ASSIGNMENT

1. Create table with following structure with necessary constraints – Primary Key, Foreign Key, NOT NULL, Check.

SQL> create table Category_Master
2 (Cld char(4) primary key check(Cld like 'C%'),
3 Name char(15) NOT NULL, Qty_Hand number(3));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table Category_Master
2 (CId char(4) primary key check(CId like 'C%'),
3 Name char(15) NOT NULL, Qty_Hand number(3));
Table created.
```

SQL> create table SubCategory_Master

- 2 (Sld char(4) primary key check(Sld like 'S%'),
- 3 Name char(15) NOT NULL, Qty_Hand number(3),
- 4 Cld char(4) references Category Master(Cld));

Table created.

```
SQL> create table SubCategory_Master
2  (SId char(4) primary key check(SId like 'S%'),
3  Name char(15) NOT NULL, Qty_Hand number(3),
4  CId char(4) references Category_Master(CId));
Table created.
```

2. Describe the structure of the created table.

```
SQL> desc Category_Master;
                                             Null?
Name
                                                       Type
CID
                                              NOT NULL CHAR(4)
NAME
                                              NOT NULL CHAR(15)
QTY_HAND
                                                       NUMBER(3)
SQL> desc SubCategory Master;
Name
                                            Null?
                                                     Type
SID
                                            NOT NULL CHAR(4)
NAME
                                            NOT NULL CHAR(15)
QTY_HAND
                                                     NUMBER(3)
                                                     CHAR(4)
CID
```

3. Insert following data into the tables.

Data for Category_Master

SQL> insert into Category Master values('&Cld', '&Name', &Qty Hand);

Enter value for cid: C101 Enter value for name: Laptop Enter value for qty hand: 200

old 1: insert into Category_Master values('&Cld', '&Name', &Qty_Hand)

new 1: insert into Category Master values('C101', 'Laptop', 200)

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for cid: C102 Enter value for name: Mobile Enter value for qty_hand: 300

old 1: insert into Category_Master values('&Cld', '&Name', &Qty_Hand) new 1: insert into Category_Master values('C102', 'Mobile', 300)

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for cid: C103

Enter value for name: Television Enter value for qty_hand: 120

old 1: insert into Category_Master values('&Cld', '&Name', &Qty_Hand) new 1: insert into Category_Master values('C103', 'Television', 120)

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for cid: C104 Enter value for name: Printer Enter value for qty hand: 80

old 1: insert into Category_Master values('&Cld', '&Name', &Qty_Hand)

new 1: insert into Category_Master values('C104', 'Printer', 80)

1 row created.

Data for SubCategory_Master

```
SQL> select * from SubCategory_Master;

SID NAME QTY_HAND CID

S101 Dell 80 C101

S102 HP 50 C101

S103 Oppo 25 C102

S104 SamSung 33 C102

S105 LG 55 C103

S106 Canon 21 C104

S107 Intel 12 C104
```

```
SQL> insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId');
```

Enter value for sid: S101 Enter value for name: Dell Enter value for qty_hand: 80 Enter value for cid: C101

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('S101', 'Dell', 80, 'C101')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S102 Enter value for name: HP Enter value for qty_hand: 50 Enter value for cid: C101

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('S102', 'HP', 50, 'C101')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S103
Enter value for name: Oppo
Enter value for qty_hand: 25
Enter value for cid: C102

old 1: insert into SubCategory Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory Master values('S103', 'Oppo', 25, 'C102')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S104

Enter value for name: SamSung Enter value for qty_hand: 33 Enter value for cid: C102

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId') new 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('S104', 'SamSung', 33, 'C102')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S105 Enter value for name: LG Enter value for qty_hand: 55 Enter value for cid: C103

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory Master values('S105', 'LG', 55, 'C103')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S106 Enter value for name: Canon Enter value for qty_hand: 21 Enter value for cid: C104

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory Master values('S106', 'Canon', 21, 'C104')

1 row created.

SQL>/

Enter value for sid: S107 Enter value for name: Intel Enter value for qty_hand: 12 Enter value for cid: C104

old 1: insert into SubCategory_Master values('&SId', '&Name', &Qty_Hand, '&CId')

new 1: insert into SubCategory Master values('S107', 'Intel', 12, 'C104')

1 row created.

- 4. Exercise on retrieving records from a table
 - Find out the names of all Categories.

```
SQL> select name from Category_Master;

NAME
-----
Laptop
Mobile
Television
Printer
```

• Retrieve the entire contents of the Category _Master table

```
SQL> select * from Category_Master;

CID NAME QTY_HAND

C101 Laptop 200
C102 Mobile 300
C103 Television 120
C104 Printer 80
```

• Retrieve the list of names and quantity on hand of all the

```
SQL> select Name,Qty_Hand from Category_Master;

NAME QTY_HAND
Laptop 200
Mobile 300
Television 120
Printer 80
```

categories.

List the various SubCategories available from the SubCategory Master

```
SQL> select name from SubCategory_Master;

NAME
-----
Dell
HP
Oppo
SamSung
LG
Canon
Intel

7 rows selected.
```

• List all categories whose quantity on hand is greater than 150.

 List all categories whose quantity is between 100 and 150.

 Retrieve the list of Id and quantity on hand for category 'Laptop' and 'Printer'.

