





THE UNIVERSITY OF KANSAS

SCHOOL OF ENGINEERING

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING AND COMPUTER SCIENCE

EECS 645 – Computer Architecture

Spring 2023

Final Project (Single-Cycle MIPS)

Student Name: Student ID:

Final Project

In this project you will be designing the Single-Cycle (non-pipelined) version of the MIPS processor that supports the following subset, i.e., 16 instructions, of MIPS ISA:

- a) 9 Arithmetic/Logical instructions: add, sub, and, or, nor, slt, addi, ori, lui
- b) 2 Memory reference: lw, sw
- c) 5 Control transfer: beq, bne, j, jal, jr

The processor has the following interface:

- Inputs
 - \circ Clock (clk \rightarrow 1 bit)
 - \circ Asynchronous reset for processor initialization and for mimicking program load (rst \rightarrow 1 bit)

You are required to:

- a) Modify and neatly regenerate/redraw the provided microarchitecture (datapath and control path) shown in Figure 1 such that your design supports the above 16 instructions.
 - o Submit the modified diagram with your Vivado project.
- b) Extend the ALU functionality as shown in Figure 2.
- c) Complete the provided truth table, shown in Figure 3, of the MIPS control unit that supports the above 16 instructions.
 - o Submit the completed table with your Vivado project.
- d) Describe in structural and behavioral VHDL the modified microarchitecture (datapath and control path) of this version of the MIPS processor.
- e) Verify the correct operation through Vivado Simulator by comparing your simulation results with those of MARS runs using the provided test programs.

Your memory address translation/mapping should follow the convention shown in Figure 4.

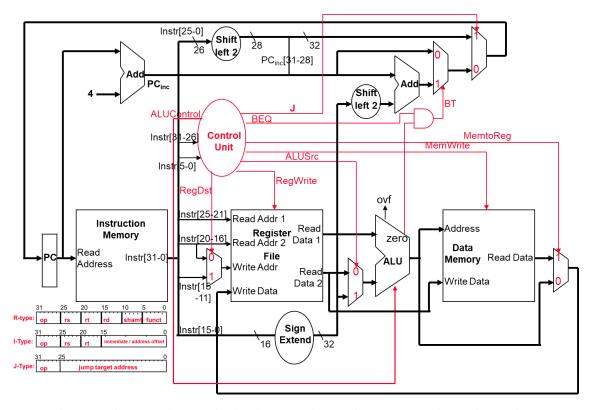


Figure 1. Single-Cycle (non-pipelined) MIPS microarchitecture supporting 11 instructions

Operation	opcode	funct	ALU function	ALUControl	
AND	R-type ≡ 000000	100100	AND	0000	
OR		100101	OR	0001	
add		100000	add	0010	
subtract		100010	subtract	0110	
set-on-less-than		101010	set-on-less-than	0111	
NOR		100111	NOR	1100	
add immediate	addi ≡ 001000				
load word	lw ≡ 100011	xxxxxx	add	0010	
store word	sw ≡ 101011				
branch on equal	beq ≡ 000100			0110	
branch not equal	bne ≡ 000101	XXXXXX	subtract		
or immediate	ori ≡ 001101	xxxxxx	OR immediate	1101	
load upper immediate	lui ≡ 001111	xxxxxx	shift left 16	1111	

Figure 2. Extended ALU functionality supporting 16 instructions

opcode	funct	ALUControl	RegDst	ALUSrc	MemToReg	RegWr	MemWr	BEQ	J	BNE	Jal	Jr
R-type ≡ 000000	AND 100100	0000	1	0	0	1	0	0	0			
	OR 100101	0001										
	add 100000	0010										
	sub 100010	0110										
	slt 101010	0111										
	NOR 100111	1100										
	jr 001000											
Iw ≡ 100011	xxxxxx	0010	0	1	1	1	0	0	0			
sw ≡ 101011	xxxxxx	0010	0	1	0	0	1	0	0			
beq ≡ 000100	xxxxxx	0110	0	0	0	0	0	1	0			
j ≡ 000010	XXXXXX	0000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1			
addi ≡ 001000	xxxxxx	0010	0	1	0	1	0	0	0			
bne ≡ 000101	XXXXXX											
jal ≡ 000011	XXXXXX											
ori ≡ 001101	XXXXXX											
lui≡ 001111	XXXXXX											

Figure 3. MIPS control unit supporting 16 instructions

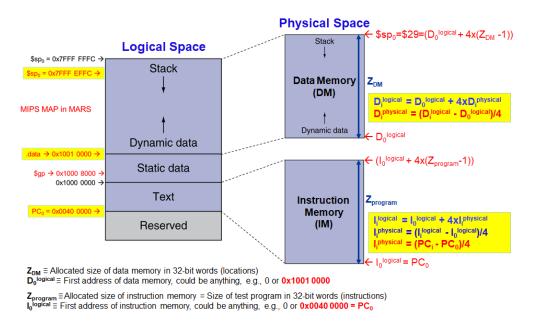


Figure 4. Convention and formulae for Memory Address Translation/Mapping

• Steps:

- 1) Download the file "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle.zip" from Canvas and extract its contents.
- 2) Rename the folder "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle" to "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>", for example "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_El-Araby".
- 3) Launch Vivado and create a new project, for example "vivado_project", with the default settings under the following directory "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>" resulting in the following project directory "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>\vivado_project\"
- 4) Add to the project the VHDL design and simulation source files from the folders; "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>\design_sources" and "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>\simulation_sources" respectively.
- 5) Edit the VHDL files in the folder "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>\design_sources\" according to your design such that it describes the required *MIPS microarchitecture*.
- 6) Set the simulation time to the proper time, e.g., 5,200 µs, and then launch Vivado Simulator.
- 7) Verify the correctness of your design by comparing your Vivado simulation results with those of MARS runs using one or both of the provided assembly test programs "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle\test_program\ fibonacci_sequence_non-recursive.asm" and "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle\test_program\ fibonacci_sequence_recursive.asm". You may go back to step 5 to correct your code until your design works properly as required.
- 8) Attach the modified microarchitecture diagram and the completed control unit truth table to the folder "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>".
- 9) After you are done, compress the folder "\Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>" to "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_<your last name>.zip", for example "Project_MIPS_Single_Cycle_El-Araby.zip" and upload it to Canvas before the due date and time.

Important Hint:

When you use the components "PC_register", "InstrMem", "RegFile", "ALU", "DataMem", and "CU", in your top-level design "top_mips_single_cycle.vhd", name their instances by appending "_inst" to the end of the component name as follows "PC_register_inst", "InstrMem_inst", "RegFile_inst", "ALU_inst", "DataMem_inst", and "CU_inst". This will guarantee the correct setup of your waveform configuration for showing all needed signals. For example:

Grade Distribution:

- Functional Correctness, i.e., correct source code → 75 / 100
- Proper Setup of Vivado Project \rightarrow 25 / 100

NOTE:

Homework submission is a "Single Attempt", i.e., carefully review everything that you want to submit before hitting the "submit" button and make sure that you have uploaded all documents you want to submit and have not missed anything.