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Chris Grimes
CS 33007
HW 4
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1. Write a SQL function that takes course ID and a letter grade ('A', 'B', 'C' etc) as parameters and returns the number of students who received that grade in the given course. [20 points]

```
DELIMITER //
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create function <code>grade_count</code> (<code>course_id</code> varchar(20), grade varchar(2))
    returns integer
    begin
    declare <code>g_count</code> integer;
    select count (<code>grade</code>) into <code>g_count</code>
    from <code>takes</code>
    where takes.course_id=course_id <code>and takes.grade=grade;</code>
    return <code>g_count;</code>
end//
```

## **DELIMITER**;

- 2. Suppose you have a table in the university database called gradesummary which is created as follows [30 points]
- a. create the table: create table gradesummary( LetterGrade varchar(2), gradecount int);
- b. Insert summary records: insert into gradesummary SELECT grade, COUNT(\*) from takes group by grade;

If you observe the table, you will see that the table stores the number of records for each grade category. Now create a trigger on the update of takes table that will detect the change of grade column of takes table (say B is changed to A, or NULL is changed to B) and modify the gradesummary table accordingly.

```
DELIMITTER //

CREATE TRIGGER gradecheck AFTER UPDATE OF takes on (grade)
referencing new row as newr
referencing old row as oldr

FOR EACH ROW
when newr.grade = 'F' and oldr.grade 'F'
begin atomic
update gradesummary
set gradecount= gradecount+1
where newr.grade=summary.grade;
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set gradecount= gradecount-1
where oldr.grade=summary.grade;
end;
when newr.grade = 'D' and oldr.grade <>'D'
begin atomic
update gradesummary
set gradecount= gradecount+1
where newr.grade=summary.grade;
set gradecount= gradecount-1
where oldr.grade=summary.grade;
end;
when newr.grade = 'C' and oldr.grade <> 'C'
begin atomic
update gradesummary
set gradecount= gradecount+1
where newr.grade=summary.grade;
set gradecount= gradecount-1
where oldr.grade=summary.grade;
end;
when newr.grade = 'B' and oldr.grade 'B'
begin atomic
update gradesummary
set gradecount= gradecount+1
where newr.grade=summary.grade;
set gradecount= gradecount-1
where oldr.grade=summary.grade;
end;
when newr.grade = 'A' and oldr.grade <>'A'
```

**Chris Grimes** CS 33007 HW 4 begin atomic update gradesummary set gradecount= gradecount+1 where newr.grade=summary.grade; set gradecount= gradecount-1 where oldr.grade=summary.grade; end; 3. Write a SQL query to show the instructors by ascending order of their ranking over the salary. ( Please show ID, name and the ranking) [ 10 points]

select ID, name, rank() over(order by salary) sal\_rank from instructor;

4. Complete and submit the file "Homework4.py". [ 40 points]