Portuguese "Vinho Verde" Wine Dataset Codebook

The predictors of the dataset describe the amount of various chemicals present in wine and the output variable is quality.

- 1 **fixed acidity** (numeric): the amount of acid in wine that is not volatile/does not evaporate easily
- 2 volatile acidity (numeric): the amount of acetic acid in wine
- 3 **citric acid** (numeric): Citric acid is a weak organic acid, which is often used as a natural preservative or additive to food or drink to add a sour taste to food.
- 4 **residual sugar** (numeric): comes from natural grape sugars leftover in a wine after the alcoholic fermentation finishes. It's measured in grams per liter.
- 5 chlorides (numeric): , the concentration of chloride ions (i.e. salt)
- 6 **free sulfur dioxide** (integer): used as a preservative because of its anti-oxidative and anti-microbial properties in wine
- 7 **total sulfur dioxide** (integer): the portion of SO2 that is free in the wine plus the portion that is bound to other chemicals in the wine
- 8 density (numeric): the mass unit per volume in wine
- 9 pH (numeric): a measure of acidity in wine
- 10 **sulphates** (numeric): the amount of food preservative widely used in winemaking, thanks to their ability to maintain the flavor and freshness of wine
- 11 alcohol (numeric): the percentage of alcohol content in the wine
- 12 quality (factor): a score between 0 and 10