## Assignment 4

1. Display the employees whose Manager ID is the same as that of Employee ID 101.

SQL> select fname, Iname, deptid, mangid

- 2 from employee source
- 3 where mangid = (select mangid from employee\_source where empid=101);

FNAME	LNAME	DEPTI	ID I	MANGID
Gopal	Sharma	 101	 101	
Rekha	Gupta	101	101	

2. Display the details of employees who is having minimum salary.

SQL> select fname, Iname, deptid, salary

- 2 from employee\_source
- 3 where salary =
- 4 (select min(salary)from employee\_source);

FNAME	LNAME	DEPT	ID	SALARY
Aman	Mehra	105	380	00

3. Display details of employees get more salary that employee whose ID = 102.

SQL> select fname, Iname, salary

- 2 from employee source
- 3 where salary >
- 4 (select salary from
- 5 employee\_source
- 6 where empid=102);

FNAME	LNAME	SALARY
Gopal	Sharma	45000
Teena	Patel	50000

4. Create a query to display the employee number and name for all employees who earn more than the average salary.

SQL> select avg(salary) from employee\_source;

AVG(SALARY)

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42500

SQL> select empid,fname,Iname,salary

- 2 from employee\_source
- 3 where salary>(select avg(salary) from employee\_source);

LNAME	SALARY
Sharma	45000 50000

5. Display the employee name, department number, and job title for all employees whose department name is Accounts. (using equijoin)

SQL> select empid,fname,lname,d.deptid,d.deptname

- 2 from employee\_source e, department\_source d
- 3 where e.deptid=d.deptid
- 4 and d.deptname='Accounts';

EMPID FNAME	LNAME	DEPTID
DEPTNAME		<del></del>
101 Gopal Accounts	Sharma	101
102 Rekha Accounts	Gupta	101

6. Display employee details (name, department id and salary) who are receiving minimum salary in their department.

SQL> select fname, Iname, deptid, salary

- 2 from employee\_source
- 3 where salary in(select min(salary) from employee source group by deptid);

LNAME	DEPTID SALARY
Gupta	101 42000
Patel	102 50000
Velvi	103 41000
Shukla	104 39000
Mehra	105 38000
	Gupta Patel Velvi Shukla

7. Retrieve the name of employees and their dept name (using JOIN)

SQL> select e.fname,e.lname,d.deptname

- 2 from employee\_source e inner join department\_source d
- 3 on e.deptid=d.deptid;

FNAME	LNAME	DEPTNAME
Gopal	Sharma	Accounts
Rekha	Gupta	Accounts
Teena	Patel	Sales
Hitesh	Velvi	Production
Naman	Shukla	HR
Aman	Mehra	IT

6 rows selected.

8. Display department name where there is no employee (using right join)

SQL> select e.fname,e.lname,d.deptname

- 2 from employee\_source e right join department\_source d
- 3 on e.deptid=d.deptid;

FNAME	LNAME	DEPTNAME

Gopal	Sharma	Accounts
Rekha	Gupta	Accounts
Teena	Patel	Sales
Hitesh	Velvi	Production
Naman	Shukla	HR
Aman	Mehra	IT

6 rows selected.

SQL> desc employee\_source;

Name	Null? Type
EMPID	NOT NULL NUMBER(3)
FNAME	VARCHAR2(20)
LNAME	VARCHAR2(20)
BDATE	DATE
DJOIN	DATE
CITY	VARCHAR2(20)
GENDER	CHAR(1)
SALARY	NUMBER(8)
DEPTID	NUMBER(3)
MANGID	NUMBER(3)

9. Display employee with their department and also list employees who are not assigned any department (using left join).

SQL> insert into employee\_source(empid,fname,lname,bdate,djoin,city,gender,salary) 2 values(108,'dipen','mehta','21 march 1990','23 march 2021','bharuch','m',25000);

1 row created.

SQL> select e.empid, e.fname,e.lname,d.deptname

- 2 from employee\_source e left join department\_source d
- 3 on e.deptid=d.deptid;

EMPID FNAME	LNAME	DEPTNAME
102 Rekha	 Gupta	Accounts
101 Gopal	Sharma	Accounts
103 Teena	Patel	Sales
104 Hitesh	Velvi	Production
105 Naman	Shukla	HR
106 Aman	Mehra	IT
108 dipen	mehta	

7 rows selected.

10. Demonstrate the use of full join on table employee\_source & department\_source.

SQL> select e.empid, e.fname,e.lname,d.deptname

- 2 from employee\_source e full join department\_source d
- 3 on e.deptid=d.deptid;

EMPID FNAME	LNAME	DEPTNAME
101 Gopal 102 Rekha 103 Teena 104 Hitesh 105 Naman 106 Aman 108 dipen	Sharma Gupta Patel Velvi Shukla Mehra mehta	Accounts Accounts Sales Production HR IT
•		

7 rows selected.