolved oxygen Arc Sensors only.

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2.7.7 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 3

In register 5520 and 5560 the ORP value of the used calibration standards, the electrical potential of the ORP sensor and the temperature upon calibration are stored.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
5520	8	ORP value of calibration standard at CP1 [mV]	Electrical potential at CP1 [mV]	Temp at CP1 [K]	free	3, 4	A/S	none
5560	8	ORP value of product at CP6 [mV]	Electrical potential at CP6 [mV]	Temp at CP6 [K]	free	3, 4	A/S	none

Figure 2.7.7.1: Definition of register 5520 and 5560.

Command: Act calibration CP1		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 5520 Lengt		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	ORP CP1 [mV]	Voltage CP1 [mV]	Temp (CP1 [K]	free	
Format:	Float	Float	Float		Float	
Value:	475	476.03	297.13	78	0	

Figure 2.7.7.2: Example to read the actual calibration values of CP1.

Command: Act calibration CP6		Modbus address:	5560 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	ORP CP6 [mV]	Voltage CP6 [mV] Temp CP6 [K] f		free
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	250	200	298.3302	0

Figure 2.7.7.3: Example to read the actual calibration values of CP6.



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2.7.8 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 4

For standard calibration (CP1) register 5448 documents offset:

Start	Number	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of	(Float)	(Float)	(Float)	function	access	access
	registers				code		
5448	6	Offset [mV]	not used	Reference	3, 4	U/A/S	none
				temperature [K]			

Figure 2.7.8.1: Definition of register 5448.

Command: Calculated cali values		Modbus address: 5448		Length: 6	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Offset	not used	Ref te	emp		
	[mV]		[K]	•		
Format:	Float	Float	Float			
Value:	3.607782	0	298.1	5		

Figure 2.7.8.2: Example to read register 5448: offset is 3.6 mV; reference temperature is 298.15 K (=25°C)

For standard calibration (CP1) register 5480 documents limits of offset:

Start	Number	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function	access	access
	registers					code		
5480	8	Min value	Max value	not used	not used	3, 4	U/A/S	S
		of offset	of offset					

Figure 2.7.8.3: Definition of register 5480.

Command: L	imits of calc. cali values	s Modbus address: 54	180 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	Min value of offset	Max value of offset	unused	unused
	[mV]	[mV]		
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	-50	50	0	0

Figure 2.7.8.4: Example to read register 5480: Offset is allowed from -50 to +50 mV.



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2.7.9 Currently active Calibration Parameters part 5

In register 5182 and 5342 the system time of the calibration is stored. The system time is explained in chapter 2.8.2.

Note: for CP6, the system time is set during the action "initial measurement".

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus function	Read	Write
register	registers		code	access	access
5182	2	System Time CP1	3, 4	U/A/S	none
5342	2	System Time CP6	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.9.1: Definition of register 5182 for CP1 and 5342 for CP6.

Command: System Time CP1		Modbus address: 5	182	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	System Time CP1					
Format:	u-int					
Value:	1334102400					

Figure 2.7.9.2: Example to read the system time of CP1. The sensor is calibrated at 1334102400 which is equivalent to the 1st of April 2012 00:00 according to the base date of January 1st 1970.

Command: System Time CP6		Modbus address: 5	Modbus address: 5342		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	System Time CP6					
Format:	u-int					
Value:	1334131200					

Figure 2.7.9.3: Example to read the system time of CP6. The initial measurement of the product calibration has been performed on April 11th 2012 at 8:00.



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2.7.10 Special Commands for Calibration with VisiCal

The VisiCal calibration device allows calibration of ORP Arc Sensors at CP1. The ORP Arc Sensor's associated calibration parameters for CP1 are those predefined and stored in corresponding registers of the sensor.

Register 5164 defines the ORP value for CP1, which is only valid for use with VisiCal. The same calibration limits for the ORP value are used as for standard calibration at CP1 (register 5152).



Attention:

- It is not possible to perform a product calibration using VisiCal.
- Physical unit is fixed to mV by definition.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
5180	2	ORP value at CP1 (default: 475 mV)	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.7.10.1: Definition of register 5180 for CP1.

