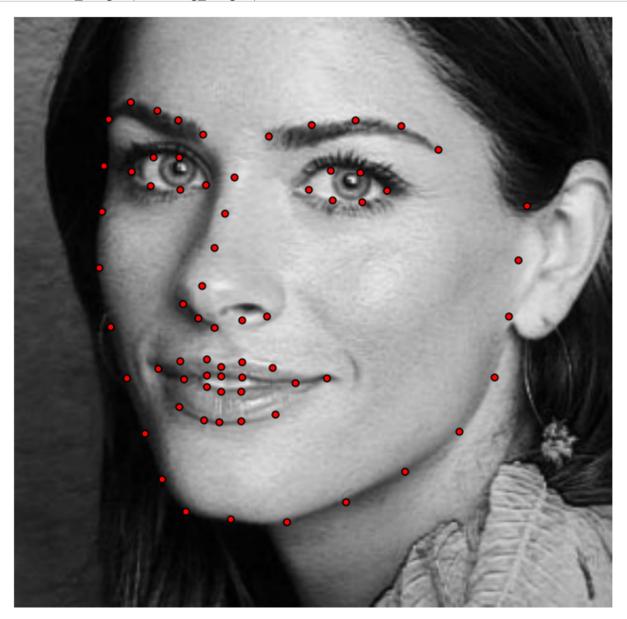
```
In [1]: #import libraries needed from menpo project
        %matplotlib inline
        import menpo.io as mio
        from menpo.visualize import print_progress
        from menpo.landmark import labeller, face ibug_68 to_face ibug_68 trimesh
        from menpowidgets import visualize images
        from pathlib import Path
        #here we have stored all the images from training
        path_to_images = 'C:\\Users\\ch9fod\\Documents\\lfpw\\trainset'
        training images = []
        for img in print_progress(mio.import_images(path_to_images, verbose=True)):
            # convert to greyscale
            if img.n_channels == 3:
                img = img.as_greyscale()
            # crop to Landmarks bounding box with an extra 20% padding
            img = img.crop_to_landmarks_proportion(0.2)
            # rescale image if its diagonal is bigger than 400 pixels
            d = img.diagonal()
            if d > 400:
                img = img.rescale(400.0 / d)
            # define a TriMesh which will be useful for Piecewise Affine Warp of Holistic
            labeller(img, 'PTS', face_ibug_68_to_face_ibug_68_trimesh)
            # append to list
            training_images.append(img)
```

Found 811 assets, index the returned LazyList to import. [=========] 100% (811/811) - done.

In [2]: %matplotlib inline
 from menpowidgets import visualize_images
 visualize_images(training_images)

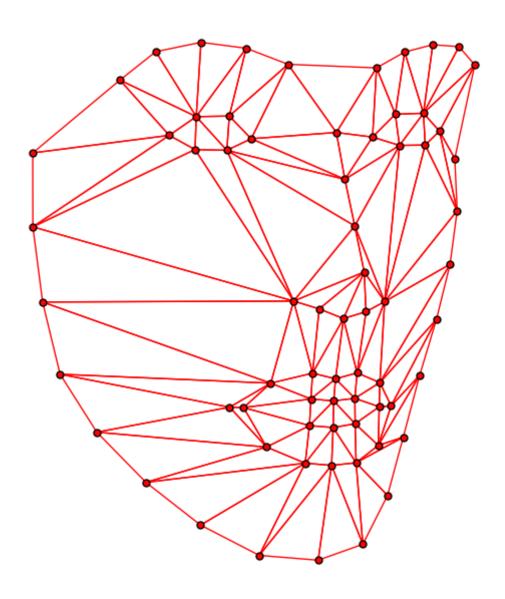


In [2]: from menpofit.aam import HolisticAAM
from menpo.feature import fast_dsift

