## Problem A. Vertex Queries

Input file: vertex.in

Output file: standard output

Time limit: 5 seconds Memory limit: 512 megabytes

In this problem, you will be given a tree (a connected acyclic graph) and a number of queries to answer. Each vertex of the tree stores a value (initially all zero) and there are two types of queries:

1. 1 u: print the value stored at vertex u.

2. 2 u x: add the value x to all the neighbors of vertex u. The neighbors of a vertex are the vertices connected to it by a single edge.

## Input

The first line of the input contains an integer T  $(1 \le T \le 100)$  — the number of test cases.

The first line of each test case contains two integers N and M ( $1 \le N, M \le 10^5$ ) — the number of tree vertices and the number of queries. Then, N-1 lines follow each containing two numbers u and v ( $1 \le u, v \le N$ ) meaning that there is an edge connecting vertices u and v. Then, M lines follow each specifying a query. Queries of the first type have the format 1 u ( $1 \le u \le N$ ). Queries of the second type have the format 1 u u ( $1 \le u \le N$ ) and 10 and 11 and 12 and 13 and 14 and 15 and 15 and 15 and 15 and 16 and 16 and 16 and 17 and 18 and 19 and 19

## Output

For each query of the first type, print the answer on a separate line.

## Example

vertex.in	standard output
1	50
7 6	40
1 5	0
1 6	
6 7	
6 4	
4 3	
4 2	
2 6 50	
2 7 40	
2 2 2	
1 1	
1 6	
1 3	