Command: VisiCal CP1		Modbus address:	Modbus address: 5180		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Value [mV]					
Format:	Float					
Value:	475					

Figure 2.7.10.2: Example to read the ORP value valid for CP1. It is 475. Accordingly, the next time when a calibration is started using VisiCal at LOW, a calibration with manual selection is performed, using the calibration standard at 475 mV. The operator has to make sure that - within the selected set of calibration standards - a standard at 475 mV is selected for manual selection.

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2.7.11 Calibration Standards

2.7.11.1 Available Sets of Calibration Standards

ORP Arc Sensors can store and operate six different sets of calibration standards each having max 12 calibration standards. Before calibration the operator has to select one defined set to operate with. Default setting is the Hamilton set of calibration standards.

The operator can change the selection of sets at any time, without compromising prior calibration data at CP1.

In register 9472 the available sets of calibration standards are defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Bit, see Figure 2.7.11.1.2)	function code	access	access
9472	2	Available calibration standard sets	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.11.1.1: Definition of register 9472.

Bit #	Hex value	Description	Definition
0 (LSB)	0x0000001	Set 1	HAMILTON
1	0x00000002	Set 2	METTLER TOLEDO
2	0x00000004	Set 3	REAGECON
3	0x00000008	Set 4	not available
4	0x00000010	Set 5	not available
5	0x00000020	Set 6	not available

Figure 2.7.11.1.2: Definition of available sets of calibration standards.

Command: Available cali sets		Modbus address: 9	9472	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Calibration sets					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x0000003F					

Figure 2.7.11.1.3: Example to read the available calibration sets: Set 1 (0x00000001) + set 2 (0x00000002) + set 3 (0x00000004) + set 4 (0x00000008) + set 5 (0x00000010) + set 6 (0x00000020), in total 0x0000003F.

In register 9474 the selected set of calibration standards is defined.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Bit, see Figure 2.7.11.1.2)	function code	access	access
9474	2	Selected set of calibration standard	3, 4	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.7.11.1.4: Definition of register 9474. Only one bit can be set.

Command: S	elected set of cal stand.	Modbus address: 9	9474 Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Calibration set				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x00000001				

Figure 2.7.11.1.5: Example to read the selected set of calibration standards. Set 1 (HAMILTON) (0x00000001) is active.

Command: Select set of cal stand.		Modbus address:	9474	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Calibration set					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x04					

Figure 2.7.11.1.6: Example to set the calibration standard set to REAGECON (0x04).

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2.7.11.2 Definitions for Individual Sets of Calibration Standards

Once the operator has selected a set of calibration standards (register 9474) the register 9504 and following give all information on the selected set of calibration standards.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(16 ASCII characters)	function code	access	access
9504	8	Manufacturer of the selected set	3, 4	U/A/S	none
9512	8	Info 1 of the selected set	3, 4	U/A/S	none
9520	8	Info 2 of the selected set	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.11.2.1: Definition of registers 9504 to 9520.

Command: manufacturer of set		Modbus address: 9504	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text				
Format:	Character				
Value:	HAMILTON				

Figure 2.7.11.2.2: Example to read the description (in this case, the set 0x01 is selected)

Within one set of calibration standards, a maximum of 12 calibration standards are available. In the following registers, the details of each calibration standard is given:

Start register	Description
9536	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 1
9552	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 2
9568	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 3
9584	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 4
9600	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 5
9616	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 6
9632	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 7
9648	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 8
9664	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 9
9680	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 10
9696	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 11
9712	Nominal value and tolerance of calibration standard 12

Figure 2.7.11.2.3: Definition for the register range from 9536 until 9720.



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Start	Number	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function	access	access
	registers	(Float)	(Float)	(Float)	(Float)	code		
9536,	8	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	3, 4	U/A/S	none
9552,		value	(manual)	value	(automatic)			
		(manual)	(±) [mV]	(automatic)	(±) [mV]			
		[mV]		[mV]				

Figure 2.7.11.2.4: Definition for registers 9536 until 9720.