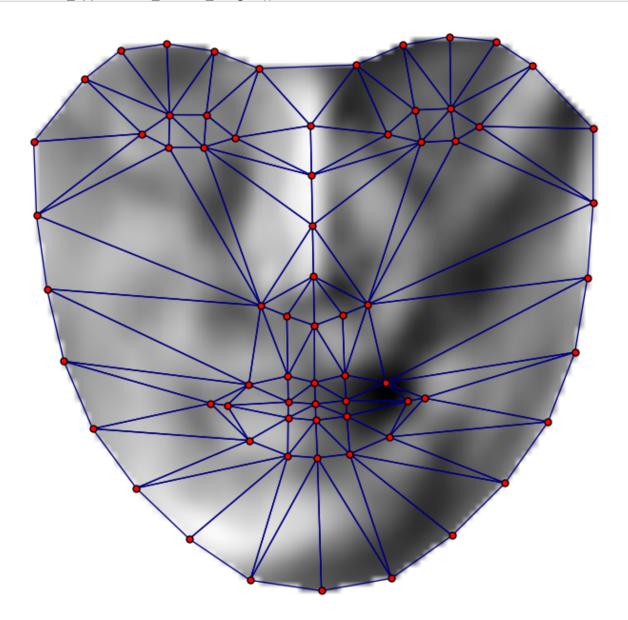
build Holistic AAM
aam = HolisticAAM(
 training_images,
 group='face_ibug_68_trimesh',
 verbose=True,
 holistic_features=fast_dsift,
 diagonal=120,
 scales=(0.5, 1.0)
)

- Computing reference shape Computing batch 0
- Building models
 - Scale 0: Done
 - Scale 1: Done

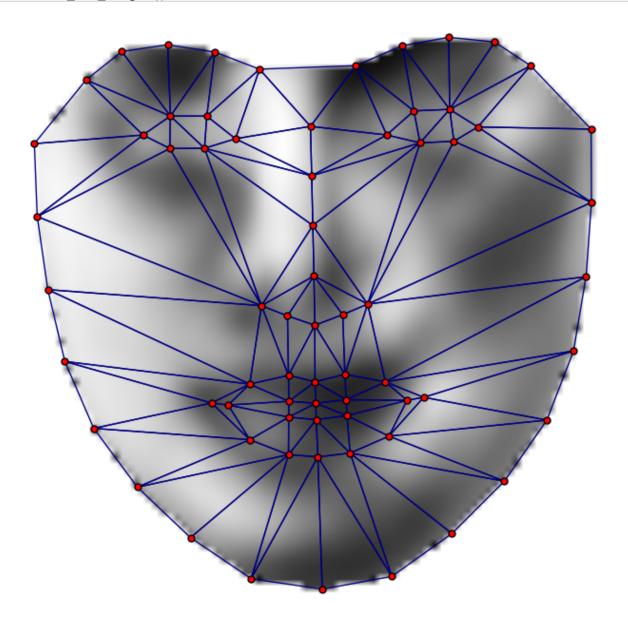
In [3]: #with this widget we can view the shapes model
 aam.view_shape_models_widget()



In [4]: #with this widget we can view the appearance model
aam.view_appearance_models_widget()



In [5]: #with this widget we can view both parameters
 aam.view_aam_widget()



In [6]: #I use a LucasKanade fitter that uses the previous model created
from menpofit.aam import LucasKanadeAAMFitter

fitter = LucasKanadeAAMFitter(aam, n_shape=0.9, n_appearance=0.9)

```
In [7]: path_to_lfpw = Path('C:\\Users\\ch9fod\\Documents\\lfpw\\')

# load test
test_images = []
bboxes = []
#for i in mio.import_images(path_to_lfpw / 'myset', max_images=12, verbose=True):
for i in mio.import_images(path_to_lfpw / 'myset', verbose=True):
    # crop image
    i = i.crop_to_landmarks_proportion(0.2)
    # convert it to grayscale if needed
    if i.n_channels == 3:
        i = i.as_greyscale(mode='luminosity')
    # append it to the list
    test_images.append(i)
```

Found 32 assets, index the returned LazyList to import.

```
In [8]: from menpofit.fitter import noisy_shape_from_bounding_box

fitting_results = []

# fit images
for i in test_images:
    # obtain ground truth (original) landmarks
    gt_s = i.landmarks['LJSON'].lms

# generate initialization shape
    initial_s = noisy_shape_from_bounding_box(gt_s, gt_s.bounding_box())

# fit image
    fr = fitter.fit_from_shape(i, initial_s, gt_shape=gt_s)
    fitting_results.append(fr)

# print fitting error
#print(fr)
```

In [9]: #here we view the fitting results
 from menpowidgets import visualize_fitting_result
 visualize_fitting_result(fitting_results)

Final