```
SQL> select CId,Qty_Hand from Category_Master where Name in ('Laptop','Printer');

CID QTY_HAND
----
C101 200
C104 80
```

 List all SubCategories whose quantity on hand is not 50.

```
SQL> select Name,Qty_Hand from Category_Master where Qty_Hand not in 50;
NAME
                  QTY HAND
Laptop
                        200
Mobile
                        300
Television
                        120
Printer
                         80
SQL> select Name, Qty Hand from SubCategory Master where Qty Hand not in 50;
NAME
                  QTY HAND
Dell
                        80
Oppo
                        25
SamSung
                        33
LG
                        55
Canon
                        21
Intel
                        12
6 rows selected.
```

 Retrieve the list of Id, names and quantity on hand of those which are having quantity on hand greater than 10 and less than 50.

```
SQL> select CId, Name,Qty_Hand from SubCategory_Master where Qty_Hand between 10 and 50;

CID NAME QTY_HAND

C101 HP 50

C102 Oppo 25

C102 SamSung 33

C104 Canon 21

C104 Intel 12
```

Retrieve the list of Id, names of categories whose name starts with

Retrieve the list of Id, names of categories whose name starts with 'H' or 'I'.

- 5. Exercise on altering the structure of table.
 - Add column Supplier_Name char(10) to the Category Master.

Add column Order_date to the

```
SQL> alter table SubCategory_Master
             2 modify Order date char(50);
            Table altered.
            SQL> select * from SubCategory_Master;
            SID NAME
                     QTY_HAND CID
            ORDER_DATE
80
            S101 Dell
                           80 C101
            S102 HP
                              50 C101
            S103 Oppo
                           25 C102
            SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
            ORDER_DATE
            S104 SamSung 33 C102
            S105 LG
                          55 C103
            S106 Canon
                               21 C104
            SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
            ORDER_DATE
            S107 Intel
                          12 C104
SubCategory_Master.7 rows selected.
```

 Change data size of Supplier_Name to 15.

 Drop column Supplier_Name from Category_Master.

```
SQL> alter table Category_Master
2 drop column Supplier_Name;

Table altered.

SQL> desc Category_Master;
Name Null? Type

CID NOT NULL CHAR(4)
NAME NOT NULL CHAR(15)
QTY_HAND NUMBER(3)
```

6. Exercise on Rename

 Rename table Category_Master to Category_Master_Details.

7. Exercise on Updating the records

• Change the quantity on hand of Category whose Id = C104 to

```
SQL> update Category_Master_details
2 set Qty_Hand = 100 where CId ='C104';

1 row updated.

SQL> select * from Category_Master_Details;

CID NAME QTY_HAND

C101 Laptop 200
C102 Mobile 300
C103 Television 120
C104 Printer 100
```

• Update order date of SubCategory Id whose Id = S101, S102, S103 and S104 to 14-JUL-22.

```
SQL> update SubCategory Master
2 set Order_date = '14 Jul 2022' where SId in ('S101', 'S102', 'S103', 'S104');
4 rows updated.
SQL> select * from SubCategory Master;
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER_DATE
S101 Dell 80 C101
14 Jul 2022
S102 HP
14 Jul 2022
                   50 C101
          25 C102
S103 Oppo
14 Jul 2022
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER DATE
S104 SamSung 33 C102
14 Jul 2022
S105 LG
                   55 C103
S106 Canon 21 C104
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER_DATE
S107 Intel 12 C104
```

• Update order date of SubCategory Id whose Id = S105, S106 and S107 to 16-JUL-22.

```
SQL> update SubCategory Master
2 set Order_date = '16 Jul 2022' where SId in ('S101', 'S102', 'S103', 'S104');
4 rows updated.
SQL> select * from SubCategory_Master;
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER_DATE
S101 Dell 80 C101
16 Jul 2022
S102 HP 50 C101
16 Jul 2022
3103 Oppo 25 C102
16 Jul 2022
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER_DATE
S104 SamSung 33 C102
16 Jul 2022
S105 LG
         55 C103
S106 Canon 21 C104
SID NAME QTY_HAND CID
ORDER_DATE
S107 Intel 12 C104
```

8. Exercise on delete

 Delete from SubCategory_Master whose SID is S101 and S103.

```
      SQL> delete SubCategory_Master where SId = 'S101' or SId= 'S103';

      2 rows deleted.

      SQL> select * from SubCategory_Master;

      SID NAME QTY_HAND CID

      ORDER_DATE

      S102 HP 50 C101

      16 Jul 2022

      S104 SamSung 33 C102

      16 Jul 2022

      S105 LG 55 C103

      SID NAME QTY_HAND CID

      ORDER_DATE

      S106 Canon 21 C104

      S107 Intel 12 C104
```

• Delete from SubCategory_Master whose quanity on hand is less than

```
SQL> delete SubCategory_Master where Qty_Hand < 25;

2 rows deleted.

SQL> select * from SubCategory_Master;

SID NAME QTY_HAND CID

ORDER_DATE

S102 HP 50 C101

16 Jul 2022

S104 SamSung 33 C102

16 Jul 2022

S105 LG 55 C103
```