Command: R	lead standard 1	Modbus address:	9536 Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Nominal value	Tolerance	Nominal value	Tolerance	
	(manual)	(manual)	(automatic)	(automatic)	
	[mV]	(±) [mV]	[mV]	(±) [mV]	
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float	
Value:	271	5	271	30	

Figure 2.7.11.2.5: Example to read the values for calibration standard 1 within the "HAMILTON" set. This standard has a nominal value of 271 ± 5 mV until expiry date as defined by Hamilton.

During standard calibration with automatic recognition the sensor accepts a range of ORP readings between 241 and 301 mV (271 \pm 30 mV) to be assigned to this standard. Of course, the ORP reading used for this assignment considers on the currently active offset.

During standard calibration with manual recognition only ORP values between 266 and 276 mV (271 \pm 5 mV) can be assigned to this standard.

Note: The decision, if this standard calibration is valid, is made after calculation of the offsetIf this parameter is out of limits, the calibration using this standard will be denied.

Note: Make sure that calibration standards selected for automatic calibration do not exhibit overlapping acceptance ranges!



Register 9528 defines for the selected set of calibration standards:

- the available calibration standards for manual selection of the ORP value
- the available calibration standards for automatic recognition of the ORP value

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Bit, see Figure 2.7.11.2.8)	function code	access	access
9528	2	Availability of the 12 cal. standards	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.7.11.2.6: Definition of register 9528

Command: A	vailable standards	Modbus address: 9528	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Standard fields				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x00070007				

Figure 2.7.11.2.7: Example to read the information of register 9528. For the definition of the bits, see Figure 2.7.11.2.8. The value 0x00070007 says that (for the selected set of calibration standards):

- calibration standards 1-3 are available for manual calibration
- calibration standards 1-3 are available for automatic recognition.

Bit	Hex code	Index of Calibration Standard within the selected set	Calibration type
0 (LSB)	0x00000001	1	manual selection
1	0x00000002	2	manual selection
2	0x00000004	3	manual selection
3	0x00000008	4	manual selection
4	0x00000010	5	manual selection
5	0x00000020	6	manual selection
6	0x00000040	7	manual selection
7	0x00000080	8	manual selection
8	0x00000100	9	manual selection
9	0x00000200	10	manual selection
10	0x00000400	11	manual selection
11	0x00000800	12	manual selection
12-15		not available	
16	0x00010000	1	automatic recognition
17	0x00020000	2	automatic recognition
18	0x00040000	3	automatic recognition
19	0x00080000	4	automatic recognition
20	0x00100000	5	automatic recognition
21	0x00200000	6	automatic recognition
22	0x00400000	7	automatic recognition
23	0x00800000	8	automatic recognition
24	0x01000000	9	automatic recognition
25	0x02000000	10	automatic recognition
26	0x04000000	11	automatic recognition
27	0x08000000	12	automatic recognition
28-31		not available	

Figure 2.7.11.2.8: Availability / Selection for the 12 calibration standards within one given set.

Bit 0-11 define availability of standards 1-12 for manual calibration.

Bit 16-27 define availability of standards 1-12 for automatic recognition

Register 9528: the corresponding calibration standard is available if bit is set

Register 9530: the corresponding calibration standard is selected if bit is set



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By means of register 9530, the specialist can define for each available calibration standard if the specific standard is available.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Bit, see Figure 2.7.11.2.8)	function code	access	access
9530	2	Selected standard fields	3, 4	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.7.11.2.9: Selected calibration standards within one given set.

Command: S	Selected standard fields	Modbus address:	9530	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Standard fields					
Format:	Hex					
Value:	0x00070007					

Figure 2.7.11.2.10: Example to read the selected calibration standards. The value 0x00070007 says that:

- only calibration standards 1-3 are selected for manual selection
- only calibration standards 1-3 are selected for automatic recognition

Command: S	selected standard fields	Modbus address: 95	530 Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Standard fields				
Format:	Hex				
Value:	0x00030007				

Figure 2.7.11.2.11: Example to set the standard fields to 2 calibration standards for manual calibration and calibration standard 1 (0x00000001) and 2 (0x00000002) for automatic recognition.

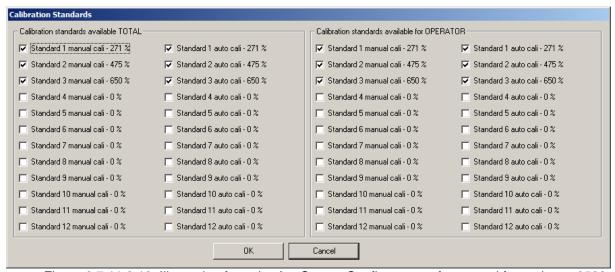


Figure 2.7.11.2.12: Illustration from the Arc Sensor Configurator software tool for registers 9528 and 9530. For this example, the HAMILTON set of calibration standard is selected.

- On the left half of the figure, the availability of the calibration standards 1-12 is shown, as defined in register 9528. In the left column, the availability for manual calibration is shown (calibration standards 1-3). In the right column, the availability for automatic recognition is given (calibration standards 1-3 as well).
- On the right half of the figure, the individual selection defined by the specialist is shown as read from register 9530. In the left column, the selection for manual selection is shown (calibration standards 1-3). In the right column the selection for automatic recognition is given (calibration standards 1-3).

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Manufacturer	Availability for manual selection (left) and automatic	_
LIAMU TON	recognition (right)	_
HAMILTON	Standard 1 manual cali - 271 %	
	Standard 2 manual cali - 475 %	
	▼ Standard 3 manual cali - 650 % ▼ Standard 3 auto cali - 650 %	
	Standard 4 manual cali - 0 % Standard 4 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 5 manual cali · 0 % ☐ Standard 5 auto cali · 0 %	
	☐ Standard 6 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 6 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 7 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 7 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 8 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 8 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 9 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 9 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 10 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 10 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 11 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 11 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 12 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 12 auto cali - 0 %	
METTLER TOLEDO	▼ Standard 1 manual cali - 220 %	
	☐ Standard 2 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 2 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 3 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 3 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 4 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 4 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 5 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 5 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 6 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 6 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 7 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 7 auto cali - 0 %	
	☐ Standard 8 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 8 auto cali - 0 %	
	Standard 9 manual cali - 0 % Standard 9 auto cali - 0 %	
	Standard 10 manual cali - 0 %	
	Standard 11 manual cali - 0 % Standard 11 auto cali - 0 %	
	Standard 12 manual cali - 0 % Standard 12 auto cali - 0 %	
REAGECON	Standard 1 manual cali - 124 % Standard 1 auto cali - 124 %	
	Standard 2 manual cali - 200 % Standard 2 auto cali - 200 %	
	Standard 3 manual cali - 250 % Standard 3 auto cali - 250 %	
	Standard 4 manual cali - 300 % Standard 4 auto cali - 300 %	
	Standard 5 manual cali - 358 % Standard 5 auto cali - 358 %	
	Standard 6 manual cali - 400 % Standard 6 auto cali - 400 %	
	Standard 7 manual cali - 465 % Standard 7 auto cali - 465 %	
	Standard 8 manual cali - 600 % Standard 8 auto cali - 600 %	
	Standard 9 manual cali - 650 % Standard 9 auto cali - 650 %	
	Standard 9 manual cali - 050 % Standard 10 manual cali - 0 %	
	Standard 10 manual cali - 0% Standard 11 auto cali - 0%	
	☐ Standard 12 manual cali - 0 % ☐ Standard 12 auto cali - 0 %	L

Figure 2.7.11.2.13: Default definitions in register 9528 for all 3 sets of calibration standards available in ORP Arc Sensors.



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2.8 Sensor Status

2.8.1 Temperature Ranges

In registers 4608, 4612 and 4616 three different temperature ranges are defined:

- Operation in this range the sensor will work properly (current output, Modbus communication), except the measurement, which is stopped until the temperature is back in the measurement range. In this case the last value of measurement will be frozen and sent to analog interfaces.
- Measurement in this range the sensor is able to measure.
- Calibration in this range the sensor can be calibrated.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers			function	access	access
				code		
4608	4	Operating	Operating	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		temperature min [°C]	temperature max [°C]			
4612	4	Measurement	Measurement	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		temperature min [°C]	temperature max [°C]			
4616	4	Calibration	Calibration	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		temperature min [°C]	temperature max [°C]			

Figure 2.8.1.1: Definition of register 4608, 4612 and 4616.

Command: Operating T range		Modbus address:	4608	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operating T min	Operating T max				
	[°C]	[°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	-20	130				

Figure 2.8.1.2: Example to read the operating temperature values min and max.

Command: Measurement T range		Modbus address:	4612	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Measurement T min [°C]	Measurement T max [°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	-20	130				

Figure 2.8.1.3: Example to read the measurement temperature values min and max.

Command: C	Command: Calibration T range		4616	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Calibration T min [°C]	Calibration T max [°C]				
Format:	Float	Float				
Value:	5	50				•

Figure 2.8.1.4: Example to read the calibration temperature values min and max.



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2.8.2 Operating Hours, Counters and System Time

In register 4676 are stored:

- total operating hours
- operating hours above max measurement temperature (see chapter 2.8.1)
- the operating hours above max operating temperature (see chapter 2.8.1)

In register 4682 are stored:

- number of power ups
- number of watchdog resets
- number of writing cycles to the sensor's flash memory

In register 4688 are stored:

- number of sterilizations in place (SIP) (see chapter 2.8.5)
- number of cleanings in place (CIP) (see chapter 2.8.5)

In register 4692 is stored:

number of autoclavings.

This register has no effect for the sensor and is only for the user to trace the record for himself.

In register 8232 is stored:

• the system time counter:

When the sensor is powered up, the system time is set to 0. A value between 0 and 2³² can be written into this register. From this value, the sensor increments this value every second. We recommend to use as base date the so-called UNIX timestamp (hint: www.epochconverter.com) which starts at 1st of January 1970 GMT. When a calibration is performed the system time value will be copied to the register 5182 for CP1 and 5342 for CP6 (after the action "initial measurement"). With this copied value, the absolute time of calibration can be recovered, even if the sensor has powered down in the meantime. Be sure to update this register if needed after every power up of the sensor.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg3 / Reg4	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4676	6	Operating hours [h]	Operating hours above max measurement temperature [h]	Operating hours above max operating temperature [h]	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4682	6	Number of Power ups	Number of Watchdog resets	Number of Writing cycles to flash memory	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4688	4	Number of SIP cycles	Number of CIP cycles	-	3, 4	U/A/S	none
4692	2	No. of autoclavings			3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
8232	2	System Time Counter			3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.8.2.1: Definition of register 4676, 4682, 4688, 4692 and 8232.



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Command: C	perating hours	Modbus address: 4676 Lengtl		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Operating hours [h]	Operating hours	Operating hours		
		above max	above max		
		measurement	operating		
		temperature	temperature		
		[h]	[h]		
Format:	Float	Float	Float		
Value:	168.3667	0	0		

Figure 2.8.2.2: Example to read the total operating hours, the operating hours above the max measurement temperature and the operating hours above the max operating temperature.

Command: Power & watchdog		Modbus address: 4682 Length: 6		Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Number of Power	Number of	Number of Writing		
	ups	Watchdog resets	cycles to flash		
			memory		
Format:	Decimal	Decimal	Decimal		·
Value:	34	1	16		

Figure 2.8.2.3: Example to read the number of power ups, the number of watchdog resets and the number of writing cycles to flash memory.

Command: S	SIP & CIP	Modbus address:	4688	Length: 4	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	SIP cycles	CIP cycles				
Format:	Decimal	Decimal				
Value:	0	0				

Figure 2.8.2.4: Example to read the number of SIP cycles and the number of CIP cycles. For the definition of SIP and CIP cycles see chapter 2.8.5.

Command: A	Command: Autoclaving		4692	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Autoclavings					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	7					

Figure 2.8.2.5: Example to read the number of autoclaving cycles.

Command: Autoclaving		Modbus address:	4692	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Autoclavings					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	14					

Figure 2.8.2.6: Example to write the number of autoclaving cycles. A number of 14 is written to the sensor.

Command: System Time		Modbus address: 8	3232	Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	System Time					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	1334137383					

Figure 2.8.2.7: Example to write the system time into the sensor. On the basis of January 1st 1970, this value represents the 11th of April 2012 at 09:43:03.

Command: System Time		Modbus address: 823	32 Length: 2	Type: 16	Read
Parameter:	System Time				
Format:	Decimal				
Value:	1334150836				

Figure 2.8.2.8: Example to read the system time into the sensor. On the basis of January 1st 1970, this value represents the 11th of April 2012 at 13:27:16.

Note:

Accuracy of the system time, if not updated by the operator: The deviation of the system time is less than one minute per 24h.

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2.8.3 Warnings

A "Warning" is a notification message which still allows further functioning of the system. This message alerts the operator of a possible problem that could lead to uncertain results.

2.8.3.1 Currently Active Warnings

The currently active warnings are stored in register 4736.

Start register	Number of registers	Reg1 / Reg2	Reg3 / Reg4	Reg5 / Reg6	Reg7 / Reg8	Modbus function code	Read access	Write access
4736	8	Active warning measure- ment (bitwise defined)	Active warning calibration (bitwise defined)	Active warning interface (bitwise defined)	Active warning hardware (bitwise defined)	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.3.1.1: Definition of register 4736 (see chapter 2.8.3.3)

Command: Active warning		Modbus address: 4736 Length: 8		Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	W Measurement	W Calibration	W Interface	W Hardware
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex	Hex
Value:	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00

Figure 2.8.3.1.2: Example to read the currently active warnings.

2.8.3.2 History of Warnings

The history of warnings is not implemented in ORP Arc Sensors.

2.8.3.3 Definition of Warnings

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.3.3.1: Definition of warnings "measurement". None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
0 (LSB)	0x0001	PMC1 (ORP) calibration recommended
1	0x0002	PMC1 (ORP) last calibration not successful

Figure 2.8.3.3.2: Definition of warnings "calibration".

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.3.3.3: Definition of warnings "interface". None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.3.3.4: Definition of warnings "hardware". None is defined.



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2.8.4 Errors

An "Error" message indicates a serious problem of the sensor which does not allow further proper functioning of the sensor. This problem must be solved.

2.8.4.1 Currently Active Errors

The currently active errors are stored in register 4800.

Start	Number	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function	access	access
	registers					code		
4800	8	Active error	Active error	Active error	Active error	3, 4	U/A/S	none
		measure-	calibration	interface	hardware			
		ment	(bitwise	(bitwise	(bitwise			
		(bitwise	defined)	defined)	defined)			
		defined)						

Figure 2.8.4.1.1: Definition of register 4800 (see chapter 2.8.4.3)

Command: Active errors		Modbus address: 4800 Length: 8		Type: 3	Read
Parameter: E Measurement		E Calibration	E Interface	E Hardware	
Format:	Hex	Hex	Hex	Hex	
Value:	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	

Figure 2.8.4.1.2: Example to read the currently active errors.

2.8.4.2 History of Errors

The history of errors is not implemented in ORP Arc Sensors.



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2.8.4.3 Definition of Errors

Bit #	Hex	Description		
0	0x0000001	DRP reading failure (this error occurs, when any other error is active)		
		not available		
7	0x0000080	Reference electrode resistance too high		
8	0x0000100	Reference electrode resistance too low		
		not available		
25	0x2000000	Temperature sensor defective		
		not available		
27	0x08000000	ORP electrode electrical potential too high		
28	0x10000000	ORP electrode electrical potential too low		
29	0x20000000	ORP electrode resistance too high		
30	0x40000000	ORP electrode resistance too low		

Figure 2.8.4.3.1: Definition of errors "measurement".

Bit #	Hex	Description
1	0x0000002	Sensor failure (Quality value < 15%)

Figure 2.8.4.3.2: Definition of errors "calibration".

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available

Figure 2.8.4.3.3: Definition of errors "interface". None is defined.

Bit #	Hex	Description
		not available
24	0x1000000	Internal communication error (between front-end and user-end)

Figure 2.8.4.3.4: Definition of errors "hardware".



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2.8.5 Reading Definition of SIP and CIP

ORP Arc Sensor are counting special cleaning events such as sterilizations or cleaning cycles by means of tracking typical temperature profiles (see chapter 2.8.2).

Register 4988 defines a typical temperature profile for SIP (sterilization in place) and register 4996 for CIP (cleaning in place). For the explanation the following values are given:

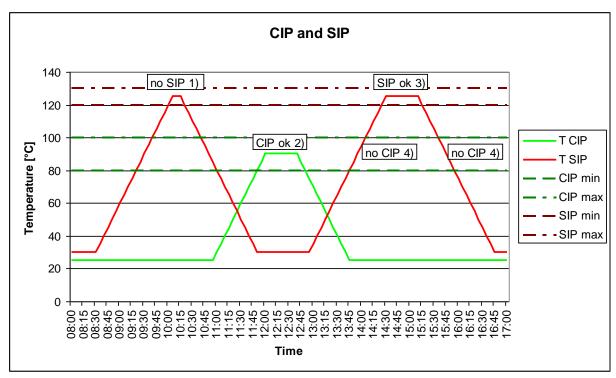


Figure 2.8.5.1: Definition of CIP and SIP cycles.

- 1) no SIP-cycle counted, because time too short <30 minutes.
- 2) CIP-cycle counted, because time >30 minutes and in CIP temperature range.
- 3) SIP-cycle counted, because time >30 minutes and in SIP temperature range.
- 4) no CIP-cycle counted, because of reaching the SIP-min limit.

Start	Number	Reg1 /	Reg3 /	Reg5 /	Reg7 /	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of registers	Reg2	Reg4	Reg6	Reg8	function code	access	access
4988	8	SIP Tempera- ture min [°C]	SIP Tempera- ture max [°C]	SIP Process time min [min]	Empty	3, 4	U/A/S	S
4996	8	CIP Tempera- ture min [°C]	CIP Tempera- -ture max [°C]	CIP Process time min [min]	Empty	3, 4	U/A/S	S

Figure 2.8.5.2: Definition of register 4988 and 4996.



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Command: S	SIP definition	Modbus address:	4988 Length: 8	Type: 16 Write
Parameter:	T min [°C]	T max [°C]	Time min [min]	Empty
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	120	130	30	0

Figure 2.8.5.3: Example to write the SIP definitions.

Command: S	IP definition	Modbus address:	4988 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	T min [°C]	T max [°C]	Time min [min]	Empty
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	120	130	30	0

Figure 2.8.5.4: Example to read the SIP definitions.

Command: C	IP definition	Modbus address:	4996 Length: 8	Type: 16 Write
Parameter:	T min [°C]	T max [°C]	Time min [min]	Empty
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	80	100	30	0

Figure 2.8.5.5: Example to write the CIP definitions.

Command: C	IP definition	Modbus address:	4996 Length: 8	Type: 3 Read
Parameter:	T min [°C]	T max [°C]	Time min [min]	Empty
Format:	Float	Float	Float	Float
Value:	80	100	30	0

Figure 2.8.5.6: Example to read the CIP definitions.

2.8.6 Reading the Sensor's Quality Indicator

In register 4872 the sensor's quality indicator (0-100%) is given.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(Float)	function	access	access
			code		
4872	2	Quality [%]	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.8.6.1: Definition of register 4872.

Command: Q	uality indicator	Modbus address:	4872	Length: 2	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Quality [%]					
Format:	Float					
Value:	100					

Figure 2.8.6.2: Example to read the sensor's quality indicator.

The sensor's quality indicator is influenced by:

- Offset
- Errors

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2.9 Sensor Identification and Information

2.9.1 General Information

General information about the sensor is available as shown in the figure below.

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Example of content	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(16 ASCII characters)		function	access	access
				code		
1024	8	Userend FW Date	2015-09-04	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1032	8	Userend FW	ERXUM031	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1040	8	Userend BL Date	2009-09-18	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1048	8	Userend BL	BL4UX001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1056	8	Userend Ref	242480/00	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1064	8	Userend SN	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1072	8	Userend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1080	8	Userend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1088	8	Frontend FW Date	2009-09-16	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1096	8	Frontend FW	EPHFI010	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1104	8	Frontend BL Date	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1112	8	Frontend BL	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1120	8	Frontend Ref	242828/02	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1128	8	Frontend SN	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1136	8	Frontend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1144	8	Frontend (space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.1.1: Definition of registers containing read-only sensor information.

Command: U	Iserend Firmware	Modbus address:	1032	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	ERXUM031					

Figure 2.9.1.2: Example to read register 1032.

2.9.2 Sensor Identification

Start	Number of	Reg1 to Reg8	Example of content	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers	(16 ASCII characters)		function	access	access
				code		
1280	8	Sensor Ref	243060/00	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1288	8	Sensor name	Polilyte Plus	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1296	8	Sensor Lot	3214567	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1304	8	Sensor Lot date	2012-04-30	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1312	8	Sensor SN	0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1320	8	Manufacturer part 1	HAMILTON Bonaduz	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1328	8	Manufacturer part 2	AG Switzerland	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1336	8	Sensor type	Arc e.ORP Sensor	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1344	8	Power supply	007030V 0150mW	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1352	8	Pressure range	0 6 bar	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1360	8	Sensor ID	243060-0001001	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1368	8	a-length	120	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1376	8	(space holder)	not available	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1384	8	Electrical connection	VP 8.0	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1392	8	Process connection	PG 13.5	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1400	8	Sensing material	Pt	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.2.1: Definition of registers containing sensor identification.

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Command: S	Serial number	Modbus address:	1312	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	0001001					

Figure 2.9.2.2: Example to read register 1312.

2.9.3 Free User Memory Space

These registers can be used to store any customer specific information in the sensor. There are different registers which can be read by everybody, but only specific operators can write them.

Start	Number	Reg1 to Reg8	Example of content	Modbus	Read	Write
register	of	(16 ASCII characters)		function	access	access
	registers			code		
1536	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1544	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1552	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1560	8	Free user space U/A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	U/A/S
1568	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1576	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1584	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1592	8	Free user space A/S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	A/S
1600	8	Measuring point	243060-0001001	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1608	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1616	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1624	8	Free user space S	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4, 16	U/A/S	S
1632	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1640	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1648	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1656	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1664	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1672	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1680	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1688	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1696	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1704	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1712	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1720	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1728	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1736	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1744	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none
1752	8	Free user space others	*FREE_USERSPACE*	3, 4	U/A/S	none

Figure 2.9.3.1: Definition of registers containing user information.

An important register is 1600, as it is the description of the measuring point. The information of this register is displayed on the Arc View Handheld in order to identify individual sensors.



Attention:

The Free User Memory Space is located in a memory which allows in total max 10'000 write operations.

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Command: Ir	nfo user	Modbus address: '	1568	Length: 8	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Hello World					

Figure 2.9.3.2: Example to write 16 ASCII characters to register 1568 with operator A or S.

Command: Ir	nfo user	Modbus address:	1568	Length: 8	Type: 3	Read
Parameter:	Text					
Format:	Character					
Value:	Hello World					

Figure 2.9.3.3: Example to read the register 1568 (written in Figure 2.9.3.1).

2.10 System Commands

2.10.1 Recall Sensor's Factory Settings

Using register 8192 you can recall the sensor manufacturer values (interfaces, calibration data and passwords), except the SIP and CIP data which remain unchanged. By sending the recall value "911", all configuration values will be set to default.

Start	Number of	Reg1 / Reg2	Modbus	Read	Write
register	registers		function code	access	access
8192	2	Recall by value 911	16	none	S

Figure 2.10.1.1: Definition of register 8192.

Command: Recall		Modbus address: 8192		Length: 2	Type: 16	Write
Parameter:	Recall					
Format:	Decimal					
Value:	911					

Figure 2.10.1.2: Example to write the restore command.

3 Abbreviations

AO	Analog Output Interface
CP	Calibration Point
ECS	Electrochemical Sensor Interface
ERX	Electrochemical Redox
ORP	Oxidation Reduction Potential
PMC	Primary Measurement Channel
SMC	Secondary Measurement Channel





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